S. 1606

To reform the process by which Federal agencies analyze and formulate new regulations and guidance documents.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 22, 2011

Mr. PORTMAN (for himself, Mr. PRYOR, and Ms. COLLINS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

A BILL

To reform the process by which Federal agencies analyze and formulate new regulations and guidance documents.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Regulatory Account-
- 5 ability Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 Section 551 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
- 8 ed—
- 9 (1) in paragraph (13), by striking "and" at the
- 10 end;

1	(2) in paragraph (14), by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(15) 'guidance' means an agency statement of
5	general applicability and future effect, other than a
6	regulatory action, that sets forth a policy on a statu-
7	tory, regulatory or technical issue or an interpreta-
8	tion of a statutory or regulatory issue;
9	"(16) 'high-impact rule' means any rule that
10	the Administrator of the Office of Information and
11	Regulatory Affairs determines is likely to impose an
12	annual cost on the economy of \$1,000,000,000 or
13	more, adjusted annually for inflation;
14	"(17) 'Information Quality Act' means section
15	515 of Public Law 106–554, the Treasury and Gen-
16	eral Government Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year
17	2001, and guidelines issued by the Administrator of
18	the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs or
19	other agencies under that Act;
20	"(18) 'major guidance' means guidance that the
21	Administrator of the Office of Information and Reg-
22	ulatory Affairs finds is likely to lead to—
23	"(A) an annual cost on the economy of
24	\$100,000,000 or more, adjusted annually for
25	inflation;

1	"(B) a major increase in costs or prices for
2	consumers, individual industries, Federal,
3	State, local or tribal government agencies, or
4	geographic regions; or
5	"(C) significant adverse effects on competi-
6	tion, employment, investment, productivity, in-
7	novation, or on the ability of United States-
8	based enterprises to compete with foreign-based
9	enterprises in domestic and export markets;
10	"(19) 'major rule' means any rule that the Ad-
11	ministrator of the Office of Information and Regu-
12	latory Affairs determines is likely to impose—
13	"(A) an annual cost on the economy of
14	\$100,000,000 or more, adjusted annually for
15	inflation;
16	"(B) a major increase in costs or prices for
17	consumers, individual industries, Federal,
18	State, local, or tribal government agencies, or
19	geographic regions; or
20	"(C) significant adverse effects on competi-
21	tion, employment, investment, productivity, in-
22	novation, or on the ability of United States-
23	based enterprises to compete with foreign-based
24	enterprises in domestic and export markets; and

1	"(20) 'Office of Information and Regulatory Af-
2	fairs' means the office established under section
3	3503 of chapter 35 of title 44 and any successor to
4	that office.".
5	SEC. 3. RULEMAKING.
6	(a) Section 553(a) of title 5, United States Code, is
7	amended by striking "(a) This section applies" and insert-
8	ing "(a) Applicability.—This section applies".
9	(b) Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is
10	amended by striking subsections (b) through (e) and in-
11	serting the following:
12	"(b) Rule Making Considerations.—In a rule
13	making, an agency shall make all preliminary and final
14	determinations based on evidence and consider, in addition
15	to other applicable considerations, the following:
16	"(1) The legal authority under which a rule
17	may be proposed, including whether a rule making
18	is required by statute, and if so, whether by a spe-
19	cific date, or whether the agency has discretion to
20	commence a rule making.
21	"(2) Other statutory considerations applicable
22	to whether the agency can or should propose a rule
23	or undertake other agency action.
24	"(3) The specific nature and significance of the
25	problem the agency may address with a rule (includ-

1	ing the degree and nature of risks the problem poses
2	and the priority of addressing those risks compared
3	to other matters or activities within the jurisdiction
4	of the agency), whether the problem warrants new
5	agency action, and the countervailing risks that may
6	be posed by alternatives for new agency action.
7	"(4) Whether existing rules have created or
8	contributed to the problem the agency may address
9	with a rule and whether those rules could be amend-
10	ed or rescinded to address the problem in whole or
11	part.
12	"(5) Any reasonable alternatives for a new rule
13	or other response identified by the agency or inter-
14	ested persons, including not only responses that
15	mandate particular conduct or manners of compli-
16	ance, but also—
17	"(A) the alternative of no Federal re-
18	sponse;
19	"(B) amending or rescinding existing
20	rules;
21	"(C) potential regional, State, local, or
22	tribal regulatory action or other responses that
23	could be taken instead of agency action; and
24	"(D) potential responses that—

