112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1199

To amend title 18, United States Code, to limit the misuse of Social Security numbers, to establish criminal penalties for such misuse, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 15, 2011

Mrs. Feinstein (for herself, Ms. Snowe, and Mr. Leahy) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to limit the misuse of Social Security numbers, to establish criminal penalties for such misuse, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Protecting the Privacy of Social Security Numbers Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Prohibition of the display, sale, or purchase of Social Security numbers.

- Sec. 4. Application of prohibition of the display, sale, or purchase of Social Security numbers to public records.
- Sec. 5. Rulemaking authority of the Attorney General.
- Sec. 6. Limits on personal disclosure of a Social Security number for consumer transactions.
- Sec. 7. Extension of civil monetary penalties for misuse of a Social Security number.
- Sec. 8. Criminal penalties for the misuse of a Social Security number.
- Sec. 9. Civil actions and civil penalties.
- Sec. 10. Federal injunctive authority.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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- Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The inappropriate display, sale, or purchase
 of Social Security numbers has contributed to a
 growing range of illegal activities, including fraud,
 identity theft, and, in some cases, stalking and other
 violent crimes.
 - (2) While financial institutions, health care providers, and other entities have often used Social Security numbers to confirm the identity of an individual, the general display to the public, sale, or purchase of these numbers has been used to commit crimes, and also can result in serious invasions of individual privacy.
 - (3) The Federal Government requires virtually every individual in the United States to obtain and maintain a Social Security number in order to pay taxes, to qualify for Social Security benefits, or to seek employment. An unintended consequence of these requirements is that Social Security numbers

- have become one of the tools that can be used to facilitate crime, fraud, and invasions of the privacy of the individuals to whom the numbers are assigned. Because the Federal Government created and maintains this system, and because the Federal Govern-ment does not permit individuals to exempt them-selves from those requirements, it is appropriate for the Federal Government to take steps to stem the abuse of Social Security numbers.
 - (4) The display, sale, or purchase of Social Security numbers in no way facilitates uninhibited, robust, and wide-open public debate, and restrictions on such display, sale, or purchase would not affect public debate.
 - (5) No one should seek to profit from the display, sale, or purchase of Social Security numbers in circumstances that create a substantial risk of physical, emotional, or financial harm to the individuals to whom those numbers are assigned.
 - (6) Consequently, this Act provides each individual that has been assigned a Social Security number some degree of protection from the display, sale, and purchase of that number in any circumstance that might facilitate unlawful conduct.

1	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF THE DISPLAY, SALE, OR PUR-
2	CHASE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS.
3	(a) Prohibition.—
4	(1) In General.—Chapter 47 of title 18,
5	United States Code, is amended by inserting after
6	section 1028A the following:
7	"§ 1028B. Prohibition of the display, sale, or purchase
8	of Social Security numbers
9	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) DISPLAY.—The term 'display' means to in-
11	tentionally communicate or otherwise make available
12	(on the Internet or in any other manner) to the gen-
13	eral public an individual's Social Security number.
14	"(2) Person.—The term 'person' means any
15	individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, co-
16	operative, association, or any other entity.
17	"(3) Purchase.—The term 'purchase' means
18	providing directly or indirectly, anything of value in
19	exchange for a Social Security number.
20	"(4) Sale.—The term 'sale' means obtaining,
21	directly or indirectly, anything of value in exchange
22	for a Social Security number.
23	"(5) State.—The term 'State' means any
24	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
25	Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the
26	United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American

- 1 Samoa, and any territory or possession of the
- 2 United States.
- 3 "(b) Limitation on Display.—Except as provided
- 4 in section 1028C, no person may display any individual's
- 5 Social Security number to the general public without the
- 6 affirmatively expressed consent of the individual.
- 7 "(c) Limitation on Sale or Purchase.—Except
- 8 as otherwise provided in this section, no person may sell
- 9 or purchase any individual's Social Security number with-
- 10 out the affirmatively expressed consent of the individual.
- 11 "(d) Prerequisites for Consent.—In order for
- 12 consent to exist under subsection (b) or (c), the person
- 13 displaying or seeking to display, selling or attempting to
- 14 sell, or purchasing or attempting to purchase, an individ-
- 15 ual's Social Security number shall—
- 16 "(1) inform the individual of the general pur-
- pose for which the number will be used, the types of
- persons to whom the number may be available, and
- 19 the scope of transactions permitted by the consent;
- 20 and
- 21 "(2) obtain the affirmatively expressed consent
- (electronically or in writing) of the individual.
- "(e) Exceptions.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 24 construed to prohibit or limit the display, sale, or purchase
- 25 of a Social Security number—

