112TH CONGRESS<br/>1ST SESSIONS. 383

To promote the domestic production of critical minerals and materials, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 17, 2011

Mr. UDALL of Colorado introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

# A BILL

To promote the domestic production of critical minerals and materials, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Critical Minerals and

5 Materials Promotion Act of 2011".

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITION OF CRITICAL MINERALS AND MATE-

- 7 RIALS.
- 8 In this Act:
- 9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The term "critical minerals
  10 and materials" means naturally occurring, nonliving,

1 nonfuel substances with a definite chemical composi-2 tion-3 (A) that perform an essential function for 4 which no satisfactory substitutes exist; and 5 (B) the supply of which has a high prob-6 ability of becoming restricted, leading to phys-7 ical unavailability or excessive costs for the ap-8 plicable minerals and materials in key applica-9 tions. 10 (2) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "critical minerals 11 and materials" does not include ice, water, or snow. 12 SEC. 3. PROGRAM TO DETERMINE PRESENCE OF AND FU-13 TURE NEEDS FOR CRITICAL MINERALS AND 14 MATERIALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United States Geological Survey, shall establish a research and development program—

(1) to provide data and scientific analyses for
research on, and assessments of the potential for,
undiscovered and discovered resources of critical
minerals and materials in the United States and
other countries; and

(2) to analyze and assess current and future
critical minerals and materials supply chains—

1	(A) with advice from the Energy Informa-
2	tion Administration on future energy technology
3	market penetration; and
4	(B) using the Mineral Commodity Sum-
5	maries produced by the United States Geologi-
6	cal Survey.
7	(b) GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAIN.—The Secretary shall, if
8	appropriate, cooperate with international partners to en-
9	sure that the program established under subsection (a)
10	provides analyses of the global supply chain of critical
11	minerals and materials.
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12	SEC. 4. PROGRAM TO STRENGTHEN THE DOMESTIC CRIT-
12 13	SEC. 4. PROGRAM TO STRENGTHEN THE DOMESTIC CRIT- ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY
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13 14	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES.
13 14 15	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a program of
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> </ol>	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a program of research, development, and demonstration to strengthen
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<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a program of research, development, and demonstration to strengthen the domestic critical minerals and materials supply chain for clean energy technologies and to ensure the long-term,
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a program of research, development, and demonstration to strengthen the domestic critical minerals and materials supply chain for clean energy technologies and to ensure the long-term, secure, and sustainable supply of critical minerals and ma-
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	ICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS SUPPLY CHAIN FOR CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES. The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a program of research, development, and demonstration to strengthen the domestic critical minerals and materials supply chain for clean energy technologies and to ensure the long-term, secure, and sustainable supply of critical minerals and ma- terials sufficient to strengthen the national security of the

23 (1) critical minerals and materials production,24 processing, and refining;

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1	(2) minimization of critical minerals and mate-
2	rials in energy technologies;
3	(3) recycling of critical minerals and materials;
4	and
5	(4) substitutes for critical minerals and mate-
6	rials in energy technologies.
7	SEC. 5. STRENGTHENING EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN
8	MINERAL AND MATERIAL SCIENCE AND ENGI-
9	NEERING FOR CRITICAL MINERALS AND MA-
10	TERIALS PRODUCTION.
11	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall
12	promote the development of the critical minerals and ma-
13	terials industry workforce in the United States.
14	(b) SUPPORT.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
15	Secretary shall support—
16	(1) critical minerals and materials education by
17	providing undergraduate and graduate scholarships
18	and fellowships at institutions of higher education,
19	including technical and community colleges;
20	(2) partnerships between industry and institu-
21	tions of higher education, including technical and
22	community colleges, to provide onsite job training;
23	and
24	(3) development of courses and curricula on
25	critical minerals and materials.

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#### 1 SEC. 6. SUPPLY OF CRITICAL MINERALS AND MATERIALS.

(a) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to
promote an adequate and stable supply of critical minerals
and materials necessary to maintain national security, economic well-being, and industrial production with appropriate attention to a long-term balance between resource
production, energy use, a healthy environment, natural resources conservation, and social needs.

9 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—To implement the policy de10 scribed in subsection (a), the President, acting through
11 the Executive Office of the President, shall—

12 (1) coordinate the actions of applicable Federal13 agencies;

14 (2) identify critical minerals and materials
15 needs and establish early warning systems for crit16 ical minerals and materials supply problems;

(3) establish a mechanism for the coordination
and evaluation of Federal critical minerals and materials programs, including programs involving research and development, in a manner that complements related efforts carried out by the private
sector and other domestic and international agencies
and organizations;

24 (4) promote and encourage private enterprise in25 the development of economically sound and stable

domestic critical minerals and materials supply
 chains;

3 (5) promote and encourage the recycling of crit4 ical minerals and materials, taking into account the
5 logistics, economic viability, environmental sustain6 ability, and research and development needs for
7 completing the recycling process;

8 (6) assess the need for and make recommenda-9 tions concerning the availability and adequacy of the 10 supply of technically trained personnel necessary for 11 critical minerals and materials research, develop-12 ment, extraction, and industrial practice, with a par-13 ticular focus on the problem of attracting and main-14 taining high-quality professionals for maintaining an 15 adequate supply of critical minerals and materials; 16 and

17 (7) report to Congress on activities and findings18 under this subsection.

### 19 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

20 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out21 this Act such sums as are necessary.

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