1	"(i) specify performance objectives
2	rather than conduct or manners of compli-
3	ance;
4	"(ii) establish economic incentives to
5	encourage desired behavior;
6	"(iii) provide information upon which
7	choices can be made by the public; or
8	"(iv) incorporate other innovative al-
9	ternatives rather than agency actions that
10	specify conduct or manners of compliance.
11	"(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of
12	law—
13	"(A) the potential costs and benefits asso-
14	ciated with potential alternative rules and other
15	responses considered under paragraph (5), in-
16	cluding direct, indirect, and cumulative costs
17	and benefits and estimated impacts on jobs,
18	economic growth, innovation, and economic
19	competitiveness;
20	"(B) the means to increase the cost-effec-
21	tiveness of any Federal response; and
22	"(C) incentives for innovation, consistency,
23	predictability, lower costs of enforcement and
24	compliance (to government entities, regulated
25	entities, and the public), and flexibility.

1	"(c) Advance Notice of Proposed Rule Making
2	FOR MAJOR RULES AND HIGH-IMPACT RULES.—
3	"(1) In the case of a rule making for a major
4	rule or high-impact rule, not later than 90 days be-
5	fore a notice of proposed rule making is published
6	in the Federal Register, an agency shall publish ad-
7	vance notice of proposed rule making in the Federal
8	Register.
9	"(2) In publishing advance notice under para-
10	graph (1), the agency shall—
11	"(A) include a written statement identi-
12	fying, at a minimum—
13	"(i) the nature and significance of the
14	problem the agency may address with a
15	rule, including data and other evidence and
16	information on which the agency expects to
17	rely for the proposed rule;
18	"(ii) the legal authority under which a
19	rule may be proposed, including whether a
20	rule making is required by statute, and if
21	so, whether by a specific date, or whether
22	the agency has discretion to commence a
23	rule making; and

1	"(iii) preliminary information avail-
2	able to the agency concerning the other
3	considerations specified in subsection (b);
4	"(B) solicit written data, views or argu-
5	ments from interested persons concerning the
6	information and issues addressed in the ad-
7	vance notice; and
8	"(C) provide for a period of not fewer than
9	60 days for interested persons to submit such
10	written data, views, or arguments to the agen-
11	cy.
12	"(d) Notices of Proposed Rule Making; Deter-
13	MINATIONS OF OTHER AGENCY COURSE.—Following com-
14	pletion of procedures under subsection (c), if applicable,
15	and consultation with the Administrator of the Office of
16	Information and Regulatory Affairs, the agency shall pub-
17	lish either a notice of proposed rule making or a deter-
18	mination of other agency course, in accordance with the
19	following:
20	"(1) A notice of proposed rule making shall in-
21	clude—
22	"(A) a statement of the time, place, and
23	nature of public rule making proceedings;
24	"(B) reference to the legal authority under
25	which the rule is proposed:

1	"(C) the terms of the proposed rule;
2	"(D) a description of information known to
3	the agency on the subject and issues of the pro-
4	posed rule, including—
5	"(i) a summary of information known
6	to the agency concerning the consider-
7	ations specified in subsection (b);
8	"(ii) a summary of additional infor-
9	mation the agency provided to and ob-
10	tained from interested persons under sub-
11	section (c); and
12	"(iii) information specifically identi-
13	fying all data, studies, models, and other
14	evidence or information considered or used
15	by the agency in connection with the deter-
16	mination by the agency to propose the
17	rule;
18	"(E)(i) a reasoned preliminary determina-
19	tion of need for the rule based on the informa-
20	tion described under subparagraph (D); and
21	"(ii) an additional statement of whether a
22	rule is required by statute;
23	"(F) a reasoned preliminary determination
24	that the benefits of the proposed rule meet the
25	relevant statutory objectives and justify the

