# S. 220

To provide for the restoration of forest landscapes, protection of old growth forests, and management of national forests in the eastside forests of the State of Oregon.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 27, 2011

Mr. Wyden (for himself and Mr. Merkley) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

## A BILL

To provide for the restoration of forest landscapes, protection of old growth forests, and management of national forests in the eastside forests of the State of Oregon.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Oregon Eastside For-
- 5 ests Restoration, Old Growth Protection, and Jobs Act of
- 6 2011".
- 7 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
- 8 The purposes of this Act are—

- 1 (1) to conserve and restore the eastside Na-2 tional Forests of the State;
  - (2) to create an immediate, predictable, and increased timber flow to support locally based restoration economies in the communities of the eastside National Forests of the State;
    - (3) to make the eastside National Forests of the State more resistant and resilient to, and to mitigate the effects of, climate change;
    - (4) to protect, restore, and increase old-growth forest stands and trees in the eastside National Forests of the State;
    - (5) to promote collaboration in the communities of the eastside National Forests of the State to respond to critical threats to forest and watershed health and to support natural resource- and restoration-based economies;
    - (6) to prioritize, strategically target, and accelerate projects to improve forest health and watershed health in old growth forests located in the eastside National Forests of the State; and
    - (7) to provide the Secretary, collaborative groups, and the public with independent scientific advice for restoring forest health and watershed health in the eastside National Forests of the State.

### 1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) Advisory panel.—The term "advisory
4	panel" means the Eastside Forest Scientific and
5	Technical Advisory Panel established under section
6	6(a).
7	(2) Collaborative group.—The term "col-
8	laborative group" means a group of individuals that
9	meets the requirements of section 9(a)(2).
10	(3) COVERED AREA.—The term "covered area"
11	means the area selected by the Secretary under sec-
12	tion $4(a)(1)$ that is—
13	(A) within the State; and
14	(B) not within the area covered by the
15	Record of Decision for Amendments to Forest
16	Service and Bureau of Land Management Plan-
17	ning Documents Within the Range of the
18	Northern Spotted Owl, dated April 1994.
19	(4) Emergency condition.—The term "emer-
20	gency condition" means a condition—
21	(A) that results in an—
22	(i) imminent risk to life or property;
23	or
24	(ii) immediate impairment of the pub-
25	lic use and enjoyment of a trail, road,
26	highway, public facility, or public land; and

1	(B) with respect to subparagraph (A)(ii),
2	the urgency to address the emergency of which
3	outweighs the benefits of full notice and com-
4	ment.
5	(5) Forest Health.—The term "forest
6	health" means conditions that enable forested
7	land—
8	(A) to be durable, resilient, and less prone
9	to uncharacteristic wildfire, insect, or pathogen
10	outbreaks, while—
11	(i) supporting ecosystem services and
12	populations of native species; and
13	(ii) allowing for natural disturbances;
14	(B) to maintain or develop species com-
15	position, ecosystem function and structure, hy-
16	drologic function, and sediment regimes that
17	are within an acceptable range that considers—
18	(i) historic variability; and
19	(ii) anticipated future conditions; and
20	(C) to be resistant and resilient to
21	uncharacteristic events.
22	(6) Forest stand.—The term "forest stand"
23	means a contiguous group of trees that are suffi-
24	ciently uniform in age-class distribution, composi-
25	tion, and structure and that are growing on a site

1	of sufficiently uniform quality to be a distinguishable
2	unit.
3	(7) Initiative.—The term "Initiative" means
4	an initiative established by the Secretary—
5	(A) to restore and improve the ecological
6	structure, composition, and function and the
7	natural processes of watersheds within the Na-
8	tional Forest System;
9	(B) to preserve and create local jobs in
10	rural communities that are located in or near
11	National Forest System land;
12	(C) to sustain the local wood products in-
13	frastructure and community capacity that is
14	necessary for the appropriate management and
15	restoration of National Forest System land;
16	(D) to promote cooperation and collabora-
17	tion in the management of National Forest Sys-
18	tem land;
19	(E) to carry out collaborative projects to
20	restore forest health and watershed health and
21	to reduce the risk of uncharacteristic disturb-
22	ances from fire, insects, and disease to commu-
23	nities, watersheds, and natural resources
24	through a collaborative process of planning,
25	prioritizing, and implementing ecological res-

