112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2617

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 21, 2011

Mr. Polis (for himself and Ms. Chu) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Pregnant and Par-
- 5 enting Students Access to Education Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) There are approximately 750,000 teen preg-
- 9 nancies and 400,000 teen births annually in the
- 10 United States.

- 1 (2) Although teen pregnancy rates in the 2 United States have declined by about a third since 3 the early 1990s, 3 in 10 girls in the U.S. will be-4 come pregnant before age 20, which is the highest 5 rate of teen pregnancy in the developed world.
 - (3) The teen pregnancy and birth rates in the United States are higher than in any other Western industrialized country.
 - (4) Fifty-two percent of Latina teens and 50 percent of African-American teen girls will become pregnant at least once before they are 20 years old. Birth rates among Latina and African-American youth ages 15 through 17 are more than twice the birth rates of Caucasian youth in the same age range.
 - (5) Many pregnant and parenting students face significant barriers in enrolling, attending, and succeeding in school, including—
 - (A) discrimination in violation of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, including stigmatization at school by administrators, teachers, and peer students;
 - (B) a lack of consistent policies at the State, district, and school levels that allow for excused absences for prenatal and postnatal

1	health care appointments in order for teen par-
2	ents to successfully complete their education;
3	(C) difficulty maintaining academic
4	progress while out of school leading up to or
5	following the birth of a child;
6	(D) juggling school work with parenting
7	responsibilities;
8	(E) lack of access to affordable quality
9	child care and transportation to and from the
10	child care arrangement and school, which can,
11	as a practical matter, make it virtually impos-
12	sible for a parenting student to attend school
13	regularly; and
14	(F) stereotypes that future opportunities
15	for postsecondary education or careers are lim-
16	ited for pregnant and parenting students, which
17	can diminish students' motivation to stay en-
18	gaged in school.
19	(6) Only about half of teen mothers earned a
20	high school diploma by age 22 compared to 89 per-
21	cent of women who didn't have a teen birth.
22	(7) Only 2 percent of all teenagers who have a
23	baby before age 18 complete college by age 30.
24	(8) Studies of females and males who dropped
25	out of high school indicate that becoming a parent

- played a role in their discontinuation of school, and in many cases it played a major role. For example, nearly half of all female dropouts and one-third of male dropouts said that becoming a parent played a role in their decision to leave school.
 - (9) Teen pregnancy prevention should address subsequent pregnancies, which substantially increase dropout risks for teen mothers and accounted for 85,000, or almost 20 percent, of all teen pregnancies.
 - (10) Because teen pregnancy and parenting are significant risk factors for dropout, teen pregnancy prevention can go a long way toward improving high school graduation rates.
 - (11) Females who do not earn a high school diploma are especially likely to face severe economic consequences—to be unemployed, to earn very low wages, and to have to rely on public support programs—that significantly affect not only individual students and their families, but also our national economy as a whole.
 - (12) Teen childbearing in the United States cost taxpayers (Federal, State and local) at least \$10.9 billion in 2008.

- 1 (13) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 2 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) prohibits educational 3 institutions that receive Federal funding from dis-4 criminating against pregnant and parenting stu-5 dents, and its implementing regulations detail 6 schools' obligations to ensure that pregnant and par-7 enting students have access to equal educational op-8 portunities.
 - (14) Some States currently collect data about the pregnancy and parenting status of secondary school students, but most do not, and there is no nationwide data collection on this important dimension of the student population.
 - (15) Some local educational agencies are making active efforts to engage and re-engage pregnant and parenting youth in secondary education by implementing voluntary programs that provide or arrange academic and support services for them, including individualized graduation plans, flexible scheduling, homebound instruction for extended absences, school-based child care, transportation assistance, health and social service referrals, and parent education courses.
 - (16) The responsibilities of pregnancy and parenting can also interfere with the attainment of a