1	"(1) required, authorized, or excepted under
2	any Federal law;
3	"(2) for a public health purpose, including the
4	protection of the health or safety of an individual in
5	an emergency situation;
6	"(3) for a national security purpose;
7	"(4) for a law enforcement purpose, including
8	the investigation of fraud and the enforcement of a
9	child support obligation;
10	"(5) if the display, sale, or purchase of the
11	number is for a use occurring as a result of an inter-
12	action between businesses, governments, or business
13	and government (regardless of which entity initiates
14	the interaction), including, but not limited to—
15	"(A) the prevention of fraud (including
16	fraud in protecting an employee's right to em-
17	ployment benefits);
18	"(B) the facilitation of credit checks or the
19	facilitation of background checks of employees,
20	prospective employees, or volunteers;
21	"(C) the retrieval of other information
22	from other businesses, commercial enterprises,
23	government entities, or private nonprofit orga-
24	nizations; or

1	"(D) when the transmission of the number
2	is incidental to, and in the course of, the sale,
3	lease, franchising, or merger of all, or a portion
4	of, a business;
5	"(6) if the transfer of such a number is part of
6	a data matching program involving a Federal, State,
7	or local agency; or
8	"(7) if such number is required to be submitted
9	as part of the process for applying for any type of
10	Federal, State, or local government benefit or pro-
11	gram;
12	except that, nothing in this subsection shall be construed
13	as permitting a professional or commercial user to display
14	or sell a Social Security number to the general public.
15	"(f) Limitation.—Nothing in this section shall pro-
16	hibit or limit the display, sale, or purchase of Social Secu-
17	rity numbers as permitted under title V of the Gramm-
18	Leach-Bliley Act, or for the purpose of affiliate sharing
19	as permitted under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, except
20	that no entity regulated under such Acts may make Social
21	Security numbers available to the general public, as may
22	be determined by the appropriate regulators under such
23	Acts. For purposes of this subsection, the general public
24	shall not include affiliates or unaffiliated third-party busi-

- 1 ness entities as may be defined by the appropriate regu-
- 2 lators.".

- 3 (2) Conforming amendment.—The chapter
- 4 analysis for chapter 47 of title 18, United States
- 5 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating
- 6 to section 1028 the following:

"1028B. Prohibition of the display, sale, or purchase of Social Security numbers.".

(b) Study; Report.—

- (1) In General.—The Attorney General shall conduct a study and prepare a report on all of the uses of Social Security numbers permitted, required, authorized, or excepted under any Federal law. The report shall include a detailed description of the uses allowed as of the date of enactment of this Act, the impact of such uses on privacy and data security, and shall evaluate whether such uses should be continued or discontinued by appropriate legislative action.
 - (2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall report to Congress findings under this subsection. The report shall include such recommendations for legislation based on criteria the Attorney General determines to be appropriate.

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall take effect on the date that is 30 days
3	after the date on which the final regulations promulgated
4	under section 5 are published in the Federal Register.
5	SEC. 4. APPLICATION OF PROHIBITION OF THE DISPLAY,
6	SALE, OR PURCHASE OF SOCIAL SECURITY
7	NUMBERS TO PUBLIC RECORDS.
8	(a) Public Records Exception.—
9	(1) In General.—Chapter 47 of title 18,
10	United States Code (as amended by section 3(a)(1)),
11	is amended by inserting after section 1028B the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"§ 1028C. Display, sale, or purchase of public records
14	containing Social Security numbers
15	"(a) Definition.—In this section, the term 'public
16	record' means any governmental record that is made avail-
17	able to the general public.
18	"(b) In General.—Except as provided in sub-
19	sections (c), (d), and (e), section 1028B shall not apply
20	to a public record.
21	"(c) Public Records on the Internet or in an
22	ELECTRONIC MEDIUM.—
23	"(1) In general.—Section 1028B shall apply
24	to any public record first posted onto the Internet

of a government entity after the date of enactment of this section, except as limited by the Attorney General in accordance with paragraph (2).

