H. R. 1919

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 4, 2013

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Pharmaceutical distribution supply chain.
 - Sec. 3. Enhanced drug distribution security.
 - Sec. 4. National standards for wholesale distributors.
 - Sec. 5. National licensure standards for third-party logistics providers.
 - Sec. 6. Penalties.
 - Sec. 7. Uniform national policy.
 - Sec. 8 Electronic labeling.

6 SEC. 2. PHARMACEUTICAL DISTRIBUTION SUPPLY CHAIN.

- 7 Chapter V of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- 8 Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amended by adding at the
- 9 end the following:

10 "Subchapter H—Pharmaceutical Distribution

11 Supply Chain

- 12 "SEC. 581. DEFINITIONS.
- "In this subchapter:
- 14 "(1) AUTHORIZED.—The term 'authorized'
- 15 means—
- 16 "(A) in the case of a manufacturer or re-
- packager, having a valid registration in accord-
- ance with section 510; and
- 19 "(B) in the case of a wholesale distributor,
- 20 third-party logistics provider, or dispenser, li-
- censed (as defined in this section).
- "(2) DISPENSER.—The term 'dispenser'—

1	"(A) subject to subparagraph (C), means a
2	retail pharmacy, hospital pharmacy, a group of
3	chain pharmacies under common ownership and
4	control, or any other person authorized by law
5	to dispense or administer prescription drugs, to
6	the extent such pharmacy, group, or person
7	does not act as a wholesale distributor;
8	"(B) includes warehouses and distribution
9	centers under common ownership or control of
10	entities described in subparagraph (A) that are
11	members of an affiliated group pursuant to sec-
12	tion 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
13	1986, to the extent such warehouses and dis-
14	tribution centers do not act as a wholesale dis-
15	tributor; and
16	"(C) does not include a person who only
17	dispenses prescription drug product to be used
18	in animals in accordance with section
19	512(a)(5).
20	"(3) DISPOSITION.—The term 'disposition',
21	with respect to a prescription drug product within
22	the possession and control of an entity—
23	"(A) means the removal of such prescrip-
24	tion drug product, or taking measures to pre-
25	vent the introduction of such prescription drug

1	product, from the pharmaceutical distribution
2	supply chain; and
3	"(B) may include disposal, return of the
4	prescription drug product for disposal, or other
5	appropriate handling and other actions such as
6	retaining a sample of the prescription drug
7	product for additional physical examination or
8	laboratory analysis by a manufacturer or regu-
9	latory or law enforcement agency.
10	"(4) DISTRIBUTE OR DISTRIBUTION.—The
11	terms 'distribute' and 'distribution' mean the sale
12	purchase, trade, delivery, handling, or storage of a
13	prescription drug product.
14	"(5) Illegitimate prescription drug prod-
15	UCT.—The term 'illegitimate prescription drug prod-
16	uct' means a prescription drug product which a
17	manufacturer has confirmed—
18	"(A) is counterfeit, diverted, or stolen;
19	"(B) is intentionally adulterated such that
20	the prescription drug product would result in
21	serious adverse health consequences or death to
22	humans; or
23	"(C) is otherwise unfit for distribution
24	such that the prescription drug product is rea-

1	sonably likely to cause serious adverse human
2	health consequences or death.
3	"(6) Licensed.—The term 'licensed' means—
4	"(A) in the case of a wholesale distributor,
5	having a valid license to make wholesale dis-
6	tributions consistent with the standards under
7	section 583;
8	"(B) in the case of a third-party logistics
9	provider, having a valid license to engage in the
10	activities of a third-party logistics provider in
11	accordance with section 584; and
12	"(C) in the case of a dispenser, having a
13	valid license to dispense prescription drugs
14	under State law.
15	"(7) Manufacturer.—The term 'manufac-
16	turer' means, with respect to a prescription drug
17	product—
18	"(A) a person that holds an application ap-
19	proved under section 505 or a license issued
20	under section 351 of the Public Health Service
21	Act for such prescription drug product, or if
22	such prescription drug product is not the sub-
23	ject of an approved application or license, the
24	person who manufactured the prescription drug
25	product;

1	"(B) a co-licensed partner of the person
2	described in subparagraph (A) that obtains the
3	prescription drug product directly from the per-
4	son described in such subparagraph; or
5	"(C) a person that—
6	"(i) is a member of an affiliated
7	group (as defined in section 1504(a) of the
8	Internal Revenue Code of 1986) to which
9	a person described in subparagraph (A) or
10	(B) is also a member; and
11	"(ii) receives the prescription drug
12	product directly from a person described in
13	subparagraph (A) or (B).
14	"(8) Package.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'package
16	means the smallest individual saleable unit of
17	prescription drug product for distribution in
18	interstate commerce by a manufacturer or re-
19	packager that is intended by the manufacturer
20	for ultimate sale to the dispenser of such pre-
21	scription drug product.
22	"(B) Individual saleable unit.—The
23	term 'individual saleable unit' means the small-
24	est container of prescription drug product intro-
25	duced into interstate commerce by the manufac-

1	turer or repackager that is intended by the
2	manufacturer for individual sale to a dispenser.
3	"(9) Prescription drug.—The term 'pre-
4	scription drug' means a drug for human use subject
5	to section $503(b)(1)$.
6	"(10) Prescription drug product.—The
7	term 'prescription drug product' means a prescrip-
8	tion drug in a finished dosage form for administra-
9	tion to a patient without substantial further manu-
10	facturing (such as capsules, tablets, and lyophilized
11	prescription drug products before reconstitution).
12	"(11) Prescription drug product identi-
13	FIER.—The term 'prescription drug product identi-
14	fier' means a standardized graphic that—
15	"(A) includes the standardized numerical
16	identifier, lot number, and expiration date of a
17	prescription drug product; and
18	"(B) is in both human-readable form and
19	on a machine-readable data carrier that con-
20	forms to the standards developed by a widely
21	recognized international standards development
22	organization.
23	"(12) Quarantine.—The term 'quarantine'
24	means to store or identify a product, for the purpose
25	of preventing distribution or transfer of the product,

- in a physically separate area clearly identified for such use, or through use of other procedures such as automated designation.
 - "(13) Repackager.—The term 'repackager' means a person who owns or operates an establishment that repacks and relabels a prescription drug product or package for further sale or distribution.
 - "(14) Return.—The term 'return' means providing prescription drug product to the authorized trading partner or trading partners from which such prescription drug product was purchased or received, or to a returns processor for handling of such prescription drug product.
 - "(15) Returns processor.—The terms 'returns processor' mean a person who owns or operates an establishment that provides for the disposition of or otherwise processes saleable and nonsaleable prescription drug product received from an authorized trading partner such that the prescription drug product may be processed for credit to the purchaser, manufacturer, seller, or disposed of for no further distribution.
 - "(16) Specific patient need.—The term 'specific patient need'—

1	"(A) means with respect to the transfer of
2	a prescription drug product from one pharmacy
3	to another, to fill a prescription for an identi-
4	fied patient; and
5	"(B) does not include the transfer of a
6	prescription drug product from one pharmacy
7	to another for the purpose of increasing or re-
8	plenishing stock in anticipation of a potential
9	need.
10	"(17) STANDARDIZED NUMERICAL IDENTI-
11	FIER.—The term 'standardized numerical identifier'
12	means a set of numbers or characters that—
13	"(A) is used to uniquely identify each
14	package or homogenous case of the prescription
15	drug product; and
16	"(B) is composed of the National Drug
17	Code that corresponds to the specific prescrip-
18	tion drug product (including the particular
19	package configuration) combined with a unique
20	alphanumeric serial number of up to 20 char-
21	acters.
22	"(18) Suspect prescription drug prod-
23	UCT.—The term 'suspect prescription drug product'
24	means a prescription drug product for which there

1	is reason to believe that such prescription drug prod-
2	uct—
3	"(A) is potentially counterfeit, diverted, or
4	stolen;
5	"(B) is potentially intentionally adulterated
6	such that the prescription drug product would
7	result in serious adverse health consequences or
8	death to humans; or
9	"(C) appears otherwise unfit for distribu-
10	tion such that the prescription drug product
11	would result in serious adverse health con-
12	sequences or death to humans.
13	"(19) Third-party logistics provider.—
14	The term 'third-party logistics provider' means an
15	entity that provides or coordinates warehousing, dis-
16	tribution, or other logistics services of a prescription
17	drug product in interstate commerce on behalf of a
18	manufacturer, wholesale distributor, or dispenser of
19	a prescription drug product, but does not take own-
20	ership of the prescription drug product, nor have re-
21	sponsibility to direct the sale or disposition of, the
22	prescription drug product.
23	"(20) Trading Partner.—The term 'trading
24	partner' means—

1	"(A) a manufacturer, repackager, whole-
2	sale distributor, or dispenser from whom a
3	manufacturer, repackager, wholesale dis-
4	tributor, or dispenser accepts ownership of a
5	prescription drug product or to whom a manu-
6	facturer, repackager, wholesale distributor, or
7	dispenser transfers ownership of a prescription
8	drug product; or
9	"(B) a third-party logistics provider from
10	whom a manufacturer, repackager, wholesale
11	distributor, or dispenser accepts possession of a
12	prescription drug product or to whom a manu-
13	facturer, repackager, wholesale distributor, or
14	dispenser transfers possession of a prescription
15	drug product.
16	"(21) Transaction.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'transaction'
18	means the transfer in interstate commerce of
19	prescription drug product between persons in
20	which a change of ownership occurs.
21	"(B) Exemptions.—The term 'trans-
22	action' does not include—
23	"(i) intracompany distribution of any
24	prescription drug product, including be-
25	tween members of an affiliated oroun (as

1	defined in section 1504(a) of the Internal
2	Revenue Code of 1986);
3	"(ii) the distribution of a prescription
4	drug product among hospitals or other
5	health care entities that are under common
6	control;
7	"(iii) the distribution of a prescription
8	drug product for emergency medical rea-
9	sons including a public health emergency
10	declaration pursuant to section 319 of the
11	Public Health Service Act, except that a
12	drug shortage not caused by a public
13	health emergency shall not constitute an
14	emergency medical reason;
15	"(iv) the dispensing of a prescription
16	drug product pursuant to a valid prescrip-
17	tion executed in accordance with section
18	503(b)(1);
19	"(v) the distribution of prescription
20	drug product samples by a manufacturer
21	or a licensed wholesale distributor in ac-
22	cordance with section 503(d);
23	"(vi) the distribution of blood or blood
24	components intended for transfusion;

1	"(vii) the distribution of minimal
2	quantities of prescription drug product by
3	a licensed retail pharmacy to a licensed
4	practitioner for office use;
5	"(viii) the distribution of a prescrip-
6	tion drug product by a charitable organiza-
7	tion to a nonprofit affiliate of the organiza-
8	tion to the extent otherwise permitted by
9	law;
10	"(ix) the distribution of a prescription
11	drug product pursuant to the sale or merg-
12	er of a pharmacy or pharmacies or a
13	wholesale distributor or wholesale distribu-
14	tors, except that any records required to be
15	maintained for the prescription drug prod-
16	uct shall be transferred to the new owner
17	of the pharmacy or pharmacies or whole-
18	sale distributor or wholesale distributors;
19	"(x) the dispensing of a prescription
20	drug product approved under section
21	512(b);
22	"(xi) the transfer of prescription drug
23	products to or from any facility that is li-
24	censed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commis-
25	sion or by a State pursuant to an agree-

