#### 112TH CONGRESS 2D Session

12

# H. R. 3845

To establish an alternative accountability model.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 31, 2012

Mr. Polis introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

## A BILL

To establish an alternative accountability model.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Growth to Excellence
5	Act of 2012".
6	SEC. 2. ACCOUNTABILITY MODEL.
7	Section 1111(b) of the Elementary and Secondary
8	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (3), by adding at the end the
10	following:
11	"(E) Assessments above and below

GRADE LEVEL.—

1	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
2	any other requirement of this paragraph, a
3	State may carry out this paragraph
4	through the use of adaptive assessments
5	that—
6	"(I) are administered through a
7	computerized means;
8	"(II) are aligned with grade-level
9	academic content standards; and
10	"(III) measure academic growth
11	above and below grade level.
12	"(ii) Requirements for adaptive
13	ASSESSMENTS.—For the results of any
14	adaptive assessment to be included in the
15	accountability model described under para-
16	graph (12), such results must provide the
17	information necessary to determine ade-
18	quate student growth in accordance with
19	paragraph (12)(C)(i)."; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(11) Criteria and implementation of ac-
22	COUNTABILITY MODEL.—
23	"(A) In general.—
24	"(i) Transitional participation.—
25	Prior to a State's adoption of college and

1	career ready academic content standards
2	and college and career ready assessments.
3	as defined in subparagraphs (B) and (C)
4	of paragraph (13), a State may apply to
5	the Secretary to replace the State plan re-
6	quirements under paragraph (2) with the
7	accountability requirements under para-
8	graph (12).
9	"(ii) Required participation.—
10	After the adoption of college and career
11	ready academic content standards and col-
12	lege and career ready assessments, as de-
13	fined in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of
14	paragraph (13) and required under this
15	subsection—
16	"(I) a State shall comply with
17	this paragraph and paragraph (12) in
18	lieu of paragraph (2); and
19	"(II) references in this Act to
20	section 1111(b)(2) shall be deemed to
21	be references to this paragraph and
22	paragraph (12).
23	"(B) Criteria.—A State that participates
24	in the accountability model described in para-

1	graph (12) shall carry out the following activi-
2	ties:
3	"(i) Implement challenging college
4	and career ready academic content stand-
5	ards, as defined in paragraph (13)(B).
6	"(ii) Implement college and career
7	ready assessments, as defined in paragraph
8	13(C).
9	"(iii) For a secondary school that
10	awards diplomas, measure graduation rates
11	as defined in section 200.19(b)(1) of title
12	34, Code of Federal Regulations.
13	"(iv) Assess not less than 2 of the fol-
14	lowing additional indicators of whether stu-
15	dents are college and career ready:
16	"(I) Student scores on the ACT.
17	"(II) Student scores on the SAT.
18	"(III) The percentage of students
19	who attend an institution of higher
20	education.
21	"(IV) College remediation rates.
22	"(V) Results from Advanced
23	Placement or International Bacca-
24	laureate exams.

1	"(VI) Student grade point aver-
2	ages at an institution of higher edu-
3	cation.
4	"(VII) Rates of completion of the
5	first year at an institution of higher
6	education.
7	"(v) Provide a comprehensive State
8	system of accountability for schools that do
9	not meet the standard for adequate stu-
10	dent growth, as described in paragraph
11	(12), which aims to ensure that each stu-
12	dent is college and career ready before
13	such student graduates from a secondary
14	school that awards diplomas and which
15	shall include, at a minimum—
16	"(I) the evaluation of each school
17	and each group of students described
18	in paragraph (2)(C)(v)(II) against an-
19	nual progress targets described in
20	subclauses (V) and (VI) of paragraph
21	(12)(B)(i) that are aligned with the
22	goal of ensuring that each student is
23	college and career ready before such
24	student graduates from secondary
25	school;

1	"(II) a system of categorization
2	that will group schools based on—
3	"(aa) how the overall per-
4	formance of students, and the
5	performance of each subgroup of
6	students described in paragraph
7	(2)(C)(v)(II), at such school com-
8	pares to each annual progress
9	target described in subclauses
10	(V) and (VI) of paragraph
11	(12)(B)(i); and
12	"(bb) if the school is a sec-
13	ondary school, how students at
14	such school perform when meas-
15	ured against key indicators of
16	college and career readiness, as
17	described in clauses (iii) and (iv);
18	"(III) supports and consequences
19	for each school in the State, as appro-
20	priate for each school based on the
21	categorization described in subclause
22	(II); and
23	"(IV) incentives for schools that
24	consistently exceed the annual
25	progress targets described in sub-