1	costs of the proposed rule, including all costs to
2	be considered under subsection (b)(6), based on
3	the information described under subparagraph
4	(D);
5	"(G) a discussion of—
6	"(i) the alternatives to the proposed
7	rule, and other alternative responses, con-
8	sidered by the agency under subsection (b)
9	"(ii) the costs and benefits of those
10	alternatives, including all costs to be con-
11	sidered under subsection (b)(6);
12	"(iii) whether those alternatives meet
13	relevant statutory objectives; and
14	"(iv) why the agency did not propose
15	any of those alternatives; and
16	"(H)(i) a statement of whether existing
17	rules have created or contributed to the prob-
18	lem the agency seeks to address with the pro-
19	posed rule; and
20	"(ii) if so, whether or not the agency pro-
21	poses to amend or rescind any such rules, and
22	why.
23	All information considered by the agency, and ac-
24	tions to obtain information by the agency, in connec-
25	tion with its determination to propose the rule, in-

cluding all information described by the agency under subparagraph (D) and, at the discretion of the President or the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, information provided by that Office in consultations with the agency, shall be placed in the docket for the proposed rule and made accessible to the public for the public's use when the notice of proposed rule making is published.

"(2)(A) A notice of determination of other agency course shall include a description of the alternative response the agency determined to adopt.

"(B) If in its determination of other agency course the agency makes a determination to amend or rescind an existing rule, the agency need not undertake additional proceedings under subsection (c) before the agency publishes a notice of proposed rule making to amend or rescind the existing rule.

All information considered by the agency, and actions to obtain information by the agency, in connection with its determination of other agency course, including the information specified under paragraph (1)(D) and, at the discretion of the President or the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, information provided by that Office

in consultations with the agency, shall be placed in the docket for the determination and made accessible to the public for the public's use when the notice of determination is published.

"(3) After notice of proposed rule making required by this section, the agency shall provide interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making through submission of written data, views, or arguments with or without opportunity for oral presentation, except that—

"(A) if a hearing is required under paragraph (4)(B) or subsection (e), reasonable opportunity for oral presentation shall be provided under that requirement; or

"(B) when other than under subsection (e) rules are required by statute or at the discretion of the agency to be made on the record after opportunity for an agency hearing, sections 556 and 557 shall apply, and paragraph (4), requirements of subsection (e) to receive comment outside of the procedures of sections 556 and 557, and the petition procedures of subsection (e)(6) shall not apply.

The agency shall provide not fewer than 90 days for interested persons to submit written data, views, or

arguments (or 120 days in the case of a proposed major rule or high-impact rule).

"(4)(A) Within 30 days after publication of notice of proposed rule making, a member of the public may petition for a hearing in accordance with section 556 to determine whether any evidence or other information upon which the agency bases the proposed rule fails to comply with of the Information Quality Act.

"(B)(i) The agency may, upon review of the petition, determine without further process to exclude from the rule making the evidence or other information that is the subject of the petition and, if appropriate, withdraw the proposed rule. The agency shall promptly publish any such determination.

"(ii) If the agency does not resolve the petition under the procedures of clause (i), it shall grant any such petition that presents a prima facie case that evidence or other information upon which the agency bases the proposed rule fails to comply with the Information Quality Act, hold the requested hearing not later than 30 days after receipt of the petition, provide for a reasonable opportunity for cross-examination at the hearing, and decide the issues presented by the petition not later than 60 days after

- receipt of the petition. The agency may deny any petition that it determines does not present such a
- 3 prima facie case.
- "(C) There shall be no judicial review of the agency's disposition of issues considered and decided or determined under subparagraph (B)(ii) until judicial review of the agency's final action. There shall be no judicial review of an agency's determination to withdraw a proposed rule under subparagraph (B)(i).
- "(D) Failure to petition for a hearing under this paragraph shall not preclude judicial review of any claim based on the Information Quality Act under chapter 7 of this title.
- 15 "(e) Hearings for High-Impact Rules.—Following notice of a proposed rule making, receipt of com-16 17 ments on the proposed rule, and any hearing held under 18 subsection (d)(4), and before adoption of any high-impact 19 rule, the agency shall hold a hearing in accordance with 20 sections 556 and 557, unless such hearing is waived by 21 all participants in the rule making other than the agency. 22 The agency shall provide a reasonable opportunity for

cross-examination at such hearing. The hearing shall be

limited to the following issues of fact, except that partici-

- 1 pants at the hearing other than the agency may waive de-
- 2 termination of any such issue:

