112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1547

To provide grants to States to ensure that all students in the middle grades are taught an academically rigorous curriculum with effective supports so that students complete the middle grades prepared for success in secondary school and postsecondary endeavors, to improve State and district policies and programs relating to the academic achievement of students in the middle grades, to develop and implement effective middle grades models for struggling students, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 14, 2011

Mr. GRIJALVA (for himself, Ms. McCollum, Mr. Holt, Mr. Scott of Virginia, Mr. Davis of Illinois, and Mr. Fattah) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To provide grants to States to ensure that all students in the middle grades are taught an academically rigorous curriculum with effective supports so that students complete the middle grades prepared for success in secondary school and postsecondary endeavors, to improve State and district policies and programs relating to the academic achievement of students in the middle grades, to develop and implement effective middle grades models for struggling students, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

middle grades.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Success in the Middle
- 5 Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 In this Act:

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- 8 (1) International comparisons indicate that stu-9 dents in the United States do not start out behind 10 students of other nations in mathematics and 11 science, but that they fall behind by the end of the
 - (2) Only ½ of eighth grade students in the United States, and only 3 percent of such students who are English language learners, can read with proficiency, according to the 2009 National Assessment on Educational Progress (NAEP). The percentage of eighth grade students proficient at reading, and the average reading score for eighth grade students, have remained static. In contrast, NAEP reading scores and achievement levels for fourth
 - (3) In mathematics, just over ½ of students in eighth grade show skills at the NAEP proficient level, and nearly 30 percent score below the basic

grade students have increased significantly.

- level. The percentage of eighth grade students scor-ing above the basic level was 10 points higher in 2009 than in 2000, but for fourth grade students, the percentage increased 17 points, more than dou-ble the increase for middle grades students. In eighth grade, the gaps between the average mathe-matics scores of White and Black students and be-tween White and Hispanic students were approxi-mately as wide in 2009 as in 1990.
 - (4) Fewer than 1 in 4 of the students who graduate from secondary school meet, as eighth graders, all 4 of ACT's EXPLORE College Readiness Benchmarks, the minimum level of achievement that ACT has shown is necessary if students are to be college- and career-ready upon their graduation from secondary school.
 - (5) Lack of basic skills at the end of middle grades has serious implications for students. Students who enter secondary school 2 or more years behind grade level in mathematics and literacy have only a 50 percent chance of progressing on time to the tenth grade; those not progressing are at significant risk of dropping out of secondary school.
 - (6) Middle grades students are hopeful about their future, with 93 percent believing that they will

- complete secondary school and 86 percent anticipating that they will attend an institution of higher education.
 - (7) Sixth grade students who do not attend school regularly, who are subjected to frequent disciplinary actions, or who fail mathematics or English have less than a 15 percent chance of graduating secondary school on time and a 20 percent chance of graduating 1 year late. Without effective interventions and proper supports, these students are at risk of subsequent failure in secondary school, or of dropping out.
 - (8) Student transitions from elementary school to the middle grades and to secondary school are often complicated by poor curriculum alignment, inadequate counseling services, and unsatisfactory sharing of student performance and academic achievement data between grades.
 - (9) According to ACT, the level of academic achievement that students attain by eighth grade has a larger impact on the students' college and career readiness upon graduation from secondary school than anything that happens academically in secondary school.

- 1 (10) Schools that serve children in the middle 2 grades are almost twice as likely as elementary 3 schools to be identified for improvement, corrective 4 action, or restructuring (22 percent as compared to 5 13 percent) under section 1116 of the Elementary 6 and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7 6316).
 - (11) Middle grades improvement strategies should be tailored based on a variety of performance indicators and data, so that educators can create and implement successful school improvement strategies to address the needs of the middle grades, and so that teachers can provide effective instruction and adequate assistance to meet the needs of at-risk students.
 - (12) To stem a dropout rate nearly twice that of students without disabilities, students with disabilities in the critical middle grades must receive appropriate academic accommodations and access to assistive technology, high-risk behaviors such as absenteeism and course failure must be monitored, and problem-solving skills with broad application must be taught.
 - (13) Local educational agencies and State educational agencies often do not have the capacity to

1	provide support for school improvement strategies.
2	Successful models do exist for turning around low-
3	performing middle grades, and Federal support
4	should be provided to increase the capacity to apply
5	promising practices based on evidence from success-
6	ful schools.
7	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this Act:
9	(1) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "elemen-
10	tary school", "local educational agency", "secondary
11	school", and "State educational agency" have the
12	meanings given the terms in section 9101 of the Ele-
13	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
14	U.S.C. 7801).
15	(2) DIGITAL LITERACY SKILLS.—The term
16	"digital literacy skills" has the meaning given the
17	term in section 202 of the Museum and Library
18	Services Act (20 U.S.C. 9101).
19	(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
20	ty" means a partnership that includes—
21	(A) not less than 1 eligible local edu-
22	cational agency; and
23	(B)(i) an institution of higher education;
24	(ii) an educational service agency (as de-
25	fined in section 9101 of the Elementary and

