112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1780

To ensure the safety of all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, children, older individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as they travel on and across federally funded streets and highways.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 5, 2011

Ms. Matsui (for herself and Mr. LaTourette) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

A BILL

To ensure the safety of all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, children, older individuals, and individuals with disabilities, as they travel on and across federally funded streets and highways.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Safe and Complete
- 5 Streets Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

- (1) Complete street.—The term "complete street" means a roadway that safely accommodates all travelers, particularly public transit users, bicyclists, pedestrians (including individuals of all ages and individuals with mobility, sensory, neuro-logical, or hidden disabilities), motorists and freight vehicles, to enable all travelers to use the roadway safely and efficiently.
 - (2) Complete Streets Policy; complete Streets Principle.—The terms "complete streets policy" and "complete streets principle" mean a transportation law, policy, or principle at the local, State, regional, or Federal level that ensures—
 - (A) the safe and adequate accommodation, in all phases of project planning and development, of all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, public transit users, children, older individuals, individuals with disabilities, motorists, and freight vehicles; and
 - (B) the consideration of the safety and convenience of all users in all phases of project planning and development.
 - (3) Local Jurisdiction.—The term "local jurisdiction" means any unit of local government.

1	(4) Metropolitan planning organiza-
2	TION.—The term "metropolitan planning organiza-
3	tion" has the meaning given the term in section
4	134(b) of title 23, United States Code.
5	(5) ROADWAY.—The term "roadway" means—
6	(A) the defined Federal functional classi-
7	fication roadway system;
8	(B) a roadway system for which funds are
9	provided under the equity bonus program under
10	section 105 of title 23, United States Code; and
11	(C) each bridge structure providing a con-
12	nection for such a roadway system.
13	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
14	the Secretary of Transportation.
15	(7) Senior manager.—The term "senior man-
16	ager" means—
17	(A) the director of a State department of
18	transportation (or a designee);
19	(B) the director of a metropolitan planning
20	organization (or a designee); and
21	(C) the director of a regional, county, or
22	city transportation agency that is primarily re-
23	sponsible for planning and approval of trans-
24	portation projects (or a designee).

1	(8) Transportation improvement pro-
2	GRAM.—The term "transportation improvement pro-
3	gram" has the meaning given the term "TIP" in
4	section 134(b) of title 23, United States Code.
5	SEC. 3. COMPLETE STREETS POLICY.
6	(a) Law or Policy.—Not later than October 1 of
7	the fiscal year that begins 2 years after the date of enact-
8	ment of this Act each State and metropolitan planning
9	organization shall have in effect—
10	(1) in the case of a State—
11	(A) a law requiring that, beginning on the
12	effective date of the State law, all transpor-
13	tation projects in the State shall accommodate
14	the safety and convenience of all users in ac-
15	cordance with complete streets principles; or
16	(B) an explicit State department of trans-
17	portation policy that, beginning on the effective
18	date of the policy, all transportation projects in
19	the State shall accommodate the safety and
20	convenience of all users in accordance with com-
21	plete streets principles; and
22	(2) in the case of a metropolitan planning orga-
23	nization, an explicit statement of policy that, begin-
24	ning on the effective date of the policy, all transpor-
25	tation projects under the jurisdiction of the metro-

1 politan planning organization shall accommodate the 2 safety and convenience of all users in accordance 3 with complete streets principles. (b) Inclusions.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A law or policy described in 6 subsection (a) shall— 7 (A) apply to each federally funded project 8 of each State department of transportation or 9 metropolitan planning organization transpor-10 tation improvement program; 11 (B) include a statement that each project 12 under the transportation improvement program 13 makes streets or affected rights-of-way acces-14 sible to the expected users of that facility, of all 15 and abilities, including pedestrians, ages 16 bicyclists, transit vehicles and users, freight ve-17 hicles, and motorists; 18 (C) except as provided in paragraph (2), 19 apply to new road construction and road modi-20 fication projects, including design, planning, 21 construction. reconstruction, rehabilitation, 22 maintenance, and operations, for the entire 23 right-of-way; 24 (D) indicate that improvements for the 25 safe and convenient travel by pedestrians or