- 3 "(1) Whether the agency's asserted factual 4 predicate for the rule is supported by the evidence.
 - "(2) Whether there is an alternative to the proposed rule that would achieve the relevant statutory objectives at a lower cost (including all costs to be considered under subsection (b)(6)) than the proposed rule.
 - "(3) If there is more than one alternative to the proposed rule that would achieve the relevant statutory objectives at a lower cost than the proposed rule, which alternative would achieve the relevant statutory objectives at the lowest cost.
 - "(4) If the agency proposes to adopt a rule that is more costly than the least costly alternative that would achieve the relevant statutory objectives (including all costs to be considered under subsection (b)(6)), whether the additional benefits of the more costly rule exceed the additional costs of the more costly rule.
 - "(5) Whether the evidence and other information upon which the agency bases the proposed rule meets the requirements of the Information Quality Act.

1 "(6) Upon petition by an interested person who 2 has participated in the rule making, other issues rel-3 evant to the rule making, unless the agency deter-4 mines that consideration of the issues at the hearing 5 would not advance consideration of the rule or 6 would, in light of the nature of the need for agency 7 action, unreasonably delay completion of the rule 8 making. An agency shall grant or deny a petition 9 under this paragraph within 30 days after the re-10 ceipt of the petition. 11 No later than 45 days before any hearing held under 12 this subsection or sections 556 and 557, the agency 13 shall publish in the Federal Register a notice speci-14 fying the proposed rule to be considered at such 15 hearing, the issues to be considered at the hearing, 16 and the time and place for such hearing, except that 17 such notice may be issued not later than 15 days be-18 fore a hearing held under subsection (d)(4)(B). 19 "(f) FINAL RULES.—(1) The agency shall adopt a rule only following consultation with the Administrator of 20 21 the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs to facili-22 tate compliance with applicable rule making requirements. 23 "(2) The agency shall adopt a rule only on the basis

of the best reasonably obtainable scientific, technical, eco-

- 1 nomic, and other evidence and information concerning the2 need for and consequences of the rule.
- 3 "(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the
- 4 agency shall adopt the least costly rule considered during
- 5 the rule making (including all costs to be considered under
- 6 subsection (b)(6)) that meets relevant statutory objectives.
- 7 "(B) The agency may adopt a rule that is more costly
- 8 than the least costly alternative that would achieve the rel-
- 9 evant statutory objectives only if—
- "(i) the additional benefits of the more costly
 rule justify its additional costs; and
- 12 "(ii) the agency explains its reason for doing so
- based on interests of public health, safety or welfare
- 14 (including protection of the environment) that are
- 15 clearly within the scope of the statutory provision
- authorizing the rule.
- 17 "(4) When the agency adopts a final rule, the agency
- 18 shall publish a notice of final rule making. The notice shall
- 19 include—
- 20 "(A) a concise, general statement of the rule's
- 21 basis and purpose;
- 22 "(B) the agency's reasoned final determination
- of need for a rule to address the problem the agency
- seeks to address with the rule, including a statement
- of whether a rule is required by statute.

1	"(C) the agency's reasoned final determination
2	that the benefits of the rule meet the relevant statu-
3	tory objectives and justify the rule's costs (including
4	all costs to be considered under subsection (b)(6));
5	"(D) the agency's reasoned final determination
6	not to adopt any of the alternatives to the proposed
7	rule considered by the agency during the rule mak-
8	ing, including—
9	"(i) the agency's reasoned final determina-
10	tion that no alternative considered achieved the
11	relevant statutory objectives with lower costs
12	(including costs to be considered under sub-
13	section (b)(6)) than the rule; or
14	"(ii) the agency's reasoned final determina-
15	tion that its adoption of a more costly rule com-
16	plies with paragraph (3)(B);
17	"(E) the agency's reasoned final determina-
18	tion—
19	"(i) that existing rules have not created or
20	contributed to the problem the agency seeks to
21	address with the rule; or
22	"(ii) that existing rules have created or
23	contributed to the problem the agency seeks to
24	address with the rule, and, if so—