1	clauses (V) and (VI) of paragraph
2	(12)(B)(i).
3	"(vi) Adopt intervention mechanisms
4	for schools, as described in section 1116.
5	"(vii) Ensure that adequate student
6	growth reports are delivered, in a timely
7	manner, to parents and teachers (as appro-
8	priate) to enable parents and teachers to
9	examine student progress toward becoming
10	college and career ready.
11	"(C) Assessments above and below
12	GRADE LEVEL.—
13	"(i) In general.—In carrying out
14	the assessment requirements described in
15	subparagraph (B)(ii), a State may use
16	adaptive assessments described in para-
17	graph $(3)(E)$ .
18	"(ii) Requirements for adaptive
19	ASSESSMENTS.—For the results of any
20	adaptive assessment to be included in the
21	accountability model described under para-
22	graph (12), such results must provide the
23	information necessary to determine ade-
24	quate student growth in accordance with
25	paragraph (12)(C)(i).

1	"(12) ACCOUNTABILITY MODEL.—
2	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each State that will
3	use an accountability model under this para-
4	graph shall submit a plan to the Secretary,
5	which shall demonstrate that the State has de-
6	veloped and will implement a single, statewide
7	State accountability system that will be effective
8	in ensuring that all local educational agencies
9	public elementary schools, and public secondary
10	schools meet the standard of adequate student
11	growth as defined under this paragraph.
12	"(B) Components of the account-
13	ABILITY MODEL.—
14	"(i) In General.—Each State ac-
15	countability model shall—
16	"(I) be based on the academic
17	standards and academic assessments
18	adopted under paragraphs (1), (3)
19	and (11), and other academic indica-
20	tors consistent with subparagraph
21	(C)(ii);
22	"(II) take into account the
23	achievement of all public elementary
24	school and secondary school students

1	"(III) be the same accountability
2	model that the State uses for all pub-
3	lic elementary schools and secondary
4	schools and all local educational agen-
5	cies in the State;
6	"(IV) include components that
7	recognize successful schools and that
8	require intervention measures in
9	struggling schools, which the State
10	will use to hold local educational agen-
11	cies and public elementary schools and
12	secondary schools accountable for stu-
13	dent achievement and for ensuring
14	that such agencies and schools meet
15	the standard of adequate student
16	growth as described in subparagraph
17	(C), in accordance with this para-
18	graph;
19	"(V) establish annual progress
20	targets for each school that—
21	"(aa) aim to reduce by half,
22	in less than six years—
23	"(AA) the difference
24	between the percentage of
25	students at the top per-

1 forming schools in the State 2 who meet the college and ca-3 reer ready academic content 4 standards described in paragraph (13)(B) or make adequate student growth, as de-6 7 scribed in subparagraph (C), 8 and the percentage of such 9 students at each school that 10 is not a top performing 11 school; and 12 "(BB) for each cat-13 egory of students described 14 in paragraph (2)(C)(v)(II), 15 the difference between the 16 percentage of students who 17 meet the college and career 18 academic ready content 19 standards described in para-20 graph (13)(B) or make ade-21 quate student growth, as de-22 scribed in subparagraph (C), 23 at the top performing schools in the State, and the 24 25 percentage of such students

1	at each school that is not a
2	top performing school; or
3	"(bb) are required to ensure
4	that 100 percent of students are
5	making adequate yearly growth
6	to be on track to college and ca-
7	reer readiness not later than the
8	end of the 2019–2020 school
9	year; or
10	"(cc) include another meth-
11	od that is educationally sound,
12	rigorous, and will result in ambi-
13	tious, but achievable, targets for
14	all students and the subgroups of
15	students described in paragraph
16	(2)(C)(v)(II); and
17	"(VI) establish annual progress
18	targets for each secondary school that
19	awards diplomas that—
20	"(aa) aim to reduce by half,
21	in less than 6 years, the dif-
22	ference between the percentage of
23	all students and for each sub-
24	group of students described in
25	paragraph (2)(C)(v)(II) who