> "(2) Exception for government entities ALREADY PLACING PUBLIC RECORDS ON THE INTER-NET OR IN ELECTRONIC FORM.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Attorney General shall issue regulations regarding the applicability of section 1028B to any record of a category of public records first posted onto the Internet or provided in an electronic medium by, or on behalf of a government entity prior to the date of enactment of this section. The regulations will determine which individual records within categories of records of these government entities, if any, may continue to be posted on the Internet or in electronic form after the effective date of this section. In promulgating these regulations, the Attorney General may include in the regulations a set of procedures for implementing the regulations and shall consider the following:

"(A) The cost and availability of technology available to a governmental entity to redact Social Security numbers from public

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records first provided in electronic form after
the effective date of this section.

- "(B) The cost or burden to the general public, businesses, commercial enterprises, non-profit organizations, and to Federal, State, and local governments of complying with section 1028B with respect to such records.
- "(C) The benefit to the general public, businesses, commercial enterprises, non-profit organizations, and to Federal, State, and local governments if the Attorney General were to determine that section 1028B should apply to such records.

Nothing in the regulation shall permit a public entity to post a category of public records on the Internet or in electronic form after the effective date of this section if such category had not been placed on the Internet or in electronic form prior to such effective date.

- 20 "(d) Harvested Social Security Numbers.—
- 21 Section 1028B shall apply to any public record of a gov-
- 22 ernment entity which contains Social Security numbers ex-
- 23 tracted from other public records for the purpose of dis-
- 24 playing or selling such numbers to the general public.

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1	"(e) Attorney General Rulemaking on Paper
2	Records.—
3	"(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days
4	after the date of enactment of this section, the At-
5	torney General shall determine the feasibility and
6	advisability of applying section 1028B to the records
7	listed in paragraph (2) when they appear on paper
8	or on another nonelectronic medium. If the Attorney
9	General deems it appropriate, the Attorney General
10	may issue regulations applying section 1028B to
11	such records.
12	"(2) List of paper and other nonelec-
13	TRONIC RECORDS.—The records listed in this para-
14	graph are as follows:
15	"(A) Professional or occupational licenses.
16	"(B) Marriage licenses.
17	"(C) Birth certificates.
18	"(D) Death certificates.
19	"(E) Other short public documents that
20	display a Social Security number in a routine
21	and consistent manner on the face of the docu-
22	ment.
23	"(3) Criteria for attorney general re-
24	VIEW.—In determining whether section 1028B

1	should apply to the records listed in paragraph (2),
2	the Attorney General shall consider the following:
3	"(A) The cost or burden to the general
4	public, businesses, commercial enterprises, non-
5	profit organizations, and to Federal, State, and
6	local governments of complying with section
7	1028B.
8	"(B) The benefit to the general public,
9	businesses, commercial enterprises, non-profit
10	organizations, and to Federal, State, and local
11	governments if the Attorney General were to
12	determine that section 1028B should apply to
13	such records.".
14	(2) Conforming amendment.—The chapter
15	analysis for chapter 47 of title 18, United States
16	Code (as amended by section 3(a)(2)), is amended
17	by inserting after the item relating to section 1028B
18	the following:
	"1028C. Display, sale, or purchase of public records containing Social Security numbers.".
19	(b) STUDY AND REPORT ON SOCIAL SECURITY NUM-
20	BERS IN PUBLIC RECORDS.—
21	(1) Study.—The Comptroller General of the
22	United States shall conduct a study and prepare a
23	report on Social Security numbers in public records.
24	In developing the report, the Comptroller General