1	"(I) why amendment or rescission of
2	such existing rules is not alone sufficient
3	to respond to the problem; and
4	"(II) whether and how the agency in-
5	tends to amend or rescind the existing rule
6	separate from adoption of the rule;
7	"(F) the agency's reasoned final determination
8	that the evidence and other information upon which
9	the agency bases the rule complies with of the Infor-
10	mation Quality Act; and
11	"(G)(i) for any major rule or high-impact rule,
12	the agency's plan for review of the rule no less fre-
13	quently than every ten years to determine whether,
14	based upon evidence, there remains a need for the
15	rule, whether the rule is in fact achieving statutory
16	objectives, whether the rule's benefits continue to
17	justify its costs, and whether the rule can be modi-
18	fied or rescinded to reduce costs while continuing to
19	achieve statutory objectives.
20	"(ii) review of a rule under a plan required by
21	clause (i) of this subparagraph shall take into ac-
22	count the factors and criteria set forth in sub-
23	sections (b) through (e) and this subsection.
24	All information considered by the agency in connec-
25	tion with its adoption of the rule, and, at the discre-

- 1 tion of the President or the Administrator of the Of-
- 2 fice of Information and Regulatory Affairs, informa-
- 3 tion provided by that Office in consultations with the
- 4 agency, shall be placed in the docket for the rule and
- 5 made accessible to the public for the public's use not
- 6 later than the date on which the rule is adopted.
- 7 "(g) Exceptions From Notice and Hearing Re-
- 8 QUIREMENTS.—(1) Except when notice or hearing is re-
- 9 quired by statute, subsections (c) through (e) of this sec-
- 10 tion do not apply to interpretive rules, general statements
- 11 of policy, or rules of agency organization, procedure, or
- 12 practice.
- "(2)(A) When the agency for good cause, based upon
- 14 evidence, finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief
- 15 statement of reasons therefor in the rules issued) that
- 16 compliance with subsection (c), (d), or (e) or requirements
- 17 to render final determinations under subsection (f) of this
- 18 section before the issuance of an interim rule is impracti-
- 19 cable or contrary to the public interest, including interests
- 20 of national security, such subsections or requirements to
- 21 render final determinations shall not apply to the agency's
- 22 adoption of an interim rule.
- "(B) If, following compliance with subparagraph (A)
- 24 of this paragraph, the agency adopts an interim rule, it
- 25 shall commence proceedings that comply fully with sub-

- 1 sections (c) through (f) of this section immediately upon
- 2 publication of the interim rule. No less than 270 days
- 3 from publication of the interim rule (or 18 months in the
- 4 case of a major rule or high-impact rule), the agency shall
- 5 complete rule making under subsections (c) through (f)
- 6 of this subsection and take final action to adopt a final
- 7 rule or rescind the interim rule. If the agency fails to take
- 8 timely final action, the interim rule shall cease to have
- 9 the effect of law.
- 10 "(C) Other than in cases involving interests of na-
- 11 tional security, upon the agency's publication of an interim
- 12 rule without compliance with subsections (c), (d), or (e)
- 13 or requirements to render final determinations under sub-
- 14 section (f) of this section, an interested party may seek
- 15 immediate judicial review under chapter 7 of this title of
- 16 the agency's determination to adopt such interim rule. The
- 17 record on such review shall include all documents and in-
- 18 formation considered by the agency and any additional in-
- 19 formation presented by a party that the court determines
- 20 necessary to consider to assure justice.
- 21 "(h) Additional Requirements for Hearings.—
- 22 When a hearing is required under subsection (e) or is oth-
- 23 erwise required by statute or at the agency's discretion
- 24 before adoption of a rule, the agency shall comply with
- 25 the requirements of sections 556 and 557 in addition to