1	bicyclists of all ages and abilities on or across
2	streets shall be fully assessed, considered, and
3	documented as a routine element of pavement
4	resurfacing projects;
5	(E) delineate a clear procedure by which
6	transportation improvement projects may be ex-
7	empted from complying with complete streets
8	principles, which shall require—
9	(i) approval by the appropriate senior
10	manager, in accordance with subsection
11	(d)(2); and
12	(ii) documentation, with supporting
13	data, that indicates the basis for such an
14	exemption;
15	(F) comply with up-to-date design stand-
16	ards, particularly standards relating to pro-
17	viding access for individuals with disabilities;
18	(G) require that complete streets principles
19	be applied in due consideration of the urban,
20	suburban, or rural context in which a project is
21	located;
22	(H) include a list of performance stand-
23	ards with measurable outcomes to ensure that
24	the transportation improvement program ad-
25	heres to complete streets principles; and

- 1 (I) directs agency staff to create an imple-2 mentation plan.
- 3 (2) EXCEPTION.—A law or policy described in 4 subsection (a) shall not apply to a new road con-5 struction or modification project for which, as of the 6 effective date of the law or policy, at least 30 per-7 cent of the design phase is completed.
- 8 (c) Exemption Requirements and Proce-9 dures.—A law or policy described in subsection (a) shall 10 allow for a project-specific exemption from an applicable 11 complete streets policy if—
 - (1)(A) an affected roadway prohibits, by law, use of the roadway by specified users, in which case a greater effort shall be made to accommodate those specified users elsewhere, including on roadways that cross or otherwise intersect with the affected roadway;
 - (B) the cost to the exempted project in achieving compliance with the applicable complete streets policy would be excessively disproportionate (as defined in the 2001 Department of Transportation Guidance on Accommodating Bicycle and Pedestrian Travel), as compared to the need or probable use of a particular complete street; or

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- 1 (C) the existing and planned population, em2 ployment densities, traffic volumes, or level of tran3 sit service around a particular roadway is so low,
 4 that the expected users of the roadway will not in5 clude pedestrians, public transportation, freight vehi6 cles, or bicyclists; and
- 7 (2) the project-specific exemption is approved 8 by—
 - (A) a senior manager of the metropolitan planning organization that approved the transportation improvement program containing the exempted project;
 - (B) a senior manager of the relevant State department of transportation; or
 - (C) in the case of a project for which neither the metropolitan planning organization nor the State department of transportation is the agency with primary transportation planning authority, a senior manager of the regional, county, or city agency responsible for planning and approval of the project.
- 22 (d) Integration.—Each State department of trans-23 portation and metropolitan planning organization imple-24 menting a complete streets policy shall incorporate com-25 plete streets principles into all aspects of the transpor-

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- 1 tation project development, programming, and delivery
- 2 process, including project planning and identification,
- 3 scoping procedures, design approvals, design manuals, and
- 4 performance measures.

5 (e) Reports.—

- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State department of 7 transportation shall submit to the Secretary a report 8 describing the implementation by the State of meas-
- 9 ures to achieve compliance with the requirements of
- this section, at such time, in such manner, and con-
- taining such information as the Secretary may re-
- 12 quire.
- 13 (2) Determination by Secretary.—On re-
- ceipt of a report under paragraph (1), the Secretary
- shall determine whether the applicable State has
- achieved compliance with the requirements of this
- 17 section.

18 SEC. 4. CERTIFICATION.

- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 20 enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a
- 21 method of evaluating compliance by State departments of
- 22 transportation and metropolitan planning organizations
- 23 with the requirements of this Act, including a requirement
- 24 that each State department of transportation and metro-

1	politan planning organization shall submit to the Sec-
2	retary a report describing—
3	(1) each complete streets policy adopted by the
4	State department of transportation or metropolitan
5	planning organization;
6	(2) the means of implementation by the State
7	department of transportation or metropolitan plan-
8	ning organization of the complete streets policy; and
9	(3) the process for providing an exemption
10	from the requirements of the complete streets policy
11	of the State department of transportation or metro-
12	politan planning organization.
13	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date
14	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
15	Congress a report describing—
16	(1) the method established under subsection
17	(a);
18	(2) the status of activities for adoption and im-
19	plementation by State departments of transportation
20	and metropolitan planning organizations of complete
21	streets policies;
22	(3) the tools and resources provided by the Sec-
23	retary to State departments of transportation and
24	metropolitan planning organizations to assist with
25	that adoption and implementation; and