1	ment with such Commission under section
2	274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
3	U.S.C. 2021);
4	"(xii) the distribution of a combina-
5	tion product that consists of—
6	"(I) a product comprised of two
7	or more components that are each a
8	drug, biological product, or device and
9	that are physically, chemically, or oth-
10	erwise combined or mixed and pro-
11	duced as a single entity;
12	"(II) two or more separate prod-
13	ucts packaged together in a single
14	package or as a unit and comprised of
15	a drug and device or a device and bio-
16	logical product; or
17	"(III) two or more finished de-
18	vices plus one or more drug or biologi-
19	cal products which are packaged to-
20	gether in a medical convenience kit
21	described in clause (xiii);
22	"(xiii) the distribution of a medical
23	convenience kit which is a collection of fin-
24	ished products (consisting of devices or
25	drugs) assembled in kit form strictly for

1	the convenience of the purchaser or user
2	if—
3	"(I) the medical convenience kit
4	is assembled in an establishment that
5	is registered with the Food and Drug
6	Administration as a medical device
7	manufacturer;
8	"(II) the person who manufactur-
9	ers the medical convenience kit pur-
10	chased the prescription drug product
11	directly from the manufacturer or
12	from a wholesale distributor that pur-
13	chased the prescription drug product
14	directly from the manufacturer;
15	"(III) the person who manufac-
16	turers the medical convenience kit
17	does not alter the primary container
18	or label of the prescription drug prod-
19	uct as purchased from the manufac-
20	turer or wholesale distributor;
21	"(IV) the medical convenience kit
22	does not contain a controlled sub-
23	stance (as defined in section 102 of
24	the Controlled Substances Act); and

1	"(V) the prescription drug prod-
2	ucts contained in the medical conven-
3	ience kit are—
4	"(aa) intravenous solutions
5	intended for the replenishment of
6	fluids and electrolytes;
7	"(bb) drugs intended to
8	maintain the equilibrium of water
9	and minerals in the body;
10	"(cc) drugs intended for irri-
11	gation or reconstitution;
12	"(dd) anesthetics;
13	"(ee) anticoagulants;
14	"(ff) vasopressors; or
15	"(gg) sympathicomimetics;
16	"(xiv) the distribution of an intra-
17	venous prescription drug product that, by
18	its formulation, is intended for the replen-
19	ishment of fluids and electrolytes (such as
20	sodium, chloride, and potassium) or cal-
21	ories (such as dextrose and amino acids);
22	"(xv) the distribution of an intra-
23	venous prescription drug product used to
24	maintain the equilibrium of water and min-

1	erals in the body, such as dialysis solu-
2	tions;
3	"(xvi) the distribution of a prescrip-
4	tion drug product that is intended for irri-
5	gation or reconstitution, or sterile water,
6	whether intended for such purposes or for
7	injection;
8	"(xvii) the distribution of compressed
9	medical gas; or
10	"(xviii)(I) the distribution of a prod-
11	uct by a dispenser, or a wholesale dis-
12	tributor acting at the direction of the dis-
13	penser, to a repackager registered under
14	section 510 for the purpose of repackaging
15	the drug for use by that dispenser or an-
16	other health care entity that is under the
17	dispenser's ownership or control, so long as
18	the dispenser retains ownership of the pre-
19	scription drug product; and
20	"(II) the saleable or nonsaleable re-
21	turn by such repackager of such prescrip-
22	tion drug product.
23	"(C) Compressed medical gas.—For
24	purposes of subparagraph (B)(xvii), the term
25	'compressed medical gas' means any substance

1	in its gaseous or cryogenic liquid form that
2	meets medical purity standards and has appli-
3	cation in a medical or homecare environment,
4	including oxygen and nitrous oxide.
5	"(22) Transaction history.—The term
6	'transaction history' means a statement that—
7	"(A) includes the transaction information
8	for each transaction conducted with respect to
9	a prescription drug product beginning with the
10	manufacturer or initial purchase distributor;
11	and
12	"(B) is in paper or electronic form.
13	"(23) Transaction information.—The term
14	'transaction information' means—
15	"(A) the proprietary or established name
16	or names of the prescription drug product;
17	"(B) the strength and dosage form of the
18	prescription drug product;
19	"(C) the National Drug Code number of
20	the prescription drug product;
21	"(D) the container size;
22	"(E) the number of containers;
23	"(F) the lot number of the prescription
24	drug product;
25	"(G) the date of the transaction:

1	"(H) the business name and address of the
2	person from whom ownership is being trans-
3	ferred; and
4	"(I) the business name and address of the
5	person to whom ownership is being transferred.
6	"(24) Transaction statement.—The 'trans-
7	action statement' is a statement, which states that
8	the manufacturer, repackager, wholesale distributor,
9	third-party logistics provider, or dispenser transfer-
10	ring ownership in a transaction—
11	"(A) is authorized;
12	"(B) received transaction information and
13	a transaction statement as required under sec-
14	tion 582 from the prior owner of the prescrip-
15	tion drug product;
16	"(C) did not knowingly and intentionally
17	ship an illegitimate prescription drug product;
18	"(D) did not knowingly and intentionally
19	provide false transaction information; and
20	"(E) did not knowingly and intentionally
21	alter the transaction history.
22	"(25) Verification and verify.—The terms
23	'verification' and 'verify'—
24	"(A) mean determining whether the pre-
25	scription drug product identifier affixed to, or

1	imprinted upon, a package or homogeneous case
2	of the prescription drug product corresponds to
3	the standardized numerical identifier or lot
4	number, and expiration date assigned to the
5	prescription drug product by the manufacturer
6	or the repackager, as applicable; and
7	"(B) include making the determination
8	under subparagraph (A) using human-readable
9	or machine-readable methods.
10	"(26) Wholesale distributor.—The term
11	'wholesale distributor'—
12	"(A) means a person engaged in wholesale
13	distribution (as defined in section 583); and
14	"(B) excludes—
15	"(i) a manufacturer, a co-licensed
16	partner of a manufacturer, or a third-party
17	logistics provider, or a dispenser who does
18	not engage in such wholesale distribution;
19	"(ii) a repackager engaged in such
20	wholesale distribution; or
21	"(iii) the distribution of prescription
22	drug product or an offer to distribute pre-
23	scription drug product by an authorized re-
24	packager that has taken ownership or pos-
25	session of the prescription drug product

and repacked the prescription drug product in accordance with the requirements of section 582(e).

4 "SEC. 582. REQUIREMENTS.

- 5 "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- 6 "(1) COMPLIANCE REQUIRED.—An entity that 7 is a manufacturer, repackager, wholesale distributor, 8 third-party logistics provider, or dispenser shall com-9 ply with the requirements of this section. If an enti-10 ty meets the definition of more than one of the enti-11 ties referred to in the preceding sentence, such enti-12 ty shall comply with all applicable requirements of 13 this section, but shall not be required to comply with 14 duplicative requirements.
 - "(2) STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with other appropriate Federal officials, manufacturers, repackagers, wholesale distributors, third-party logistics providers, and dispensers, establish, by regulation, standards for the exchange of transaction history and transaction statement (in paper or electronic form) for purposes of complying with this section. The standards established under this paragraph shall be in accordance with a form developed by a widely recognized international standards development organization. In establishing such

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1	standards, the Secretary shall consider the feasibility
2	of establishing standardized documentation to be
3	used by all members of the pharmaceutical distribu-
4	tion supply chain to convey the transaction history
5	and transaction statement to the subsequent owner
6	of a prescription drug product. The Secretary shall
7	publish such standards not later than 180 days after
8	the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding
9	America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013.
10	"(3) Waivers, exceptions, and exemp-
11	TIONS.—Not later than one year after the date of
12	the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Phar-
13	maceuticals Act of 2013, the Secretary shall promul-
14	gate a regulation to—
15	"(A) establish a process by which the Sec-
16	retary may grant, at the request of an author-
17	ized manufacturer, repackager, wholesale dis-
18	tributor, or dispenser, a waiver from any of the
19	requirements of this section—
20	"(i) if the Secretary determines that
21	such requirements would result in an
22	undue economic hardship; or
23	"(ii) for emergency medical reasons,
24	including a public health emergency dec-

1	laration pursuant to section 319 of the
2	Public Health Service Act;
3	"(B) establish a process, with respect to
4	the prescription drug product identifier require-
5	ment under paragraph (2) of subsections (b),
6	(c), (d), and (e) through which—
7	"(i) a manufacturer or repackager
8	may request a waiver with respect to pre-
9	scription drug products that are packaged
10	in a container too small or otherwise un-
11	able to accommodate a label with sufficient
12	space to bear the information required for
13	compliance with such requirement; and
14	"(ii) the Secretary determines whether
15	to waive such requirement; and
16	"(C) establish a process by which the Sec-
17	retary may add the prescription drug products
18	or transactions that are exempt from the re-
19	quirements of this section.
20	"(4) Grandfathered persons and pre-
21	SCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCTS.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one
23	year after the date of the enactment of the
24	Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of
25	2013, the Secretary shall specify, by regulation,

whether and under what circumstances the prescription drug product identifier requirement under paragraph (2) of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) shall apply to a prescription drug product that is in the supply chain or in a manufacturer's inventory on the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013.

"(B) Third-party logistics provider after the effective date of the third-party logistics provider licensing requirements under section 584, a third-party logistics provider shall be considered 'licensed' under section 581(6)(B) unless the Secretary has made a finding that the third-party logistics provider does not utilize good handling and distribution practices and publishes notice thereof.

"(C) LABEL CHANGES.—Changes made to package labels solely to incorporate the prescription drug product identifier may be submitted to the Secretary in the annual report of an establishment, in accordance with section 314.70(d) of chapter 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation).

1	"(b) Manufacturer Requirements.—
2	"(1) Prescription drug product trac-
3	ING.—
4	"(A) In General.—Beginning not later
5	than January 1, 2015, a manufacturer shall—
6	"(i) prior to, or at the time of, each
7	transaction in which such manufacturer
8	transfers ownership of a prescription drug
9	product—
10	"(I) until the date than is 5
11	years after the date of the enactment
12	of the Safeguarding America's Phar-
13	maceuticals Act of 2013, provide the
14	subsequent owner with the transaction
15	history and a transaction statement in
16	a single document in paper or elec-
17	tronic form; and
18	"(II) on or after such date, pro-
19	vide the subsequent owner with the
20	transaction history and a transaction
21	statement in electronic form; and
22	"(ii) maintain the transaction infor-
23	mation for each such transaction for not
24	less than 3 years after the date of the
25	transaction.