- 1 the requirements of subsection (f) in adopting the rule and
- 2 in providing notice of the rule's adoption.
- 3 "(i) Date of Publication of Rule.—The required
- 4 publication or service of a substantive final or interim rule
- 5 shall be made not less than 30 days before the effective
- 6 date of the rule, except—
- 7 "(1) a substantive rule which grants or recog-
- 8 nizes an exemption or relieves a restriction;
- 9 "(2) interpretive rules and statements of policy;
- 10 or
- 11 "(3) as otherwise provided by the agency for
- good cause found and published with the rule.
- 13 "(j) RIGHT TO PETITION.—Each agency shall give
- 14 an interested person the right to petition for the issuance,
- 15 amendment, or repeal of a rule.
- 16 "(k) Rule Making Guidelines.—(1)(A) The Ad-
- 17 ministrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory
- 18 Affairs shall have authority to establish guidelines for the
- 19 assessment, including quantitative and qualitative assess-
- 20 ment, of the costs and benefits of potential, proposed, and
- 21 final rules and other economic issues or issues related to
- 22 risk that are relevant to rule making under this section
- 23 and other sections of this title. The rigor of cost-benefit
- 24 analysis required by such guidelines shall be commensu-

- 1 rate, in the Administrator's determination, with the eco-
- 2 nomic impact of the rule.
- 3 "(B) To ensure that agencies use the best available
- 4 techniques to quantify and evaluate anticipated present
- 5 and future benefits, costs, other economic issues, and risks
- 6 as accurately as possible, the Administrator of the Office
- 7 of Information and Regulatory Affairs shall regularly up-
- 8 date guidelines established under subparagraph (A).
- 9 "(2) The Administrator of the Office of Information
- 10 and Regulatory Affairs shall also have authority to issue
- 11 guidelines to promote coordination, simplification and har-
- 12 monization of agency rules during the rule making process
- 13 and otherwise. Such guidelines shall assure that each
- 14 agency avoids regulations that are inconsistent or incom-
- 15 patible with, or duplicative of, its other regulations and
- 16 those of other Federal agencies and drafts its regulations
- 17 to be simple and easy to understand, with the goal of mini-
- 18 mizing the potential for uncertainty and litigation arising
- 19 from such uncertainty.
- 20 "(3)(A) To ensure consistency in Federal rule mak-
- 21 ing, the Administrator of the Office of Information and
- 22 Regulatory Affairs shall—
- 23 "(i) issue guidelines and otherwise take action
- 24 to ensure that rule makings conducted in whole or
- in part under procedures specified in provisions of

- 1 law other than those under this subchapter conform
- 2 to the fullest extent allowed by law with the proce-
- dures set forth in this section; and
- 4 "(ii) issue guidelines for the conduct of hear-
- 5 ings under subsections (d)(4) and (e), including to
- 6 assure a reasonable opportunity for cross-examina-
- 7 tion.
- 8 "(B) Each agency shall adopt regulations for the con-
- 9 duct of hearings consistent with the guidelines issued
- 10 under this subparagraph.
- 11 "(4) The Administrator of the Office of Information
- 12 and Regulatory Affairs shall issue guidelines under the In-
- 13 formation Quality Act to apply in rule making proceedings
- 14 under this section and sections 556 and 557. In all cases,
- 15 the guidelines, and the Administrator's specific determina-
- 16 tions regarding agency compliance with the guidelines,
- 17 shall be entitled to judicial deference.
- 18 "(1) Record.—The agency shall include in the record
- 19 for a rule making all documents and information consid-
- 20 ered by the agency during the proceeding, including, at
- 21 the discretion of the President or the Administrator of the
- 22 Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, documents
- 23 and information communicated by that Office during con-
- 24 sultation with the agency.