1	toration, hazardous fuel reduction, and other
2	vegetation management projects;
3	(F) to collect information from the projects
4	carried out under this Act in an effort to better
5	understand the manner in which to improve for-
6	est restoration and management activities; and
7	(G) under which not more than 15 Na-
8	tional Forests may be selected to participate.
9	(8) National forest system.—The term
10	"National Forest System" has the meaning given
11	the term in section 11(a) of the Forest and Range-
12	land Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
13	U.S.C. 1609(a)).
14	(9) Plant association.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "plant asso-
16	ciation" means a description of a plant commu-
17	nity that—
18	(i) would potentially, in the absence of
19	a disturbance, occupy a site; and
20	(ii) may be aggregated into 1 or more
21	groups based on similarities in plant spe-
22	cies, composition, environment, and pro-
23	ductivity.
24	(B) Inclusion.—The term "plant associa-
25	tion" includes, with respect to a forested site,

1	species representing tree, shrub, and herbaceous
2	layers.
3	(10) RESTORATION ASSESSMENT.—The term
4	"restoration assessment" means the Eastside Land-
5	scape Forest Restoration Assessment prepared
6	under section 7(a).
7	(11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
8	means the Secretary of Agriculture (acting through
9	the Chief of the Forest Service).
10	(12) State.—The term "State" means the
11	State of Oregon.
12	(13) Uncharacteristic.—The term
13	"uncharacteristic" means a wildfire, insect, or
14	pathogen outbreak or level of forest fuel, the sever-
15	ity, size, frequency, or quantity of which exceeds the
16	historic range of variability.
17	(14) Watershed area.—The term "watershed
18	area" means 1 or more subwatersheds (also known
19	as 6th code hydrologic units).
20	(15) Watershed Health.—The term "water-
21	shed health" means landscape conditions that enable
22	riparian and aquatic ecosystems—
23	(A) to capture, store, and release water
24	sediment, wood, and nutrients;

1	(B) to provide for water temperatures that
2	are within the range of variability of the nat-
3	ural regimes for the processes described in sub-
4	paragraph (A); and
5	(C) to create and sustain functional ripar-
6	ian, aquatic, and wetland habitats that are ca-
7	pable of supporting diverse populations of na-
8	tive aquatic- and riparian-dependent species.
9	SEC. 4. LAND MANAGEMENT.
10	(a) Selection of Covered Area.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary may
13	select all or part of 1 or more National Forests in
14	the State as part of the Initiative.
15	(2) Term.—The selection under paragraph (1)
16	shall be for a period of 15 years.
17	(3) Effect.—The provisions of this Act shall
18	apply to the covered area.
19	(b) Land Management Goals.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—In the covered area, the Sec-
21	retary shall, considering the best available science,
22	seek—
23	(A) to conserve and restore forest health,
24	watershed health, and other ecosystems;

1	(B) to reduce the risk of, and increase the
2	resistance and resiliency of the land to,
3	uncharacteristic disturbances;
4	(C) to allow for characteristic natural dis-
5	turbances; and
6	(D) to harvest wood to maintain adequate
7	levels of industry infrastructure to accomplish
8	the goals described in subparagraphs (A), (B),
9	and (C).
10	(2) Forest management.—To achieve the
11	goals of paragraph (1) in the forested land in the
12	covered area, the Secretary shall consider opportuni-
13	ties—
14	(A) to reduce the basal area in overstocked
15	forest stands;
16	(B) to increase the mean diameter of for-
17	est stands;
18	(C) to maintain or create a forest composi-
19	tion that focuses on more fire- and drought-tol-
20	erant species;
21	(D) to restore historic levels of within-for-
22	est stand spatial heterogeneity;
23	(E) to conserve and restore old growth;
24	(F) to conserve and restore population lev-
25	els of older trees;

1 (G) to conserve and restore ecologically 2 sustainable forest stands and landscapes to in-3 corporate characteristic forest stand structures 4 and older tree populations; (H) to harvest wood and use the value of 6 merchantable sawlogs and biomass to help off-7 set the cost of improving forest health and wa-8 tershed health; 9 (I) to restore or maintain sustainable and 10 fire-resilient conditions in perpetuity through 11 management (including management active 12 through prescribed or wildland fire and me-13 chanical treatments); 14 (J) to restore or maintain ecologically ap-15 propriate spatial complexity (including a range 16 of open to dense forest patches at scales from 17 the forest stand to the landscape); 18 (K) to create nonuniform effects in car-19 rying out vegetation management projects by 20 avoiding extensive areas of uniform treatment, 21 except for certain treatments (such as broad-

cast burns) that are carried out to enhance the

spatial heterogeneity of the forest site;