"(B) Requests for information.—
Upon a request by the Secretary or other appropriate Federal or State official, in the event of a recall or for the purpose of investigating a suspect prescription drug product or an illegit-imate prescription drug product, a manufacturer shall, not later than 2 business days after receiving the request or in such reasonable time as determined by the Secretary, provide to the Secretary or other official, the applicable transaction history and transaction statement for the prescription drug product.

"(2) Prescription drug product identifier on each package and homogenous case of a prescription drug product idential transaction. Such manufacturer shall maintain the information in the prescription drug product identifier for such prescription drug product identifier for such prescription drug product intended to be introduced in a transaction. Such manufacturer shall maintain the information in the prescription drug product identifier for such prescription drug product for not less than 3 years after the date of the transaction.

"(3) AUTHORIZED TRADING PARTNERS.—Beginning not later than January 1, 2015, a manufac-

1	turer shall ensure that each of its trading partners
2	is authorized.
3	"(4) List of authorized distributors of
4	RECORD.—Beginning not later than January 1,
5	2015, each manufacturer of a prescription drug
6	shall—
7	"(A) maintain a list of the authorized dis-
8	tributors of record of such drug at the cor-
9	porate offices of such manufacturer;
10	"(B) make such list publicly available, in-
11	cluding placement on the Internet Website of
12	such manufacturer; and
13	"(C) update such list not less than once
14	per quarter.
15	"(5) Verification.—Beginning not later than
16	January 1, 2015, a manufacturer shall implement
17	systems and processes to enable the manufacturer to
18	comply with the following requirements:
19	"(A) Suspect prescription drug prod-
20	UCT.—
21	"(i) In general.—Upon making a
22	determination that a prescription drug
23	product in the possession or control of the
24	manufacturer is a suspect prescription
25	drug product, or upon receiving a request

1	for verification from the Secretary that a
2	prescription drug product within the pos-
3	session or control of a manufacturer is a
4	suspect prescription drug product, a manu-
5	facturer shall promptly conduct an inves-
6	tigation in coordination with trading part-
7	ners, as applicable, to determine whether
8	the prescription drug product is an illegit-
9	imate prescription drug product. Beginning
10	not later than 5 years after the date of the
11	enactment of the Safeguarding America's
12	Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, such inves-
13	tigation shall include—
14	"(I) verifying the prescription
15	drug product at the package level;
16	"(II) validating any applicable
17	transaction history in the possession
18	of the manufacturer; and
19	"(III) otherwise investigating to
20	determine whether the prescription
21	drug product is an illegitimate pre-
22	scription drug product.
23	"(ii) Cleared prescription drug
24	PRODUCT.—If the manufacturer deter-
25	mines that a suspect prescription drug

1	product is not an illegitimate prescription
2	drug product, the manufacturer shall
3	promptly notify the Secretary of such de-
4	termination and such prescription drug
5	product may be further distributed.
6	"(iii) Records.—A manufacturer
7	shall keep records of its investigation of a
8	suspect prescription drug product for not
9	less than 3 years after the conclusion of
10	the investigation.
11	"(B) Illegitimate prescription drug
12	PRODUCT.—
13	"(i) In general.—Upon determining
14	that a prescription drug product in the
15	possession or control of a manufacturer is
16	an illegitimate prescription drug product,
17	the manufacturer shall—
18	"(I) quarantine such prescription
19	drug product from prescription drug
20	product intended for distribution; and
21	"(II) provide for the disposition
22	of the illegitimate prescription drug
23	product.
24	"(ii) Trading partner.—Upon de-
25	termining that a prescription drug product

1	in the possession or control of a trading
2	partner is an illegitimate prescription drug
3	product, the manufacturer shall take rea-
4	sonable steps to assist a trading partner to
5	provide for the disposition of the illegit-
6	imate prescription drug product.
7	"(iii) Making a notification.—
8	Upon determining that a prescription drug
9	product in the possession or control of the
10	manufacturer is an illegitimate prescrip-
11	tion drug product, the manufacturer shall
12	notify the Secretary of such determination
13	not later than 24 hours after making such
14	determination. The Secretary shall deter-
15	mine whether additional trading partner
16	notification is appropriate.
17	"(iv) Responding to a notifica-
18	TION.—Upon the receipt of a notification
19	from the Secretary that a determination
20	has been made that a prescription drug
21	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
22	product, a manufacturer shall—
23	"(I) identify all illegitimate pre-
24	scription drug products that are sub-
25	ject to such notification and in the

1	possession or control of the manufac-
2	turer, including any prescription drug
3	product that is subsequently received;
4	and
5	"(II) perform the activities de-
6	scribed in clause (i).
7	"(v) Records.—A manufacturer shall
8	keep records of the disposition of an illegit-
9	imate prescription drug product for not
10	less than 3 years after the conclusion of
11	the disposition.
12	"(C) Electronic database.—A manu-
13	facturer may satisfy the requirements of this
14	paragraph through the use of a secure elec-
15	tronic database developed and operated by the
16	manufacturer or another entity. The owner of
17	such database shall establish the requirements
18	and processes to respond to requests and may
19	provide for data access to other members of the
20	pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, as ap-
21	propriate. The development and operation of
22	such a database shall not relieve a manufac-
23	turer of the requirement under this paragraph

to respond to a verification request submitted

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1	by means other than a secure electronic data
2	base.
3	"(D) RETURNED PRESCRIPTION DRUG
4	PRODUCT.—Beginning not later than 5 years
5	after the date of the enactment of the Safe
6	guarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of
7	2013, upon receipt of a returned prescription
8	drug product that the manufacturer intends to
9	further distribute, before further distributing
10	such prescription drug product, the manufac
11	turer shall—
12	"(i) verify the prescription drug prod-
13	uct identifier for each sealed homogeneous
14	case of such prescription drug product; or
15	"(ii) if such prescription drug product
16	is not in a sealed homogeneous case, verify
17	the prescription drug product identifier or
18	each package.
19	"(c) Wholesale Distributor Requirements.—
20	"(1) Prescription drug product trac-
21	ING.—
22	"(A) In General.—Beginning not later
23	than April 1, 2015, a wholesale distributor
24	shall—

1	"(i) not accept ownership of a pre-
2	scription drug product unless the previous
3	owner prior to, or at the time of, the trans-
4	action provides the applicable transaction
5	history and a transaction statement for the
6	prescription drug product;
7	"(ii) subject to clause (iv), prior to, or
8	at the time of, each transaction in which
9	the wholesale distributor transfers owner-
10	ship of a prescription drug product—
11	"(I) in the case that the whole-
12	sale distributor purchased the pre-
13	scription drug product directly from
14	the manufacturer, the exclusive dis-
15	tributor of the manufacturer, or a re-
16	packager that purchased directly from
17	the manufacturer, provide the subse-
18	quent owner with transaction history
19	and a transaction statement for the
20	prescription drug product—
21	"(aa) if the subsequent
22	owner is a dispenser, on a single
23	document in paper or electronic
24	form; or

1 "(bb) if the subsequent
2 owner is a wholesale distributor,
3 through any combination of self-
4 generated paper, electronic data,
or manufacturer-provided infor-
6 mation on the product package;
7 "(II) in the case that the whole-
8 sale distributor did not purchase the
9 prescription drug product as described
0 in subclause (I)—
1 "(aa) provide the subsequent
2 owner with the transaction his-
3 tory and a transaction statement
4 beginning with the wholesale dis-
5 tributor that did so purchase the
6 prescription drug product in
paper or electronic form; or
8 "(bb) pursuant to a written
9 agreement between the wholesale
0 distributor and a dispenser,
1 maintain the transaction history
2 and transaction statement on be-
half of the dispenser and if re-
4 quested by the dispenser, provide
5 the transaction history and

1	transaction statement to the dis-
2	penser in paper or electronic
3	form in a timely manner so as to
4	permit the dispenser to comply
5	with requests pursuant to sub-
6	section $(d)(1)(D)$;
7	"(iii) maintain the transaction infor-
8	mation for each transaction described in
9	clauses (i) and (ii) for not less than 3
10	years after the transaction; and
11	"(iv) on or after the date that is 5
12	years after the date of the enactment of
13	the Safeguarding America's Pharma-
14	ceuticals Act of 2013, provide the trans-
15	action history and transaction statement in
16	electronic form.
17	"(B) Inclusion of lot number in
18	TRANSACTION HISTORY.—Until the date that is
19	5 years after the date of the enactment of the
20	Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of
21	2013, the transaction history provided by a
22	wholesale distributer under this paragraph shall
23	not be required to include the lot number of the
24	product or the initial date of the transaction
25	from the manufacturer (as such terms are used

1	in subparagraphs (F) and (G) of section
2	581(23)).
3	"(C) RETURNS EXCEPTION.—
4	"(i) Saleable returns.—Notwith-
5	standing subparagraph (A), a wholesale
6	distributor may—
7	"(I) accept returned prescription
8	drug product without a transaction
9	history from a dispenser or repack-
10	ager; and
11	"(II) distribute such returned
12	prescription drug product with a
13	transaction history that begins with
14	the wholesale distributor that so ac-
15	cepted the returned product.
16	"(ii) Nonsaleable returns.—A
17	wholesale distributor may return a non-
18	saleable prescription drug to the manufac-
19	turer or repackager, to the wholesale dis-
20	tributor from whom such prescription drug
21	was purchased, or to a person acting on
22	behalf of such a person, including a re-
23	turns processor, without providing the in-
24	formation required under subparagraph
25	(A).

"(D) 1 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION.— 2 Upon a request by the Secretary or other ap-3 propriate Federal or State official, in the event 4 of a recall or for the purpose of investigating a 5 suspect prescription drug product or an illegit-6 imate prescription drug product a wholesale dis-7 tributor shall, not later than 2 business days 8 after receiving the request or in such other rea-9 sonable time as determined by the Secretary, 10 provide the applicable transaction history and transaction statements for the prescription drug 12 product.

- "(2) Prescription drug product identi-FIER.—Beginning not later than 7 years after the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, a wholesale distributor may engage in transactions involving a prescription drug product only if such prescription drug product is encoded with a prescription drug product identifier, except as provided in subsection (a)(4).
- "(3) AUTHORIZED TRADING PARTNERS.—Beginning not later than January 1, 2015, a wholesale distributor shall ensure that each of its trading partners is authorized.