1	graduate from such secondary
2	school and 90 percent; or
3	"(bb) establishes another
4	single graduation rate goal for
5	each subgroup of students de-
6	scribed in paragraph
7	(2)(C)(v)(II) that is educationally
8	sound, rigorous, ambitious and
9	achievable; and
10	"(VII) establish a system of cat-
11	egorization and related interventions
12	and rewards that groups local edu-
13	cational agencies based on their
14	schools' and students' performance as
15	measured by the annual progress tar-
16	gets established in (B)(i) (V) and
17	(VI). States may also include addi-
18	tional indicators such as those estab-
19	lished in 12(C)(ii) in their account-
20	ability system for local educational
21	agencies.
22	"(ii) Definition of top per-
23	FORMING SCHOOL.—In this paragraph, the
24	term 'top performing school' means a
25	school that is ranked at the 90th percentile

1	when all schools in a State are ranked
2	(with separate rankings for elementary
3	schools and for secondary schools) from
4	lowest to highest, based on the percentage
5	of students at each school who meet chal-
6	lenging college and career ready academic
7	content standards.
8	"(iii) Top performing schools.—A
9	top performing school shall be considered a
10	school that is meeting annual progress tar-
11	gets under subclauses (V) and (VI) of
12	clause (i), for such time as the school re-
13	mains a top performing school.
14	"(C) ADEQUATE STUDENT GROWTH.—
15	"(i) In general.—The term 'ade-
16	quate student growth' shall be defined by
17	a State—
18	"(I) to mean—
19	"(aa) for each student at a
20	school who is not on track to
21	being college and career ready in
22	a subject, a rate of growth indi-
23	cating that the student will be on
24	track to being college and career
25	ready within 3 years, or by the

1	last year of student testing,
2	whichever is earlier; and
3	"(bb) for a student who is
4	on track to being college and ca-
5	reer ready in a subject, but is not
6	yet college and career ready, a
7	rate of growth equal to not less
8	than 1 year of academic growth;
9	"(II) in a manner that—
10	"(aa) applies the same high
11	standards of academic achieve-
12	ment to all public elementary
13	school and secondary school stu-
14	dents in the State;
15	"(bb) is statistically rig-
16	orous, valid, and reliable;
17	"(cc) results in continuous
18	and substantial student academic
19	improvement; and
20	"(dd) measures the progress
21	of public elementary schools, sec-
22	ondary schools, local educational
23	agencies, and the State based on
24	the academic assessments de-

1 scribed in paragraphs (3)	) and
2 (11).	
3 "(ii) Measures of Adec	QUATE
4 SCHOOL PERFORMANCE.—	
5 "(I) IN GENERAL.—A State	e may
6 develop a composite measure	of a
7 school's adequate student grow	th, as
8 described under this paragraph,	to be
9 used for public reporting, that m	ay in-
10 corporate 1 or more of the following	lowing
11 indicators:	
12 "(aa) Overall student	cohort
proficiency or growth to	pro-
ficiency on the assess	ments
adopted under paragraph	s (3)
and (11) over a period of	2 or
more years.	
18 "(bb) The percentage of	of stu-
dents who are making suf	ficient
growth to meet the colleg	e and
career ready academic co	ontent
standards, as described in	para-
graph (13)(B), before the	e last
year that the student is i	in the
student's current school,	or in

1	less than 3 years, whichever oc-
2	curs earlier.
3	"(cc) Progress in closing
4	achievement gaps between each
5	group of students listed in para-
6	graph $(2)(C)(v)(II)$ and the over-
7	all student population of the
8	school over a period of 2 or more
9	years.
10	"(dd) For secondary schools
11	that award diplomas, a contin-
12	uous and substantial increase in
13	the graduation rate (as defined
14	in section $200.19(b)(1)$ of title
15	34, Code of Federal Regula-
16	tions).
17	"(ee) Year-to-year growth
18	and growth to proficiency on the
19	assessments adopted under para-
20	graphs (3) and (11).
21	"(ff) Attendance for all pub-
22	lic elementary school students.
23	"(gg) The percentage of stu-
24	dents who earn sufficient credits
25	to be promoted to the next grade.

1 "(hh) The percentage of
2 high school graduates who attend
an institution of higher edu-
4 cation.
5 "(ii) The percentage of high
6 school graduates who do not re-
7 quire remediation at an institu-
8 tion of higher education.
9 "(II) VALIDITY AND RELI-
ABILITY.—The State shall ensure that
each indicator described in this clause
is rigorous, valid for the indicator's
assigned use, reliable, and consistent
with any relevant nationally recog-
nized professional and technical
standards.
"(III) REPORTING OF INDICA-
TORS.—A State shall publicly report
each of the selected indicators that
are included within the composite
measure of adequate school perform-
ance, as described in this clause, in
the aggregate and disaggregated by
each group of students described in
paragraph $(2)(C)(v)(II)$ .