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- college degree. Sixty-one percent of women who have children after enrolling in community college do not graduate. Women who do not have children after enrollment graduate at a 65 percent higher rate than women who do.
 - (17) Federal financial assistance to local educational agencies to start or expand voluntary student academic and support service programs and initiatives for pregnant and parenting students is imperative to helping these students prepare for careers and post-secondary education opportunities, and care for their children without need for long-term public assistance.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to ensure that each pregnant and parenting student has equal access to the same free, appropriate, high-quality public education that is provided to other students;
- (2) to improve high school graduation rates, career-readiness, access to postsecondary educational opportunities, and outcomes for pregnant and parenting students and their children; and
- (3) to assist each State and local educational agency in improving its graduation rates and fulfilling its responsibilities under title IX of the Edu-

1	cation Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et
2	seq.) with respect to pregnant and parenting stu-
3	dents.
4	SEC. 3. GRANTS FOR STATE AND LOCAL ACTIVITIES FOR
5	THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
6	ENTING STUDENTS.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education is au-
8	thorized to make grants to States to carry out the activi-
9	ties described in subsection (d). A grant made under this
10	section shall be for a minimum of three years, and the
11	Secretary shall have the discretion to renew the grant at
12	the end of the grant period.
13	(b) APPLICATION.—A State desiring to receive a
14	grant under this section shall submit an application to the
15	Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing
16	such information as the Secretary may reasonably require,
17	including, at a minimum, the State plan described in sub-
18	section (f).
19	(c) Allocation of Funds.—
20	(1) Reservation of funds for national
21	ACTIVITIES.—From the funds made available to
22	carry out this Act, the Secretary may reserve not
23	more than 5 percent for national activities.
24	(2) Allotment to the secretary of the
25	INTERIOR —The amount allocated for payments

- under this Act to the Secretary of the Interior for any fiscal year shall be, as determined pursuant to criteria established by the Secretary, the amount necessary to meet the needs of—
 - (A) Indian children on reservations served by secondary schools for Indian children operated or supported by the Department of the Interior; and
 - (B) out-of-State Indian children in elementary schools and secondary schools in local educational agencies under special contracts with the Department of the Interior.
 - (3) FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES.—The Secretary shall allocate to States having approved applications the funds remaining after the application of paragraphs (1) and (2) based on the percentage of the State's number of teen births compared to the number of teen births nationally, except that the minimum grant for a State shall be \$300,000.
 - (4) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Grant funds provided under paragraph (3) shall be used only to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of such Federal funds, be made available from non-Federal sources for the education of pupils par-

1	ticipating in programs assisted under this Act, and
2	not to supplant such funds.
3	(d) Use of Funds.—
4	(1) In general.—Funds made available to a
5	State under this Act shall be used for the following:
6	(A) To provide or enhance educational pro-
7	grams and related services that enable pregnant
8	and parenting students to enroll in, attend, and
9	succeed in school, and that are culturally and
10	linguistically competent.
11	(B) To designate a Coordinator for Edu-
12	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in
13	the State educational agency to direct and man-
14	age the State educational agency's activities re-
15	lated to this Act, in collaboration with the
16	State's designated employee responsible for the
17	State's efforts to comply with and carry out, to
18	the fullest extent, its responsibilities under title
19	IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20
20	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
21	(C) To prepare and carry out a State plan
22	described in subsection (f).
23	(D) To develop and implement high-quality
24	professional development programs for local

educational agencies and school personnel.

1	(E) To direct grants to rural and other
2	local educational agencies without capacity to
3	prepare an application for funds.
4	(F) To ensure that information about the
5	program is disseminated to all local educational
6	agencies and made publicly and readily avail-
7	able on the State educational agency's Web site
8	including—
9	(i) the name and contact information
10	for the individuals described in subpara-
11	graph (B);
12	(ii) a list of subgrantees; and
13	(iii) an explanation of the rights of
14	students and responsibilities of schools
15	under title IX of the Education Amend-
16	ments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.)
17	including investigation and complaint pro-
18	cedures as required under subsection (a)
19	and (b) of section 106.8 of title 34, Code
20	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the
21	date of the enactment of this Act).
22	(2) Reservation for state-level activi-
23	TIES.—From the funds made available to a State
24	under this Act, a State may reserve not more than
25	10 percent for State-level activities.