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1	"(4) Verification.—Beginning not later than
2	April 1, 2015, a wholesale distributor shall imple-
3	ment systems to enable the wholesale distributor to
4	comply with the following requirements:

5 "(A) Suspect prescription drug prod-6 uct.—

> "(i) In General.—Upon making a determination that a prescription drug product in the possession or control of the wholesale distributor is a suspect prescription drug product, or upon receiving a request for verification from the Secretary that a prescription drug product within the possession or control of a wholesale distributor is a suspect prescription drug product, a wholesale distributor shall promptly conduct an investigation to determine whether the prescription drug product is an illegitimate prescription drug product. Beginning not later than 7 years after the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, such investigation shall include—

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1	"(I) verifying a package of the
2	prescription drug product;
3	"(II) validating any applicable
4	transaction history in the possession
5	of the wholesale distributor; and
6	"(III) otherwise investigating to
7	determine whether the prescription
8	drug product is an illegitimate pre-
9	scription drug product.
10	"(ii) Cleared prescription drug
11	PRODUCT.—If the wholesale distributor de-
12	termines that a suspect prescription drug
13	product is not an illegitimate prescription
14	drug product, the wholesale distributor
15	shall promptly notify the Secretary of such
16	determination and such prescription drug
17	product may be further distributed.
18	"(iii) Records.—A wholesale dis-
19	tributor shall keep records of its investiga-
20	tion of a suspect prescription drug product
21	for not less than 3 years after the conclu-
22	sion of the investigation.
23	"(B) Illegitimate prescription drug
24	PRODUCT.—

1	"(i) In general.—Upon receiving
2	notice that a manufacturer of a prescrip-
3	tion drug product has determined that a
4	prescription drug product in the possession
5	or control of a wholesale distributor is an
6	illegitimate prescription drug product, the
7	wholesale distributor shall—
8	"(I) quarantine such prescription
9	drug product within the possession or
10	control of the wholesale distributor
11	from prescription drug product in-
12	tended for distribution; and
13	"(II) provide for the disposition
14	of the illegitimate prescription drug
15	product within the possession or con-
16	trol of the wholesale distributor.
17	"(ii) Trading Partner.—Upon de-
18	termining that a prescription drug product
19	in the possession or control of a trading
20	partner is an illegitimate prescription drug
21	product, the wholesale distributor shall
22	take reasonable steps to assist a trading
23	partner to provide for the disposition of
24	the illegitimate prescription drug product.

1	"(iii) Making a notification.—
2	Upon determining that a prescription drug
3	product in the possession or control of the
4	wholesale distributor is an illegitimate pre-
5	scription drug product, the wholesale dis-
6	tributor shall notify the Secretary of such
7	determination not later than 24 hours
8	after making such determination. The Sec-
9	retary shall determine whether additional
10	trading partner notification is appropriate.
11	"(iv) Responding to a notifica-
12	TION.—Upon the receipt of a notification
13	from the Secretary that a determination
14	has been made that a prescription drug
15	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
16	product, a wholesale distributor shall—
17	"(I) identify all illegitimate pre-
18	scription drug products subject to
19	such notification that are in the pos-
20	session or control of the wholesale dis-
21	tributor, including any such prescrip-
22	tion drug product that is subsequently
23	received; and
24	"(II) perform the activities de-
25	scribed in clause (i).

1 "(v) RECORDS.—A wholesale dis-2 tributor shall keep records of the disposi-3 tion of an illegitimate prescription drug 4 product for not less than 3 years after the 5 conclusion of the disposition.

"(C) Electronic database.—A whole-sale distributor may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph through the use of a secure electronic database developed and operated by the manufacturer or another entity. The owner of such database shall establish the requirements and processes to respond to requests and may provide for data access to other members of the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, as appropriate. The development and operation of such a database shall not relieve a wholesale distributor of the requirement under this paragraph to respond to a verification request submitted by means other than a secure electronic database.

"(D) RETURNED PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCT.—Beginning not later than 7 years after the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, upon receipt of a returned prescription

1	drug product that the wholesale distributor in-
2	tends to further distribute, before further dis-
3	tributing such prescription drug product, the
4	wholesale distributor shall—
5	"(i) verify the prescription drug prod-
6	uct identifier for each sealed homogeneous
7	case of such prescription drug product; or
8	"(ii) if such prescription drug product
9	is not in a sealed homogeneous case, verify
10	the prescription drug product identifier on
11	each package.
12	"(d) Dispenser Requirements.—
13	"(1) Prescription drug product trac-
14	ING.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later
16	than July 1, 2015, a dispenser—
17	"(i) shall not accept ownership of a
18	prescription drug product, unless the pre-
19	vious owner prior to, or at the time of, the
20	transaction, provides transaction history
21	and a transaction statement;
22	"(ii) prior to, or at the time of, each
23	transaction in which the dispenser trans-
24	fers ownership of a prescription drug prod-
25	uct (but not including dispensing to a pa-

1	tient or returns) shall provide the subse-
2	quent owner with transaction history and a
3	transaction statement for the prescription
4	drug product, except that the requirements
5	of this clause shall not apply to sales by a
6	dispenser to another dispenser to fulfill a
7	specific patient need; and
8	"(iii) shall maintain transaction infor-
9	mation for a period of not less than 3
10	years after the date of the transaction.
11	"(B) AGREEMENTS WITH THIRD PAR-
12	TIES.—A dispenser may enter into a written
13	agreement with a third party, including an au-
14	thorized wholesale distributor, under which the
15	third party confidentially maintains the trans-
16	action information required to be maintained
17	under this subsection on behalf of the dis-
18	penser. If a dispenser enters into such an
19	agreement, the dispenser shall maintain a copy
20	of the written agreement.
21	"(C) Returns exception.—
22	"(i) Saleable returns.—Notwith-
23	standing subparagraph (A)(ii), a dispenser
24	may return prescription drug product to

the trading partner from which the dis-

1	penser obtained the prescription drug
2	product without providing the information
3	required under such subparagraph.
4	"(ii) Nonsaleable returns.—Not-
5	withstanding subparagraph (A)(ii), a dis-
6	penser may return a nonsaleable prescrip-
7	tion drug to the manufacturer or repack-
8	ager, to the wholesale distributor from
9	whom such prescription drug was pur-
10	chased, to a returns processor, or to a per-
11	son acting on behalf of such persons with-
12	out providing the information required
13	under such subparagraph.
14	"(D) Requests for information.—
15	Upon a request by the Secretary or other ap-
16	propriate Federal or State official, in the event
17	of a recall or for the purpose of investigating a
18	suspect prescription drug product or an illegit-
19	imate prescription drug product—
20	"(i) a dispenser shall not later than 2
21	business days after receiving the request or
22	in another such reasonable time as deter-
23	mined by the Secretary, provide the appli-
24	cable transaction history and transaction

1	statement which the dispenser received
2	from the previous owner;
3	"(ii) the information provided by the
4	dispenser under clause (i) is not required
5	to include the lot number of the product
6	the initial date of the transaction, or the
7	initial date of the shipment from the man-
8	ufacturer unless such information was pro-
9	vided electronically by the previous owner
10	manufacturer, or wholesale distributor to
11	the dispenser; and
12	"(iii) a dispenser may respond to the
13	request by providing the paper documenta-
14	tion received from the previous owner or
15	by providing electronic information.
16	"(2) Prescription drug product identi-
17	FIER.—Beginning not later than 8 years after the
18	date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's
19	Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, a dispenser may en-
20	gage in transactions involving a prescription drug
21	product only if such prescription drug product is en-
22	coded with a prescription drug product identifier, ex-
23	cept as provided in subsection (a)(4).
24	"(3) Authorized trading partners.—Be-
25	ginning not later than January 1, 2015, a dispenser

1	shall ensure that each of its trading partners is au-
2	thorized.
3	"(4) Verification.—Beginning not later than
4	January 1, 2015, a dispenser shall implement sys-
5	tems to enable the dispenser to comply with the fol-
6	lowing requirements:
7	"(A) Suspect prescription drug prod-
8	UCT.—
9	"(i) In general.—Upon making a
10	determination that a prescription drug
11	product in the possession or control of the
12	dispenser is a suspect prescription drug
13	product, or upon receiving a request for
14	verification from the Secretary that a pre-
15	scription drug product within the posses-
16	sion or control of a dispenser is a suspect
17	prescription drug product, a dispenser
18	shall promptly conduct an investigation to
19	determine whether the prescription drug
20	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
21	product. Such investigation shall include—
22	"(I) verifying whether the lot
23	number of a suspect prescription drug
24	product corresponds with the lot num-

1	ber for such prescription drug prod-
2	uet;
3	"(II) beginning 8 years after the
4	date of the enactment of the Safe-
5	guarding America's Pharmaceuticals
6	Act of 2013, verifying that the prod-
7	uct identifier of at least 3 packages or
8	10 percent of such suspect prescrip-
9	tion drug product, whichever is great-
10	er, or all packages, if there are fewer
11	than 3, corresponds with the prescrip-
12	tion drug product identifier for such
13	product;
14	"(III) validating any applicable
15	transaction history in the possession
16	of the dispenser; and
17	"(IV) otherwise investigating to
18	determine whether the prescription
19	drug product is an illegitimate pre-
20	scription drug product.
21	"(ii) Cleared prescription drug
22	PRODUCT.—If the dispenser makes the de-
23	termination that a suspect prescription
24	drug product is not an illegitimate pre-
25	scription drug product, the dispenser shall

1	promptly notify the Secretary of such de-
2	termination and such prescription drug
3	product may be further dispensed.
4	"(iii) Records.—A dispenser shall
5	keep records of its investigation of a sus-
6	pect prescription drug product for not less
7	than 3 years after the conclusion of the in-
8	vestigation.
9	"(B) Illegitimate prescription drug
10	PRODUCT.—
11	"(i) In General.—Upon receiving
12	notice that a manufacturer of a prescrip-
13	tion drug product has determined that a
14	prescription drug product in the possession
15	or control of a dispenser is an illegitimate
16	prescription drug product, the dispenser
17	shall—
18	"(I) quarantine such prescription
19	drug product within the possession or
20	control of the dispenser from prescrip-
21	tion drug product intended for dis-
22	tribution; and
23	"(II) provide for the disposition
24	of the illegitimate prescription drug

1	product within the possession or con-
2	trol of the dispenser.
3	"(ii) Trading partners.—Upon de-
4	termining that a prescription drug product
5	in the possession or control of a trading
6	partner is an illegitimate prescription drug
7	product, the dispenser shall take reason-
8	able steps to assist a trading partner to
9	provide for the disposition of the illegit-
10	imate prescription drug product.
11	"(iii) Making a notification.—
12	Upon determining that a prescription drug
13	product in the possession or control of the
14	dispenser is an illegitimate prescription
15	drug product, the dispenser shall notify the
16	Secretary of such determination not later
17	than 24 hours after making such deter-
18	mination. The Secretary shall determine
19	whether additional trading partner notifi-
20	cation is appropriate.
21	"(iv) Responding to a notifica-
22	TION.—Upon the receipt of a notification
23	from the Secretary that a determination

has been made that a prescription drug

1	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
2	product, a dispenser shall—
3	"(I) identify all illegitimate pre-
4	scription drug products that are sub-
5	ject to such notification and in the
6	possession or control of the dispenser,
7	including any such prescription drug
8	product that is subsequently received;
9	and
10	"(II) perform the activities de-
11	scribed in clause (i).
12	"(v) Records.—A dispenser shall
13	keep records of the disposition of an illegit-
14	imate prescription drug product for not
15	less than 3 years after the conclusion of
16	the disposition.
17	"(C) Electronic database.—A dis-
18	penser may satisfy the requirements of this
19	paragraph through the use of a secure elec-
20	tronic database developed and operated by the
21	manufacturer or another entity. The owner of
22	such database shall establish the requirements
23	and processes to enable responding to requests
24	and may provide for data access to other mem-
25	bers of the pharmaceutical distribution supply

