

112TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. RES. 462

Recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges faced by children in the foster care system, acknowledging the dedication of foster care parents, advocates, and workers, and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in the foster care system.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 16, 2012

Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. BEGICH, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. CARDIN, and Mr. NELSON of Nebraska) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

JUNE 4, 2012

Committee discharged; considered and agreed to

RESOLUTION

Recognizing National Foster Care Month as an opportunity to raise awareness about the challenges faced by children in the foster care system, acknowledging the dedication of foster care parents, advocates, and workers, and encouraging Congress to implement policy to improve the lives of children in the foster care system.

Whereas National Foster Care Month was established more than 20 years ago to bring foster care issues to the forefront, highlight the importance of permanency for every

child, and recognize the essential role that foster parents, social workers, and advocates have in the lives of children in foster care throughout the United States;

Whereas all children deserve a safe, loving, and permanent home;

Whereas the primary goal of the foster care system is to ensure the safety and well-being of children while working to provide a safe, loving, and permanent home for each child;

Whereas there are approximately 408,000 children living in foster care;

Whereas there were approximately 254,000 youth that entered the foster care system in 2010, while over 107,000 youth were eligible and awaiting adoption at the end of 2010;

Whereas children in foster care experience an average of 3 different placements, which often leads to disruption of routines and the need to change schools and move away from siblings, extended families, and familiar surroundings;

Whereas youth in foster care are much more likely to face educational instability with 65 percent of former foster children experiencing at least 7 school changes while in care;

Whereas children of color are more likely to stay in the foster care system for longer periods of time and are less likely to be reunited with their biological families;

Whereas foster parents are the front-line caregivers for children who cannot safely remain with their biological parents and provide physical care, emotional support, education advocacy, and are the largest single source of fam-

ilies providing permanent homes for children leaving foster care to adoption;

Whereas children in foster care who are placed with relatives, compared to children placed with nonrelatives, have more stability, including fewer changes in placements, have more positive perceptions of their placements, are more likely to be placed with their siblings, and demonstrate fewer behavioral problems;

Whereas an increased emphasis on prevention and reunification services is necessary to reduce the number of children that are forced to remain in the foster care system;

Whereas more than 27,900 youth “age out” of foster care without a legal permanent connection to an adult or family;

Whereas children who age out of foster care may lack the security or support of a biological or adoptive family and frequently struggle to secure affordable housing, obtain health insurance, pursue higher education, and acquire adequate employment;

Whereas foster care is intended to be a temporary placement, but children remain in the foster care system for an average of 2 years;

Whereas volunteers, guardians, mentors, and workers in the child-protective-services community play a vital role in improving the safety of the most valuable youth and work hard to increase permanency through reunification, adoption, and guardianship;

Whereas due to heavy caseloads and limited resources, the average tenure for a worker in child protection services is just 3 years;

Whereas on average, 8.5 percent of the positions in child protective services remain vacant;

Whereas States, localities, and communities should be encouraged to invest resources in preventative and reunification services and postpermanency programs to ensure that more children in foster care are provided with safe, loving, and permanent placements;

Whereas Federal legislation over the past 3 decades, including the Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–272), the Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1997 (Public Law 105–89), the Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–351), and the Child and Family Services Improvement and Innovation Act (Public Law 112–34) provided new investments and services to improve the outcomes of children in the foster care system;

Whereas May is an appropriate month to designate as National Foster Care Month to provide an opportunity to acknowledge the child-welfare workforce, foster parents, advocacy community, and mentors for their dedication, accomplishments, and positive impact they have on the lives of children; and

Whereas much remains to be done to ensure that all children have a safe, loving, nurturing, and permanent family, regardless of age or special needs: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) recognizes National Foster Care Month as
3 an opportunity to raise awareness about the chal-
4 lenges faced by children in the foster care system,
5 acknowledging the dedication of foster care parents,

1 advocates, and workers, and encouraging Congress
2 to implement policy to improve the lives of children
3 in the foster care system;

4 (2) encourages Congress to implement policy to
5 improve the lives of children in the foster care sys-
6 tem;

7 (3) supports the designation of May as National
8 Foster Care Month;

9 (4) acknowledges the special needs of children
10 in the foster care system;

11 (5) recognizes foster youth throughout the
12 United States for their ongoing tenacity, courage,
13 and resilience while facing life challenges;

14 (6) acknowledges the exceptional alumni of the
15 foster care system who serve as advocates and role
16 models for youth who remain in care;

17 (7) honors the commitment and dedication of
18 the individuals who work tirelessly to provide assist-
19 ance and services to children in the foster care sys-
20 tem; and

21 (8) reaffirms the need to continue working to
22 improve the outcomes of all children in the foster
23 care system through parts B and E of title IV of the
24 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and
25 other programs designed to—

1 (A) support vulnerable families;

2 (B) invest in prevention and reunification
3 services;

4 (C) promote adoption and guardianship in
5 cases where reunification is not in the best in-
6 terests of the child;

7 (D) adequately serve those children
8 brought into the foster care system; and

9 (E) facilitate the successful transition into
10 adulthood for children that “age out” of the
11 foster care system.

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