- shall consult with the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, State and local governments that store, maintain, or disseminate public records, and other stakeholders, including members of the private sector who routinely use public records that contain Social Security numbers.
 - (2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the study conducted under paragraph (1). The report shall include a detailed description of the activities and results of the study and recommendations for such legislative action as the Comptroller General considers appropriate. The report, at a minimum, shall include—
 - (A) a review of the uses of Social Security numbers in non-Federal public records;
 - (B) a review of the manner in which public records are stored (with separate reviews for both paper records and electronic records);
 - (C) a review of the advantages or utility of public records that contain Social Security numbers, including the utility for law enforcement, and for the promotion of homeland security;

- 1 (D) a review of the disadvantages or draw2 backs of public records that contain Social Se3 curity numbers, including criminal activity,
 4 compromised personal privacy, or threats to
 5 homeland security;
 - (E) the costs and benefits for State and local governments of removing Social Security numbers from public records, including a review of current technologies and procedures for removing Social Security numbers from public records; and
 - (F) an assessment of the benefits and costs to businesses, their customers, and the general public of prohibiting the display of Social Security numbers on public records (with separate assessments for both paper records and electronic records).
- 18 (c) Effective Date.—The prohibition with respect 19 to electronic versions of new classes of public records 20 under section 1028C(b) of title 18, United States Code 21 (as added by subsection (a)(1)) shall not take effect until 22 the date that is 60 days after the date of enactment of 23 this Act.

SEC. 5. RULEMAKING AUTHORITY OF THE ATTORNEY GEN-

- 2 ERAL.
- 3 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 4 (b), the Attorney General may prescribe such rules and
- 5 regulations as the Attorney General deems necessary to
- 6 carry out the provisions of section 1028B(e)(5) of title 18,
- 7 United States Code (as added by section 3(a)(1)).
- 8 (b) Display, Sale, or Purchase Rulemaking
- 9 WITH RESPECT TO INTERACTIONS BETWEEN BUSI-
- 10 nesses, Governments, or Business and Govern-
- 11 MENT.—
- 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
- the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-
- eral, in consultation with the Commissioner of Social
- 15 Security, the Chairman of the Federal Trade Com-
- mission, and such other heads of Federal agencies as
- 17 the Attorney General determines appropriate, shall
- conduct such rulemaking procedures in accordance
- with subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5, United
- States Code, as are necessary to promulgate regula-
- 21 tions to implement and clarify the uses occurring as
- a result of an interaction between businesses, gov-
- ernments, or business and government (regardless of
- 24 which entity initiates the interaction) permitted
- under section 1028B(e)(5) of title 18, United States
- Code (as added by section 3(a)(1)).

1	(2) Factors to be considered.—In promul-
2	gating the regulations required under paragraph (1),
3	the Attorney General shall, at a minimum, consider
4	the following:
5	(A) The benefit to a particular business, to
6	customers of the business, and to the general
7	public of the display, sale, or purchase of an in-
8	dividual's Social Security number.
9	(B) The costs that businesses, customers
10	of businesses, and the general public may incur
11	as a result of prohibitions on the display, sale,
12	or purchase of Social Security numbers.
13	(C) The risk that a particular business
14	practice will promote the use of a Social Secu-
15	rity number to commit fraud, deception, or
16	crime.
17	(D) The presence of adequate safeguards,
18	procedures, and technologies to prevent—
19	(i) misuse of Social Security numbers
20	by employees within a business; and
21	(ii) misappropriation of Social Secu-
22	rity numbers by the general public, while
23	permitting internal business uses of such
24	numbers.