1	chain, as appropriate. The development and op-
2	eration of such a database shall not relieve a
3	dispenser of the requirement under this para-
4	graph to respond to a verification request sub-
5	mitted by means other than a secure electronic
6	database.
7	"(e) Repackager Requirements.—
8	"(1) Prescription drug product trac-
9	ING.—
10	"(A) In General.—Beginning not later
11	than April 1, 2015, with respect to a prescrip-
12	tion drug product received by a repackager
13	from a wholesale distributor, and beginning not
14	later than January 1, 2015, with respect to any
15	other prescription drug product, a repackager
16	shall—
17	"(i) not accept ownership of a pre-
18	scription drug product unless the previous
19	owner, prior to, or at the time of, the
20	transaction, provides transaction history
21	and a transaction statement for the pre-
22	scription drug product;
23	"(ii) prior to, or at the time of, each
24	transaction in which the repackager trans-
25	fers ownership of a prescription drug prod-

1	uct, provide the subsequent owner with
2	transaction history and a transaction state-
3	ment;
4	"(iii) maintain the transaction infor-
5	mation for each transaction described in
6	clause (i) or (ii) for not less than 3 years
7	after the transaction; and
8	"(iv) maintain records that allow the
9	repackager to associate the prescription
10	drug product identifier the repackager af-
11	fixes or imprints with the prescription drug
12	product identifier assigned by the original
13	manufacturer of the prescription drug
14	product.
15	"(B) RETURNS EXCEPTION.—Notwith-
16	standing subparagraph (A)(ii), a repackager
17	may return prescription drug product to the
18	trading partner from whom the repackager ob-
19	tained the prescription drug product without
20	providing the information required under such
21	subparagraph.
22	"(C) REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION.—
23	Upon a request by the Secretary or other ap-
24	propriate Federal or State official, in the event
25	of a recall or for the purpose of investigating a

1 suspect prescription drug product or an illegit-2 imate prescription drug product, a repackager shall, not later than 2 business days after re-3 4 ceiving the request or in such other reasonable time as determined by the Secretary, provide 6 the applicable transaction history and trans-7 action statement for the prescription drug prod-8 uct. 9 "(2) Prescription drug product identi-10 FIER.—Beginning not later than 6 years after the 11 date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's 12 Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, a repackager— 13 "(A) shall affix or imprint a prescription 14 drug product identifier to each package and ho-15 mogenous case of prescription drug product in-16 tended to be introduced in a transaction; 17 "(B) shall maintain the prescription drug 18 product identifier for such prescription drug 19 product for not less than 3 years after the date 20 of the transaction; and "(C) may engage in transactions involving 21 22 a prescription drug product only if such pre-23 scription drug product is encoded with a pre-24 scription drug product identifier except as pro-

vided in subsection (a)(4).

1	"(3) Authorized trading partners.—Be-
2	ginning on January 1, 2015, a repackager shall en-
3	sure that each of its trading partners is authorized.
4	"(4) Verification.—Beginning not later than
5	January 1, 2015, a repackager shall implement sys-
6	tems to enable the repackager to comply with the
7	following requirements:
8	"(A) Suspect prescription drug prod-
9	UCT.—
10	"(i) In general.—Upon making a
11	determination that a prescription drug
12	product in the possession or control of the
13	repackager is a suspect prescription drug
14	product, or upon receiving a request for
15	verification from the Secretary that a pre-
16	scription drug product within the posses-
17	sion or control of a repackager is a suspect
18	prescription drug product, a repackager
19	shall promptly conduct an investigation to
20	determine whether the prescription drug
21	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
22	product, including—
23	"(I) beginning not later than 6
24	years after the date of the enactment
25	of the Safeguarding America's Phar-

1	maceuticals Act of 2013, verifying the
2	prescription drug product at the pack-
3	age level;
4	"(II) validating any applicable
5	transaction information in the posses-
6	sion of the repackager; and
7	"(III) otherwise investigating to
8	determine whether the prescription
9	drug product is an illegitimate pre-
10	scription drug product.
11	"(ii) Cleared prescription drug
12	PRODUCT.—If the repackager determines
13	that a suspect prescription drug product is
14	not an illegitimate prescription drug prod-
15	uct, the repackager shall promptly notify
16	the Secretary of such determination and
17	such prescription drug product may be fur-
18	ther distributed.
19	"(iii) Records.—A repackager shall
20	keep records of its investigation of a sus-
21	pect prescription drug product for not less
22	than 3 years after the conclusion of the in-
23	vestigation.
24	"(B) Illegitimate prescription drug
25	PRODUCT —

1	"(i) In General.—Upon receiving
2	notice that a manufacturer of a prescrip-
3	tion drug product has determined that a
4	prescription drug product in the possession
5	or control of a repackager is an illegitimate
6	prescription drug product, the repackager
7	shall—
8	"(I) quarantine such prescription
9	drug product within the possession or
10	control of the repackager from pre-
11	scription drug product intended for
12	distribution; and
13	"(II) provide for the disposition
14	of the illegitimate prescription drug
15	product within the possession or con-
16	trol of the repackager.
17	"(ii) Trading partner.—Upon de-
18	termining that a prescription drug product
19	in the possession or control of a trading
20	partner is an illegitimate prescription drug
21	product, the repackagers shall take reason-
22	able steps to assist the trading partner to
23	provide for the disposition of the illegit-
24	imate prescription drug product.

1	"(iii) Making a notification.—
2	Upon determining that a prescription drug
3	product in the possession or control of the
4	repackager is an illegitimate prescription
5	drug product, the repackager shall notify
6	the Secretary of such determination not
7	later than 24 hours after making such de-
8	termination. The Secretary shall determine
9	whether additional trading partner notifi-
10	cation is appropriate.
11	"(iv) Responding to a notifica-
12	TION.—Upon the receipt of a notification
13	from the Secretary that a determination
14	has been made that a prescription drug
15	product is an illegitimate prescription drug
16	product, a repackager shall—
17	"(I) identify all illegitimate pre-
18	scription drug products that are sub-
19	ject to such notification and in the
20	possession or control of the repack-
21	ager, including any such prescription
22	drug product that is subsequently re-
23	ceived; and
24	"(II) perform the activities de-
25	scribed in clause (i).

1 "(v) Records.—A repackager shall
2 keep records of the disposition of an illegit3 imate prescription drug product for not
4 less than 3 years after the conclusion of
5 the disposition.

"(C) ELECTRONIC DATABASE.—A repackager may satisfy the requirements of this paragraph through the use of a secure electronic database developed and operated by the manufacturer or another entity. The owner of such database shall establish the requirements and processes to respond to requests and may provide for data access to other members of the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, as appropriate. The development and operation of such a database shall not relieve a repackager of the requirement under this paragraph to respond to a verification request submitted by means other than a secure electronic database.

"(D) RETURNED PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRODUCT.—Beginning not later than 6 years after the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, upon receipt of a returned prescription drug product that the repackager intends to

1	further distribute, before further distributing
2	such prescription drug product, the repackager
3	shall—
4	"(i) verify the prescription drug prod-
5	uct identifier for each sealed homogeneous
6	case of such prescription drug product; or
7	"(ii) if such prescription drug product
8	is not in a sealed homogeneous case, verify
9	the prescription drug product identifier on
10	each package.
11	"(f) Third-Party Logistics Provider Require-
12	MENTS.—
13	"(1) Authorized trading partners.—Be-
14	ginning on January 1, 2015, a third-party logistics
15	provider shall ensure that each of its trading part-
16	ners is authorized.
17	"(2) Verification.—Beginning not later than
18	January 1, 2015, a third-party logistics provider
19	shall implement systems to enable the third-party lo-
20	gistics provider to comply with the following require-
21	ments:
22	"(A) Suspect prescription drug prod-
23	UCT.—
24	"(i) In general.—Upon making a
25	determination that a prescription drug

1 product in the possession or control of a 2 third-party logistics provider is a suspect prescription drug product, a third-party lo-3 gistics provider shall promptly notify the owner of such prescription drug product of 6 the need to conduct an investigation to de-7 termine whether the prescription drug 8 product is an illegitimate prescription drug 9 product. 10 "(ii) Cleared Prescription Drug 11 PRODUCT.—If the owner of the prescrip-12 tion drug product notifies the third-party 13 logistics provider of the determination that 14 a suspect prescription drug product is not 15 an illegitimate prescription drug product, 16 such prescription drug product may be fur-17 ther distributed. 18 "(iii) Records.—A third-party logis-19 tics provider shall keep records of the ac-20 tivities described in clauses (i) and (ii) 21 with respect to a suspect prescription drug 22 product for not less than 3 years after the 23 conclusion of the investigation. 24 "(B) Illegitimate prescription drug

PRODUCT.—

1	"(i) In General.—Upon receiving
2	notice that a manufacturer of a prescrip-
3	tion drug product has determined that a
4	prescription drug product in the possession
5	or control of a third-party logistics pro-
6	vider is an illegitimate prescription drug
7	product, the third-party logistics provider
8	shall—
9	"(I) quarantine such prescription
10	drug product within the possession or
11	control of the third-party logistics pro-
12	vider from prescription drug product
13	intended for distribution;
14	"(II) promptly notify the owner
15	of such prescription drug product of
16	the need to provide for the disposition
17	of such prescription drug product; and
18	"(III) promptly transfer posses-
19	sion of the prescription drug product
20	to the owner of such prescription drug
21	product to provide for the disposition
22	of the prescription drug product.
23	"(ii) Making a notification.—
24	Upon determining that a prescription drug
25	product in the possession or control of the

1	third-party logistics provider is an illegit-
2	imate prescription drug product, the third-
3	party logistics provider shall notify the
4	Secretary not later than 24 hours after
5	making such determination. The Secretary
6	shall determine whether additional trading
7	partner notification is appropriate.
8	"(iii) Responding to a notifica-
9	TION.—Upon the receipt of a notification
10	from the Secretary, a third-party logistics
11	provider shall—
12	"(I) identify all illegitimate pre-
13	scription drug products subject to
14	such notification that are in the pos-
15	session or control of the third-party
16	logistics provider, including any such
17	prescription drug product that is sub-
18	sequently received; and
19	"(II) perform the activities de-
20	scribed in clause (i).
21	"(iv) Records.—A third-party logis-
22	tics provider shall keep records of the ac-
23	tivities described in clauses (i) and (ii)
24	with respect to an illegitimate prescription

1	drug product for not less than 3 years
2	after the conclusion of the disposition.
3	"(g) Drop Shipments.—This section does not apply
4	to any entity, notwithstanding its status as a wholesale
5	distributor or repackager, or other status that is not in-
6	volved in the physical handling, distribution, or storage of
7	a prescription drug product. For purposes of this sub-
8	section, facilitating the distribution of a prescription drug
9	product by providing various administrative services, in-
10	cluding processing of orders and payments, shall not, by
11	itself, be construed as being involved in the handling, dis-
12	tribution, or storage of a prescription drug product.".
13	SEC. 3. ENHANCED DRUG DISTRIBUTION SECURITY.
14	(a) Pilot Projects.—
15	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
17	shall establish one or more pilot projects in coordi-
18	nation with manufacturers, repackagers, wholesale
19	distributors, third-party logistics providers, and dis-
20	pensers to explore and evaluate methods to enhance
21	the safety and security of the pharmaceutical dis-
22	tribution supply chain.
23	(2) Content.—