1	"(D) Annual improvement for
2	SCHOOLS.—Each year, for a school to meet the
3	standard for adequate student growth under
4	this paragraph, not less than 95 percent of each
5	group of students described in paragraph
6	(2)(C)(v)(II) who are enrolled in the school are
7	required to take the assessments, consistent
8	with paragraph (3), including subparagraph
9	(C)(xi) of such paragraph, and with—
10	"(i) accommodations provided in the
11	same manner as those provided under sec-
12	tion 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
13	(29 U.S.C. 794); and
14	"(ii) accommodations and alternative
15	assessments provided in the same manner
16	as those provided under section
17	612(a)(16)(A) of the Individuals with Dis-
18	abilities Education Act.
19	"(E) EVALUATION.—
20	"(i) Secretarial duties.—The Sec-
21	retary shall—
22	"(I) establish a rigorous peer-re-
23	view process, which shall include a di-
24	verse board of experts and community
25	stakeholders, to assist in the review of

1	State accountability model plans,
2	based on the criteria described in sub-
3	paragraphs (B) and (C)(i);
4	"(II) appoint individuals to the
5	peer-review process who are represent-
6	ative of parents, teachers, State edu-
7	cational agencies, and local edu-
8	cational agencies, and who are famil-
9	iar with educational standards, assess-
10	ments, accountability, the needs of
11	low-performing schools, and other
12	educational needs of students;
13	"(III) if the Secretary determines
14	that the State plan does not meet the
15	requirements of this paragraph, im-
16	mediately notify the State of such de-
17	termination and the reasons for such
18	determination;
19	"(IV) not decline to approve a
20	State's accountability model plan be-
21	fore—
22	"(aa) offering the State an
23	opportunity to revise its account-
24	ability model plan;

1	"(bb) providing technical as-
2	sistance in order to assist the
3	State to meet the requirements of
4	this paragraph;
5	"(ce) providing a hearing;
6	and
7	"(dd) allowing the State to
8	communicate with peer reviewers
9	in order to further explain or jus-
10	tify the merits of the State's ac-
11	countability model plan; and
12	"(V) have the authority to dis-
13	approve a State accountability model
14	plan for not meeting the requirements
15	of this paragraph, but shall not have
16	the authority to require a State, as a
17	condition of approval of the State ac-
18	countability model plan, to include in,
19	or delete from, such plan 1 or more
20	specific elements of the State's aca-
21	demic content standards or to use
22	specific academic assessment instru-
23	ments or items.
24	"(ii) State revisions.—A State ac-
25	countability model plan shall be revised by

the State educational agency if it is necessary to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.

"(F) APPROVED SCHOOLS.—If, as of the date of enactment of the Growth to Excellence Act of 2012, a State has already received approval from the Secretary to use an accountability model, the Secretary may allow such State a period of not more than 2 years from the date of enactment of such Act to transition to the use of the accountability model described in this paragraph.

### "(13) Definitions.—In this subsection:

"(A) COLLEGE AND CAREER READY.—The term 'college and career ready', when used with respect to a student, means that the student meets the requirements necessary to be admitted into credit-bearing, nonremedial, entry-level coursework at a State public institution of higher education.

"(B) COLLEGE AND CAREER READY ACA-DEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS.—The term 'college and career ready academic content standards' means challenging academic content

1	standards (as required under paragraph (1))
2	that are—
3	"(i) developed based on evidence that
4	mastery of such standards corresponds to
5	being college and career ready without the
6	need for remediation; and
7	"(ii)(I) common to a significant num-
8	ber of States; or
9	"(II) approved by a system of public
10	4-year institutions of higher education in
11	the State, such that mastery of such
12	standards leads to placement into credit-
13	bearing, nonremedial, first-year coursework
14	for a student admitted to an institution of
15	higher education that is part of such sys-
16	tem.
17	"(C) College and career ready as-
18	SESSMENTS.—The term 'college and career
19	ready assessments' means an assessment for
20	mathematics and an assessment for reading or
21	language arts that—
22	"(i) measures the annual academic
23	growth of individual students:

1	"(ii) is aligned with the college and
2	career ready academic content standards
3	described in this paragraph; and
4	"(iii) meets the requirements under
5	paragraph (3).
6	"(D) ON TRACK TO BEING COLLEGE AND
7	CAREER READY.—The term 'on track to being
8	college and career ready' in a subject means
9	that a student is performing at or above grade
10	level, such that the student will be college and
11	career ready in the subject before graduation
12	from secondary school, as measured by the
13	State assessment system.".