1	(3) Subgrants.—The State shall distribute a
2	least 90 percent of each State grant as subgrants to
3	local educational agencies in accordance with section
4	4.
5	(e) Coordinator for Education of Pregnant
6	AND PARENTING STUDENTS.—The Coordinator for Edu
7	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State
8	educational agency described in subsection (d)(1)(B)
9	shall—
10	(1) gather information on the nature and exten-
11	of State and local efforts to prevent teen pregnancy
12	and the nature and extent of barriers to educationa
13	access and success facing pregnant and parenting
14	students in the State, including information on re
15	ported incidents of discrimination;
16	(2) develop and carry out the State plan de
17	scribed in subsection (f);
18	(3) collect and report information to the Sec
19	retary of Education, such as that which is listed in
20	subparagraphs (A) through (G) of section 6(a)(6);
21	(4) facilitate the coordination of services with
22	the State agencies responsible for administering pro
23	grams affecting children, youth, and families (in

cluding for the purposes of maximizing the

1	leveraging of resources from such agencies), includ-
2	ing—
3	(A) Temporary Assistance for Needy Fam-
4	ilies;
5	(B) Medicaid;
6	(C) Children's Health Insurance Programs
7	(D) teen pregnancy prevention, family
8	planning, and maternal and child health pro-
9	grams;
10	(E) Women, Infants and Children Food
11	and Nutrition Service;
12	(F) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
13	Program;
14	(G) child care;
15	(H) early childhood education, home visita-
16	tion, and child welfare programs;
17	(I) workforce investment programs and
18	postsecondary education; and
19	(J) housing assistance and homeless assist-
20	ance programs;
21	(5) coordinate and collaborate with educators
22	service providers, and local educational agency preg-
23	nant and parenting student liaisons;

- 1 (6) provide technical assistance and training to 2 local educational agencies, including the dissemina-3 tion of best practices; and
- (7) report to the Secretary any complaints received by the State about discrimination based on pregnancy or parenting status and what actions were taken to address those complaints.
- 8 (f) STATE PLAN.—Pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(C), 9 each State shall submit a plan to provide for the education 10 of pregnant and parenting students. Such plan shall in-11 clude the following:
 - (1) A description of how such students will be given the opportunity to meet the same rigorous academic achievement and college and career-readiness standards that all students are expected to meet.
 - (2) The policy, protocol, or procedure that each district or State implements once a pregnancy has been discovered on campus; including how each district ensures the student understands his or her rights under title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
 - (3) A description of how the State will identify such students.
- 24 (4) A description of training programs to raise 25 awareness of school personnel regarding the rights

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- and educational needs of pregnant and parenting
 students.
 - (5) A description of procedures designed to ensure that students eligible for Federal, State, or local food, housing, health care, or child care programs are enrolled and able to participate in such programs.
 - (6) A description of procedures designed to ensure that students eligible for Federal, State, or local after-school programs or supplemental educational services are enrolled in and able to participate in such programs.
 - (7) Strategies that respond to the problems identified under subsection (e)(1).
 - (8) A demonstration that the State and its local educational agencies have developed, reviewed, and revised policies to remove barriers to enrollment and retention of pregnant and parenting students in schools in the State.