22

1	(L) to restore or maintain ecologically ap-
2	propriate understory plant community composi-
3	tion and condition, including—
4	(i) by restoring and maintaining na-
5	tive ground cover; and
6	(ii) by reducing the impacts of, and
7	potential for, exotic and other invasive spe-
8	cies; and
9	(M) to increase stakeholder participation
10	through collaborative groups.
11	(c) Planning.—To help to achieve the goals de-
12	scribed in subsection (b), the Secretary shall use landscape
13	scale planning based on watershed areas as a tool to im-
14	plement ecological restoration projects in the covered area.
15	(d) Performance Goals.—
16	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
17	after the date on which the Secretary selects the cov-
18	ered area, the Secretary, in consultation with the
19	relevant collaborative groups, may establish perform-
20	ance goals, in addition to the goals that are estab-
21	lished by subsection (b), that the Secretary shall
22	seek to achieve consistent with the purposes of this
23	Act and the goals and opportunities described in
24	subsection (b) for the covered area.

1	(2) Term.—Subject to paragraph (3), each per-
2	formance goal established under paragraph (1) shall
3	be measured annually for a period of 15 years.
4	(3) Additions.—The Secretary may develop
5	additional performance goals that the Secretary de-
6	termines to be appropriate during the period estab-
7	lished by paragraph (2).
8	(4) Prioritization.—Subject to the limita-
9	tions described in section 11(b), the Secretary shall
10	prioritize the vegetation management and hazardous
11	fuels reduction program activities in the covered
12	area to achieve the performance goals established
13	under this subsection.
14	(5) Restoration goals.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—Within the covered
16	area, consistent with the goals, and after con-
17	sidering the opportunities, described in sub-
18	section (b), the Secretary shall, to the max-
19	imum extent practicable, prepare, offer, and
20	promptly implement projects, that—
21	(i) are predominantly comprised of
22	mechanical treatment in the covered area
23	that emphasize sawtimber as a byproduct;
24	and
25	(ii) are conducted on—

1	(I) for the first fiscal year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, not
3	less than 39,000 acres;
4	(II) for the subsequent fiscal
5	year, not less than 58,000 acres; and
6	(III) for each fiscal year there-
7	after until the fiscal year in which at
8	least 1 ecological restoration project
9	for each National Forest is initiated
10	under section 8, not less than 80,000
11	acres.
12	(B) Annual goals.—
13	(i) In General.—Beginning in the
14	first fiscal year after the date on which at
15	least 1 ecological restoration project is ini-
16	tiated for each National Forest under sec-
17	tion 8 and each fiscal year thereafter until
18	the date on which the Initiative is com-
19	pleted, the Secretary may, subject to clause
20	(ii), set annual acreage performance goals
21	for projects that are predominantly com-
22	prised of mechanical treatment in the cov-
23	ered area that emphasize sawtimber as a
24	byproduct consistent with the goals, and

1	after considering the opportunities, de-
2	scribed in subsection (b).
3	(ii) Considerations.—In setting
4	goals under clause (i), the Secretary shall
5	consider—
6	(I) the restoration assessment;
7	(II) any specific recommenda-
8	tions of the advisory panel relating to
9	acreage treatment needs; and
10	(III) advice provided by a col-
11	laborative group relating to acreage
12	treatment needs.
13	(e) Prohibitions on Removal of Certain
14	Trees.—
15	(1) Larger trees.—Except as provided in
16	paragraph (3), the Secretary shall prohibit the cut-
17	ting or removal of any live tree located in the cov-
18	ered area, the diameter of which is 21 inches or
19	greater measured at breast height.
20	(2) Smaller trees.—Except as provided in
21	paragraph (3)(B), the Secretary shall prohibit the
22	cutting or removal of any live tree located in the cov-
23	ered area, the diameter of which is less than 21
24	inches measured at breast height, if the Secretary
25	determines, after considering the recommendations

of the advisory panel, that prohibiting the cutting or removal is required to meet the goals described in subsection (b).

#### (3) Exceptions.—

(A) Ecological exception.—The prohibitions described in paragraph (1) shall not apply if the Secretary, after considering the recommendations of the advisory panel and consulting with each relevant collaborative group, determines that the cutting or removal of the tree would be consistent with the goals described in subsection (b)(1).

