

113TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2440

To require the Attorney General to disclose each decision, order, or opinion of a Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court that includes significant legal interpretation of section 501 or 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 unless such disclosure is not in the national security interest of the United States and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 19, 2013

Ms. JACKSON LEE (for herself, Mr. MORAN, Ms. CLARKE, Mr. LEWIS, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. McGOVERN, Ms. BASS, Mr. RANGEL, and Mr. CICILLINE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Select Committee on Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To require the Attorney General to disclose each decision, order, or opinion of a Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court that includes significant legal interpretation of section 501 or 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 unless such disclosure is not in the national security interest of the United States and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “FISA Court in the  
3 Sunshine Act of 2013”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) Secret law is inconsistent with democratic  
7 governance. In order for the rule of law to prevail,  
8 the requirements of the law must be publicly discov-  
9 erable.

10 (2) The United States Court of Appeals for the  
11 Seventh Circuit stated in 1998 that the “idea of se-  
12 cret laws is repugnant”.

13 (3) The open publication of laws and directives  
14 is a defining characteristic of government of the  
15 United States. The first Congress of the United  
16 States mandated that every “law, order, resolution,  
17 and vote [shall] be published in at least three of the  
18 public newspapers printed within the United  
19 States”.

20 (4) The practice of withholding decisions of the  
21 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court is at odds  
22 with the United States tradition of open publication  
23 of law.

24 (5) The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court  
25 acknowledges that such Court has issued legally sig-  
26 nificant interpretations of the Foreign Intelligence

1 Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.)  
2 that are not accessible to the public.

3 (6) The exercise of surveillance authorities  
4 under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of  
5 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as interpreted by se-  
6 cret court opinions, potentially implicates the com-  
7 munications of United States persons who are nec-  
8 cessarily unaware of such surveillance.

9 (7) Section 501 of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-  
10 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861), as amended  
11 by section 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act (Public  
12 Law 107-56; 115 Stat. 287), authorizes the Federal  
13 Bureau of Investigation to require the production of  
14 “any tangible things” and the extent of such author-  
15 ity, as interpreted by secret court opinions, has been  
16 concealed from the knowledge and awareness of the  
17 people of the United States.

18 (8) In 2010, the Department of Justice and the  
19 Office of the Director of National Intelligence estab-  
20 lished a process to review and declassify opinions of  
21 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court, but  
22 more than two years later no declassifications have  
23 been made.

1   **SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

2       It is the sense of Congress that each decision, order,  
3     or opinion issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
4     Court or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of  
5     Review that includes significant construction or interpre-  
6     tation of section 501 or section 702 of the Foreign Intel-  
7     ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861 and  
8     1881a) should be declassified in a manner consistent with  
9     the protection of national security, intelligence sources and  
10    methods, and other properly classified and sensitive infor-  
11    mation.

12   **SEC. 4. REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE OF DECISIONS,**

13                   **ORDERS, AND OPINIONS OF THE FOREIGN IN-**  
14                   **TELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT.**

15       (a) **SECTION 501.—**

16               (1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 501 of the Foreign  
17     Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.  
18     1861) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
19     lowing:

20       “(i) **DISCLOSURE OF DECISIONS.**—

21               “(1) **DECISION DEFINED.**—In this subsection,  
22     the term ‘decision’ means any decision, order, or  
23     opinion issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
24     lance Court or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
25     Court of Review that includes significant construc-  
26     tion or interpretation of this section.

1                 “(2) REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE.—Sub-  
2         ject to paragraphs (3) and (4), the Attorney General  
3         shall declassify and make available to the public—

4                 “(A) each decision that is required to be  
5         submitted to committees of Congress under sec-  
6         tion 601(c), not later than 45 days after such  
7         opinion is issued; and

8                 “(B) each decision issued prior to the date  
9         of the enactment of the FISA Court in the Sun-  
10         shine Act of 2013 that was required to be sub-  
11         mitted to committees of Congress under section  
12         601(c), not later than 180 days after such date  
13         of enactment.

14                 “(3) UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARIES.—Notwith-  
15         standing paragraph (2) and subject to paragraph  
16         (4), if the Attorney General makes a determination  
17         that a decision may not be declassified and made  
18         available in a manner that protects the national se-  
19         curity of the United States, including methods or  
20         sources related to national security, the Attorney  
21         General shall release an unclassified summary of  
22         such decision.

23                 “(4) UNCLASSIFIED REPORT.—Notwithstanding  
24         paragraphs (2) and (3), if the Attorney General  
25         makes a determination that any decision may not be

1       declassified under paragraph (2) and an unclassified  
2       summary of such decision may not be made available  
3       under paragraph (3), the Attorney General shall  
4       make available to the public an unclassified report  
5       on the status of the internal deliberations and proc-  
6       ess regarding the declassification by personnel of  
7       Executive branch of such decisions. Such report  
8       shall include—

9                 “(A) an estimate of the number of deci-  
10          sions that will be declassified at the end of such  
11          deliberations; and

12                 “(B) an estimate of the number of deci-  
13          sions that, through a determination by the At-  
14          torney General, shall remain classified to pro-  
15          tect the national security of the United  
16          States.”.

17       (2) SECTION 702.—Section 702(l) of the For-  
18       eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
19       U.S.C. 1881a(l)) is amended by adding at the end  
20       the following:

21                 “(4) DISCLOSURE OF DECISIONS.—

22                 “(A) DECISION DEFINED.—In this para-  
23          graph, the term ‘decision’ means any decision,  
24          order, or opinion issued by the Foreign Intel-  
25          ligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign Intel-

1                      intelligence Surveillance Court of Review that in-  
2                      cludes significant construction or interpretation  
3                      of this section.

4                      “(B) REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE.—  
5                      Subject to subparagraphs (C) and (D), the At-  
6                      torney General shall declassify and make avail-  
7                      able to the public—

8                      “(i) each decision that is required to  
9                      be submitted to committees of Congress  
10                     under section 601(c), not later than 45  
11                     days after such opinion is issued; and

12                     “(ii) each decision issued prior to the  
13                     date of the enactment of the FISA Court  
14                     in the Sunshine Act of 2013 that was re-  
15                     quired to be submitted to committees of  
16                     Congress under section 601(c), not later  
17                     than 180 days after such date of enact-  
18                     ment.

19                     “(C) UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARIES.—Not-  
20                     withstanding subparagraph (B) and subject to  
21                     subparagraph (D), if the Attorney General  
22                     makes a determination that a decision may not  
23                     be declassified and made available in a manner  
24                     that protects the national security of the United  
25                     States, including methods or sources related to

1           national security, the Attorney General shall re-  
2       lease an unclassified summary of such decision.

3           “(D) UNCLASSIFIED REPORT.—Notwith-  
4       standing subparagraphs (B) and (C), if the At-  
5       torney General makes a determination that any  
6       decision may not be declassified under subpara-  
7       graph (B) and an unclassified summary of such  
8       decision may not be made available under sub-  
9       paragraph (C), the Attorney General shall make  
10      available to the public an unclassified report on  
11      the status of the internal deliberations and  
12      process regarding the declassification by per-  
13      sonnel of Executive branch of such decisions.

14      Such report shall include—

15           “(i) an estimate of the number of de-  
16       cisions that will be declassified at the end  
17       of such deliberations; and

18           “(ii) an estimate of the number of de-  
19       cisions that, through a determination by  
20       the Attorney General, shall remain classi-  
21       fied to protect the national security of the  
22       United States.”.