1	Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
2	7801)); or
3	(iii) a nonprofit organization with dem-
4	onstrated expertise in high quality middle
5	grades intervention.
6	(4) Eligible local educational agency.—
7	The term "eligible local educational agency" means
8	a local educational agency that serves not less than
9	1 eligible school.
10	(5) ELIGIBLE SCHOOL.—The term "eligible
11	school" means an elementary or secondary school
12	that contains not less than 2 or more successive
13	grades beginning with grade 5 and ending with
14	grade 8 and for which—
15	(A) a high proportion of the middle grades
16	students attending such school go on to attend
17	a secondary school with a graduation rate of
18	less than 65 percent;
19	(B) more than 25 percent of the students
20	who finish grade 6 at such school, or the ear-
21	liest middle grade level at the school, exhibit 1
22	or more of the key risk factors and early risk
23	identification signs, including—
24	(i) student attendance below 90 per-
25	cent;

1	(ii) a failing grade in a mathematics
2	or reading or language arts course;
3	(iii) 2 failing grades in any courses;
4	and
5	(iv) out-of-school suspension or other
6	evidence of at-risk behavior; or
7	(C) more than 50 percent of the middle
8	grades students attending such school do not
9	perform at a proficient level on State student
10	academic assessments required under section
11	1111(b)(3) of the Elementary and Secondary
12	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(3))
13	in mathematics or reading or language arts.
14	(6) Institution of Higher Education.—The
15	term "institution of higher education" has the
16	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
17	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
18	(7) MIDDLE GRADES.—The term "middle
19	grades" means any of grades 5 through 8.
20	(8) Principles of scientific research.—
21	The term "principles of scientific research" has the
22	meaning given the term in section 200 of the Higher
23	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1021).
24	(9) Scientifically valid research.—The
25	term "scientifically valid research" has the meaning

1	given the term in section 200 of the Higher Edu-
2	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1021).
3	(10) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
4	means the Secretary of Education.
5	(11) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
6	the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the
7	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
8	(12) STUDENT WITH A DISABILITY.—The term
9	"student with a disability" means a student who is
10	a child with a disability, as defined in section 602
11	of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
12	(20 U.S.C. 1401).
13	TITLE I—MIDDLE GRADES
14	IMPROVEMENT
15	SEC. 101. PURPOSES.
16	The purposes of this title are to—
17	(1) improve middle grades student academic
18	achievement and prepare students for rigorous sec-
19	ondary school course work, postsecondary education,
20	independent living, and employment;
21	(2) ensure that curricula and student supports
22	for middle grades education align with the curricula
23	and student supports provided for elementary and

- 1 (3) provide resources to State educational agen2 cies and local educational agencies to collaboratively
 3 develop school improvement plans in order to deliver
 4 support and technical assistance to schools serving
 5 students in the middle grades; and
- 6 (4) increase the capacity of States and local
 7 educational agencies to develop effective, sustainable,
 8 and replicable school improvement programs and
 9 models and evidence-based or, when available, sci10 entifically valid student interventions for implemen11 tation by schools serving students in the middle
 12 grades.
- 13 SEC. 102. FORMULA GRANTS TO STATE EDUCATIONAL
- 14 AGENCIES FOR MIDDLE GRADES IMPROVE-
- 15 MENT.
- 16 (a) In General.—From amounts appropriated
- 17 under section 107, the Secretary shall make grants under
- 18 this title for a fiscal year to each State educational agency
- 19 for which the Secretary has approved an application under
- 20 subsection (f) in an amount equal to the allotment deter-
- 21 mined for such agency under subsection (c) for such fiscal
- 22 year.
- (b) Reservations.—From the total amount made
- 24 available to carry out this title for a fiscal year, the Sec-
- 25 retary—

- (1) shall reserve not more than 1 percent for the Secretary of the Interior (on behalf of the Bureau of Indian Affairs) and the outlying areas for activities carried out in accordance with this section;
- (2) shall reserve 1 percent to evaluate the effectiveness of this title in achieving the purposes of this title and ensuring that results are peer-reviewed and widely disseminated, which may include hiring an outside evaluator; and
- (3) shall reserve 5 percent for technical assistance and dissemination of best practices in middle grades education to States and local educational agencies.

(c) Amount of State Allotments.—

(1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), of the total amount made available to carry out this title for a fiscal year and not reserved under subsection (b), the Secretary shall allot such amount among the States in proportion to the number of children, aged 5 to 17, who reside within the State and are from families with incomes below the poverty line for the most recent fiscal year for which satisfactory data are available, compared to the number of such individuals who reside in all such States for that fiscal year, determined in accordance