1	(E) The presence of procedures to prevent
2	identity thieves, stalkers, and other individuals
3	with ill intent from posing as legitimate busi-
4	nesses to obtain Social Security numbers.
5	(F) The impact of such uses on privacy.
6	SEC. 6. LIMITS ON PERSONAL DISCLOSURE OF A SOCIAL
7	SECURITY NUMBER FOR CONSUMER TRANS-
8	ACTIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Part A of title XI of the Social
10	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) is amended by add-
11	ing at the end the following:
12	"SEC. 1150A. LIMITS ON PERSONAL DISCLOSURE OF A SO-
13	CIAL SECURITY NUMBER FOR CONSUMER
13 14	CIAL SECURITY NUMBER FOR CONSUMER TRANSACTIONS.
14	TRANSACTIONS.
14 15	TRANSACTIONS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Secu-
14 15 16 17	TRANSACTIONS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Secu-
14 15 16 17	TRANSACTIONS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service
14 15 16 17	TRANSACTIONS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service or deny an individual the good or service for refusing to
14 15 16 17 18	TRANSACTIONS. "(a) IN GENERAL.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service or deny an individual the good or service for refusing to provide that number except—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) In General.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service or deny an individual the good or service for refusing to provide that number except— "(1) for any purpose relating to—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) In General.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service or deny an individual the good or service for refusing to provide that number except— "(1) for any purpose relating to— "(A) obtaining a consumer report for any
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) In General.—A commercial entity may not require an individual to provide the individual's Social Security number when purchasing a commercial good or service or deny an individual the good or service for refusing to provide that number except— "(1) for any purpose relating to— "(A) obtaining a consumer report for any purpose permitted under the Fair Credit Re-

1	untary service agency, or other entity as deter-
2	mined by the Attorney General;
3	"(C) law enforcement; or
4	"(D) a Federal, State, or local law require-
5	ment; or
6	"(2) if the Social Security number is necessary
7	to verify the identity of the consumer to effect, ad-
8	minister, or enforce the specific transaction re-
9	quested or authorized by the consumer, or to prevent
10	fraud.
11	"(b) Application of Civil Money Penalties.—
12	A violation of this section shall be deemed to be a violation
13	of section $1129(a)(3)(F)$.
14	"(c) Application of Criminal Penalties.—A vio-
15	lation of this section shall be deemed to be a violation of
16	section 208(a)(8).
17	"(d) Limitation on Class Actions.—No class ac-
18	tion alleging a violation of this section shall be maintained
19	under this section by an individual or any private party
20	in Federal or State court.
21	"(e) State Attorney General Enforcement.—
22	"(1) In general.—
23	"(A) CIVIL ACTIONS.—In any case in
24	which the attorney general of a State has rea-
25	son to believe that an interest of the residents

1	of that State has been or is threatened or ad-
2	versely affected by the engagement of any per-
3	son in a practice that is prohibited under this
4	section, the State, as parens patriae, may bring
5	a civil action on behalf of the residents of the
6	State in a district court of the United States of
7	appropriate jurisdiction to—
8	"(i) enjoin that practice;
9	"(ii) enforce compliance with such
10	section;
11	"(iii) obtain damages, restitution, or
12	other compensation on behalf of residents
13	of the State; or
14	"(iv) obtain such other relief as the
15	court may consider appropriate.
16	"(B) Notice.—
17	"(i) In General.—Before filing an
18	action under subparagraph (A), the attor-
19	ney general of the State involved shall pro-
20	vide to the Attorney General—
21	"(I) written notice of the action;
22	and
23	"(II) a copy of the complaint for
24	the action.
25	"(ii) Exemption.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i)
2	shall not apply with respect to the fil-
3	ing of an action by an attorney gen-
4	eral of a State under this subsection,
5	if the State attorney general deter-
6	mines that it is not feasible to provide
7	the notice described in such subpara-
8	graph before the filing of the action.
9	"(II) Notification.—With re-
10	spect to an action described in sub-
11	clause (I), the attorney general of a
12	State shall provide notice and a copy
13	of the complaint to the Attorney Gen-
14	eral at the same time as the State at-
15	torney general files the action.
16	"(2) Intervention.—
17	"(A) In General.—On receiving notice
18	under paragraph (1)(B), the Attorney General
19	shall have the right to intervene in the action
20	that is the subject of the notice.
21	"(B) Effect of intervention.—If the
22	Attorney General intervenes in the action under
23	paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall have
24	the right to be heard with respect to any matter
25	that arises in that action.