#### (B) Administrative exception.—

- (i) IN GENERAL.—The prohibitions described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply if the Secretary determines that there is no reasonable alternative to the cutting or removal of the tree to provide for a safe administrative, public, or special use.
- (ii) Notice requirement.—The Secretary shall provide to the public and each relevant collaborative group notice and an opportunity to comment before making a determination under clause (i),

1	unless the Secretary determines that the
2	cutting or removal of the tree is necessary
3	to respond to an emergency condition.
4	(f) Limitations on Road Construction.—In car-
5	rying out any vegetation management project in the cov-
6	ered area, the Secretary shall—
7	(1) not construct any permanent road, unless
8	the Secretary determines that the road is a justifi-
9	able realignment of a permanent road to restore or
10	improve the ecological structure, composition, and
11	function and the natural processes of the affected
12	forest or watershed; and
13	(2) by the earlier of the date on which the vege-
14	tation management project is completed or the date
15	that is 1 year after the activities for which the road
16	was constructed are complete, decommission any
17	temporary road constructed to carry out the vegeta-
18	tion management project by—
19	(A) reestablishing vegetation on the road;
20	and
21	(B) restoring any natural drainage, water-
22	shed function, or other ecological processes that
23	are disrupted or adversely impacted by the
24	road, including by removing or hydrologically
25	disconnecting the road prism.

## 1 SEC. 5. WATERSHED MANAGEMENT.

2	(a) Aquatic and Riparian Resources Manage-
3	MENT.—
4	(1) In general.—Within the covered area,
5	each vegetation management project in an area de-
6	lineated under subsection (b) shall protect and re-
7	store the aquatic and riparian-dependent resources
8	of the delineated area.
9	(2) Effects.—A project described in para-
10	graph (1) may result in short-term negative effects
11	on the aquatic and riparian-dependent resources of
12	the delineated area if the Secretary determines, after
13	considering the best available science, that the
14	project would result in a net improvement to the
15	condition of those resources over the long-term.
16	(b) Delineation of Areas.—
17	(1) FISH-BEARING STREAMS.—The Secretary
18	shall delineate each permanently flowing fishbearing
19	stream and the area extending away from each edge
20	of the active stream channel to include—
21	(A) the top of the inner gorge;
22	(B) the outer edges of the 100-year flood-
23	plain;
24	(C) the outer edges of riparian vegetation;
25	(D) a distance equal to the height of 2
26	site-potential trees; and

1	(E) a slope distance of not less than 300
2	feet.
3	(2) Permanently flowing non-fishbearing
4	STREAMS.—The Secretary shall delineate each per-
5	manently flowing non-fishbearing stream and the
6	area extending away from each edge of the active
7	stream channel to include—
8	(A) the top of the inner gorge;
9	(B) the outer edges of the 100-year flood
10	plain;
11	(C) the outer edges of riparian vegetation;
12	(D) a distance equal to the height of 1
13	site-potential tree; and
14	(E) a slope distance of not less than 150
15	feet.
16	(3) Ponds, lakes, reservoirs, and wet-
17	LANDS LARGER THAN 1 ACRE.—The Secretary shall
18	delineate each pond, lake, reservoir, and wetland
19	larger than 1 acre and the area extending away from
20	the high-water edges to include—
21	(A) the outer edges of the riparian vegeta-
22	tion;
23	(B) the extent of the seasonally saturated
24	soil:

1	(C) the extent of moderately and highly
2	unstable areas;
3	(D) a distance equal to the height of 1
4	site-potential tree; and
5	(E) a slope distance of—
6	(i) if the area located in a watershed
7	identified as key or priority under the ap-
8	plicable land and resource management
9	plan, not less than 100 feet; or
10	(ii) not less than 50 feet.
11	(4) Intermittent streams, wetlands less
12	THAN 1 ACRE, LANDSLIDES, AND LANDSLIDE-PRONE
13	AREAS.—The Secretary shall delineate each wetland
14	smaller than 1 acre, landslide, landslide-prone area,
15	intermittent stream channel, and the area extending
16	away from the edges of the wetland, landslide, land-
17	slide-prone area, or intermittent stream channel to
18	include—
19	(A) the top of the inner gorge;
20	(B) the outer edges of the riparian vegeta-
21	tion;
22	(C) a distance equal to the height of 1 site-
23	potential tree; and
24	(D) a slope distance of—