(9) Assurances that—

(A) State educational agencies and local educational agencies will not stigmatize, discriminate against, or involuntarily segregate students on the basis of pregnancy or parenting;

1	(B) local educational agencies will des-
2	ignate a pregnant and parenting student liaison
3	to communicate with the Coordinator for Edu-
4	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in
5	the State educational agency and oversee the
6	provision of services at the local educational
7	agency and school levels; and
8	(C) State educational agencies and local
9	educational agencies will ensure that transpor-
10	tation is provided for students who have an in-
11	ability to pay for transportation and who—
12	(i) choose to attend programs for
13	pregnant and parenting students located
14	outside of their school of origin; or
15	(ii) need transportation to and from
16	school and the student's child care provider
17	for the student and the student's child, re-
18	spectively.
19	(10) Description of how the State will ensure
20	that local educational agencies comply with require-
21	ments of this Act.
22	(11) A description of technical assistance to be
23	provided to local educational agencies.
24	(g) Professional Development and Public
25	EDUCATION.—Each State and each local educational

- 1 agency shall include in professional development and pub-
- 2 lic education materials reference to, and shall ensure that
- 3 school personnel, students, and family members of stu-
- 4 dents are aware of title IX of the Education Amendments
- 5 of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and its implementing
- 6 regulations, which set forth the Federal civil right to be
- 7 free from discrimination on the basis of a student's preg-
- 8 nancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of preg-
- 9 nancy, or recovery therefrom. This includes the right to
- 10 be free from harassment and stigmatization on those
- 11 bases, as well as the following:
- 12 (1) The right to enroll in any school or program
- for which they would otherwise qualify.
- 14 (2) If enrolled into a special program or sepa-
- 15 rate school, the right to an education equal in qual-
- ity to that offered to other students in the "main-
- stream" or "originating" school.
- 18 (3) The right to decline to participate in a spe-
- cialized program or separate school.
- 20 (4) The right to continue their education in the
- school in which they were enrolled, or would have
- been enrolled, prior to the student's pregnancy,
- childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of preg-
- 24 nancy, or recovery therefrom, including elementary
- or secondary schools, charter schools, honors and

- magnet programs, Advanced Placement and International Baccalaureate programs, career and technical education programs, special education and non-public school placements, alternative options or programs, migrant education, free and reduced lunch programs, services for English language learners, physical education programs, after-school academic programs, and any others for which they are otherwise qualified.
 - (5) The right to participate in school activities including graduations and other ceremonies; to receive awards or peer recognition; to participate on field trips, student clubs and councils, in after-school activities, including cheerleading or athletics teams; and in any other school-related programs, subject to providing a medical release if that is required of all students who have physical or emotional conditions requiring the attention of medical personnel and who want to continue participating.
 - (6) The right to the same benefits and services offered to students with other temporary disabilities.
 - (7) The right to an excused absence for as long as the student's physician deems it medically necessary, without penalty, and automatic return to the status the student held prior to the leave of absence.

- 1 (8) The right not to be retaliated against for 2 raising awareness of, complaining about, or report-3 ing discrimination.
- 4 (h) Coordination for Support Services.—Local 5 educational agencies may coordinate with social services 6 agencies, public health agencies, youth services providers, 7 or other community-based organizations for the purposes 8 of ensuring that pregnant and parenting students have ac-9 cess to the academic support services they need to con-10 tinue their education; and to raise awareness among agen-11 cies about pregnant and parenting students and their edu-
- 13 (i) Pregnant and Parenting Student Liai-14 son.—The duties of a local educational agency's pregnant 15 and parenting student liaison shall include—

cational rights and opportunities.

- (1) identification, by consulting with school personnel, and by self-reports, of pregnant and parenting students in need of services to help them stay in school and succeed;
- (2) gathering information on the nature and extent of barriers to educational access and success facing pregnant and parenting students in the geographic area served by the local educational agency, including information on reported incidents of discrimination;

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- 1 (3) ensuring and facilitating the continued en-2 rollment of pregnant and parenting students in 3 school in an academic program that best meets the 4 educational goals of the student and his or her fam-5 ily;
 - (4) ensuring that the educational and related barriers faced by pregnant and parenting students are addressed, and that any services and referrals provided are culturally and linguistically competent;
 - (5) informing pregnant and parenting students of educational and related services extended to pregnant and parenting students and of their right under title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) to continue their education; and
 - (6) coordinating the provision of services in conjunction with the Coordinator for Education of Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State educational agency and with community organizations and partners.
- 21 SEC. 4. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY SUBGRANTS FOR
- THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
- 23 ENTING STUDENTS.
- 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency re-25 ceiving a grant under section 3 shall make competitive

