S. 228

To preempt regulation of, action relating to, or consideration of greenhouse gases under Federal and common law on enactment of a Federal policy to mitigate climate change.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 31, 2011

Mr. Barrasso (for himself, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Moran, Mr. Thune, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Hatch, and Mr. Lee) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To preempt regulation of, action relating to, or consideration of greenhouse gases under Federal and common law on enactment of a Federal policy to mitigate climate change.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Defending America's
- 5 Affordable Energy and Jobs Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

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- (1) the climate of the Earth is dynamic, and changes in climate are caused by a complex combination of factors;
 - (2) greenhouse gases are globally dispersed, and any attempt by a country to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions of the country must be undertaken in coordination with the international community, including the developing world, in order to have any significant impact;
 - (3) regulating the emission of greenhouse gases under Federal regulatory mechanisms in existence as of the date of enactment of this Act is divorced from any intent expressed by the Congress during the enactment of the authorizing statutes governing those mechanisms;
 - (4) any action to control emissions of greenhouse gases in the United States would result in substantial impacts to major sectors of the economy of the United States and interstate commerce and should therefore be explicitly authorized and prescribed by Congress;
 - (5) the consequences of poorly designed Federal or State regulation of greenhouse gases—
- 24 (A) are well-documented; and

1	(B) consist of lower economic growth, re-
2	ductions in new and existing employment, and
3	reduced economic competitiveness; and
4	(6) substantial policy options, short of regu-
5	latory authority, exist to spur technology innovation
6	to promote energy security and produce cleaner en-
7	ergy sources.
8	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
9	(1) to ensure that the consequences of ill-suited
10	regulations are not imposed on the economy of the
11	United States; and
12	(2) to allow sufficient time for Congress to de-
13	velop and authorize an appropriate mechanism to
14	address the energy needs of the United States and
15	the potential global challenges posed by a changing
16	climate.
17	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
18	In this Act:
19	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
20	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
21	mental Protection Agency.
22	(2) Greenhouse gas.—The term "greenhouse
23	gas' means any of the following:
24	(A) Carbon dioxide.
25	(B) Methane.

1	(C) Nitrous oxide.
2	(D) Sulfur hexafluoride.
3	(E) Any hydrofluorocarbon.
4	(F) Any perfluorocarbon.
5	(G) Nitrogen trifluoride.
6	(H) Any other substance subject to regula-
7	tion, action, or consideration due to the con-
8	tribution of the substance to climate change.
9	(3) Stationary source.—The term "sta-
10	tionary source" has the meaning given the term in
11	section 302 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7602).
12	SEC. 4. REGULATION OF GREENHOUSE GASES.
13	(a) REGULATION, ACTION, AND CONSIDERATION FOR
14	EFFECTS OTHER THAN CLIMATE CHANGE.—
15	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
16	graph (2), the President or the head of a Federal
17	department or agency may not promulgate regula-
18	tions providing for the control of emissions of a
19	greenhouse gas, enforce or implement any law (in-
20	cluding a regulation) enacted or promulgated as of
21	the date of enactment of this Act that provides for
22	the control of emissions of a greenhouse gas, take
23	action relating to or take into consideration the cli-
24	mate effects of emissions of a greenhouse gas, con-
25	sider climate effects in implementing or enforcing

1	any law (including a regulation), or condition or
2	deny any approval based on climate effects unless
3	the law, regulation, action, or consideration is—
4	(A) determined by the President or head of
5	a Federal department or agency, as applicable,
6	after notice and opportunity for comment, to be
7	necessary to protect the public health from im-
8	minent and substantial harm caused by direct
9	human exposure to the relevant greenhouse gas
10	in a concentration that is substantially greater
11	than current and projected future average con-
12	centrations of that greenhouse gas in the global
13	atmosphere; and
14	(B) based solely on effects other than ef-
15	fects relating to atmospheric concentrations of
16	greenhouse gases, including climate change.
17	(2) Exception.—The limitation under para-
18	graph (1) does not prohibit—
19	(A) regulation of, action with respect to, or
20	consideration of a greenhouse gas under title VI
21	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7671 et seq.)
22	other than for the potential or actual effect of
23	the greenhouse gas on climate change; or