1	(i) if the area is located in a water-
2	shed identified as key or priority under the
3	applicable land and resource management
4	plan, not less than 100 feet; or
5	(ii) not less than 50 feet.
6	(c) AQUATIC AND RIPARIAN PROTECTION.—
7	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
8	graph (2), the Secretary shall comply with the
9	aquatic and riparian protection requirements of the
10	applicable land and resource management plan in
11	existence on the date of enactment of this Act in
12	carrying out each vegetation management project in
13	the covered area.
14	(2) Modifications.—The Secretary may mod-
15	ify the aquatic and riparian protection requirements
16	described in paragraph (1) if the Secretary deter-
17	mines, after considering the best available science,
18	that the modifications would meet or exceed the
19	goals of the aquatic and riparian protection require-
20	ments.
21	SEC. 6. EASTSIDE FOREST SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL AD-
22	VISORY PANEL.
23	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
24	date on which the Secretary selects the covered area, the
25	Secretary shall establish an advisory panel—

1	(1) to be known as the "Eastside Forest Sci-
2	entific and Technical Advisory Panel"; and
3	(2) to advise the Secretary, collaborative
4	groups, and the public regarding the development
5	and implementation of—
6	(A) goals to improve forest health, water-
7	shed health, and related social and economic
8	goals in the covered area;
9	(B) the restoration assessment; and
10	(C) projects needed to accomplish the pur-
11	poses of this Act.
12	(b) Composition.—The advisory panel shall be com-
13	posed of 9 members, each of whom shall have expertise
14	in 1 or more of the following:
15	(1) Silviculture.
16	(2) Timber economics.
17	(3) Road and logging engineering.
18	(4) Soil science and geology.
19	(5) Ecosystem services or natural resources eco-
20	nomics.
21	(6) Community economics or ecosystem work-
22	force development.
23	(7) Forest ecology.
24	(8) Aquatic and riparian ecology.
25	(9) Wildlife ecology.

1	(10) Ecological restoration.
2	(11) Invasive species control and eradication.
3	(12) Wildland fire.
4	(13) Water quantity and water quality.
5	(14) Hydrology.
6	(15) Forest carbon life-cycle and sequestration.
7	(16) Social science.
8	(c) Appointments.—The Secretary shall—
9	(1) ensure that the advisory panel includes ex-
10	perts in a broad array of the fields described in sub-
11	section (b); and
12	(2) give consideration to the recommendations
13	of institutions of higher education (as defined in sec-
14	tion 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965
15	(20 U.S.C. 1001(a)), professional societies, and
16	other interested organizations and persons.
17	(d) Duties.—
18	(1) Recommendations report.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
20	days after the date on which the Secretary ap-
21	points the members of the advisory panel, the
22	advisory panel shall submit to the Secretary
23	and make available to the public a report that
24	contains recommendations regarding the man-
25	ner by which the Secretary may best achieve

1	the purposes and goals and consider the oppor-
2	tunities described in section 4(b).
3	(B) Requirements.—The report shall
4	provide recommendations based on the best
5	available science—
6	(i) for the size and scope of projects
7	needed to accomplish the goals and con-
8	sider the opportunities described in section
9	4(b);
10	(ii) for potential protocols that could
11	be used to efficiently identify trees older
12	than 150 years in carrying out experi-
13	mental ecological restoration projects
14	under section 8(b);
15	(iii) for increasing local capacity to
16	accomplish the goals and consider the op-
17	portunities described in section 4(b); and
18	(iv) for each relevant plant association
19	group—
20	(I) for protecting and restoring
21	terrestrial, aquatic, riparian, wildlife,
22	fish, vegetation, soil, carbon, and
23	other resources;
24	(II) for the types of activities
25	necessary and desirable to restore for-

1	est health and watershed health (in-
2	cluding thinning, prescribed, and nat-
3	ural fire, and other appropriate activi-
4	ties);
5	(III) for cases in which the cut-
6	ting or removal of trees described in
7	section 4(e)(1) would generally be
8	considered to be ecologically appro-
9	priate; and
10	(IV) for cases in which prohib-
11	iting the cutting or removal of trees
12	described in section $4(e)(2)$ would
13	generally be considered to be eco-
14	logically appropriate.
15	(C) Administration.—
16	(i) In general.—To the maximum
17	extent practicable, the advisory panel shall
18	achieve a consensus with respect to each
19	recommendation included in the report.
20	(ii) Inclusion of dissenting opin-
21	IONS.—If the advisory panel fails to
22	achieve a consensus with respect to any
23	recommendation included in the report, the
24	report shall include each dissenting opinion
25	relating to the recommendation.

