

113TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1012

To strengthen Federal consumer protection and product traceability with respect to commercially marketed seafood, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 6, 2013

Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. JONES, Mr. BONNER, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. TIERNEY, and Mr. KEATING) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To strengthen Federal consumer protection and product traceability with respect to commercially marketed seafood, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-  
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Safety And Fraud En-  
5 forcement for Seafood Act”.

1     **SEC. 2. SEAFOOD SAFETY.**

2         (a) INTERAGENCY AGREEMENT.—Not later than 180  
3     days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-  
4     retary of Commerce and the Secretary of Health and  
5     Human Services shall execute a memorandum of under-  
6     standing to improve interagency cooperation on seafood  
7     safety and seafood fraud prevention, building upon any  
8     agreement under section 421(c) of the Federal Food,  
9     Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 350j(c)), or any other  
10    prior agreement. The memorandum shall include provi-  
11    sions, performance metrics, and timelines as appropriate  
12    to improve such cooperation (acting under provisions of  
13    law other than this subsection) to—

14                 (1) identify and execute specific procedures for  
15     using authorities granted under the FDA Food Safe-  
16     ty Modernization Act (Public Law 111–353) to en-  
17     sure and improve the safety of commercially mar-  
18     keted seafood in the United States;

19                 (2) maximize the effectiveness of limited per-  
20     sonnel and resources by ensuring that—

21                         (A) inspections of seafood shipments and  
22     seafood processing and production facilities by  
23     the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-  
24     istration and the Food and Drug Administra-  
25     tion are not duplicative; and

- 1                             (B) information resulting from examinations, testing, and inspections conducted by the Department of Commerce is considered in making risk-based determinations, including the establishment of inspection priorities for domestic and foreign facilities and the examination and testing of domestic and imported seafood;
- 2                             (3) create a process—
- 3                                 (A) by which data collected by all seafood inspectors and authorized officers of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration authorized to conduct inspections of seafood shipments, or inspections of facilities that process or sell seafood, will be utilized by the Food and Drug Administration beginning no later than one year after the enactment of this Act;
- 4                                 (B) by which data collected by either of these agencies is shared to maximize efficiency and enforcement of seafood safety efforts; and
- 5                                 (C) which may include increased training of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration agents through the existing Food and Drug Administration programs;
- 6                             (4) create a process by which—

1                             (A) data collected by inspectors and offi-  
2                             cers of other Federal, State, or local agencies  
3                             authorized to conduct inspections of seafood, or  
4                             inspections of facilities that process or sell sea-  
5                             food, will be utilized by the Food and Drug Ad-  
6                             ministration; and

7                             (B) data collected by these inspectors and  
8                             officials is shared with the National Oceanic  
9                             and Atmospheric Administration and the Food  
10                            and Drug Administration to maximize efficiency  
11                            and enforcement of seafood safety efforts; and  
12                             (5) ensure that the National Oceanic and At-  
13                             mospheric Administration's Seafood Inspection Pro-  
14                             gram is fully utilized as a third-party auditor pursu-  
15                             ant to section 808 of the Federal Food, Drug, and  
16                             Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384d) to inspect imported  
17                             seafood or seafood offered for import originating  
18                             from any country or exporter.

19                             (b) COORDINATION.—

20                             (1) NATIONAL SEA GRANT COLLEGE PRO-  
21                             GRAM.—The Administrator of the National Oceanic  
22                             and Atmospheric Administration shall ensure that  
23                             the Administration's seafood inspection activities are  
24                             coordinated with the national sea grant college pro-

1       gram to provide outreach to the States, consumers,  
2       and the seafood industry on seafood safety.

3                     (2) INSPECTING TO PREVENT SEAFOOD  
4       FRAUD.—The Secretary of Commerce and the Sec-  
5       retary of Health and Human Services shall, to the  
6       maximum extent practicable, ensure that inspections  
7       and tests for seafood safety also collect information  
8       for seafood fraud prevention.

9                     (c) LIST OF OFFENDERS.—The Secretary of Health  
10      and Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary  
11      of Commerce, shall develop, maintain, and post on the  
12      public Web site of the Department of Health and Human  
13      Services a list that—

14                     (1) includes, by country, each exporter whose  
15       seafood is imported or offered for import into the  
16       United States; and

17                     (2) for each such exporter, tracks the timing,  
18       type, and frequency of violations of Federal law re-  
19       lating to seafood safety.