1	"(m) Exemption for Monetary Policy.—Noth-
2	ing in subsections (b)(6), (d)(1) (F) through (G), (e), or
3	(f)(3) or (4) (C) through (D) shall apply to rule makings
4	that concern monetary policy proposed or implemented by
5	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
6	or the Federal Open Market Committee.".
7	SEC. 4. AGENCY GUIDANCE; PROCEDURES TO ISSUE MAJOR
8	GUIDANCE; PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY TO
9	ISSUE GUIDELINES FOR ISSUANCE OF GUID-
10	ANCE.
11	(a) In General.—Chapter 5 of title 5, United
12	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 553 the
13	following new section:
14	"§ 553a. Agency guidance; procedures to issue major
15	guidance; authority to issue guidelines
16	for issuance of guidance
17	"(a) Before issuing any major guidance, an agency
18	shall—
19	"(1) make and document a reasoned determina-
20	tion that—
21	"(A) assures that such guidance is under-
22	standable and complies with relevant statutory
23	objectives and regulatory provisions;
24	"(B) identifies the costs and benefits (in-
25	cluding all costs to be considered during the

rule making under section 553(b) of this title)

of conduct conforming to such guidance and

assures that such benefits justify such costs;

and

"(C) describes alternatives to such guidance and their costs and benefits (including all costs to be considered during rule making under section 553(b) of this title) and explains why the agency rejected those alternatives; and "(2) confer with the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs on the issuance of such guidance to assure that the guidance is reasonable, understandable, consistent with relevant statutory and regulatory provisions and requirements or practices of other agencies, does not produce costs that are unjustified by the guidance's benefits, and is otherwise appropriate.

"(b) AGENCY GUIDANCE.—

- "(1) is not legally binding and may not be relied upon by an agency as legal grounds for agency action;
- 22 "(2) shall state in a plain, prominent and per-23 manent manner that it is not legally binding; and

1	"(3) shall, at the time it is issued or upon re-
2	quest, be made available by the issuing agency to in-
3	terested persons and the public.
4	"(c) The Administrator of the Office of Information
5	and Regulatory Affairs shall have authority to issue guide-
6	lines for use by the agencies in the issuance of major guid-
7	ance and other guidance. Such guidelines shall assure that
8	each agency avoids issuing guidance documents that are
9	inconsistent or incompatible with, or duplicative of, its
10	other regulations and those of other Federal agencies and
11	drafts its guidance documents to be simple and easy to
12	understand, with the goal of minimizing the potential for
13	uncertainty and litigation arising from such uncertainty.".
14	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
15	The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 5, United States
16	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
17	section 553 the following:
	"553a. Agency guidance; procedures to issue major guidance; presidential authority to issue guidelines for issuance of guidance.".
18	SEC. 5. HEARINGS; PRESIDING EMPLOYEES; POWERS AND
19	DUTIES; BURDEN OF PROOF; EVIDENCE;
20	RECORD AS BASIS OF DECISION.
21	Section 556 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
22	ed by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

"(e)(1) The transcript of testimony and exhibits, to-

24 gether with all papers and requests filed in the proceeding,

- 1 constitutes the exclusive record for decision in accordance
- 2 with section 557 and, on payment of lawfully prescribed
- 3 costs, shall be made available to the parties. When an
- 4 agency decision rests on official notice of a material fact
- 5 not appearing in the evidence in the record, a party is
- 6 entitled, on timely request, to an opportunity to show the
- 7 contrary.
- 8 "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this sub-
- 9 section, in a proceeding held under this section under sec-
- 10 tion 553(d)(4) or 553(e), the record for decision shall in-
- 11 clude any information that is part of the record of pro-
- 12 ceedings under section 553.
- 13 "(f) When an agency conducts rule making under this
- 14 section and section 557 directly after concluding pro-
- 15 ceedings upon an advance notice of proposed rule making
- 16 under section 553(c), the matters to be considered and
- 17 determinations to be made shall include, among other rel-
- 18 evant matters and determinations, the matters and deter-
- 19 minations described in subsections (b) and (f) of section
- 20 553.
- 21 "(g)(1) Upon receipt of a petition for a hearing under
- 22 this section, the agency shall grant the petition in the case
- 23 of any major rule, unless the agency reasonably deter-
- 24 mines that a hearing would not advance consideration of
- 25 the rule or would, in light of the need for agency action,

- 1 unreasonably delay completion of the rule making. The
- 2 agency shall publish its decision to grant or deny the peti-
- 3 tion when it renders the decision, including an explanation
- 4 of the grounds for decision. The information contained in
- 5 the petition shall in all cases be included in the adminis-
- 6 trative record.
- 7 "(2) This subsection shall not apply to rule makings
- 8 that concern monetary policy proposed or implemented by
- 9 the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 10 or the Federal Open Market Committee.".