1	(B) voluntary incentive programs to pro-
2	mote the development or deployment of tech-
3	nologies that reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
4	(3) Exclusive authority; cafe regula-
5	TIONS; CHALLENGES TO RULES.—
6	(A) Exclusive authority.—The author-
7	ity of the Secretary of Transportation under
8	chapter 329 of title 49, United States Code—
9	(i) does not include any authority with
10	respect to greenhouse gases; and
11	(ii) is unaffected by this section.
12	(B) CAFE REGULATIONS.—Notwith-
13	standing any provision to the contrary in this
14	Act, the requirements set forth in the final rule
15	entitled "Light-Duty Vehicle Greenhouse Gas
16	Emission Standards and Corporate Average
17	Fuel Economy Standards; Final Rule" (75 Fed.
18	Reg. 25324 (May 7, 2010)), shall remain in ef-
19	fect without further modification or revision.
20	(C) Challenges to rules.—Nothing in
21	this subsection affects—
22	(i) any challenge to the final rule de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (B) that—
24	(I) as of the date of enactment of
25	this Act, is pending in court; or

1	(II) is filed after that date of en-
2	actment; or
3	(ii) any pending or future challenge to
4	any current or future rules promulgated
5	under the authority referred to in subpara-
6	graph (A).
7	(4) CERTAIN PRIOR AGENCY ACTIONS.—
8	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
9	paragraph (3), each rule promulgated and ac-
10	tion taken by the Administrator before the date
11	of enactment of this Act to regulate greenhouse
12	gases for effects relating to atmospheric con-
13	centrations of greenhouse gases (including cli-
14	mate change), including each rule and action
15	referred to in subparagraph (B), shall have no
16	force or effect.
17	(B) RULES AND ACTIONS.—The rules and
18	actions referred to in subparagraph (A) in-
19	clude—
20	(i) the final rule entitled
21	"Endangerment and Cause or Contribute
22	Findings for Greenhouse Gases under sec-
23	tion 202(a) of the Clean Air Act" (74 Fed.
24	Reg. 66496 (Dec. 15, 2009));

1	(ii)(I) the memorandum from Stephen
2	Johnson, Administrator of the Environ-
3	mental Protection Agency, to Regional Ad-
4	ministrators of the Environmental Protec-
5	tion Agency, with the subject line stating
6	"EPA's Interpretation of Regulations that
7	Determine Pollutants Covered by Federal
8	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
9	(PSD) Permit Program" and dated Dec.
10	18, 2008; and
11	(II) the final action on reconsideration
12	of that memorandum entitled "Reconsider-
13	ation of the Interpretation of Regulations
14	That Determine Pollutants Covered by
15	Clean Air Act Permitting Programs" (75
16	Fed. Reg. 17004 (April 2, 2010));
17	(iii) the final rule entitled "Prevention
18	of Significant Deterioration and Title V
19	Greenhouse Gas Tailoring Rule" (75 Fed.
20	Reg. 31514 (June 3, 2010));
21	(iv) the final rule entitled "Action To
22	Ensure Authority To Issue Permits Under
23	the Prevention of Significant Deterioration
24	Program to Sources of Greenhouse Gas
25	Emissions: Finding of Substantial Inad-