- 1 with section 1124(c)(1)(A) of the Elementary and
- 2 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
- 6333(e)(1)(A).
- 4 (2) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTS.—No State edu-
- 5 cational agency shall receive an allotment under this
- 6 subsection for a fiscal year that is less than ½ of
- 7 1 percent of the amount made available to carry out
- 8 this title for such fiscal year.
- 9 (d) Special Rule.—For any fiscal year for which
- 10 the funds appropriated to carry out this title are less than
- 11 \$500,000,000, the Secretary is authorized to award grants
- 12 to State educational agencies, on a competitive basis, rath-
- 13 er than as allotments described in this section, to enable
- 14 such agencies to award subgrants under section 104 on
- 15 a competitive basis.
- 16 (e) Reallotment.—
- 17 (1) Failure to apply; application not ap-
- 18 PROVED.—If any State educational agency does not
- apply for an allotment under this title for a fiscal
- year, or if the application from the State educational
- agency is not approved, the Secretary shall reallot
- the amount of the State's allotment to the remaining
- 23 States in accordance with this section.
- 24 (2) Unused funds.—The Secretary may
- reallot any amount of an allotment to a State if the

- 1 Secretary determines that the State will be unable to
- 2 use such amount within 2 years of such allotment.
- 3 Such reallotments shall be made on the same basis
- 4 as allotments are made under subsection (c).
- 5 (f) APPLICATION.—In order to receive a grant under
- 6 this title, a State educational agency shall submit an appli-
- 7 cation to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and
- 8 accompanied by such information as the Secretary may
- 9 reasonably require, including a State middle grades im-
- 10 provement plan described in section 103(a)(4).
- 11 (g) Peer Review and Selection.—The Sec-
- 12 retary—
- 13 (1) shall establish a peer-review process to as-
- sist in the review and approval of proposed State ap-
- 15 plications;
- 16 (2) shall appoint individuals to participate in
- the peer-review process who are educators and ex-
- perts in identifying, evaluating, and implementing
- 19 effective education programs and practices (includ-
- ing in the areas of teaching and learning, edu-
- 21 cational standards and assessments, school improve-
- 22 ment, and academic and behavioral supports for
- 23 middle grades students, and in addressing the needs
- of students with disabilities and English language
- learners in the middle grades), which individuals

1	may include recognized exemplary middle grades
2	teachers and middle grades principals who have been
3	recognized at the State or national level for exem-
4	plary work or contributions to the field;
5	(3) shall ensure that States are given the op-
6	portunity to receive timely feedback, and to interact
7	with peer-review panels, in person or via electronic
8	communication, on issues that need clarification dur-
9	ing the peer-review process;
10	(4) shall approve a State application submitted
11	under this title not later than 120 days after the
12	date of submission of the application unless the Sec-
13	retary determines that the application does not meet
14	the requirements of this title;
15	(5) may not decline to approve a State's appli-
16	cation before—
17	(A) offering the State an opportunity to
18	revise the State's application;
19	(B) providing the State with technical as-
20	sistance in order to submit a successful applica-
21	tion; and
22	(C) providing a hearing to the State; and
23	(6) shall direct the Inspector General of the De-
24	partment of Education to—

1	(A) review final determinations reached by
2	the Secretary to approve or deny State applica-
3	tions;
4	(B) analyze the consistency of the process
5	used by peer-review panels in reviewing and rec-
6	ommending to the Secretary approval or denial
7	of such State applications; and
8	(C) report the findings of this review and
9	analysis to Congress.
10	SEC. 103. STATE PLAN; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.
11	(a) Mandatory Activities.—
12	(1) In general.—A State educational agency
13	that receives a grant under this title shall use the
14	grant funds—
15	(A) to prepare and implement the needs
16	analysis and middle grades improvement plan,
17	as described in paragraphs (3) and (4), of such
18	agency;
19	(B) to make subgrants to eligible local
20	educational agencies or eligible entities under
21	section 104; and
22	(C) to assist eligible local educational agen-
23	cies and eligible entities, when determined nec-
24	essary by the State educational agency or at the
25	request of an eligible local educational agency

or eligible entity, in designing a comprehensive schoolwide improvement plan and carrying out the activities under section 104.

(2) Funds for subgrants.—A State educational agency that receives a grant under this title shall use not less than 80 percent of the grant funds to make subgrants to eligible local educational agencies or eligible entities under section 104.

(3) MIDDLE GRADES NEEDS ANALYSIS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency that receives a grant under this title shall enter into a contract, or similar formal agreement, to work with entities such as national and regional comprehensive centers (as described in section 203 of the Educational Technical Assistance Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9602)), institutions of higher education, or non-profit organizations with demonstrated expertise in high-quality middle grades reform, to prepare a plan that analyzes how to strengthen the programs, practices, and policies of the State in supporting students in the middle grades, including the factors, such as local implementation, that influence variation in the ef-