1	(4) other measures carried out by the Secretary
2	to encourage the adoption of complete streets poli-
3	cies by local jurisdictions.
4	SEC. 5. ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS.
5	(a) FINAL STANDARDS.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, the Architectural and
7	Transportation Barriers Compliance Board established by
8	section 502(a)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
9	U.S.C. 792(a)(1)) shall promulgate final standards for ac-
10	cessibility of new construction and alteration of pedestrian
11	facilities for public rights-of-way.
12	(b) Temporary Standards.—During the period be-
13	ginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending
14	on the date on which the Architectural and Transportation
15	Barriers Compliance Board promulgates final standards
16	under subsection (a), a State or metropolitan planning or-
17	ganization shall apply to public rights-of-way—
18	(1) the standards for accessible transportation
19	facilities contained in section 37.9 of title 49, Code
20	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of
21	enactment of this Act); or
22	(2) if the standards referred to in paragraph
23	(1) do not address, or are inapplicable to, an af-
24	fected public right-of-way, the revised draft guide-
25	lines for accessible public rights-of-way of the Archi-

1	tectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance
2	Board dated November 23, 2005.
3	SEC. 6. RESEARCH, TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, AND IMPLE
4	MENTATION ASSISTANCE.
5	(a) Research.—
6	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall conduct
7	research regarding complete streets to assist States
8	metropolitan planning organizations, and local juris-
9	dictions in developing, adopting, and implementing
10	plans, projects, procedures, policies, and training
11	programs that comply with complete streets prin-
12	ciples.
13	(2) Participation.—The Secretary shall solicit
14	participation in the research program under para-
15	graph (1) by—
16	(A) the American Association of State
17	Highway and Transportation Officials;
18	(B) the Institute of Transportation Engi-
19	neers;
20	(C) the American Public Transportation
21	Association;
22	(D) the American Planning Association;
23	(E) the National Association of Regional
24	Councils:

1	(F) the Association of Metropolitan Plan-
2	ning Organizations;
3	(G) the Insurance Institute for Highway
4	Safety;
5	(H) the American Society of Landscape
6	Architects;
7	(I) representatives of transportation safety,
8	disability, motoring, bicycling, walking, transit
9	user, aging, and air quality organizations; and
10	(J) other affected communities.
11	(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The research under para-
12	graph (1) shall—
13	(A) be based on the applicable statement
14	of complete streets research needs of the Trans-
15	portation Research Board, as described in TR
16	Circular E110; and
17	(B) seek to develop new areas of inquiry,
18	in addition to that statement.
19	(b) Benchmarks and Guidance.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The research conducted
21	under subsection (a) shall be designed to result in
22	the establishment of benchmarks and the provision
23	of practical guidance on methods of effectively im-
24	plementing complete streets policies and complete
25	streets principles that will accommodate all users

1	along a facility or corridor, including vehicles, pedes-
2	trians, bicyclists, and transit users.
3	(2) Focus.—The benchmarks and guidance
4	under paragraph (1) shall—
5	(A) focus on modifying scoping, design,
6	and construction procedures to more effectively
7	combine particular methods of use into inte-
8	grated facilities that meet the needs of each
9	method in an appropriate balance; and
10	(B) indicate the expected operational and
11	safety performance of alternative approaches to
12	facility design.
13	(c) Data Collection.—The Secretary shall collabo-
14	rate with the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, the
15	Federal Transit Administration, and appropriate commit-
16	tees of the Transportation Research Board—
17	(1) to collect data regarding a baseline non-
18	motorized and transit use survey to be integrated
19	into the National Household Travel Survey; and
20	(2) to develop a survey tool for use by State de-
21	partments of transportation in identifying the
22	multimodal capacity of State and local roadways.
23	(d) Technical Guidance.—
24	(1) Report.—Not later than 15 months after
25	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary

- 1 shall prepare and make available to all States, met-2 ropolitan planning organizations, and local jurisdic-3 tions a report that describes the best practices by 4 which transportation agencies throughout the United 5 States have implemented complete streets principles 6 in accordance with, or in anticipation of, the require-7 ments of this Act. 8 (2) Topics for emphasis.—In preparing the 9 report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall 10 place particular emphasis on the following topics: 11 12
 - (A) Procedures for identifying the needs of users of all ages and abilities of a particular roadway.
 - (B) Procedures for identifying the types and designs of facilities needed to serve each class of users.
 - (C) Safety and other benefits provided by the implementation of complete streets principles.
 - (D) Common barriers to the implementation of complete streets principles.
 - (E) Procedures for overcoming the most common barriers to the implementation of complete streets principles.

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1	(F) Procedures for identifying the costs as
2	sociated with the implementation of complete
3	streets principles.
4	(G) Procedures for maximizing local co
5	operation in the introduction and implementa
6	tion of complete streets principles.
7	(H) Procedures for assessing and modi-
8	fying the facilities and operational characteris
9	tics of existing roadways to improve consistency

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with complete streets principles.