1	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall en-
2	sure that the pilot projects under paragraph (1)
3	collectively—
4	(i) reflect the diversity of the pharma-
5	ceutical distribution supply chain; and
6	(ii) include participants representative
7	of every sector within the pharmaceutical
8	distribution supply chain, including partici-
9	pants representative of small businesses.
10	(B) Project Design.—The pilot projects
11	shall be designed to—
12	(i) utilize the prescription drug prod-
13	uct identifier for tracing of a prescription
14	drug product, which utilization may in-
15	clude—
16	(I) verification of the prescription
17	drug product identifier of a prescrip-
18	tion drug product; and
19	(II) the use of aggregation and
20	inference;
21	(ii) improve the technical capabilities
22	of each sector within the pharmaceutical
23	supply chain to comply with systems and
24	processes needed to utilize the prescription

1 drug product identifiers to enhance tracing 2 of a prescription drug product; and 3 (iii) conduct such other activities as the Secretary determines appropriate to explore and evaluate methods to enhance 6 the safety and security of the pharma-7 ceutical distribution supply chain. 8 (b) Public Meetings.— 9 (1) In General.—Not later than 6 months 10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and at 11 least every 6 months thereafter until the submission 12 of the report required by subsection (e)(2), the Sec-13 retary shall hold a public meeting to enhance the 14 safety and security of the pharmaceutical distribu-15 tion supply chain. In conducting such meetings, the 16 Secretary shall take all measures reasonable and 17 practicable to ensure the protection of confidential 18 commercial information and trade secrets. 19 (2) Content.—In conducting meetings under 20

- (2) Content.—In conducting meetings under this subsection, the Secretary shall seek to address, in at least one such meeting, each of the following topics:
- 23 (A) Best practices in each of the sectors 24 within the pharmaceutical distribution supply 25 chain to implement the requirements of section

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- 582 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by section 2.
 - (B) The costs and benefits of implementation of such section 582, including the impact on each pharmaceutical distribution supply chain sector and on public health.
 - (C) Whether additional electronic traceability requirements, including tracing of prescription drug product at the package level, are feasible, cost effective, overly burdensome on small businesses, and needed to protect public health.
 - (D) The systems and processes needed to utilize the prescription drug product identifiers to enhance tracing of prescription drug product at the package level, including allowing for verification, aggregation, and inference by each sector within the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain for cases, pallets, totes, and other containers of aggregated prescription drug product as necessary.
 - (E) The technical capabilities and legal authorities, if any, needed to establish an electronic system that provides for enhanced trac-

1	ing of prescription drug product at the package
2	level.
3	(F) The impact that the requirements, sys-
4	tems, processes, capabilities, and legal authori-
5	ties referred to in subparagraphs (C), (D), and
6	(E) would have on patient safety, the drug sup-
7	ply, cost and regulatory burden, the timeliness
8	of patient access to prescription drugs, and
9	small businesses.
10	(c) Study of the Pharmaceutical Distribution
11	Supply Chain.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of
13	the United States shall conduct a study to examine
14	implementation of the requirements established
15	under subchapter H of chapter V of the Federal
16	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by section
17	2, in order to inform the regulations promulgated
18	under this section.
19	(2) Consideration.—In conducting the study
20	under this subsection, the Comptroller General shall
21	provide for stakeholder input and shall consider the
22	following:
23	(A) The implementation of the require-
24	ments established under such subchapter H
25	with respect to—

1	(i) the ability of the health care sys-
2	tem collectively to maintain patient access
3	to medicines;
4	(ii) the scalability of such require-
5	ments, including with respect to prescrip-
6	tion drug product lines; and
7	(iii) the capability of different sectors
8	within the pharmaceutical distribution sup-
9	ply chain, including small businesses, to
10	affix and utilize the prescription drug
11	product identifier.
12	(B) The need for additional legal authori-
13	ties and activities to address additional gaps in
14	the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, if
15	any, after the implementation of the require-
16	ments established under such subchapter H
17	with respect to—
18	(i) the systems and processes needed
19	to enhance tracing of prescription drug
20	product at the package level, including the
21	use and evaluation of verification, aggrega-
22	tion, and inference by each sector within
23	the pharmaceutical distribution supply
24	chain as necessary:

1	(ii) the impact, feasibility, and cost ef-
2	fectiveness that additional requirements
3	pursuant to this section would have on
4	each pharmaceutical distribution supply
5	chain sector and the public health; and
6	(iii) the systems and processes needed
7	to enhance interoperability among trading
8	partners.
9	(C) Risks to the security and privacy of
10	data collected, maintained, or exchanged pursu-
11	ant to the requirements established under such
12	subchapter H.
13	(d) Small Dispensers.—
14	(1) In general.—Not later than 10 years
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary shall enter into a contract with a private,
17	independent consulting firm with relevant expertise
18	to conduct a technology and software study on the
19	feasibility of dispensers that have 25 or fewer full-
20	time employees conducting interoperable, electronic
21	tracing of prescription drug products at the package
22	level.
23	(2) Condition.—As a condition of the award
24	of a contract under paragraph (1), the private inde-
25	pendent consulting firm awarded such contract shall

1	agree to consult with dispensers that have 25 or
2	fewer full-time employees when conducting the study
3	under such subparagraph.
4	(3) STUDY CONTENT.—The study conducted
5	under paragraph (1) shall assess whether, with re-
6	spect to conducting interoperable, electronic tracing
7	of prescription drug products at the package level
8	the necessary hardware and software—
9	(A) is readily accessible to such dispensers:
10	(B) is not prohibitively expensive to obtain
11	install, and maintain for such dispensers; and
12	(C) can be integrated into business prac-
13	tices, such as interoperability with wholesale
14	distributors, for such dispensers.
15	(4) Publication.—The Secretary shall pub-
16	lish—
17	(A) the statement of work for the study
18	conducted under paragraph (1) for public com-
19	ment not later than 30 days before commencing
20	the study; and
21	(B) the final version of such study for pub-
22	lie comment not later than 30 days after such
23	study is completed.
24	(5) Report to congress.—Not later than 30
25	days after the date on which the study conducted

- under paragraph (1) is completed, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, a report on the findings of the study and any recommendations to improve the technology and software available to small dispensers for purposes of conducting electronic, interoperable tracing of prescription drug products at the package level.
 - (6) Public Meeting.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the study conducted under paragraph (1) is completed, the Secretary shall hold a public meeting at which members of the public, including stakeholders, may present their views on the study.

(e) Reports.—

(1) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 12 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate a report on the results of the study conducted under subsection (c).

1	(2) FDA REPORT.—Not later than 12 years
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
3	retary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and
4	Commerce of the House of Representatives and the
5	Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-
6	sions of the Senate a report on the results of the
7	pilot program conducted under subsection (a), tak-
8	ing into consideration—
9	(A) the comments received during the pub-
10	lic meetings conducted under subsection (b);
11	and
12	(B) the results of the study conducted, and
13	the public comments received during the public
14	meeting held, under subsection (d).
15	(f) Establishment of Additional Require-
16	MENTS.—
17	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
18	provision of this Act, including the amendments
19	made by this Act, not earlier than January 1, 2027,
20	and not later than March 1, 2027, the Secretary
21	shall issue proposed regulations that establish addi-
22	tional requirements to prevent a suspect product, il-

legitimate product, or a product that is counterfeit,

stolen, diverted, or otherwise unfit for distribution

23

24

- from entering into or being further distributed in the supply chain, including—
 - (A) requirements related to the use of interoperable electronic systems and technologies for enhanced tracing of prescription drug product at the package level, which may include verification of the prescription drug product identifier of a package of prescription drug product and enhanced verification of sale-able returns;
 - (B) requirements related to the use of additional prescription drug product identifiers or prescription drug product identifier technology that meet the standards developed under section 582(a)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by section 2;
 - (C) requirements related to the use of aggregation, inference, and other methods, which shall permit the use of aggregation and inference for cases, pallets, totes, and other containers of aggregated prescription drug products by each sector of the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain, if determined to be necessary components of the systems and technologies referred to in subparagraph (A); and

1	(D) other data transmission and mainte-
2	nance requirements and interoperability stand-
3	ards.
4	(2) Flexibility.—The requirements described
5	in paragraph (1) shall provide for flexibility for a
6	member of the pharmaceutical supply chain, by—
7	(A) with respect to dispensers, allowing a
8	dispenser to enter into a written agreement
9	with a third party, including an authorized
10	wholesale distributor, under which—
11	(i) the third party confidentially main-
12	tains any information required to be main-
13	tained under such requirements for the
14	dispenser; and
15	(ii) the dispenser maintains a copy of
16	the written agreement and is not relieved
17	of the other obligations of the dispenser
18	under such requirements;
19	(B) establishing a process by which an au-
20	thorized manufacturer, repackager, wholesale
21	distributor, or dispenser may request a waiver
22	from any such requirements if the Secretary de-
23	termines that such requirements would result in
24	an undue economic hardship on the manufac-
25	turer, wholesale distributor, or dispenser:

1	(C) not requiring the adoption of specific
2	business systems by a member of the pharma-
3	ceutical supply chain for the maintenance and
4	transmission of prescription drug product trac-
5	ing data; and
6	(D) prescribing alternative methods of
7	compliance for small businesses, as specified in
8	paragraph (4).
9	(3) Considerations.—In issuing proposed
10	regulations under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall
11	consider—
12	(A) the results of, and public comments re-
13	sulting from, the pilot project conducted under
14	subsection (a);
15	(B) the public meetings held under sub-
16	section (b) and public comments from such
17	meetings;
18	(C) the studies conducted under sub-
19	sections (c) and (d);
20	(D) the reports submitted under subsection
21	(e);
22	(E) the public health benefits of such regu-
23	lations compared with the cost of compliance
24	with the requirements contained in such regula-

- tions, including with respect to entities of varying sizes and capabilities; and
 - (F) the diversity of the pharmaceutical distribution supply chain by providing appropriate flexibility for each sector in the supply chain, including small businesses.
 - (4) SMALL BUSINESS PROTECTION.—The Secretary, taking into consideration the study conducted under paragraph (d), shall, if the Secretary determines that the requirements established pursuant to paragraph (1) would result in an undue economic hardship on small businesses, provide for alternative methods of compliance with any such requirement by small businesses, including—
 - (A) establishing timelines for such compliance (including compliance by dispensers with 25 or fewer full-time employees) that do not impose undue economic hardship for small businesses, including dispensers with respect to which the study concluded has insufficient hardware and software to conduct interoperable, electronic tracing of prescription drug products at the package level; and

1	(B) establishing a process by which a dis-
2	penser may request a waiver from any such re-
3	quirement.
4	(5) Regulations.—In issuing regulations to
5	carry out this subsection, the Secretary shall—
6	(A) issue a notice of proposed rulemaking
7	that includes a copy of the proposed rule;
8	(B) provide for a period of not less than
9	60 days for comments on the proposed rule;
10	and
11	(C) provide for an effective date of the
12	final rule that is 2 years after the date on
13	which such final rule is published.
14	(6) Sunset.—The requirements regarding the
15	provision and receipt of transaction history and
16	transaction statements under section 582 of the
17	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by
18	section 2, shall cease to be effective on the date on
19	which the regulations issued under this section are
20	fully implemented.
21	(g) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) The terms defined in section 581 of the
23	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as added by
24	section 2, shall have the same meanings in this sec-
25	tion as such terms are given in such section 581.