1	fectiveness of such programs, practices, and
2	policies.
3	(B) Preparation of Plan.—In preparing
4	the plan under subparagraph (A), the State
5	educational agency shall examine policies and
6	practices of the State, and of local educational
7	agencies within the State, affecting—
8	(i) middle grades curriculum instruc-
9	tion and assessment;
10	(ii) education accountability and data
11	systems;
12	(iii) teacher quality and equitable dis-
13	tribution;
14	(iv) interventions that support learn-
15	ing in school;
16	(v) family and community engagement
17	in education; and
18	(vi) student and academic support
19	services, such as effective school library
20	programs and school counseling on the
21	transition to secondary school and plan-
22	ning for entry into postsecondary edu-
23	cation and the workforce.
24	(4) Middle grades improvement plan.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—A State educational
2	agency that receives a grant under this title
3	shall develop a middle grades improvement plan
4	that—
5	(i) shall be a statewide plan to im-
6	prove student academic achievement in the
7	middle grades, based on the needs analysis
8	described in paragraph (3); and
9	(ii) describes what students are re-
10	quired to know and do to successfully—
11	(I) complete the middle grades;
12	and
13	(II) make the transition to suc-
14	ceed in academically rigorous sec-
15	ondary school coursework that pre-
16	pares students for postsecondary edu-
17	cation, independent living, and em-
18	ployment.
19	(B) Plan components.—A middle grades
20	improvement plan described in subparagraph
21	(A) shall also describe how the State edu-
22	cational agency will do each of the following:
23	(i) Ensure—
24	(I) that the curricula and assess-
25	ments for middle grades education are

1	aligned with secondary school cur-
2	ricula and assessments and prepare
3	students to take challenging secondary
4	school courses and successfully engage
5	in postsecondary education; and
6	(II) coordination, where applica-
7	ble, with the activities carried out
8	through grants for P-16 education
9	alignment under section $6201(c)(1)$ of
10	the America COMPETES Act.
11	(ii) Ensure that professional develop-
12	ment is provided to school leaders, teach-
13	ers, and other school personnel in—
14	(I) addressing the needs of di-
15	verse learners, including students with
16	disabilities and English language
17	learners;
18	(II) using challenging and rel-
19	evant research-based best practices
20	and curricula; and
21	(III) using data to inform in-
22	struction.
23	(iii) Identify and disseminate informa-
24	tion on effective schools and instructional

1	strategies for middle grades students based
2	on high-quality research.
3	(iv) Include specific provisions for stu-
4	dents most at risk of not graduating from
5	secondary school, including English lan-
6	guage learners and students with disabil-
7	ities.
8	(v) Provide technical assistance to eli-
9	gible entities to develop and implement
10	their early warning indicator and interven-
11	tion systems, as described in section
12	104(d)(2)(D).
13	(vi) Define a set of comprehensive
14	school performance indicators that shall be
15	used, in addition to the indicators used to
16	determine adequate yearly progress, as de-
17	fined in section 1111(b)(2)(C) of the Ele-
18	mentary and Secondary Education Act of
19	1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(C)), to evalu-
20	ate school performance, and guide the
21	school improvement process, such as—
22	(I) student attendance and ab-
23	senteeism;
24	(II) earned on-time promotion
25	rates from grade to grade;

1	(III) percentage of students fail-
2	ing a mathematics, reading or lan-
3	guage arts, or science course, or fail-
4	ing 2 or more of any courses;
5	(IV) teacher quality and attend-
6	ance measures;
7	(V) in-school and out-of-school
8	suspension or other measurable evi-
9	dence of at-risk behavior; and
10	(VI) additional indicators pro-
11	posed by the State educational agen-
12	cy, and approved by the Secretary
13	pursuant to the peer-review process
14	described in section 102(g).
15	(vii) Ensure that such plan is coordi-
16	nated with State activities to turn around
17	other schools in need of improvement, in-
18	cluding State activities to improve sec-
19	ondary schools and elementary schools.
20	(b) Permissible Activities.—A State educational
21	agency that receives a grant under this title may use the
22	grant funds to—
23	(1) develop and encourage collaborations among
24	researchers at institutions of higher education, State
25	educational agencies, educational service agencies

- 1 (as defined in section 9101 of the Elementary and 2 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 3 7801)), local educational agencies, and nonprofit or-4 ganizations with demonstrated expertise in high 5 quality middle grades interventions, to expand the 6 use of effective practices in the middle grades and 7 to improve middle grades education;
 - (2) support local educational agencies in implementing effective middle grades practices, models, and programs that—
 - (A) are evidence-based or, when available, scientifically valid; and
 - (B) lead to improved student academic achievement;
 - (3) support collaborative communities of middle grades teachers, administrators, school librarians, and researchers in creating and sustaining informational databases to disseminate results from rigorous research on effective practices and programs for middle grades education; and
 - (4) increase middle grades student and academic support services, such as effective school library programs and school counseling on the transition to secondary school and planning for entry into postsecondary education and the workforce.