1	"(3) Construction.—For purposes of bring-
2	ing any civil action under paragraph (1), nothing in
3	this section shall be construed to prevent an attor-
4	ney general of a State from exercising the powers
5	conferred on such attorney general by the laws of
6	that State to—
7	"(A) conduct investigations;
8	"(B) administer oaths or affirmations; or
9	"(C) compel the attendance of witnesses or
10	the production of documentary and other evi-
11	dence.
12	"(4) ACTIONS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF
13	THE UNITED STATES.—In any case in which an ac-
14	tion is instituted by or on behalf of the Attorney
15	General for violation of a practice that is prohibited
16	under this section, no State may, during the pend-
17	ency of that action, institute an action under para-
18	graph (1) against any defendant named in the com-
19	plaint in that action for violation of that practice.
20	"(5) Venue; service of process.—
21	"(A) Venue.—Any action brought under
22	paragraph (1) may be brought in the district
23	court of the United States that meets applicable
24	requirements relating to venue under section
25	1391 of title 28, United States Code.

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1	"(B) Service of Process.—In an action
2	brought under paragraph (1), process may be
3	served in any district in which the defendant—
4	"(i) is an inhabitant; or
5	"(ii) may be found.
6	"(f) Sunset.—This section shall not apply on or
7	after the date that is 6 years after the effective date of
8	this section.".
9	(b) EVALUATION AND REPORT.—Not later than the
10	date that is 6 years and 6 months after the date of enact-
11	ment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation
12	with the chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, shall
13	issue a report evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency
14	of section 1150A of the Social Security Act (as added by
15	subsection (a)) and shall make recommendations to Con-
16	gress as to any legislative action determined to be nec-
17	essary or advisable with respect to such section, including
18	a recommendation regarding whether to reauthorize such
19	section.
20	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
21	subsection (a) shall apply to requests to provide a Social
22	Security number occurring after the date that is 1 year

23 after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 7. EXTENSION OF CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES FOR
2	MISUSE OF A SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
3	(a) Treatment of Withholding of Material
4	Facts.—
5	(1) CIVIL PENALTIES.—The first sentence of
6	section 1129(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (42
7	U.S.C. 1320a-8(a)(1)) is amended—
8	(A) by striking "who" and inserting
9	"who—";
10	(B) by striking "makes" and all that fol-
11	lows through "shall be subject to" and inserting
12	the following:
13	"(A) makes, or causes to be made, a statement
14	or representation of a material fact, for use in deter-
15	mining any initial or continuing right to or the
16	amount of monthly insurance benefits under title II
17	or benefits or payments under title VIII or XVI,
18	that the person knows or should know is false or
19	misleading;
20	"(B) makes such a statement or representation
21	for such use with knowing disregard for the truth;
22	or
23	"(C) omits from a statement or representation
24	for such use, or otherwise withholds disclosure of, a
25	fact which the individual knows or should know is
26	material to the determination of any initial or con-

1	tinuing right to or the amount of monthly insurance
2	benefits under title II or benefits or payments under
3	title VIII or XVI and the individual knows, or
4	should know, that the statement or representation
5	with such omission is false or misleading or that the
6	withholding of such disclosure is misleading, shall be
7	subject to";
8	(C) by inserting "or each receipt of such
9	benefits while withholding disclosure of such
10	fact" after "each such statement or representa-
11	tion'';
12	(D) by inserting "or because of such with-
13	holding of disclosure of a material fact" after
14	"because of such statement or representation";
15	and
16	(E) by inserting "or such a withholding of
17	disclosure" after "such a statement or rep-
18	resentation".
19	(2) Administrative procedure for impos-
20	ING PENALTIES.—The first sentence of section
21	1129A(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
22	1320a-8a(a)) is amended—
23	(A) by striking "who" and inserting
24	"who—": and

- 1 (B) by striking "makes" and all that fol-2 lows through "shall be subject to" and inserting 3 the following:
- "(1) makes, or causes to be made, a statement or representation of a material fact, for use in determining any initial or continuing right to or the amount of monthly insurance benefits under title II or benefits or payments under title VIII or XVI, that the person knows or should know is false or misleading;
 - "(2) makes such a statement or representation for such use with knowing disregard for the truth; or

"(3) omits from a statement or representation for such use, or otherwise withholds disclosure of, a fact which the individual knows or should know is material to the determination of any initial or continuing right to or the amount of monthly insurance benefits under title II or benefits or payments under title VIII or XVI and the individual knows, or should know, that the statement or representation with such omission is false or misleading or that the withholding of such disclosure is misleading, shall be subject to".

