#### 111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 906

To protect older Americans from misleading and fraudulent marketing practices, with the goal of increasing retirement security.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 28, 2009

Mr. Kohl (for himself and Mrs. McCaskill) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

To protect older Americans from misleading and fraudulent marketing practices, with the goal of increasing retirement security.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Senior Investment Pro-
- 5 tection Act of 2009".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) many seniors are targeted by salespersons
- 9 and advisers using misleading certifications and pro-
- 10 fessional designations;

- 1 (2) many certifications and professional des2 ignations used by salespersons and advisers rep3 resent limited training or expertise, and may in fact
  4 be of no value with respect to advising seniors on fi5 nancial and estate planning matters, and far too
  6 often, such designations are obtained simply by at7 tending a weekend seminar and passing an open
  8 book, multiple choice test;
  - (3) many seniors have lost their life savings because salespersons and advisers holding a misleading designation have steered them toward products that were unsuitable for them, given their retirement needs and life expectancies;
  - (4) seniors have a right to clearly know whether they are working with a qualified adviser who understands the products and is working in their best interest or a self-interested salesperson or adviser advocating particular products; and
  - (5) many existing State laws and enforcement measures addressing the use of certifications, professional designations, and suitability standards in selling financial products to seniors are inadequate to protect senior investors from salespersons and advisers using such designations.

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## 1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

2	As used in this Act—
3	(1) the term "misleading designation"—
4	(A) means the use of a purported certifi-
5	cation, professional designation, or other cre-
6	dential, that indicates or implies that a sales-
7	person or adviser has special certification or
8	training in advising or servicing seniors; and
9	(B) does not include any legitimate certifi-
10	cation, professional designation, license, or
11	other credential, if—
12	(i) it has been offered by an academic
13	institution having regional accreditation; or
14	(ii) it meets the standards for certifi-
15	cations, licenses, and professional designa-
16	tions outlined by the North American Se-
17	curities Administrators Association (in this
18	Act referred to as the "NASAA") Model
19	Rule on the Use of Senior-Specific Certifi-
20	cations and Professional Designations, or
21	it was issued by or obtained from any
22	State;
23	(2) the term "financial product" means securi-
24	ties, insurance products (including insurance prod-
25	ucts which pay a return, whether fixed or variable),
26	and bank and loan products;

1	(3) the term "misleading or fraudulent mar-
2	keting" means the use of a misleading designation
3	in selling or advising a senior in the sale of a finan-
4	cial product;
5	(4) the term "senior" means any individual who
6	has attained the age of 62 or older; and
7	(5) the term "State" means each of the 50
8	States, the District of Columbia, and the unincor-
9	porated territories of Puerto Rico and the U.S. Vir-
10	gin Islands.
11	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO STATES FOR ENHANCED PROTECTION
12	OF SENIORS FROM BEING MISLEAD BY FALSE
	OF SENIORS FROM BEING MISLEAD BY FALSE DESIGNATIONS.
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13 14	DESIGNATIONS.
13 14 15	<b>DESIGNATIONS.</b> (a) Grant Program.—The Attorney General of the
13 14 15 16	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) Grant Program.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney
13 14 15 16 17	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) Grant Program.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—
13 14 15 16 17	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) Grant Program.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—  (1) shall establish a program in accordance with
13 14 15 16 17 18	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—  (1) shall establish a program in accordance with this Act to provide grants to States—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—  (1) shall establish a program in accordance with this Act to provide grants to States—  (A) to investigate and prosecute misleading
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—  (1) shall establish a program in accordance with this Act to provide grants to States—  (A) to investigate and prosecute misleading and fraudulent marketing practices; or
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	DESIGNATIONS.  (a) GRANT PROGRAM.—The Attorney General of the United States (in this Act referred to as the "Attorney General")—  (1) shall establish a program in accordance with this Act to provide grants to States—  (A) to investigate and prosecute misleading and fraudulent marketing practices; or  (B) to develop educational materials and