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SEC. 104. COMPETITIVE SUBGRANTS TO IMPROVE LOW-2 PERFORMING MIDDLE GRADES. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency that receives a grant under this title shall make competitive 4 5 subgrants to eligible local educational agencies and eligible entities to enable the eligible local educational agencies 6 7 and eligible entities to improve low-performing middle 8 grades in schools served by the agencies or entities. 9 (b) Priorities.—In making subgrants under subsection (a), a State educational agency shall give priority 10 to eligible local educational agencies or eligible entities 11 based on— 12 13 (1) the respective populations of children de-14 scribed in section 102(c)(1) served by the eligible 15 local educational agencies participating in the 16 subgrant application process; and 17 (2) the respective populations of children served 18 by the participating eligible local educational agen-19 cies who attend eligible schools. 20 (c) Application.—An eligible local educational agency or eligible entity that desires to receive a subgrant 21 22 under subsection (a) shall submit an application to the 23 State educational agency at such time, in such manner, 24 and accompanied by such information as the State educational agency may reasonably require, including—

1	(1) a comprehensive schoolwide improvement
2	plan described in subsection (d);
3	(2) a description of how activities described in
4	such plan will be coordinated with activities specified
5	in plans for schoolwide programs under section 1114
6	of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
7	1965 (20 U.S.C. 6314) and school improvement
8	plans required under section 1116(b)(3) of such Act
9	(20 U.S.C. 6316(b)(3)); and
10	(3) a description of how activities described in
11	such plan will be complementary to, and coordinated
12	with, school improvement activities for elementary
13	schools and secondary schools in need of improve-
14	ment that serve the same students within the par-
15	ticipating local educational agency.
16	(d) Comprehensive Schoolwide Improvement
17	PLAN.—An eligible local educational agency or eligible en-
18	tity that desires to receive a subgrant under subsection
19	(a) shall develop a comprehensive schoolwide improvement
20	plan for the middle grades that shall—
21	(1) include the information described in sub-
22	section $(e)(2)$;
23	(2) describe how the eligible local educational
24	agency or eligible entity will—
25	(A) identify eligible schools:

- 1 (B) ensure that funds go to the highest
 2 priority eligible schools first, based on the eligi3 ble schools' populations of children described in
 4 section 102(c)(1);
 5 (C) use funds to improve the academic
 6 achievement of all students, including English
 - (C) use funds to improve the academic achievement of all students, including English language learners and students with disabilities, in eligible schools;
 - (D) implement an early warning indicator and intervention system to alert schools when students begin to exhibit outcomes or behaviors that indicate the student is at increased risk for low academic achievement or is unlikely to progress to secondary school graduation, and to create a system of evidence-based interventions to be used by schools to effectively intervene, by—
 - (i) identifying and analyzing, such as through the use of longitudinal data of past cohorts of students, the academic and behavioral indicators in the middle grades that most reliably predict dropping out of secondary school, such as attendance, behavior measures (including suspensions, officer referrals, or conduct marks), aca-

1	demic performance in core courses, and
2	earned on-time promotion from grade-to-
3	grade;
4	(ii) analyzing student progress and
5	performance on the indicators identified
6	under clause (i) to guide decisionmaking;
7	(iii) analyzing academic indicators to
8	determine whether students are on track to
9	graduate on time, and developing appro-
10	priate evidence-based intervention; and
11	(iv) identifying or developing a mecha-
12	nism for regularly collecting and report-
13	ing—
14	(I) student-level data on the indi-
15	cators identified under clause (i);
16	(II) student-level progress and
17	performance, as described in clause
18	(ii);
19	(III) student-level data on the in-
20	dicators described in clause (iii); and
21	(IV) information about the im-
22	pact of interventions on student out-
23	comes and progress;
24	(E) increase academic rigor and foster stu-
25	dent engagement to ensure students are enter-

1	ing secondary school prepared for success in a
2	rigorous college- and career-ready curriculum
3	including a description of how such readiness
4	will be measured;
5	(F) implement a systemic transition plan
6	for all students and encourage collaboration
7	among elementary grades, middle grades, and
8	secondary school grades;
9	(G) increase community and family en-
10	gagement in education in the middle school
11	grades to support student success; and
12	(H) provide evidence that the strategies
13	programs, supports, and instructional practices
14	proposed under the schoolwide improvement
15	plan are new and have not been implemented
16	before by the eligible local educational agency
17	or eligible entity; and
18	(3) provide evidence of an ongoing commitment
19	to sustain the plan for a period of not less than 4
20	years.
21	(e) REVIEW AND SELECTION OF SUBGRANTS.—In
22	making subgrants under subsection (a), the State edu-

23 cational agency shall—

- 1 (1) establish a peer-review process to assist in 2 the review and approval of applications under sub-3 section (c); and
 - (2) appoint individuals to participate in the peer-review process who are educators and experts in identifying, evaluating, and implementing effective education programs and practices, including—
 - (A) experts in areas of teaching and learning, educational standards and assessments, school improvement, addressing the needs of students with disabilities and English language learners in the middle grades, and academic and behavioral supports for middle grades students; and
 - (B) recognized exemplary middle grades teachers and principals who have been recognized at the State or national level for exemplary work or contributions to the field.
- (f) REVISION OF SUBGRANTS.—If a State edu-20 cational agency, using the peer-review process described 21 in subsection (e), determines that an application for a 22 grant under subsection (a) does not meet the requirements 23 of this title, the State educational agency shall notify the 24 eligible local educational agency or eligible entity of such

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1	determination and the reasons for such determination, and
2	offer—
3	(1) the eligible local educational agency or eligi-
4	ble entity an opportunity to revise and resubmit the
5	application; and
6	(2) technical assistance to the eligible local edu-
7	cational agency or eligible entity, by the State edu-
8	cational agency or a nonprofit organization with
9	demonstrated expertise in high quality middle grades
10	interventions, to revise the application.
11	(g) Mandatory Uses of Funds.—An eligible local
12	educational agency or eligible entity that receives a
13	subgrant under subsection (a) shall carry out the fol-
14	lowing:
15	(1) Align the curricula for grades kindergarten
16	through 12 for schools within the local educational
17	agency to improve transitions from elementary
18	grades to middle grades to secondary school grades.
19	(2) In each eligible school served by the eligible
20	local educational agency receiving or participating in
21	the subgrant:
22	(A) Align the curricula for all grade levels
23	within eligible schools to improve grade to grade
24	transitions.