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1	(b) Application of Civil Money Penalties to
2	Elements of Criminal Violations.—Section 1129(a)
3	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-8(a)), as
4	amended by subsection (a)(1), is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
6	graph (4);
7	(2) by redesignating the last sentence of para-
8	graph (1) as paragraph (2) and inserting such para-
9	graph after paragraph (1); and
10	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) (as so re-
11	designated) the following:
12	"(3) Any person (including an organization, agency,
13	or other entity) who—
14	"(A) uses a Social Security account number
15	that such person knows or should know has been as-
16	signed by the Commissioner of Social Security (in an
17	exercise of authority under section $205(c)(2)$ to es-
18	tablish and maintain records) on the basis of false
19	information furnished to the Commissioner by any
20	person;
21	"(B) falsely represents a number to be the So-
22	cial Security account number assigned by the Com-
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	missioner of Social Security to any individual, when

- is not the Social Security account number assigned by the Commissioner to such individual; "(C) knowingly alters a Social Security card issued by the Commissioner of Social Security, or possesses such a card with intent to alter it; "(D) knowingly displays, sells, or purchases a card that is, or purports to be, a card issued by the Commissioner of Social Security, or possesses such a card with intent to display, purchase, or sell it; "(E) counterfeits a Social Security card, or pos-sesses a counterfeit Social Security card with intent to display, sell, or purchase it; "(F) discloses, uses, compels the disclosure of,
 - "(F) discloses, uses, compels the disclosure of, or knowingly displays, sells, or purchases the Social Security account number of any person in violation of the laws of the United States;
 - "(G) with intent to deceive the Commissioner of Social Security as to such person's true identity (or the true identity of any other person) furnishes or causes to be furnished false information to the Commissioner with respect to any information required by the Commissioner in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the records provided for in section 205(c)(2);

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"(H) offers, for a fee, to acquire for any individual, or to assist in acquiring for any individual, an additional Social Security account number or a number which purports to be a Social Security account number; or

"(I) being an officer or employee of a Federal, State, or local agency in possession of any individual's Social Security account number, willfully acts or fails to act so as to cause a violation by such (vi)(II)agency of clause or(x) of 205(c)(2)(C), shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalties that may be prescribed by law, a civil money penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each violation. Such person shall also be subject to an assessment, in lieu of damages sustained by the United States resulting from such violation, of not more than twice the amount of any benefits or payments paid as a result of such violation.".

(c) Clarification of Treatment of Recovered Amounts.—Section 1129(e)(2)(B) of the Social Security 20 21 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-8(e)(2)(B)) is amended by striking "In the case of amounts recovered arising out of a determination relating to title VIII or XVI," and inserting "In the case of any other amounts recovered under this sec-25 tion,".

1 (d) Conforming Amendments.—

- 2 (1) Section 1129(b)(3)(A) of the Social Secu-3 rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-8(b)(3)(A)) is amended 4 by striking "charging fraud or false statements".
- 5 (2) Section 1129(c)(1) of the Social Security 6 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-8(c)(1)) is amended by strik-7 ing "and representations" and inserting ", represen-8 tations, or actions".
- 9 (3) Section 1129(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security 10 Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-8(e)(1)(A)) is amended by 11 striking "statement or representation referred to in 12 subsection (a) was made" and inserting "violation 13 occurred".