11 SEC. 6. ACTIONS REVIEWABLE.

- 12 Section 704 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
- 13 ed—
- 14 (1) by striking "Agency action made" and in-
- serting "(a) Agency action made"; and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(b)(1) Except as provided under paragraph (2) and
- 18 notwithstanding subsection (a), upon the agency's publica-
- 19 tion of an interim rule without compliance with section
- 20 553 (c), (d), or (e) or requirements to render final deter-
- 21 minations under subsection (f) of section 553, an inter-
- 22 ested party may seek immediate judicial review under this
- 23 chapter of the agency's determination to adopt such rule
- 24 on an interim basis. Review shall be limited to whether
- 25 the agency abused its discretion to adopt the interim rule

- 1 without compliance with section 553 (c), (d), or (e) or
- 2 without rendering final determinations under subsection
- 3 (f) of section 553.
- 4 "(2) This subsection shall not apply in cases involving
- 5 interests of national security.
- 6 "(c) For rules other than major rules and high-im-
- 7 pact rules, compliance with sections 553(b)(6), (d)(1) (F)
- 8 through (G), and (f)(3) and (4) (C) through (D) shall not
- 9 be subject to judicial review. In all cases, the determina-
- 10 tion that a rule is not a major rule within the meaning
- 11 of section 551(19)(A) or a high-impact rule shall be sub-
- 12 ject to judicial review under section 706(a)(2)(A).
- 13 "(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 14 limit judicial review of an agency's consideration of costs
- 15 or benefits as a mandatory or discretionary factor under
- 16 the statute authorizing the rule or any other applicable
- 17 statute.".
- 18 SEC. 7. SCOPE OF REVIEW.
- 19 Section 706 of title 5, United States Code is amend-
- 20 ed—
- 21 (1) by striking "To the extent necessary" and
- inserting "(a) To the extent necessary";
- 23 (2) in paragraph (2)(A) of subsection (a) (as
- redesignated by paragraph (1) of this section), by in-
- 25 serting after "in accordance with law" the following:

1 "(including the Information Quality Act as defined 2 under section 551(17))"; and 3 (3) by adding at the end the following: "(b) The court shall not defer to the agency's— 4 "(1) interpretation of an agency rule if the 6 agency did not comply with the procedures of section 7 553 or sections 556 and 557 to issue the interpreta-8 tion; 9 "(2) determination of the costs and benefits or 10 other economic or risk assessment of the regulatory 11 action, if the agency failed to conform to guidelines 12 on such determinations and assessments established 13 by the Administrator of the Office of Information 14 and Regulatory Affairs under section 553(k); or 15 "(3) determinations under interlocutory review 16 under sections 553(g)(2)(C) and 704(2). 17 "(c) The court shall review agency denials of petitions 18 under section 553(e)(6) or any other petition for a hearing 19 under sections 556 and 557 for abuse of agency discre-20 tion.". 21 SEC. 8. ADDED DEFINITION. 22 Section 701(b) of title 5, United States Code, is 23 amended— 24 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and";

1	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
2	the end, and inserting "; and"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(3) 'substantial evidence' means such relevant
5	evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as ade-
6	quate to support a conclusion in light of the record
7	considered as a whole, taking into account whatever
8	in the record fairly detracts from the weight of the
9	evidence relied upon by the agency to support its de-
10	cision.".
11	SEC. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	The amendments made by this Act to—
13	(1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5,
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13	(1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5,
13 14	(1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5, United States Code;
131415	(1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5,United States Code;(2) subsection (b) of section 701 of that title;
13 14 15 16	 (1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5, United States Code; (2) subsection (b) of section 701 of that title; (3) paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 706(b) of
13 14 15 16 17	 (1) sections 553, 556, and 704 of title 5, United States Code; (2) subsection (b) of section 701 of that title; (3) paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 706(b) of that title; and

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