- (B) Implement evidence-based or, when available, scientifically valid instructional strategies, programs, and learning environments that meet the needs of all students and ensure that school leaders and teachers receive professional development on the use of these strategies.
 - (C) Ensure that school leaders, teachers, pupil service personnel, school librarians, and other school staff understand the developmental stages of adolescents in the middle grades and how to deal with those stages appropriately in an educational setting.
 - (D) Implement organizational practices and school schedules that allow for effective leadership, collaborative staff participation, effective teacher teaming, and parent and community involvement.
 - (E) Create a more personalized and engaging learning environment for middle grades students by developing a personal academic plan for each student and assigning not less than 1 adult to help monitor student progress.
 - (F) Provide all students and their families with information about, and assistance with, the requirements for secondary school gradua-

- tion, admission to an institution of higher education, and career success.
 - (G) Utilize data from an early warning indicator and intervention system described in subsection (d)(2)(D) to identify struggling students and assist the students as the students transition from elementary school to middle grades to secondary school.
 - (H) Implement academic supports, such as effective school library programs, and effective and coordinated additional assistance programs to ensure that students have a strong foundation in reading, writing, mathematics, and science skills.
 - (I) Implement evidence-based or, when available, scientifically valid schoolwide programs and targeted supports to promote positive academic outcomes, such as increased attendance rates and the promotion of physical, personal, and social development.
 - (J) Develop and use effective formative assessments to inform instruction.
- 23 (h) Permissible Uses of Funds.—An eligible local 24 educational agency or eligible entity that receives a

- 1 subgrant under subsection (a) may use the subgrant funds
- 2 to carry out the following:
- (1) Implement extended learning opportunities in core academic areas including more instructional time in literacy, mathematics, science, history, and civics in addition to opportunities for language instruction and understanding other cultures and the arts.
- 9 (2) Provide evidence-based professional develop-10 ment activities with specific benchmarks to enable 11 teachers and other school staff to appropriately 12 monitor academic and behavioral progress of, and modify curricula and implement accommodations 13 14 and assistive technology services for, students with 15 disabilities, consistent with the students' individual-16 ized education programs under section 614(d) of the 17 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20) 18 U.S.C. 1414(d)).
 - (3) Employ and use instructional coaches, including literacy, mathematics, and English language learner coaches.
 - (4) Provide professional development for content-area teachers and school librarians on working effectively with English language learners and students with disabilities, as well as professional development.

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- opment for English as a second language educators, bilingual educators, and special education personnel.
 - (5) Encourage and facilitate the sharing of data among elementary grades, middle grades, secondary school grades, and postsecondary educational institutions.
 - of principals or middle grades teachers, or both, among eligible schools within the eligible local educational agency receiving or participating in the subgrant, or between such eligible local educational agency and another local educational agency, with a focus on developing and sharing methods to increase student learning and academic achievement.

(i) Planning Subgrants.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the subgrants described in subsection (a), a State educational agency may (without regard to the preceding provisions of this section) make planning subgrants, and provide technical assistance, to eligible local educational agencies and eligible entities that have not received a subgrant under subsection (a) to assist the local educational agencies and eligible entities in meeting the requirements of subsections (c) and (d).

1	(2) Amount and duration.—Each subgrant
2	under this subsection shall be in an amount of not
3	more than \$100,000 and shall be for a period of not
4	more than 1 year in duration.
5	SEC. 105. DURATION OF GRANTS; SUPPLEMENT NOT SUP-
6	PLANT.
7	(a) Duration of Grants.—
8	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2), grants under this title and subgrants
10	under section 104(a) may not exceed 3 years in du-
11	ration.
12	(2) Renewals.—
13	(A) In general.—Grants and subgrants
14	under this title may be renewed in 2-year incre-
15	ments.
16	(B) Conditions.—In order to be eligible
17	to have a grant or subgrant renewed under this
18	paragraph, the grant or subgrant recipient shall
19	demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the granting
20	entity, that—
21	(i) the recipient has complied with the
22	terms of the grant or subgrant, including
23	by undertaking all required activities; and