1	(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
2	of Health and Human Services, acting through the
3	Commissioner of Food and Drugs.
4	SEC. 4. NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR WHOLESALE DISTRIBU-
5	TORS.
6	(a) STANDARDS.—Chapter V of the Federal Food,
7	Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.) is amend-
8	ed—
9	(1) in section 503 (21 U.S.C. 353), by striking
10	"(e)(1)(A)" and all that follows through "(3) For
11	the purposes of this subsection and subsection (d)—
12	" and inserting the following:
13	"(e) For purposes of subsection (d)—";
14	(2) in section 503(e) (21 U.S.C. 353(e)), by re-
15	designating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as para-
16	graphs (1) and (2), respectively; and
17	(3) in subchapter H, as added by section 2, by
18	adding at the end the following:
19	"SEC. 583. NATIONAL STANDARDS FOR WHOLESALE DIS-
20	TRIBUTORS.
21	"(a) Standards.—
22	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
23	lish, by regulation, standards for the licensing of
24	persons that make wholesale distributions

1	"(2) Requirements.—The standards under
2	paragraph (1) shall, with respect to wholesale dis-
3	tributions, include requirements for—
4	"(A) the storage and handling of drugs
5	subject to section 503(b)(1), including facility
6	requirements;
7	"(B) the establishment and maintenance of
8	records of the distributions of such drugs;
9	"(C) the furnishing of a bond or other
10	equivalent means of security in accordance with
11	paragraph (3);
12	"(D) mandatory background checks and
13	fingerprinting of facility managers or des-
14	ignated representatives;
15	"(E) the establishment and implementa-
16	tion of qualifications for key personnel;
17	"(F) the mandatory physical inspection of
18	any facility to be used in wholesale distribution
19	within a reasonable timeframe from the initial
20	application for licensure of the wholesale dis-
21	tributor; and
22	"(G) in accordance with paragraph (5), the
23	prohibition of certain persons from engaging in
24	wholesale distribution.

1	"(3) Bond or other security.—The require-
2	ments under paragraph (2)(C) shall provide for the
3	following:
4	"(A) An applicant that is not a govern-
5	ment-owned-and-operated wholesale distributor,
6	for the issuance or renewal of a wholesale dis-
7	tributor license, shall submit a surety bond of
8	\$100,000 or other equivalent means of security
9	acceptable to the applicable licensing authority.
10	"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A),
11	the applicable licensing authority may accept a
12	surety bond of less than \$100,000 if the annual
13	gross receipts of the previous tax year for the
14	wholesale distributor is \$10,000,000 or less, in
15	which case the surety bond may not be less
16	than \$25,000.
17	"(C) If a wholesale distributor can provide
18	evidence that it possesses the required bond in
19	a State, the requirement for a bond in another
20	State is waived.
21	"(4) Inspections.—To satisfy the inspection
22	requirement under paragraph (2)(F), the Secretary
23	may conduct the inspection, or may accept an in-
24	spection by—

1	"(A) the government of the State in which
2	the facility is located; or
3	"(B) a third-party accreditation or inspec-
4	tion service approved by the Secretary.
5	"(5) Prohibited persons.—The requirements
6	under paragraph (2) shall include requirements to
7	prohibit a person from receiving or maintaining li-
8	censure for wholesale distribution if the person—
9	"(A) has been convicted of—
10	"(i) any felony for conduct relating to
11	wholesale distribution;
12	"(ii) any felony violation of section
13	301(i) or 301(k); or
14	"(iii) any felony violation of section
15	1365 of title 18, United States Code, relat-
16	ing to prescription drug product tam-
17	pering; or
18	"(B) has engaged in a pattern of violating
19	the requirements of this section that presents a
20	threat of serious adverse health consequences or
21	death to humans.
22	"(b) Reporting by Licensed Wholesale Dis-
23	TRIBUTORS.—
24	"(1) Annual Report.—Beginning not later
25	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this

1	section, each person engaged in wholesale distribu-
2	tion in interstate commerce shall submit on an an-
3	nual basis, and update as necessary, a report to the
4	Secretary including—
5	"(A) the wholesale distributor's name;
6	"(B) the wholesale distributor's address;
7	"(C) a listing of each State in which the
8	wholesale distributor is licensed for wholesale
9	distribution; and
10	"(D) any disciplinary actions taken by a
11	State, the Federal Government, or a foreign
12	government during the reporting period against
13	the wholesale distributor.
14	"(2) Posting on internet.—The Secretary
15	shall post on the public Internet Website of the
16	Food and Drug Administration the name of each
17	wholesale distributor, and the State in which each
18	such distributor is licensed, based on reports under
19	paragraph (1).
20	"(c) Preservation of State Authority.—This
21	subchapter does not prohibit a State from—
22	"(1) licensing wholesale distributors for the
23	conduct of wholesale distribution activities in the
24	State in accordance with this subchapter; and

1	"(2) collecting fees from wholesale distributors
2	in connection with such licensing,
3	so long as the State does not require such licensure to
4	the extent to which an entity is engaged in third-party
5	logistics provider activities.
6	"(d) Definition.—In this section, the term 'whole-
7	sale distribution' means the distribution of a drug subject
8	to section 503(b)(1) to a person other than a consumer
9	or patient, but does not include—
10	"(1) intracompany distribution of any drug be-
11	tween members of an affiliated group (as defined in
12	section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
13	1986);
14	"(2) the distribution of a drug, or an offer to
15	distribute a drug among hospitals or other health
16	care entities which are under common control;
17	"(3) the distribution of a drug or an offer to
18	distribute a drug for emergency medical reasons, in-
19	cluding a public health emergency declaration pursu-
20	ant to section 319 of the Public Health Service Act
21	except that a drug shortage not caused by a public
22	health emergency shall not constitute such an emer-
23	gency medical reason;

1	"(4) dispensing of a drug pursuant to a valid
2	prescription executed in accordance with subsection
3	503(b)(1);
4	"(5) the distribution of minimal quantities of
5	drug by a licensed retail pharmacy to a licensed
6	practitioner for office use;
7	"(6) the distribution of a drug or an offer to
8	distribute a drug by a charitable organization to a
9	nonprofit affiliate of the organization to the extent
10	otherwise permitted by law;
11	"(7) the purchase or other acquisition by a dis-
12	penser, hospital, or other health care entity of a
13	drug for use by such dispenser, hospital, or other
14	health care entity;
15	"(8) the distribution of a drug by the manufac-
16	turer of such drug;
17	"(9) the receipt or transfer of a drug by an au-
18	thorized third-party logistics provider provided that
19	such third-party logistics provider does not take
20	ownership of the drug;
21	"(10) the transport of a drug by a common car-
22	rier, provided that the common carrier does not take
23	ownership of the drug;
24	"(11) the distribution of a drug, or an offer to
25	distribute a drug, by an authorized repackager that

1	has taken ownership of the drug and repacked it in
2	accordance with section 582(e);
3	"(12) saleable drug returns when conducted by
4	a dispenser in accordance with section 203.23 of
5	title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any suc-
6	cessor regulation);
7	"(13) the distribution of a combination pre-
8	scription drug product described in section
9	581(20)(B)(xii);
10	"(14) the distribution of a medical convenience
11	kit described in section 581(21)(B)(xiii);
12	"(15) the distribution of an intravenous drug
13	that, by its formulation, is intended for the replen-
14	ishment of fluids and electrolytes (such as sodium,
15	chloride, and potassium) or calories (such as dex-
16	trose and amino acids);
17	"(16) the distribution of an intravenous drug
18	used to maintain the equilibrium of water and min-
19	erals in the body, such as dialysis solutions;
20	"(17) the distribution of a drug that is intended
21	for irrigation or reconstitution, or sterile water,
22	whether intended for such purposes or for injection;
23	"(18) the distribution of compressed medical
24	gas (as defined in section 581(21)(C)):

- "(19) facilitating the distribution of a prescription drug product by providing administrative services, such as processing of orders and payments, without physical handling, distribution, or storage of a prescription drug product; or
- 6 "(20)(A) the distribution of a product by a dis-7 penser, or a wholesale distributor acting at the di-8 rection of the dispenser, to a repackager registered 9 under section 510 for the purpose of repackaging 10 the drug for use by that dispenser or another health 11 care entity that is under the dispenser's ownership 12 or control, so long as the dispenser retains owner-13 ship of the prescription drug product; and
- "(B) the saleable or nonsaleable return by such
 repackager of such prescription drug product.
- "(e) Effective Date.—The standards required by subsection (a) shall take effect not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this section. The Secretary shall issue the regulations required by subsection (a) not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
- 22 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 23 804(a)(5)(A) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic 24 Act (21 U.S.C. 384(a)(5)(A)) is amended by striking
- 25 "503(e)(2)(A)" and inserting "583(a)".

Act.".

1	SEC. 5. NATIONAL LICENSURE STANDARDS FOR THIRD-
2	PARTY LOGISTICS PROVIDERS.
3	Subchapter H of chapter V of the Federal Food,
4	Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended by section 4, is fur-
5	ther amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"SEC. 584. NATIONAL LICENSURE STANDARDS FOR THIRD-
7	PARTY LOGISTICS PROVIDERS.
8	"(a) License Requirement.—No facility may en-
9	gage in the activities of a third-party logistics provider in
10	any State unless—
11	"(1) the facility is licensed—
12	"(A) by the State from which the drug is
13	distributed by the third-party logistics provider
14	in accordance with a qualified licensing pro-
15	gram, if the State has such a program; or
16	"(B) by the Secretary under this section, if
17	the State from which the drug is distributed
18	does not have such a program; and
19	"(2) if the drug is distributed interstate and
20	the facility is not licensed by the Secretary under
21	paragraph (1)(B), registers with the State into
22	which the drug is distributed if such State requires
23	such registration.
24	"(b) Reporting by Licensed Third-Party Logis-
25	TICS PROVIDERS.—

1	"(1) Annual report.—Beginning not later
2	than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
3	section, each facility engaged in the activities of a
4	third-party logistics provider shall submit on an an-
5	nual basis, and update as necessary, a report to the
6	Secretary including—
7	"(A) the facility's name;
8	"(B) the facility's address;
9	"(C) a listing of each jurisdiction (whether
10	State or Federal) in which the facility is li-
11	censed for third-party logistics provider activi-
12	ties; and
13	"(D) any disciplinary actions taken by a
14	State or Federal licensing authority during the
15	reporting period against the facility.
16	"(2) Posting on internet.—The Secretary
17	shall post on the public Internet Website of the
18	Food and Drug Administration the name of each
19	third-party logistics provider, and each jurisdiction
20	(whether State or Federal) in which the provider is
21	licensed, based on reports under paragraph (1).
22	"(c) Preservation of State Authority.—This
23	subchapter does not prohibit a State from—

