S. 1248

To prohibit the consideration of any bill by Congress unless the authority provided by the Constitution of the United States for the legislation can be determined and is clearly specified.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 22, 2011

Mr. Coburn (for himself, Mr. Paul, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Burr, Mr. Corker, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Demint, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Graham, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Hatch, Mrs. Hutchison, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Johnson of Wisconsin, Mr. Kyl, Mr. Lee, Mr. McCain, Mr. Risch, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Thune, Mr. Vitter, and Mr. Wicker) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration

A BILL

To prohibit the consideration of any bill by Congress unless the authority provided by the Constitution of the United States for the legislation can be determined and is clearly specified.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Enumerated Powers
- 5 Act".

SEC. 2. CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY CLAUSE.

- 2 (a) In General.—Chapter 2 of title 1, United
- 3 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 102 the
- 4 following:

5 "§ 102a. Constitutional authority clause

- 6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Each Act of Congress, bill, and
- 7 resolution, or conference report thereon or amendment
- 8 thereto, shall contain a concise explanation of the specific
- 9 authority in the Constitution of the United States relied
- 10 upon as the basis for enacting each portion of the meas-
- 11 ure.
- 12 "(b) Federal Activities.—To the extent that any
- 13 Act of Congress, bill or resolution, or conference report
- 14 thereon or amendment thereto, limits or abolishes any
- 15 Federal activity, spending, or power overall, a statement
- 16 of constitutionality may cite the 9th Amendment or the
- 17 10th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
- 18 "(c) Enumerated Spending Clause.—Invoking a
- 19 clause included in the enumerated spending clause under
- 20 clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution of
- 21 the United States, such as the common defense clause,
- 22 the general welfare clause, or the necessary and proper
- 23 clause, in a statement of constitutionality is not sufficient
- 24 to satisfy the requirement of subsection (a).
- 25 "(d) Commerce Clause.—Invoking the commerce
- 26 clause of section 8 of article I of the Constitution of the

1	United States in a statement of constitutionality for any
2	purpose other than the regulation of the buying and sell-
3	ing of goods or services, or the transporting for those pur-
4	poses, across boundaries with foreign nations, across State
5	lines, or with the Indian tribes is not sufficient to satisfy
6	the requirement of subsection (a).
7	"(e) Failure To Comply.—
8	"(1) In general.—A failure to comply with
9	subsection (a) shall give rise to a point of order in
10	either House of Congress, which may be raised by
11	any Senator during consideration in the Senate or
12	any Member of the House of Representatives during
13	consideration in the House of Representatives.
14	"(2) Nonexclusivity.—The availability of a
15	point of order under this section shall not affect the
16	availability of any other point of order.
17	"(f) Disposition of Point of Order in the Sen-
18	ATE.—
19	"(1) In general.—Any Senator may raise a
20	point of order that any matter is not in order under
21	subsection (a).
22	"(2) Waiver.—
23	"(A) In General.—Any Senator may
24	move to waive a point of order raised under

1	paragraph (1) by an affirmative vote of two-
2	thirds of the Senators duly chosen and sworn.
3	"(B) Procedures.—For a motion to
4	waive a point of order under subparagraph (A)
5	as to a matter—
6	"(i) a motion to table the point of
7	order shall not be in order;
8	"(ii) all motions to waive one or more
9	points of order under this section as to the
10	matter shall be debatable for a total of not
11	more than 3 hours, equally divided between
12	the Senator raising the point of order and
13	the Senator moving to waive the point of
14	order or their designees; and
15	"(iii) a motion to waive the point of
16	order shall not be amendable.
17	"(g) Disposition of Point of Order in the
18	House of Representatives.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If a Member of the House
20	of Representatives makes a point of order under this
21	section, the Chair shall put the question of consider-
22	ation with respect to the proposition of whether any
23	statement of constitutionality made under subsection
24	(a) was adequate or, in the absence of such a state-

1	ment, whether a statement is required under sub-
2	section (a).
3	"(2) Consideration.—For a point of order
4	under this section made in the House of Representa-
5	tives—
6	"(A) the question of consideration shall be
7	debatable for 10 minutes, equally divided and
8	controlled by the Member making the point of
9	order and by an opponent, but shall otherwise
10	be decided without intervening motion except
11	one that the House of Representatives adjourn
12	or that the Committee of the Whole rise, as the
13	case may be;
14	"(B) in selecting the opponent, the Speak-
15	er of the House of Representatives should first
16	recognize an opponent from the opposing party;
17	and
18	"(C) the disposition of the question of con-
19	sideration with respect to a measure shall be
20	considered also to determine the question of
21	consideration under this section with respect to
22	an amendment made in order as original text.".
23	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
24	The table of sections for chapter 2 of title 1, United States

- 1 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
- $2 \;$ section 102 the following:

"102a. Constitutional authority clause.".

3 SEC. 3. EXPLANATION OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.

- 4 This Act is enacted pursuant to the power granted
- 5 to each House of Congress to determine the rules of its
- 6 proceedings under article I, section 5, clause 2 of the Con-
- 7 stitution of the United States.

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