(e) Effective Dates.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to violations of sections 1129 and 1129A of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320–8 and 1320a–8a), as amended by this section, committed after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) VIOLATIONS BY GOVERNMENT AGENTS IN POSSESSION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS.—Section 1129(a)(3)(I) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a–8(a)(3)(I)), as added by subsection

1	(b), shall apply with respect to violations of that sec-
2	tion occurring on or after the effective date de-
3	scribed in section 3(c).
4	(f) Repeal.—Section 201 of the Social Security Pro-
5	tection Act of 2004 is repealed.
6	SEC. 8. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR THE MISUSE OF A SO-
7	CIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
8	(a) Prohibition of Wrongful Use as Personal
9	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.—No person may obtain any
10	individual's Social Security number for purposes of locat-
11	ing or identifying an individual with the intent to phys-
12	ically injure, harm, or use the identity of the individual
13	for any illegal purpose.
14	(b) Criminal Sanctions.—Section 208(a) of the
15	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 408(a)) is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (8), by inserting "or" after
17	the semicolon; and
18	(2) by inserting after paragraph (8) the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(9) except as provided in subsections (e) and
21	(f) of section 1028B of title 18, United States Code,
22	knowingly and willfully displays, sells, or purchases
23	(as those terms are defined in section 1028B(a) of
24	title 18, United States Code) any individual's Social
25	Security account number without having met the

1	prerequisites for consent under section 1028B(d) of
2	title 18, United States Code; or
3	"(10) obtains any individual's Social Security
4	number for the purpose of locating or identifying the
5	individual with the intent to injure or to harm that
6	individual, or to use the identity of that individual
7	for an illegal purpose;".
8	SEC. 9. CIVIL ACTIONS AND CIVIL PENALTIES.
9	(a) CIVIL ACTION IN STATE COURTS.—
10	(1) In general.—Any individual aggrieved by
11	an act of any person in violation of this Act or any
12	amendments made by this Act may, if otherwise per-
13	mitted by the laws or rules of the court of a State,
14	bring in an appropriate court of that State—
15	(A) an action to enjoin such violation;
16	(B) an action to recover for actual mone-
17	tary loss from such a violation, or to receive up
18	to \$500 in damages for each such violation,
19	whichever is greater; or
20	(C) both such actions.
21	It shall be an affirmative defense in any action
22	brought under this paragraph that the defendant
23	has established and implemented, with due care, rea-
24	sonable practices and procedures to effectively pre-
25	vent violations of the regulations prescribed under

1	this Act. If the court finds that the defendant will-
2	fully or knowingly violated the regulations prescribed
3	under this subsection, the court may, in its discre-
4	tion, increase the amount of the award to an amount
5	equal to not more than 3 times the amount available
6	under subparagraph (B).
7	(2) Statute of Limitations.—An action may
8	be commenced under this subsection not later than
9	the earlier of—
10	(A) 5 years after the date on which the al-
11	leged violation occurred; or
12	(B) 3 years after the date on which the al-
13	leged violation was or should have been reason-
14	ably discovered by the aggrieved individual.
15	(3) Nonexclusive remedy.—The remedy pro-
16	vided under this subsection shall be in addition to
17	any other remedies available to the individual.
18	(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
19	(1) In general.—Any person who the Attor-
20	ney General determines has violated any section of
21	this Act or of any amendments made by this Act
22	shall be subject, in addition to any other penalties
23	that may be prescribed by law—
24	(A) to a civil penalty of not more than
25	\$5,000 for each such violation; and

- 1 (B) to a civil penalty of not more than 2 \$50,000, if the violations have occurred with 3 such frequency as to constitute a general busi-4 ness practice.
 - (2) Determination of violations.—Any willful violation committed contemporaneously with respect to the Social Security numbers of 2 or more individuals by means of mail, telecommunication, or otherwise, shall be treated as a separate violation with respect to each such individual.
 - (3) Enforcement procedures.—The provisions of section 1128A of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7a), other than subsections (a), (b), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), and (n) and the first sentence of subsection (c) of such section, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) of section 205 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 405) shall apply to a civil penalty action under this subsection in the same manner as such provisions apply to a penalty or proceeding under section 1128A(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7a(a)), except that, for purposes of this paragraph, any reference in section 1128A of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7a) to the Secretary shall be deemed to be a reference to the Attorney General.

1 SEC. 10. FEDERAL INJUNCTIVE AUTHORITY.

- 2 In addition to any other enforcement authority con-
- 3 ferred under this Act or the amendments made by this
- 4 Act, the Federal Government shall have injunctive author-
- 5 ity with respect to any violation by a public entity of any
- 6 provision of this Act or of any amendments made by this

7 Act.

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