S. 1748

To amend the Truth in Lending Act and the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require additional disclosures and protections for students and cosigners with respect to student loans, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 20, 2011

Mr. Lautenberg introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

- To amend the Truth in Lending Act and the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require additional disclosures and protections for students and cosigners with respect to student loans, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.
 - 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Christopher Bryski Student Loan Protection Act" or
 - 6 "Christopher's Law".
 - 7 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- (1) No requirement exists for private educational lenders' promissory notes to include a clear and conspicuous description of the responsibilities of a borrower and cosigner in the event the borrower or cosigner becomes disabled, incapacitated, or dies.
 - (2) An estimated 1,700,000 people sustain a traumatic brain injury each year, with older adolescents aged 15 to 19 years old more likely to sustain a traumatic brain injury than other age groups.
 - (3) It has been estimated that the annual incidence of spinal cord injury, not including those who die at the scene of an accident, is approximately 40 cases per 1,000,000 people in the United States or approximately 12,000 new cases each year. These injuries can lead to permanent disability or loss of movement and can prohibit the victim from engaging in any substantial gainful activity.
 - (4) In the 2007–2008 academic year, 13 percent of students attending a 4-year public institution of higher education, and 26.2 percent of students attending a 4-year private institution of higher education, borrowed monies from private educational lenders.
 - (5) According to Sallie Mae, in 2009, the percentage of cosigned private education loans in-

- 1 creased from 66 percent to 84 percent of all private
- education loans.

3 SEC. 2. ADDITIONAL STUDENT LOAN PROTECTIONS.

- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 140 of the Truth in Lend-
- 5 ing Act (15 U.S.C. 1650) is amended by adding at the
- 6 end the following:

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- 7 "(g) Additional Protections Relating to
- 8 Death or Disability of Borrower or Cosigner of

"(1) CLEAR AND CONSPICUOUS DESCRIPTION

- 9 A PRIVATE EDUCATION LOAN.—
- 11 OF COSIGNER'S OBLIGATION.—In the case of any 12 private educational lender who extends a private 13 education loan for which any cosigner is jointly lia-14 ble, the lender shall clearly and conspicuously de-15 scribe, in writing, the cosigner's obligations with re-16 spect to the loan, including the effect the death, dis-17 ability, or inability to engage in any substantial 18 gainful activity of the borrower or any cosigner

"(2) Model form.—The Bureau shall publish a model form under section 105 for describing a cosigner's obligation for purposes of paragraph (1).

would have on any such obligation, in language that

the Bureau determines would give a reasonable per-

son a reasonable understanding of the obligation

being assumed by becoming a cosigner for the loan.

1	"(3) Definition of Death, disability, or
2	INABILITY TO ENGAGE IN ANY SUBSTANTIAL GAIN-
3	FUL ACTIVITY.—For the purposes of this subsection
4	with respect to a borrower or cosigner, the term
5	'death, disability, or inability to engage in any sub-
6	stantial gainful activity'—
7	"(A) means any condition described in sec-
8	tion 437(a) of the Higher Education Act of
9	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087(a)); and
10	"(B) shall be interpreted by the Bureau in
11	such a manner as to conform with the regula-
12	tions prescribed by the Secretary of Education
13	under section 437(a) of such Act (20 U.S.C.
14	1087(a)) to the fullest extent practicable, in-
15	cluding safeguards to prevent fraud and
16	abuse.".
17	(b) Definitions.—Section 140(a) of the Truth in
18	Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1650(a)) is amended—
19	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
20	(8) as paragraphs (2) through (9), respectively; and
21	(2) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as redes-
22	ignated by paragraph (1)) the following:
23	"(1) the term 'cosigner'—
24	"(A) means any individual who is liable for
25	the obligation of another without compensation.

regardless of how designated in the contract or instrument;

"(B) includes any person whose signature is requested as condition to grant credit or to forbear on collection; and

"(C) does not include a spouse of an individual referred to in subparagraph (A) whose signature is needed to perfect the security interest in the loan;".

10 SEC. 3. FEDERAL STUDENT LOANS.

Section 485(l)(2) of the Higher Education Act of 12 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1092(l)(2)) is amended by adding at the 13 end the following:

"(L) Information on the conditions required to discharge the loan due to the death, disability, or inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity of the borrower in accordance with section 437(a), and an explanation that, in the case of a private education loan made through a private educational lender (as such terms are defined in section 140 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1650)), the borrower, the borrower's estate, and any cosigner of such a private education loan may be obligated to repay the full amount of the loan,

regardless of the death or disability of the borrower or any other condition described in section 437(a).".

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