1	(ii) during the period of the grant or
2	subgrant, there has been significant
3	progress in—
4	(I) student academic achieve-
5	ment, as measured by the annual
6	measurable objectives established pur-
7	suant to section $1111(b)(2)(C)(v)$ of
8	the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
9	cation Act (20 U.S.C.
10	6311(b)(2)(C)(v); and
11	(II) other key risk factors such
12	as attendance and on-time promotion.
13	(b) Federal Funds To Supplement, Not Sup-
14	PLANT, NON-FEDERAL FUNDS.—
15	(1) In general.—A State educational agency,
16	eligible local educational agency, or eligible entity
17	shall use Federal funds received under this title only
18	to supplement the funds that would, in the absence
19	of such Federal funds, be made available from non-
20	Federal sources for the education of pupils partici-
21	pating in programs assisted under this title, and not
22	to supplant such funds.
23	(2) Special rule.—Nothing in this title shall
24	be construed to authorize an officer, employee, or
25	contractor of the Federal Government to mandate,

1	direct, limit, or control a State, local educational
2	agency, or school's specific instructional content,
3	academic achievement standards and assessments,
4	curriculum, or program of instruction.
5	SEC. 106. EVALUATION AND REPORTING.
6	(a) EVALUATION.—Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for
8	the period of the grant, each State receiving a grant under
9	this title shall—
10	(1) conduct an evaluation of the State's
11	progress regarding the impact of the changes made
12	to the policies and practices of the State in accord-
13	ance with this title, including—
14	(A) a description of the specific changes
15	made, or in the process of being made, to poli-
16	cies and practices as a result of the grant;
17	(B) a discussion of any barriers hindering
18	the identified changes in policies and practices,
19	and implementation strategies to overcome such
20	barriers;
21	(C) evidence of the impact of changes to
22	policies and practices on behavior and actions
23	at the local educational agency and school level;
24	and

1	(D) evidence of the impact of the changes
2	to State and local policies and practices on im-
3	proving measurable learning gains by middle
4	grades students;
5	(2) use the results of the evaluation conducted
6	under paragraph (1) to adjust the policies and prac-
7	tices of the State as necessary to achieve the pur-
8	poses of this title; and
9	(3) submit the results of the evaluation to the
10	Secretary.
11	(b) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall make the re-
12	sults of each State's evaluation under subsection (a) avail-
13	able to other States and local educational agencies.
14	(e) Local Educational Agency Reporting.—On
15	an annual basis, each eligible local educational agency and
16	eligible entity receiving a subgrant under section 104(a)
17	shall report to the State educational agency and to the
18	public on—
19	(1) the performance on the school performance
20	indicators (as described in section $103(a)(4)(B)(vi)$)
21	for each eligible school served by the eligible local
22	educational agency or eligible entity, in the aggre-
23	gate and disaggregated by the subgroups described
24	in section $1111(b)(2)(C)(v)(II)$ of the Elementary

1 and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); and 3 (2) the use of funds by the eligible local educational agency or eligible entity and each such 5 school. 6 (d) STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY REPORTING.—On an annual basis, each State educational agency receiving 8 grant funds under this title shall report to the Secretary 9 and to the public on— 10 (1) the performance of eligible schools in the 11 State, based on the school performance indicators 12 described in section 103(a)(4)(B)(vi), in the aggre-13 gate and disaggregated by the subgroups described 14 in section 1111(b)(2)(C)(v)(II) of the Elementary 15 and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 16 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II); and 17 (2) the use of the funds by each eligible local 18 educational agency in the State and by each eligible 19 school. 20 (e) Report to Congress.—Every 2 years, the Sec-21 retary shall report to the public and to Congress— 22 (1) a summary of the State reports under sub-23 section (d); and 24 (2) the use of funds by each State under this 25 title.

1 SEC. 107. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 3 this title \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2012 and such
- 4 sums as may be necessary for each of the 5 succeeding
- 5 fiscal years.

6 TITLE II—RESEARCH

7 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 8 SEC. 201. PURPOSE.
- 9 The purpose of this title is to facilitate the genera-
- 10 tion, dissemination, and application of research needed to
- 11 identify and implement effective practices that lead to con-
- 12 tinual student learning and high academic achievement in
- 13 the middle grades.
- 14 SEC. 202. RESEARCH RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 15 (a) STUDY ON PROMISING PRACTICES.—
- 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after
- the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- shall enter into a contract with the Center for Edu-
- cation of the National Academies to study and iden-
- 20 tify promising practices for the improvement of mid-
- 21 dle grades education.
- 22 (2) CONTENT OF STUDY.—The study described
- in paragraph (1) shall identify promising practices
- currently being implemented for the improvement of
- 25 middle grades education. The study shall be con-
- ducted in an open and transparent way that provides

1	interim information to the public about criteria
2	being used to identify—
3	(A) promising practices;
4	(B) the practices that are being consid-
5	ered; and
6	(C) the kind of evidence needed to docu-
7	ment effectiveness.
8	(3) Report.—The contract entered into pursu-
9	ant to this subsection shall require that the Center
10	for Education of the National Academies submit to
11	the Secretary, the Committee on Health, Education,
12	Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, and the Com-
13	mittee on Education and the Workforce of the
14	House of Representatives a final report regarding
15	the study conducted under this subsection not later
16	than 1 year after the date of the commencement of
17	the contract.
18	(4) Publication.—The Secretary shall make
19	public and post on the website of the Department of
20	Education the findings of the study conducted under
21	this subsection.
22	(b) Synthesis Study of Effective Teaching
23	AND LEARNING IN MIDDLE GRADES.—
24	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
25	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary

- shall enter into a contract with the Center for Education of the National Academies to review existing research on middle grades education, and on factors that might lead to increased effectiveness and enhanced innovation in middle grades education.
- (2) Content of Study.—The study described in paragraph (1) shall review research on education programs, practices, and policies, as well as research on the cognitive, social, and emotional development of children in the middle grades age range, in order to provide an enriched understanding of the factors that might lead to the development of innovative and effective middle grades programs, practices, and policies. The study shall focus on—
 - (A) the areas of curriculum, instruction, and assessment (including additional supports for students who are below grade level in reading, writing, mathematics, and science, and the identification of students with disabilities) to better prepare all students for subsequent success in secondary school, postsecondary education, and cognitively challenging employment;
 - (B) the quality of, and supports for, the teacher workforce;

- 1 (C) aspects of student behavioral and so-2 cial development, and of social interactions 3 within schools that affect the learning of aca-4 demic content;
 - (D) the ways in which schools and local educational agencies are organized and operated that may be linked to student outcomes;
 - (E) how development and use of early warning indicator and intervention systems can reduce risk factors for dropping out of school and low academic achievement; and
 - (F) identification of areas where further research and evaluation may be needed on these topics to further the development of effective middle grades practices.
 - (3) Report.—The contract entered into pursuant to this subsection shall require that the Center for Education of the National Academies submit to the Secretary, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, and the Committee on Education and the Workforce of the House of Representatives a final report regarding the study conducted under this subsection not later than 2 years after the date of commencement of the contract.

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- 1 (4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make 2 public and post on the website of the Department of 3 Education the findings of the study conducted under 4 this subsection.
- 5 (c) OTHER ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary shall carry6 out each of the following:
 - (1) Create a national clearinghouse, in coordination with entities such as What Works and the Doing What Works Clearinghouses, for research in best practices in the middle grades and in the approaches that successfully take those best practices to scale in schools and local educational agencies.
 - (2) Create a national middle grades database accessible to educational researchers, practitioners, and policymakers that identifies school, classroom, and system-level factors that facilitate or impede student academic achievement in the middle grades.
 - (3) Require the Institute of Education Sciences to develop a strand of field-initiated and scientifically valid research designed to enhance performance of schools serving middle grades students, and of middle grades students who are most at risk of educational failure, which may be coordinated with the regional educational laboratories established under section 174 of the Education Sciences Reform

1	Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9564), institutions of higher
2	education, agencies recognized for their research
3	work that has been published in peer-reviewed jour-
4	nals, and organizations that have such regional edu-
5	cational laboratories. Such research shall target spe-
6	cific issues such as—
7	(A) effective practices for instruction and
8	assessment in mathematics, science, technology,
9	and literacy;
10	(B) academic interventions for adolescent
11	English language learners;
12	(C) school improvement programs and
13	strategies for closing the academic achievement
14	gap;
15	(D) evidence-based or, when available, sci-
16	entifically valid professional development plan-
17	ning targeted to improve pedagogy and student
18	academic achievement;
19	(E) the effects of increased learning or ex-
20	tended school time in the middle grades; and
21	(F) the effects of decreased class size or
22	increased instructional and support staff.
23	(4) Strengthen the work of the existing national
24	research and development centers under section
25	133(c) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of

1	2002 (20 U.S.C. 9533(c)), as of the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act, by adding an educational research
3	and development center dedicated to addressing—
4	(A) curricular, instructional, and assess-
5	ment issues pertinent to the middle grades
6	(such as mathematics, science, technological flu-
7	ency, the needs of English language learners
8	and students with disabilities);
9	(B) comprehensive reforms for low-per-
10	forming middle grades; and
11	(C) other topics pertinent to improving the
12	academic achievement of middle grades stu-
13	dents.
14	(5) Provide grants to nonprofit organizations
15	for-profit organizations, institutions of higher edu-
16	cation, and others to partner with State educational
17	agencies and local educational agencies to develop
18	adapt, or replicate effective models for turning
19	around low-performing middle grades.
20	SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; RESERVA
21	TIONS.
22	(a) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap-
23	propriated to carry out this title \$100,000,000 for fiscal
24	year 2012 and such sums as may be necessary for each
25	of the 5 succeeding fiscal years.

1	(b) Reservations.—From the total amount made
2	available to carry out this title, the Secretary shall re-
3	serve—
4	(1) 2.5 percent for the studies described in sub-
5	sections (a) and (b) of section 202;
6	(2) 5 percent for the clearinghouse described in
7	section $202(c)(1)$;
8	(3) 5 percent for the database described in sec-
9	tion $202(c)(2)$;
10	(4) 42.5 percent for the activities described in
11	section $202(c)(3)$;
12	(5) 15 percent for the activities described in
13	section $202(c)(4)$; and
14	(6) 30 percent for the activities described in
15	section $202(c)(5)$.

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