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- 1 subgrants to local educational agencies for the purpose of
- 2 facilitating the enrollment, attendance, and success in
- 3 school of pregnant and parenting students. Services may
- 4 be provided on school grounds or at other facilities.
- 5 (b) APPLICATION.—Local educational agencies seek-
- 6 ing subgrants shall submit an application to the State edu-
- 7 cational agency in time and manner required by the State.
- 8 The application shall include—
- 9 (1) an assessment of the educational and re-
- lated needs of pregnant and parenting students in
- 11 the local educational agency;
- 12 (2) a description of the local educational agen-
- cy's plan for addressing those needs, and assurance
- that the specific services and programs for which
- subgrants are being sought are culturally and lin-
- 16 guistically competent;
- 17 (3) assurance of the local educational agency's
- 18 compliance with local educational agency require-
- ments established in section 3; and
- 20 (4) a description of the local educational agen-
- 21 cy's plan for continuing specific services and pro-
- grams for which subgrants are being sought in case
- of the loss of or absence of Federal assistance.
- (c) AWARDS.—Subgrants under this section shall be
- 25 awarded on the basis of need and the strength of the appli-

- 1 cation in meeting the requirements and goals of this Act.
- 2 Priority consideration shall be given to applications from
- 3 local educational agencies serving students in geographic
- 4 areas with—
- 5 (1) teen birth rates that are higher than the
- 6 State average; or
- 7 (2) teen birth rates below the State average but
- 8 having one or more racial or ethnic groups with teen
- 9 birth rates higher than the State average.
- 10 (d) Duration.—Subgrants under this section shall
- 11 be for periods not to exceed 3 years.
- 12 (e) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Subgrant funds shall be
- 13 expended for activities that include—
- 14 (1) the provision of academic support services
- for pregnant and parenting students, which may in-
- clude, but are not limited to academic counseling,
- 17 the development of individualized graduation plans,
- assistance with class scheduling, assistance with
- 19 planning for and gaining access to postsecondary
- 20 educational opportunities, assistance securing tutor-
- 21 ing or other academic support services, supplemental
- instruction, homework assistance, tutoring, or other
- educational services, such as homebound instruction
- services to be provided during extended leaves of ab-
- sence due to pregnancy complications, childbirth, or

- the illness of a student's child, to keep the student on track to finish the student's classes and graduate;
 - (2) assistance to pregnant and parenting students in gaining access to quality, affordable child care and early childhood education services;
 - (3) the provision of transportation services or assistance so that parenting students and their children can get to and from school and child care, respectively, and so that pregnant students unable to walk long distances can get to school if transportation is not already provided for that student;
 - (4) the provision of services and programs to attract, engage, and retain pregnant and parenting students in school, including informing pregnant and parenting teenagers and their family members and caring adults of their right to continue their education, the importance of doing so, and the consequences of not doing so;
 - (5) the education of students, parents and community members about the educational rights of pregnant and parenting students;
 - (6) the professional development of school personnel regarding the challenges facing pregnant and parenting students and their educational rights;

- (7) proactive outreach efforts to assist pregnant and parenting teenagers with excessive absences and to re-enroll pregnant or parenting teenagers who have dropped out of school;
 - (8) the revision of school policies and practices to remove barriers and to encourage pregnant and parenting students to continue their education, such as revising attendance policies to allow for students to be excused from school for—
 - (A) attendance at pregnancy-related medical appointments, including expectant fathers who are students;
 - (B) fulfillment of the student's parenting responsibilities, including arranging child care, caring for the student's sick child or children, and attending medical appointments for the student's child or children; and
 - (C) such other situations beyond the control of the student as determined by the board of education in each local educational agency, or such other circumstances which cause reasonable concern to student or the student's parent for the safety or health of the student, for example addressing circumstances resulting from domestic or sexual violence;

- 1 (9) the provision to student parents, and at a 2 student's request, also to a non-student parent or 3 other family members and caring adults, of training 4 and support in parenting skills, healthy relationship 5 skills, and other life skills such as goal setting, 6 budgeting, time management, financial literacy, net-7 working, job interviewing, applying for college and 8 securing financial aid; and
 - (10) the provision of educational and career mentoring services and peer groups, whether during school hours or after school.