1	equacy and SIP Call" (75 Fed. Reg.
2	77698 (December 13, 2010));
3	(v) the final rule entitled "Action To
4	Ensure Authority To Issue Permits Under
5	the Prevention of Significant Deterioration
6	Program to Sources of Greenhouse Gas
7	Emissions: Federal Implementation Plan"
8	(75 Fed. Reg. 82246 (December 30,
9	2010));
10	(vi) the interim final rule entitled
11	"Determinations Concerning Need for
12	Error Correction, Partial Approval and
13	Partial Disapproval, and Federal Imple-
14	mentation Plan Regarding Texas Preven-
15	tion of Significant Deterioration Program"
16	(75 Fed. Reg. 82430 (December 30,
17	2010));
18	(vii) the final rule entitled "Limitation
19	of Approval of Prevention of Significant
20	Deterioration Provisions Concerning
21	Greenhouse Gas Emitting-Sources in State
22	Implementation Plans; Final Rule" (75
23	Fed. Reg. 82536 (December 30, 2010));
24	(viii) the final rule entitled "Action To
25	Ensure Authority To Implement Title V

1	Permitting Programs Under the Green-
2	house Gas Tailoring Rule" (75 Fed. Reg.
3	82254 (December 30, 2010));
4	(ix) the final rule entitled "Action to
5	Ensure Authority to Issue Permits Under
6	the Prevention of Significant Deterioration
7	Program to Sources of Greenhouse Gas
8	Emissions: Finding of Failure to Submit
9	State Implementation Plan Revisions Re-
10	quired for Greenhouse Gases' (75 Fed.
11	Reg. 81874 (December 30, 2010));
12	(x) the final rule entitled "Determina-
13	tions Concerning Need for Error Correc-
14	tion, Partial Approval and Partial Dis-
15	approval, and Federal Implementation
16	Plan Regarding Texas Prevention of Sig-
17	nificant Deterioration Program" (75 Fed.
18	Reg. 82365 (December 30, 2010));
19	(xi) any final rule providing for a
20	waiver under section 209 of the Clean Air
21	Act (42 U.S.C. 7543) with respect to
22	greenhouse gases or establishing any other
23	requirements with respect to greenhouse
24	gases pursuant to section 177 of that Act
25	(42 U.S.C. 7507);

1	(xii) the final rule entitled "Manda-
2	tory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases" (74
3	Fed. Reg. 56260 (October 30, 2009)) and
4	the definition of the term "emissions data"
5	in section 2.301 of title 40, Code of Fed-
6	eral Regulations (or a successor regula-
7	tion);
8	(xiii) any final action taken by the
9	Administrator with respect to State imple-
10	mentation plans, Federal implementation
11	plans, and policy guidance regarding con-
12	struction or operating permits or permit
13	requirements for stationary sources emit-
14	ting greenhouse gases that is issued or
15	taken before, on, or after the date of en-
16	actment of this Act; and
17	(xiv) any guidance, regulations, inter-
18	pretive regulations, or policy regarding the
19	emissions of greenhouse gases or climate
20	change impacts of greenhouse gases pro-
21	mulgated or issued by the Administrator
22	under any Federal law (including a regula-
23	tion).
24	(5) Regulation under other provisions.—

1	(A) In General.—Neither the regulation
2	referred to in paragraph (3)(B) nor any other
3	provision of law (including a regulation) or ac-
4	tion relating to greenhouse gases shall—
5	(i) have any impact on the regulation
6	of stationary sources under title I of the
7	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); or
8	(ii) be considered to be the regulation
9	of pollutants under that Act (42 U.S.C.
10	7401 et seq.) for any purpose (other than
11	for the regulation of greenhouse gas emis-
12	sions for light-duty motor vehicles from
13	model years 2012 through 2016, as re-
14	quired by the rule described in paragraph
15	(3)(B)), including for the purpose of
16	issuing permits or establishing regulatory
17	standards.
18	(B) Requests for waivers.—Section
19	209(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
20	7543(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
21	following:
22	"(4) Requests for Waivers.—Notwith-
23	standing any other provision of this Act or any other
24	law—