20                     (d) IMPACT ON EXISTING FOOD SAFETY AUTHOR-  
21      ITY.—Nothing in this section limits the authority of the  
22      Secretary of Health and Human Services to execute or  
23      enforce food safety laws, including the FDA Food Safety  
24      Modernization Act (Public Law 111–353).

1     **SEC. 3. SEAFOOD IDENTIFICATION.**

2         (a) LIST OF STANDARDIZED NAMES FOR SEA-  
3     FOOD.—

4             (1) UPDATE.—Beginning not later than 180  
5     days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the  
6     Secretary of Health and Human Services, in con-  
7     sultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall  
8     maintain and update as appropriate its “Guide to  
9     Acceptable Market Names for Seafood Sold in Inter-  
10    state Commerce” as a list of standardized names for  
11    identification of seafood at the distribution, mar-  
12    keting, and retail stages.

13             (2) CONTENTS.—The list maintained under  
14    paragraph (1) shall—

15                 (A) include scientific names, acceptable  
16     market names, and common or regional names  
17     for all seafood species distributed in interstate  
18     commerce in the United States, and indicate  
19     clearly—

20                     (i) which of those names may be used  
21     to identify seafood; and  
22                     (ii) examples of names which con-  
23     stitute mislabeling in violation of Federal  
24     law;

1                                 (B) take into account taxonomy, international law and custom, market information, and naming precedence;

4                                 (C) identify names for seafood as appropriate only if the Secretary of Commerce determines the names are not likely to confuse or mislead consumers; and

8                                 (D) include information regarding any consumption advisory that has been issued for the seafood.

11                                 (3) AVAILABILITY.—The list maintained under paragraph (1) shall be—

13                                 (A) made available to the public on the Web sites of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Commerce; and

17                                 (B) updated annually based on the best available scientific and market information.

19                                 (4) PUBLIC INPUT.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall use its existing citizen petition process in accepting petitions to amend the list maintained under paragraph (1).

23                                 (b) SEAFOOD TRACEABILITY REQUIREMENTS.—Beginning on the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, in

1 consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human  
2 Services, shall implement the following requirements with  
3 respect to seafood imported into the United States or oth-  
4 erwise distributed or offered for sale in interstate com-  
5 merce:

6                 (1) In addition to disclosure of the United Na-  
7 tions Food and Agriculture Organization Major  
8 Fishing Area, or a more specific location, in which  
9 the fish was caught, of the information required to  
10 be submitted to the Secretary of Commerce under  
11 section 303(a)(5) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery  
12 Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C.  
13 1853(a)(5)), at a minimum the following informa-  
14 tion shall be displayed on the packaging of, or other-  
15 wise accompany, seafood through processing, dis-  
16 tribution, and final sale:

17                 (A) The acceptable market name and sci-  
18 entific name for the seafood species, as speci-  
19 fied in the list maintained under subsection  
20 (a)(1).

21                 (B) The method of harvest of the seafood  
22 including gear type as listed in section 600.725  
23 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations and de-  
24 fined in section 600.10 of such title.

25                 (C) The date of the catch.

1                             (D) The weight or number, as appropriate,  
2                             of product for an individual fish or lot.

3                             (2) If seafood has been previously frozen, treated  
4                             with any substance (other than ice or water) that  
5                             may affect the true weight of the seafood, or processed  
6                             in a country other than that in which it was landed or harvested, by any harvester, processor,  
7                             distributor, or retailer, such information shall be included in the labeling of, or otherwise accompany,  
8                             the seafood through processing, distribution, and final sale.

9                             (3) If the seafood was farm-raised, that information, along with information regarding the country of cultivation, the location of the aquaculture production area, and the method of cultivation, shall be included in the labeling of, or otherwise accompany, the seafood through processing, distribution, and final sale.

10                             (4) With respect to any information required by paragraph (1) or (2) to be included in the labeling of, or otherwise accompany, seafood, an importer, processor, distributor, or retailer (including a restaurant) may satisfy such requirement by making the information available upon request—

11                             (A) to anyone purchasing the seafood; and

1                                     (B) to any Federal, State, or local official  
2                                     authorized to conduct inspections of—  
3   (i) seafood; or  
4   (ii) any facility that processes or sells  
5                                     seafood.

6                                     (5) No importer, processor, distributor, or re-  
7                                     tailer may be found to be in violation of the require-  
8                                     ments under this subsection for unknowingly selling  
9                                     a product that was already mislabeled upon receipt,  
10                                    provided that the importer, processor, distributor, or  
11                                     retailer can provide the required product traceability  
12                                     documentation.