1	(2) may establish such performance objectives,
2	reporting requirements, and application procedures
3	for States and State agencies receiving grants under
4	this Act as the Attorney General determines are nec-
5	essary to carry out and assess the effectiveness of
6	the program under this Act.
7	(b) Use of Grant Amounts.—A grant under this
8	Act may be used (including through subgrants) by the
9	State or the appropriate State agency designated by the
10	State—
11	(1) to fund additional staff to identify, inves-
12	tigate, and prosecute cases involving misleading or
13	fraudulent marketing of financial products to sen-
14	iors;
15	(2) to fund technology, equipment, and training
16	for regulators, prosecutors, and law enforcement in
17	order to identify salespersons and advisers who tar-
18	get seniors through the use of misleading designa-
19	tions;
20	(3) to fund technology, equipment, and training
21	for prosecutors to increase the successful prosecution
22	of those targeting seniors with the use of misleading
23	designations;
24	(4) to provide educational materials and train-

ing to regulators on the appropriateness of the use

1	of designations by salespersons and advisers of fi-
2	nancial products;
3	(5) to provide educational materials and train-
4	ing to seniors to increase their awareness and under-
5	standing of designations;
6	(6) to develop comprehensive plans to combat
7	misleading or fraudulent marketing of financial
8	products to seniors; and
9	(7) to enhance provisions of State law that
10	could offer additional protection for seniors against
11	misleading or fraudulent marketing of financial
12	products.
13	(c) Grant Requirements.—
14	(1) Maximum.—The amount of a grant under
15	this Act may not exceed \$500,000 per fiscal year per
16	State, if all requirements of paragraphs (2), (3), (4),
17	and (5) are met. Such amount shall be limited to
18	\$100,000 per fiscal year per State in any case in
19	which the State meets the requirements of—
20	(A) paragraphs (2) and (3), but not each
21	of paragraphs (4) and (5); or
22	(B) paragraphs (4) and (5), but not each
23	of paragraphs (2) and (3).
24	(2) Standard designation rules for secu-
25	BITIES.—A State shall have adopted rules on the ap-

propriate use of designations in the offer or sale of securities or investment advice, which shall, to the extent practicable, conform to the minimum requirements of the NASAA Model Rule on the Use of Senior-Specific Certifications and Professional Designations, as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, or any successor thereto, as determined by the Attorney General.

- (3) Suitability rules for securities.—A State shall have adopted standard rules on the suitability requirements in the sale of securities, which shall, to the extent practicable, conform to the minimum requirements on suitability imposed by self-regulatory organization rules under the securities laws (as defined in section 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), as determined by the Attorney General.
- (4) STANDARD DESIGNATION RULES FOR IN-SURANCE PRODUCTS.—A State shall have adopted standard rules on the appropriate use of designations in the sale of insurance products, which shall, to the extent practicable, conform to the minimum requirements of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Model Regulation on the Use of Senior-Specific Certifications and Professional Des-

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- ignations in the Sale of Life Insurance and Annutities, as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, or any successor thereto, as determined by the Attorney General.
  - (5) SUITABILITY RULES FOR INSURANCE PROD-UCTS.—A State shall have adopted suitability standards for the sale of annuity products, under which, at a minimum (as determined by the Attorney General)—
    - (A) insurers shall be responsible and liable for ensuring that sales of their annuity products meet their suitability requirements;
    - (B) insurers shall have an obligation to ensure that the prospective senior purchaser has sufficient information for making an informed decision about a purchase of an annuity product;
    - (C) the prospective senior purchaser shall be informed of the total fees, costs, and commissions associated with establishing the annuity transaction, as well as the total fees, costs, commissions, and penalties associated with the termination of the transaction or agreement; and

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1	(D) insurers and their agents are prohib-
2	ited from recommending the sale of an annuity
3	product to a senior, if the agent fails to obtain
4	sufficient information in order to satisfy the in-
5	surer and the agent that the transaction is suit-
6	able for the senior.
7	SEC. 5. APPLICATIONS.
8	To be eligible for a grant under this Act, the State
9	or appropriate State agency shall submit to the Attorney
10	General a proposal to use the grant money to protect sen-
11	iors from misleading or fraudulent marketing techniques
12	in the offer and sale of financial products, which applica-
13	tion shall—
14	(1) identify the scope of the problem;
15	(2) describe how the proposed program will help
16	to protect seniors from misleading or fraudulent
17	marketing in the sale of financial products, includ-
18	ing, at a minimum—
19	(A) by proactively identifying senior vic-
20	tims of misleading and fraudulent marketing in

- the offer and sale of financial products;
- (B) how the proposed program can assist in the investigation and prosecution of those using misleading or fraudulent marketing in the

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1	offer and sale of financial products to seniors;
2	and
3	(C) how the proposed program can help
4	discourage and reduce future cases of mis-
5	leading or fraudulent marketing in the offer
6	and sale of financial products to seniors; and
7	(3) describe how the proposed program is to be
8	integrated with other existing State efforts.
9	SEC. 6. LENGTH OF PARTICIPATION.
10	A State receiving a grant under this Act shall be pro-
11	vided assistance funds for a period of 3 years, after which

## 13 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

the State may reapply for additional funding.

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out 15 this Act, \$8,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 16 through 2014.

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