1	(2) REVIEW REPORT.—Not later than 5 years
2	after the date on which the Secretary appoints the
3	members of the advisory panel, the advisory panel
4	shall submit to the Secretary and make available to
5	the public a report providing—
6	(A) a quantitative and qualitative assess-
7	ment of the status of, and changes to, forest
8	health and watershed health in the covered
9	area, including the resiliency, aquatic function
10	and plant composition, structure, and function
11	and
12	(B) an assessment of the implementation
13	of the recommendations made under paragraph
14	(1).
15	SEC. 7. ASSESSMENT AND STRATEGY.
16	(a) Eastside Landscape Forest Restoration
17	Assessment.—
18	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall prepare
19	an assessment of the covered area to be known as
20	the "Eastside Landscape Forest Restoration Assess-
21	ment".
22	(2) Requirements.—The restoration assess-
23	ment shall

1	(A) compile the best available scientific as-
2	sessments of, and relating to, the covered area
3	concerning—
4	(i) forest health and watershed health,
5	including measures necessary to restore
6	forest health and watershed health;
7	(ii) the road system, including—
8	(I) travel management; and
9	(II) the funding levels necessary
10	to maintain the road system;
11	(iii) the local infrastructure and work-
12	force capacity needs and the potential
13	value to the local economy resulting from
14	comprehensive forest restoration;
15	(iv) baseline ecological conditions in
16	the forests and watersheds;
17	(v) baseline economic conditions in the
18	communities;
19	(vi) the volume of biomass that—
20	(I) consists of slash, brush, and
21	any tree that does not exceed the min-
22	imum size standards for sawtimber;
23	and

1	(II) can be supplied consistent
2	with the goals and considering the op-
3	portunities described in section 4(b);
4	(vii) the volume of sawtimber that can
5	be supplied consistent with the goals and
6	considering the opportunities described in
7	section 4(b); and
8	(viii) methods to hydrologically and
9	ecologically restore land and water by—
10	(I) decommissioning unnecessary
11	and undesirable roads; and
12	(II) reducing the environmental
13	impact of necessary and desirable
14	roads; and
15	(B) to the extent practicable and using the
16	best available science, develop and provide the
17	information described in subparagraph (A) that
18	is not available in any existing assessment.
19	(3) Timing.—
20	(A) In general.—As soon as practicable
21	after the date on which the Secretary selects
22	the covered area, the Secretary shall make
23	available to the public the information required
24	under paragraph (2).

1	(B) Completion.—Not later than 2 years
2	after the date on which the Secretary selects
3	the covered area, the Secretary shall complete
4	the restoration assessment.
5	(4) Review and update.—The Secretary shall
6	periodically review and update the information com-
7	piled and developed under paragraph (2).
8	(b) Strategy.—
9	(1) In general.—Using the restoration assess-
10	ment, the Secretary shall develop a strategy to assist
11	in the development and implementation of projects
12	needed to accomplish the purposes of this Act.
13	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The strategy required
14	under paragraph (1) shall include—
15	(A) methods to identify and prioritize
16	areas within the covered area in which projects
17	would address the restoration needs and oppor-
18	tunities described in the restoration assessment;
19	(B) recommendations for possible projects
20	within the covered area, consistent with the pri-
21	orities described in section 8; and
22	(C) recommendations for improving the
23	commercial use of biomass and other byprod-
24	ucts of projects within the covered area.

1	(c) Public Availability.—The Secretary shall
2	make available to the public draft and final copies of the
3	restoration assessment and the strategy required by sub-
4	section (b).
5	SEC. 8. ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION PROJECTS.
6	(a) Ecological Restoration Projects.—
7	(1) In general.—As soon as practicable after
8	the date on which the Secretary selects the covered
9	area, the Secretary shall, considering the opportuni-
10	ties described in section 4(b)(2), implement ecologi-
11	cal restoration projects in the covered area to fur-
12	ther the goals described in section 4(b).
13	(2) Landscape-scale projects.—Subject to
14	the availability of appropriations in accordance with
15	section 11, the Secretary shall, to the maximum ex-
16	tent practicable, implement 1 or more ecological res-
17	toration projects for each National Forest in the
18	covered area that provide landscape-scale work with-
19	in a watershed area by the earlier of the date that
20	is—
21	(A) 1 year after the date of completion of
22	the restoration assessment; or
23	(B) 3 years after the date on which the
24	Secretary selects the covered area.