13                                     (c) REFUSAL OF ADMISSION.—

14                                     (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (3)  
15                                     and (4), all seafood imported or offered for import  
16                                     originating from an exporter shall be refused admis-  
17                                     sion if—

18                                     (A) the Secretary of Commerce finds that  
19                                     any shipment of such seafood appears to be in  
20                                     violation of subsection (b); or

21                                     (B) the Secretary of Health and Human  
22                                     Services finds that any shipment of such sea-  
23                                     food appears to be in violation of this Act or  
24                                     other applicable Federal laws or regulations.

1                             (2) IMPORT CERTIFICATION.—For any exporter  
2                             whose seafood products are refused admission under  
3                             paragraph (1) based on a prior shipment, the Sec-  
4                             retary of Health and Human Services shall deter-  
5                             mine whether to require, as a condition of granting  
6                             admission into the United States to an article of  
7                             seafood originating from such exporter, that such  
8                             seafood be accompanied by a certification or other  
9                             assurance under section 801(q) of the Federal Food,  
10                             Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381(q)).

11                             (3) ALLOWANCE OF INDIVIDUAL SHIPMENTS.—  
12                             Paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to an in-  
13                             dividual shipment of seafood originating from an ex-  
14                             porter whose products must otherwise be refused ad-  
15                             mission under such paragraph if the exporter pre-  
16                             sents evidence to the Secretary of Health and  
17                             Human Services or the Secretary of Commerce from  
18                             a laboratory accredited under section 422 of the  
19                             Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.  
20                             350k), or other equivalent evidence, documenting  
21                             that the shipment is in compliance with the provi-  
22                             sions of subsection (b) and other applicable Federal  
23                             laws or regulations prohibiting seafood fraud.

24                             (4) TERMINATION OF INDIVIDUAL SHIPMENT  
25                             SCREENING REQUIREMENT.—Paragraph (1) shall

1 cease to prohibit the admission of seafood origi-  
2 nating from an exporter based on a prior shipment  
3 if the Secretary of Health and Human Services or  
4 the Secretary of Commerce determines that—

5 (A) each prior shipment whose appearance  
6 triggered the application of such paragraph was  
7 in fact in compliance with the provisions of sub-  
8 section (b) and other applicable Federal laws or  
9 regulations, including those prohibiting seafood  
10 fraud; or

11 (B) during the preceding 12 months, no  
12 shipment of seafood originating from the ex-  
13 porter has triggered the application of para-  
14 graph (1).

15 (d) PENALTIES.—The Secretary of Commerce shall  
16 prevent any person from violating this Act, or any Act to  
17 which this section applies, in the same manner, by the  
18 same means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers, and  
19 duties as though sections 308 through 311 of the Magnu-  
20 son-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act  
21 (16 U.S.C. 1858 through 1861) were incorporated into  
22 and made a part of and applicable to this Act.

23 (e) LIST OF OFFENDERS.—The Secretary of Com-  
24 merce, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and  
25 Human Services, shall develop, maintain, and post on the

1 public Web site of the Department of Commerce a list  
2 that—

3                 (1) includes, by country, each exporter whose  
4                 seafood is imported or offered for import into the  
5                 United States; and

6                 (2) for each such exporter, tracks the timing,  
7                 type, and frequency of violations of Federal law re-  
8                 lating to seafood fraud.

9                 (f) INSPECTIONS.—The Secretary of Commerce, in  
10                 consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human  
11                 Services, shall—

12                 (1) increase, as resources allow, the number of  
13                 foreign and domestic seafood shipments that are in-  
14                 spected for seafood fraud by National Oceanic and  
15                 Atmospheric Administration inspectors and author-  
16                 ized officers, including verification of compliance  
17                 with the traceability requirements of subsection (b);

18                 (2) ensure that the percentage of seafood ship-  
19                 ments inspected during a given year is not lower  
20                 than the percentage inspected during the previous  
21                 year; and

22                 (3) to the maximum extent practicable, ensure  
23                 that inspections and tests for seafood fraud preven-  
24                 tion also collect information to support the Secretary  
25                 of Health and Human Services in implementing the

1 seafood safety requirements of the FDA Food Safety  
2 Modernization Act (Public Law 111–353).

3 (g) IMPACT ON EXISTING FOOD SAFETY AUTHOR-  
4 ITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit  
5 the authority of the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-  
6 ices to execute or enforce food safety laws or regulations  
7 that may be adopted pursuant to the FDA Food Safety  
8 Modernization Act (Public Law 111–353).

