

112TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 4068

To require the Under Secretary for Science and Technology in the Department of Homeland Security to contract with an independent laboratory to study the health effects of backscatter x-ray machines used at airline checkpoints operated by the Transportation Security Administration and provide improved notice to airline passengers.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 16, 2012

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama (for himself, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mrs. BLACKBURN, and Mr. WALSH of Illinois) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

A BILL

To require the Under Secretary for Science and Technology in the Department of Homeland Security to contract with an independent laboratory to study the health effects of backscatter x-ray machines used at airline checkpoints operated by the Transportation Security Administration and provide improved notice to airline passengers.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. STUDY OF HEALTH EFFECTS OF BACKSCATTER**
2 **X-RAY MACHINES.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for Science
4 and Technology in the Department of Homeland Security
5 shall provide for the conduct of an independent study of
6 the effects on human health caused by the use of
7 backscatter x-ray machines at airline checkpoints operated
8 by the Transportation Security Administration.

9 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDY.—

10 (1) CONDUCT.—The study required under sub-
11 section (a) shall be—

12 (A) initiated not later than 90 days after
13 the date of the enactment of this Act;

14 (B) conducted by an independent labora-
15 tory selected by the Under Secretary, in con-
16 sultation with the National Science Foundation,
17 from among laboratories with expertise in the
18 conduct of similar studies; and

19 (C) to the maximum extent practicable,
20 consistent with standard evaluations of radio-
21 logical medical equipment.

22 (2) TESTING EQUIPMENT.—In conducting the
23 study, the laboratory shall, to the maximum extent
24 practicable—

1 (A) use calibration testing equipment de-
2 veloped by the laboratory for purposes of study;
3 and

4 (B) use commercially available calibration
5 testing equipment as a control.

6 (3) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study, the
7 laboratory shall, to the maximum extent practicable
8 and consistent with recognized protocols for inde-
9 pendent scientific testing—

10 (A) dismantle and evaluate one or more
11 backscatter x-ray machines used at airline
12 checkpoints operated by the Transportation Se-
13 curity Administration in order to determine—

14 (i) the placement of testing equipment
15 so that radiation emission readings during
16 the testing of such machines are as accu-
17 rate as possible; and

18 (ii) how best to measure the dose
19 emitted per scan;

20 (B) determine the failure rates and effects
21 of use of such machines;

22 (C) include the use of alternative testing
23 methods in the determination of levels of radi-
24 ation exposure (such as an examination of en-
25 zyme levels after x-ray exposure to determine if

1 there is a biological response to cellular damage
2 caused by such an exposure);

3 (D) assess the fail-safe mechanisms of
4 such machines in order to determine the opti-
5 mal operating efficacy of such machines;

6 (E) ensure that any tests performed are
7 replicable;

8 (F) obtain peer review of any tests per-
9 formed; and

10 (G) meet such other requirements as the
11 Under Secretary shall specify for purposes of
12 the study.

13 (4) REPORT.—

14 (A) EVALUATION.—The Under Secretary
15 shall provide for an independent panel, in con-
16 sultation with the National Science Foundation,
17 with expertise in conducting similar evaluations,
18 to evaluate the data collected under the study
19 to assess the health risks posed by backscatter
20 x-ray machines to individuals and groups of
21 people screened or affected by such machines,
22 including—

23 (i) frequent air travelers;

24 (ii) employees of the Transportation
25 Security Administration;

1 (iii) flight crews;

2 (iv) other individuals who work at an
3 airport; and

4 (v) individuals with greater sensitivity
5 to radiation, such as children, pregnant
6 women, the elderly, and cancer patients.

7 (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the
8 evaluation under subparagraph (A), the panel
9 shall—

10 (i) conduct a literature review of rel-
11 evant clinical and academic literature; and

12 (ii) consider the risk of backscatter x-
13 ray technology from a public health per-
14 spective in addition to the individual risk
15 to each airline passenger.

16 (C) REPORTS.—

17 (i) PROGRESS REPORTS.—Not later
18 than 90 days after the date of the enact-
19 ment of this Act, and periodically there-
20 after until the final report is submitted
21 pursuant to clause (ii), the Under Sec-
22 retary shall submit a report to Congress
23 that contains the preliminary findings of
24 the study conducted under this subsection.

1 (ii) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than
2 90 days after the date on which the panel
3 completes the evaluation required under
4 this paragraph, the Under Secretary shall
5 submit a report to Congress that contains
6 the result of the study and evaluation con-
7 ducted under this subsection.

8 **SEC. 2. SIGNAGE REQUIREMENT RELATING TO**
9 **BACKSCATTER X-RAY MACHINES.**

10 The Administrator of the Transportation Security
11 Administration shall ensure that large, easily readable
12 signs or equivalent electronic displays are placed at the
13 front of airline passenger check point queues where
14 backscatter advanced imaging technology machines are
15 used for screening to inform airline passengers, particu-
16 larly passengers who may be sensitive to radiation expo-
17 sure, that they may request to undergo alternative screen-
18 ing procedures instead of passing through a backscatter
19 x-ray machine.

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