(f) ALLOWABLE ACTIVITIES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subgrant funds may be expended for allowable activities such as—
 - (A) the provision of child care and early childhood education for the child of the parenting student, either by providing these services directly on school grounds or by other arrangement, such as by providing financial assistance to obtain such services at a child care facility within a reasonable distance of the school;
 - (B) the provision of case management services to pregnant and parenting students, such as assistance with applying for and access-

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1	ing public benefits and Federal financial aid for
2	postsecondary education and training;
3	(C) the provision of, or referrals to, preg-
4	nancy prevention, primary health care, maternal
5	and child health, family planning, mental
6	health, substance abuse, housing assistance,
7	homeless assistance, legal aid services, including
8	paternity testing, establishing parental rights,
9	child custody arrangements, and other services
10	needed by the student;
11	(D) the provision of emergency financial or
12	in-kind assistance to a parenting student to ful-
13	fill the basic human needs of a student and the
14	student's child;
15	(E) efforts to create a positive school cli-
16	mate for pregnant and parenting students, in-
17	cluding addressing discrimination against, har-
18	assment and stigmatization of pregnant and
19	parenting students; and
20	(F) the provision of training practicums
21	for graduate students in social work to carry
22	out the purpose of the grant.
23	(2) Medically accurate and complete in-
24	FORMATION.—With respect to information provided
25	under subparagraph (C), whether provided by local

- 1 educational agencies or by contract or arrangement 2 as described in subsection (g), the information shall 3 be, where appropriate, medically accurate and com-4 plete. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the 5 term "medically accurate and complete" means 6 verified or supported by the weight of research con-7 ducted in compliance with accepted scientific meth-8 ods and—
- 9 (A) published in peer-reviewed journals, 10 where applicable; or
- 11 (B) comprising information that leading 12 professional organizations and agencies with 13 relevant expertise in the field recognize as accu-14 rate, objective, and complete.
- 15 (g) ACTIVITIES OF NONPROFIT COMMUNITY ORGANI-ZATIONS.—Local educational agencies may provide and 16 expend subgrant funds on required activities authorized 17 18 in subsection (e) or allowable activities authorized in sub-19 section (f) directly or by contract or arrangement with so-20 cial services agencies, public health agencies, youth serv-21 ices providers, or other nonprofit community-based organi-22 zations with experience effectively assisting pregnant and parenting students to stay in school by conducting the activities described in subsections (e) and (f).

1	SEC. 5. CONVERSION TO CATEGORICAL PROGRAM IN
2	EVENT OF FAILURE OF STATE REGARDING
3	EXPENDITURE OF GRANTS.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall, from the
5	amounts specified in subsection (b), make grants to local
6	educational agencies in a State described in subsection (b)
7	for the required activities specified in section 4(e) and the
8	allowable activities specified in section 4(f).
9	(b) Specification of Funds.—The amounts re-
10	ferred to in subsection (a) are any amounts that would
11	have been allocated to a State under section 3(c)(3) that
12	are not paid to the State as a result of—
13	(1) the failure of the State to submit an appli-
14	cation under section 3(b);
15	(2) the failure of the State, in the determina-
16	tion of the Secretary, to prepare the application in
17	accordance with such section or to submit the appli-
18	cation within a reasonable period of time; or
19	(3) the State informing the Secretary that the
20	State does not intend to expend the full amount of
21	such allocation.
22	SEC. 6. NATIONAL ACTIVITIES.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education shall
24	carry out the following activities:

- 1 (1) Review of State plans to ensure they ade-2 quately address all of the elements listed in section 3 (f) of this Act.
 - (2) Provide technical assistance to State educational agencies.
 - (3) Provide guidance to Federal programs and grantees likely to have contact with pregnant and parenting students and their family members and caring adults regarding the educational rights of pregnant and parenting students and the State educational agencies responsibilities, including the responsibilities under this Act.
 - (4) At the end of each 3-year grant period, conduct a rigorous, evidence-based, comprehensive evaluation of the local educational agency programs funded by these grants and their effectiveness in improving graduation rates and educational outcomes for pregnant and parenting students, including acceptance and enrollment in higher education. The findings of such evaluations shall be reported to Congress.
 - (5) Conduct a one-time national evaluation of pregnant and parenting student access to education program service delivery models, directly or via contract with an independent research institution. Iden-

- tify and disseminate the findings and best practices at the State and local levels, including models of programs that are successful at, or show promise of, serving specific racial or ethnic groups or have been modified and tested with specific racial or ethnic groups, and create an online best practices clearing-house as a resource for other State educational agencies and local educational agencies.
 - (6) Annually collect and disseminate nonpersonally identifiable data and information, in a manner protective of student privacy, and disaggregated by each school or alternative program identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) and by whether services for pregnant and parenting students are offered in school or off-site, on—
 - (A) the number of pregnant and parenting students enrolled in school;
 - (B) rates and participation of pregnant and parenting students in mainstream or originating schools, rates and participation of pregnant and parenting students in alternative programs and, for each alternative program, an indication as to whether it is offered in a mainstream school or off-site;

1	(C) pregnant and parenting students' per-
2	formance on academic assessments;
3	(D) pregnant and parenting students'
4	graduation rates, dropout rates and transfer
5	rates;
6	(E) rates of usage by pregnant and par-
7	enting students of child care services or assist-
8	ance (if offered);
9	(F) rates of usage by pregnant or par-
10	enting students of other services offered (bro-
11	ken down by type of service); and
12	(G) such other data and information as the
13	Secretary determines to be necessary and rel-
14	evant.
15	(7) Coordinate data collection and dissemina-
16	tion with the agencies and entities that receive funds
17	under this Act and those that administer programs
18	in accordance with this Act.
19	(b) Reporting Rates.—Notwithstanding subsection
20	(a)(6)(B) through (F), if the number of pregnant and par-
21	enting students in a particular school or program is small-
22	er than the N size, it shall be reported by local educational
23	agency, and if the number of pregnant and parenting stu-
24	dents under the jurisdiction of the local educational agen-

- 1 cy is smaller than the N size, it should be reported by
- 2 State.
- 3 SEC. 7. EFFECT ON FEDERAL AND STATE NONDISCRIMINA-
- 4 TION LAWS.
- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preempt,
- 6 invalidate, or limit rights, remedies, procedures, or legal
- 7 standards available to victims of discrimination or retalia-
- 8 tion under any other Federal law or a law of a State or
- 9 political subdivision of a State, including title VI of the
- 10 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title
- 11 IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C.
- 12 1681 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of
- 13 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), the Americans with Disabilities Act
- 14 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), section 1557 of the
- 15 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Pub-
- 16 lie Law 111–148), or section 1979 of the Revised Statutes
- 17 (42 U.S.C. 1983). The obligations imposed by this Act are
- 18 in addition to those imposed by title IX of the Education
- 19 Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), title VI
- 20 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.),
- 21 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
- 22 12101 et seg.), and section 1557 of the Patient Protection
- 23 and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–148).

1 SEC. 8. DEFINITION OF STATE.

- 2 For purposes of this Act, the term "State" means
- 3 each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
- 4 monwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the
- 5 Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the
- 6 United States Virgin Islands, and any other territory or
- 7 possession of the United States.

8 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 9 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 10 this Act \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2012 and such sums
- 11 as may be necessary for fiscal years 2013 through 2016.

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