9 **SEC. 4. AUTHORITY OF STATES.**

10 Whenever the attorney general of a State, or an offi-  
11 cial or agency designated by a State, has reason to believe  
12 that any person has engaged or is engaging in a pattern  
13 or practice of seafood fraud in violation of subsection (b)  
14 or (c) of section 3, the State may bring a civil action on  
15 behalf of its residents to enjoin fraud, an action to recover  
16 for actual monetary loss or receive \$10,000 in damages  
17 for each violation, or both such actions. If the court finds  
18 the defendant willfully or knowingly violated this Act, the  
19 court may, in its discretion, increase the amount of the  
20 award to an amount equal to not more than 3 times the  
21 amount available under the preceding sentence. Nothing  
22 in this section shall preclude an individual from bringing  
23 a civil action.

1   **SEC. 5. REPORT TO CONGRESS.**

2       Beginning 18 months after the date of the enactment  
3   of this Act, and every two years thereafter, the Secretary  
4   of Commerce and the Secretary of Health and Human  
5   Services, in consultation with the Chairman of the Federal  
6   Trade Commission and the heads of other relevant Fed-  
7   eral agencies, shall submit jointly a report to the Congress  
8   including—

9                   (1) findings with respect to—  
10                      (A) the extent and severity of violations of  
11                      Federal, State, and local law relating to seafood  
12                      safety and seafood fraud; and

13                      (B) the health and financial impacts of  
14                      these violations on United States consumers  
15                      and the United States fishing industry;

16                   (2) an analysis of the lists required to be devel-  
17                      oped and maintained under sections 2(c) and 3(e);

18                   (3) an analysis of the effectiveness of the  
19                      memorandum of understanding required by section  
20                      2(a) in ensuring that the Department of Commerce  
21                      and the Department of Health and Human Services  
22                      work to ensure seafood safety, including an assess-  
23                      ment of achieving identified performance metrics  
24                      and timelines established to reduce duplication of ef-  
25                      fort and increase collection and integration of in-  
26                      spections data;

1                   (4) an assessment of the technological assets  
2                   available for addressing seafood safety and fraud, in-  
3                   cluding traceability, and an assessment of the tech-  
4                   nological gaps and needs that exist;

5                   (5) information related to the implementation  
6                   of any agreement entered into pursuant to section 2  
7                   of this Act or section 421 of the Federal Food,  
8                   Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 350j);

9                   (6) detailed information on the inspection, en-  
10                  forcement, and consumer outreach activities, includ-  
11                  ing the number of inspections, enforcement actions,  
12                  consumer outreach activities, personnel, and re-  
13                  sources utilized by the National Oceanic and Atmos-  
14                  pheric Administration, the Food and Drug Adminis-  
15                  stration, and the Federal Trade Commission to carry  
16                  out this Act, including the degree of coordination of  
17                  actions to address seafood safety and seafood fraud;  
18                  and

19                  (7) recommendations on any additional authori-  
20                  ties, budget, or personnel necessary to improve sea-  
21                  food safety and prevent seafood fraud.

22 **SEC. 6. PREEMPTION.**

23                  Nothing in this Act preempts the authority of a State  
24                  to establish and enforce requirements for improving sea-

1 food safety and preventing seafood fraud that are con-  
2 sistent with the requirements of this Act.

3 **SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.**

4 In this Act:

5 (1) The term “other applicable Federal laws  
6 and regulations” means Federal statutes, regula-  
7 tions, and international agreements (other than this  
8 Act) pertaining to the importation, exportation,  
9 transportation, sale, harvest, processing, or trade of  
10 seafood, including the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery  
11 Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1801  
12 et seq.), the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16  
13 U.S.C. 3371 et seq.), the Federal Food, Drug, and  
14 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), the FDA  
15 Food Safety Modernization Act (Public Law 111–  
16 353), the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (15  
17 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.), subtitle D of the Agricultural  
18 Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1638 et seq.),  
19 parts 60 and 65 of title 7, Code of Federal Regula-  
20 tions (or any successor regulations), and part 123 of  
21 title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any suc-  
22 cessor regulations).

23 (2) The term “seafood” means fish, shellfish,  
24 and processed fish or shellfish products.

1                   (3) The term “seafood fraud” means the  
2 mislabeling or misrepresentation of the information  
3 required under this Act or other applicable Federal  
4 laws and regulations.

○