"(A) no request for a waiver of the application of this section by any State for standards to control emissions of any air pollutant that is a greenhouse gas (as defined in section 3 of the Defending America's Affordable Energy and Jobs Act) from new motor vehicles or new motor vehicle engines of model year 2017 or later may be granted by the Administrator; and

"(B) no grant of any waiver by the Administrator before the date of enactment of this paragraph shall be considered by the Administrator, the requesting State, or any court as waiving the application of subsection (a), or any other provision of this section, to standards adopted by the State for control of emissions of any air pollutant that is a greenhouse gas (as defined in section 3 of the Defending America's Affordable Energy and Jobs Act) from new motor vehicles or new motor vehicle engines of model year 2017 or later."

(6) Impacts on state laws.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Any provision of a State implementation plan designating green-house gases as pollutants that are subject to

1	regulation or as regulated pollutants, or other-
2	wise authorizing or requiring limitations on the
3	emission of greenhouse gases under State law—
4	(i) shall not be federally enforceable;
5	(ii) shall not be deemed to be Federal
6	law; and
7	(iii) shall be deemed to be stricken
8	from the State implementation plan.
9	(B) Authority of states.—
10	(i) In general.—Subject to clause
11	(ii), nothing in this section affects any
12	State law (including a regulation) or the
13	authority of any State to adopt a law or
14	promulgate a regulation.
15	(ii) Authority of adminis-
16	TRATOR.—Notwithstanding clause (i), the
17	Administrator shall have no authority to
18	approve or make federally enforceable any
19	provision of a State implementation plan
20	requiring the control of greenhouse gas
21	emissions.
22	(iii) Amendment of existing
23	LAWS.—If, as a result of the regulations
24	referred to in paragraph (4), a State
25	adopted any law (including a regulation)

designating greenhouse gases as pollutants that are subject to regulation or as regulated pollutants, or authorizing or requiring limitations on the emission of greenhouse gases under State law, the State may amend the adopted law to remove any restrictions on greenhouse gas emissions.

- (C) Federalization of SIP Require-Ments.—The Administrator shall have no authority to approve or make federally enforceable any provision of a State implementation plan requiring the control of greenhouse gas emissions.
- (7) Presidential findings and conclusions.—Except as authorized by this subsection or another Act of Congress, the President or the head of a Federal department or agency may not examine or make findings or conclusions, such as those contained in the final rule referred to in paragraph (4)(B)(i), for purposes of promulgating or issuing policy, guidance, or regulations to address the impacts of greenhouse gas emissions on climate change.
- 24 (8) Judicial Review.—

- 1 (A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any
 2 other remedies available, any person affected by
 3 a regulation, action, or consideration concerning
 4 the control of emissions of a greenhouse gas
 5 that fails to meet the criteria described in para6 graph (1) may challenge the regulation, action,
 7 or consideration.
- 8 (B) JURISDICTION.—The United States
 9 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
 10 Circuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any
 11 review of any Federal, State, or other regula12 tion, action, or consideration challenged under
 13 subparagraph (A).
- 14 (b) ACTIONS AT LAW.—No cause of action, whether
 15 based on common law or civil tort (including nuisance)
 16 or any other legal or equitable theory, may be brought or
 17 maintained, and no liability, money damages, or injunctive
 18 relief arising from such an action may be imposed, for—
 - (1) any potential or actual contribution of a greenhouse gas to climate change; or
- 21 (2) any direct or indirect effect of potential or 22 actual atmospheric concentrations of a greenhouse 23 gas.
- 24 (c) Allowances.—No State shall have authority—

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1	(1) to require any entity to procure, hold, or
2	surrender allowances for the emission of greenhouse
3	gases that takes place outside of the State; or
4	(2) to otherwise—
5	(A) regulate or tax, directly or indirectly,
6	greenhouse gas emissions produced outside of
7	the State; or
8	(B) to otherwise limit the importation of
9	products or electricity into the State based on
10	greenhouse gas emissions occurring outside the
11	State.

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