"(1) licensing third-party logistic providers for 1 2 the conduct of third-party logistics provider activities in the State in accordance with this subchapter; and 3 "(2) collecting fees from third-party logistics 4 5 providers in connection with such licensing, 6 so long as the State does not require such licensure to 7 the extent to which an entity is engaged in wholesale dis-8 tribution. 9 "(d) Costs.— "(1) AUTHORIZED LICENSURE FEES.—In the 10 case of a facility engaging in the activities of a 11 12 third-party logistics provider licensed by the Sec-13 retary under this section, the Secretary may assess 14 and collect a reasonable fee in an amount equal to 15 the costs to the Federal Government of establishing 16 and administering the licensure program established, 17 and conducting period inspections, under this sec-18 tion. 19 "(2) Adjustment.—The Secretary shall adjust 20 the amount of the fee under paragraph (1) on an 21 annual basis, if necessary, to generate an amount of 22 revenue equal to the costs referred to in such para-23 graph. "(3) AVAILABILITY.—Fees assessed and col-24 25 lected under this subsection shall be available for ob-

1	ligation only to the extent and in the amount pro-
2	vided in advance in appropriations Acts. Such fees
3	shall remain available until expended.
4	"(e) License Regulations.—
5	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
6	lish, by regulation, standards, terms, and conditions
7	for licensing persons to engage in third-party logis-
8	tics provider activities.
9	"(2) Content.—The regulations under para-
10	graph (1) shall—
11	"(A) include standards relating to eligi-
12	bility for, and revocation and reissuance of, li-
13	censes;
14	"(B) establish a process by which the ap-
15	plicable licensing authority will, upon request by
16	a third-party logistics provider that is accred-
17	ited by a third-party accreditation program ap-
18	proved by the Secretary, issue a license to the
19	provider;
20	"(C) establish a process by which the Sec-
21	retary shall issue a license to a third-party lo-
22	gistics provider if the Secretary is not able to
23	approve a third-party accreditation program be-
24	cause no such program meets the Secretary's

1	requirements necessary for approval of such a
2	third-party accreditation program;
3	"(D) require that the third-party logistics
4	provider comply with storage practices, as de-
5	termined by the Secretary, at the provider's fa-
6	cilities, including—
7	"(i) maintaining access to warehouse
8	space of suitable size to facilitate safe op-
9	erations, including a suitable area to quar-
10	antine suspect prescription drug product;
11	"(ii) maintaining adequate security;
12	and
13	"(iii) having written policies and pro-
14	cedures to—
15	"(I) address receipt, security,
16	storage, inventory, shipment, and dis-
17	tribution of a prescription drug prod-
18	uct;
19	"(II) identify, record, and report
20	confirmed losses or thefts in the
21	United States;
22	"(III) correct errors and inac-
23	curacies in inventories;
24	"(IV) provide support for manu-
25	facturer recalls:

1	"(V) prepare for, protect against,
2	and address any reasonably foresee-
3	able crisis that affects security or op-
4	eration at the facility, such as a
5	strike, fire, or flood;
6	"(VI) ensure that any expired
7	prescription drug product is seg-
8	regated from other prescription drug
9	products and returned to the manu-
10	facturer or repackager or destroyed;
11	"(VII) maintain the capability to
12	electronically trace the receipt and
13	outbound distribution of a prescrip-
14	tion drug product, and supplies and
15	records of inventory; and
16	"(VIII) quarantine or destroy a
17	suspect prescription drug product if
18	directed to do so by the respective
19	manufacturer, wholesale distributor,
20	dispenser, or an authorized govern-
21	ment agency;
22	"(E) provide for periodic inspection, as de-
23	termined by the Secretary, of such facility ware-
24	house space to ensure compliance with this sec-
25	tion;

1	"(F) prohibit a facility from having as a
2	manager or designated representative anyone
3	convicted of any felony violation of section
4	301(i) or 301(k) or any felony violation of sec-
5	tion 1365 of title 18, United States Code, relat-
6	ing to prescription drug product tampering;
7	"(G) perform mandatory background
8	checks of the provider's facility managers or
9	designated representatives of such managers;
10	"(H) require a third-party logistics pro-
11	vider to provide to the applicable licensing au-
12	thority, upon the authority's request, a list of
13	all prescription drug product manufacturers,
14	wholesale distributors, and dispensers for whom
15	the third-party logistics provider provides serv-
16	ices at the provider's facilities; and
17	"(I) include procedures under which any
18	third-party logistics provider license—
19	"(i) will expire on the date that is 3
20	years after issuance of the license; and
21	"(ii) may be renewed for additional 3-
22	year periods.
23	"(f) Validity of License.—A license issued under
24	this section shall remain valid as long as such third-party
25	logistics provider remains accredited by the Secretary,

- 1 subject to renewal under subsection (d). If the Secretary
- 2 finds that the third-party accreditation program dem-
- 3 onstrates that all applicable requirements for licensure
- 4 under this section are met, the Secretary shall issue a li-
- 5 cense under this section to a third-party logistics provider
- 6 receiving accreditation.
- 7 "(g) Qualified Licensing Program Defined.—
- 8 In this section, the term 'qualified licensing program'
- 9 means a program meeting the requirements of this section
- 10 and the regulations thereunder.
- 11 "(h) Effective Date.—The requirements of this
- 12 section shall take effect not later than 1 year after the
- 13 date of the enactment of this section. The Secretary shall
- 14 issue the regulations required by subsection (d) not later
- 15 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this sec-
- 16 tion.".

17 SEC. 6. PENALTIES.

- 18 (a) Prohibited Acts.—Section 301(t) of the Fed-
- 19 eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 331(t)) is
- 20 amended by striking "or the distribution of drugs in viola-
- 21 tion of section 503(e) or the failure to otherwise comply
- 22 with the requirements of section 503(e)" and inserting
- 23 "the failure to comply with any requirement of section
- 24 582, engaging in the wholesale distribution of a drug in
- 25 violation of section 583 or the failure to otherwise comply

- 1 with the requirements of section 583, or engaging in the
- 2 activities of a third-party logistics provider in violation of
- 3 section 584 or the failure to otherwise comply with the
- 4 requirements of section 584".
- 5 (b) Enhanced Penalty for Knowing Unli-
- 6 CENSED ACTIVITIES.—Section 303(b)(1)(D) of the Fed-
- 7 eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
- 8 333(b)(1)(D)) is amended by striking "503(e)(2)(A)" and
- 9 inserting "583 or 584".
- 10 (c) Misbranding.—Section 502 of the Federal
- 11 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 352) is amend-
- 12 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 13 "(bb) If it is a drug and it fails to bear a prescription
- 14 drug product identifier as required by section 582.".
- 15 SEC. 7. UNIFORM NATIONAL POLICY.
- 16 Subchapter H of chapter V of the Federal Food,
- 17 Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended by section 5, is fur-
- 18 ther amended by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "SEC. 585. UNIFORM NATIONAL POLICY.
- 20 "(a) Preemption of State Prescription Drug
- 21 PRODUCT TRACING AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—Be-
- 22 ginning on the date of the enactment of the Safeguarding
- 23 America's Pharmaceuticals Act of 2013, no State or polit-
- 24 ical subdivision of a State may establish or continue in
- 25 effect any requirements for tracing drugs through the dis-

- 1 tribution system (including any requirements with respect
- 2 to paper or electronic pedigrees, track and trace, state-
- 3 ments of distribution history, transaction history, or
- 4 transaction statements, or verification, investigation, dis-
- 5 position, alerts, or recordkeeping relating to the pharma-
- 6 ceutical distribution supply chain system) that—
- 7 "(1) are inconsistent with, more stringent than,
- 8 or in addition to any requirements applicable under
- 9 this Act; or
- 10 "(2) are inconsistent with any applicable waiv-
- er, exception, or exemption issued by the Secretary
- under section 582(a).
- "(b) STANDARDS OR LICENSURE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date of
- the enactment of Safeguarding America's Pharma-
- ceuticals Act of 2013, no State or political subdivi-
- sion of a State may establish or continue any stand-
- ards, requirements, or regulations with respect to
- wholesale drug distributor or third-party logistics
- provider licensure which are inconsistent with, less
- stringent than, in addition to, or more stringent
- 22 than, the standards and requirements under this
- 23 Act.
- 24 "(2) Licensing fees.—Paragraph (1) does
- 25 not affect the authority of a State to collect fees

from wholesale drug distributors or third-party logis-

2	tics providers in connection with State licensing
3	under section 583 or 584 pursuant to a licensing
4	program meeting the requirements of such sections.
5	"(3) Enforcement, suspension, and rev-
6	OCATION OF LICENSES.—Notwithstanding paragraph
7	(1), a State—
8	"(A) may take administrative action, in-
9	cluding fines, to enforce a licensure requirement
10	promulgated by the State in accordance with
11	this Act;
12	"(B) may provide for the suspension or
13	revocation of licenses issued by the State for
14	violations of the laws of such State;
15	"(C) upon conviction of a person for a vio-
16	lation of Federal, State, or local controlled sub-
17	stance laws or regulations, may provide for
18	fines, imprisonment, or civil penalties; and
19	"(D) may regulate activities of entities li-
20	censed pursuant to section 583 or 584 in a
21	manner that is consistent with the provisions of
22	this subchapter.".
23	SEC. 8. ELECTRONIC LABELING.
24	(a) In General.—Section 502(f) of the Federal
25	Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 352(f)) is

- 1 amended by adding at the end the following new sentence:
- 2 "Required labeling (other than immediate container or
- 3 carton labels) that is intended for use by a physician, a
- 4 pharmacist, or another health care professional, and that
- 5 provides directions for human use of a drug subject to sec-
- 6 tion 503(b)(1), may (except as necessary to mitigate a
- 7 safety risk, as specified by the Secretary in regulation) be
- 8 made available by electronic means instead of paper form,
- 9 provided that such labeling complies with all applicable re-
- 10 quirements of law, the manufacturer or distributor, as ap-
- 11 plicable, affords health care professionals and authorized
- 12 dispensers (as defined in section 581) the opportunity to
- 13 request the labeling in paper form, and after such a re-
- 14 quest the manufacturer or distributor promptly provides
- 15 the requested information without additional cost.".
- 16 (b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Health and
- 17 Human Services shall promulgate regulations imple-
- 18 menting the amendment made by subsection (a).
- (c) Application.—The last sentence of section
- 20 502(f) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
- 21 U.S.C. 352(f)), as added by subsection (a), shall apply be-
- 22 ginning on the earlier of—
- 23 (1) the effective date of final regulations pro-
- 24 mulgated under subsection (b); or

1 (2) the day that is 180 days after the date of
2 enactment of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives June 3, 2013.

Attest: KAREN L. HAAS,

Clerk.