1	(3) Requirements.—In developing and imple-
2	menting ecological restoration projects under this
3	section, the Secretary shall consider—
4	(A) the best available science and data;
5	(B) the recommendations of the advisory
6	panel;
7	(C) the restoration needs and opportunities
8	described in the restoration assessment;
9	(D) the strategy developed under section
10	7(b); and
11	(E) the views of the relevant collaborative
12	groups.
13	(4) Net road reduction.—In developing eco-
14	logical restoration projects under this Act, the Sec-
15	retary shall examine opportunities for, and achieve,
16	a net reduction in the permanent road system to im-
17	prove forest and watershed health to the maximum
18	extent practicable.
19	(5) Prioritization.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
21	prioritize ecological restoration projects in the
22	covered area considering the requirements in
23	paragraph (3) and based on the degree to which
24	the ecological restoration projects would im-

1	prove forest health and watershed health, based
2	on—
3	(i) dry and moist forest plant associa-
4	tion groups; and
5	(ii) the need to sustain adequate levels
6	of industry infrastructure to accomplish
7	the goals described in section 4(b).
8	(B) Inclusions.—In carrying out this
9	section, the types of projects the Secretary shall
10	consider to be priority projects include projects
11	that—
12	(i) reduce the risk of, and increase the
13	resistance and resiliency of the land to,
14	uncharacteristic disturbances, particularly
15	if critical components or values are at risk,
16	including—
17	(I) communities located in the
18	wildland-urban interface (as defined
19	in section 101 of the Healthy Forests
20	Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C.
21	6511)); and
22	(II) valuable forest structures
23	(including old growth and older ma-
24	ture trees);

1	(ii) restore the structure and composi-
2	tion of forest stands at a high or moderate
3	departure from the historic range of varia-
4	bility;
5	(iii) accelerate the development of
6	complex forest structure in a young forest
7	that has been simplified through past man-
8	agement, such as by—
9	(I) creating spatial heterogeneity
10	(including the creation of skips and
11	gaps) using mechanical treatments to
12	create wildlife habitat; and
13	(II) retaining biological legacies
14	(including large standing, downed,
15	live, and dead trees);
16	(iv) assist in the implementation of
17	community wildfire protection plans devel-
18	oped by at-risk communities (as those
19	terms are defined in section 101 of the
20	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003
21	(16 U.S.C. 6511));
22	(v) use the value of merchantable
23	sawlogs and biomass to help offset the cost
24	of ecological restoration projects;

1	(vi) meet local and rural community
2	needs through a source that is selected on
3	a best-value basis; and
4	(vii) reduce the permanent road sys-
5	tem to improve forest health and water-
6	shed health.
7	(b) Experimental Ecological Restoration
8	Projects.—
9	(1) In general.—As soon as practicable after
10	final agency action, but not later than 5 years after
11	the date on which the Secretary selects the covered
12	area, the Secretary shall implement experimental ec-
13	ological restoration projects in the covered area that
14	are designed to use an age limitation that prohibits
15	the cutting or removal of any tree older than 150
16	years.
17	(2) Applicability of cutting limitation.—
18	The prohibitions described in section $4(e)(1)$ shall
19	not apply to any experimental ecological restoration
20	project carried out under this subsection.
21	(3) Protocol.—The Secretary shall establish a
22	protocol to efficiently identify trees older than 150
23	years in carrying out each experimental ecological
24	restoration project under this subsection, such as
25	by—

1	(A) sampling trees within forest stands; or
2	(B) establishing standards for determining
3	which forest stands contain trees older than
4	150 years.
5	(4) USE OF DATA.—The Secretary shall use
6	data from experimental ecological restoration
7	projects—
8	(A) to examine the feasibility of imple-
9	menting age limits at a broader scale; and
10	(B) to provide recommendations regarding
11	the manner by which future vegetation manage-
12	ment projects designed to protect trees older
13	than 150 years may be carried out more effi-
14	ciently.
15	(e) Review.—Each project carried out under this
16	section may be subject to—
17	(1) the predecisional administrative review proc-
18	ess established in part 218 of title 36, Code of Fed-
19	eral Regulations, except that the Secretary shall pro-
20	vide notice of, and distribute, a proposed decision
21	before or with the environmental assessment or final
22	environmental impact statement for any project sub-
23	ject to review under this paragraph; and

1	(2) subsections (b) and (c)(3) of section 106 of
2	the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
3	U.S.C. 6516).
4	SEC. 9. COLLABORATION.
5	(a) Collaborative Groups.—
6	(1) In general.—To assist in the development
7	of the restoration assessment and the projects need-
8	ed to accomplish the purposes of this Act in the cov-
9	ered area, the Secretary shall consult with, and con-
10	sider the recommendations of, any collaborative
11	group that meets the criteria described in paragraph
12	(2).
13	(2) Collaborative groups.—A collaborative
14	group under paragraph (1) means a group that—
15	(A) is interested in the implementation of
16	this Act;
17	(B) includes multiple individuals rep-
18	resenting diverse interests that include—
19	(i) environmental organizations;
20	(ii) timber and forest products indus-
21	try representatives; and
22	(iii) county governments;
23	(C) operates—
24	(i) in a transparent and nonexclusive
25	manner; and

1	(ii) by consensus or in accordance
2	with voting procedures to ensure a high de-
3	gree of agreement among participants and
4	across various interests; and
5	(D) requires a level of participation suffi-
6	cient to ensure that members of the collabo-
7	rative group are adequately informed before
8	each decision.
9	(b) Multiparty Monitoring.—The Secretary, in
10	consultation with the relevant collaborative groups, may
11	develop a multiparty monitoring plan for any vegetation
12	management project carried out under this Act.
13	SEC. 10. ADMINISTRATION.
13 14	SEC. 10. ADMINISTRATION.  (a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—
14	(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—
14 15	<ul><li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li><li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an</li></ul>
14 15 16	<ul><li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li><li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li></ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li> <li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li> <li>(2) any biological opinion, including any opinion</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li> <li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li> <li>(2) any biological opinion, including any opinion associated with the aquatic and riparian protection</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li> <li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li> <li>(2) any biological opinion, including any opinion associated with the aquatic and riparian protection requirements of applicable land and resource man-</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li> <li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li> <li>(2) any biological opinion, including any opinion associated with the aquatic and riparian protection requirements of applicable land and resource management plans.</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(a) Effect.—Nothing in this Act affects—</li> <li>(1) any right described in a treaty between an Indian tribe and the United States; or</li> <li>(2) any biological opinion, including any opinion associated with the aquatic and riparian protection requirements of applicable land and resource management plans.</li> <li>(b) Applicable Law.—Except as provided in section</li> </ul>

1	(1) Selection.—The Secretary shall select a
2	principal agency contact for the implementation of
3	this Act.
4	(2) Duties.—The principal agency contact
5	shall—
6	(A) serve as the point-of-contact for the
7	advisory panel;
8	(B) facilitate communications among—
9	(i) the advisory panel;
10	(ii) collaborative groups;
11	(iii) employees of the Forest Service;
12	and
13	(iv) any other stakeholders (including
14	the public).
15	(d) Reporting.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prepare
17	a report on the implementation of this Act—
18	(A) not later than 5 years after the date
19	on which the Secretary selects the covered area;
20	and
21	(B) 2 years before the date referred to in
22	subsection $(e)(1)$ .
23	(2) Contents.—The reports required under
24	subparagraph (A) shall, for each National Forest in

1	the covered area, assess the progress toward accom-
2	plishing—
3	(A) the purposes of this Act; and
4	(B) the performance goals established
5	under section 4(d).
6	(e) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—
7	(1) In general.—The authorities under this
8	Act shall terminate on the date that is 15 years
9	after the date of enactment of this Act.
10	(2) Effect.—Nothing in this subsection af-
11	fects a valid contract in effect on the date described
12	in paragraph (1).
13	SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
14	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), there
14 15	
15	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out
15 16	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.
15 16 17	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.  (b) LIMITATION.—
15 16 17 18	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.  (b) Limitation.—  (1) Other allocations.—Amounts expended
15 16 17 18 19	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.  (b) Limitation.—  (1) Other allocations.—Amounts expended to carry out this Act shall not reduce the allocations
15 16 17 18 19 20	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.  (b) Limitation.—  (1) Other allocations.—Amounts expended to carry out this Act shall not reduce the allocations of appropriated funds to the Secretary for use in—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	is authorized to be appropriated \$50,000,000 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.  (b) Limitation.—  (1) Other allocations.—Amounts expended to carry out this Act shall not reduce the allocations of appropriated funds to the Secretary for use in—  (A) other National Forests not included in

(2) REDUCTION.—The amount authorized to be 1 2 appropriated under subsection (a) shall be reduced 3 by any Federal funds allocated to, and expended by, 4 a National Forest in the covered area under the program established under section 4003 of the Omnibus 5 6 Public Land Management Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303) to implement a proposal under subsection (d) 7 of that section. 8

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