111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 3423

To provide the President with expedited consideration of proposals for cancellation of certain budget items.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 25, 2010

Mr. Kerry introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Budget

# A BILL

To provide the President with expedited consideration of proposals for cancellation of certain budget items.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Veto Wasteful Spend-
- 5 ing and Protect Taxpayers Act of 2010".
- 6 SEC. 2. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF CANCELLATION OF
- 7 CERTAIN PROPOSED BUDGET ITEMS.
- 8 (a) In General.—Part B of title X of the Congres-
- 9 sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2
- 10 U.S.C. 681 et seq.) is amended by redesignating sections

 $1\ 1013$  through 1017 as sections 1014 through 1018, re-

2	spectively, and inserting after section 1012 the following
3	new section:
4	"EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF CANCELLATION OF
5	CERTAIN BUDGET ITEMS
6	"Sec. 1013. (a) Proposed Budget Item Can-
7	CELLATIONS.—
8	"(1) In general.—In addition to the method
9	of rescinding budget authority specified in section
10	1012, the President may suspend and propose for
11	cancellation, at the time and in the manner provided
12	in subsection (b)—
13	"(A) any dollar amount of discretionary
14	budget authority;
15	"(B) any item of new direct spending; or
16	"(C) any limited tax benefit.
17	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—Items described in sub-
18	paragraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph (1) made
19	available under this section may not be proposed for
20	suspension and cancellation again under this section
21	or section 1012.
22	"(b) Transmittal of Special Message.—
23	"(1) In general.—Not later than 10 calendar
24	days after the date of enactment of the law to which
25	the suspension applies, the President may transmit
26	to Congress not to exceed 2 special messages sus-
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1	pending items provided in that Act described in sub-
2	paragraphs (A) through (C) of subsection (a)(1) and
3	proposing to cancel those items and include with
4	that special message a draft bill that, if enacted,
5	would only cancel the item's included. That bill shall
6	clearly identify each item that is proposed to be can-
7	celled.
8	"(2) Application.—In the case of a proposed
9	cancellation, the special message shall also include—
10	"(A) for every item a determination that
11	such cancellation will—
12	"(i) reduce the Federal budget deficit;
13	"(ii) not impair any essential Govern-
14	ment functions; and
15	"(iii) not harm the national interest;
16	and
17	"(B) any account, department, or estab-
18	lishment of the Government for which budget
19	authority was to have been available for obliga-
20	tion and the specific project or governmental
21	functions involved;
22	"(C) the specific States and congressional
23	districts, if any, affected by the cancellation;
24	and

1 "(D) the total number of cancellations im-2 posed during the current session of Congress on 3 States and congressional districts identified in 4 subparagraph (C).

5 "(3) BUDGET AUTHORITY.—Each special mes-6 sage shall specify, with respect to the budget author-7 ity proposed to be cancelled, the matters referred to 8 in paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 1012(a).

9 "(c) Procedures for Expedited Consider-10 ation.—

## "(1) IN GENERAL.—

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"(A) Introduction.—Before the close of the second legislative day of the House of Representatives after the date of receipt of a special message transmitted to Congress under subsection (b), the majority leader or minority leader of the House of Representatives shall introduce (by request) the draft bill accompanying that special message. If the bill is not introduced as provided in the preceding sentence, then, on the third legislative day of the House of Representatives after the date of receipt of that special message, any Member of that House may introduce the bill.

"(B) Referral.—The bill shall be referred to the appropriate committee of the House of Representatives. The committee shall report the bill without substantive revision, and with or without recommendation. The bill shall be reported not later than the seventh legislative day of that House after the date of receipt of that special message. If the committee fails to report the bill within that period, that committee shall be automatically discharged from consideration of the bill, and the bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

"(C) Vote on final passage of the bill referred to in subparagraph (B) shall be taken in the House of Representatives on or before the close of the 10th legislative day of that House after the date of the introduction of the bill in that House. If the bill is passed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall cause the bill to be engrossed, certified, and transmitted to the Senate within one calendar day of the day on which the bill is passed.

"(2) Procedures in the house.—

"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion in the House of Representatives to proceed to the consideration of a bill under this section shall be highly privileged and not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(B) DEBATE.—Debate in the House of Representatives on a bill under this section shall not exceed 4 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the bill. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order to move to recommit a bill under this section or to move to reconsider the vote by which the bill is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(C) APPEALS.—Appeals from decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to a bill under this section shall be decided without debate.

#### "(3) Procedures in the senate.—

"(A) Referral.—A bill transmitted to the Senate pursuant to paragraph (1)(C) shall be referred to the appropriate committee. The committee shall report the bill without substantive revision and with or without recommendation. The bill shall be reported not later than the seventh legislative day of the Senate after it receives the bill. A committee failing to report the bill within such period shall be automatically discharged from consideration of the bill, and the bill shall be placed upon the appropriate calendar.

"(B) Final passage.—A vote on final passage of a bill transmitted to the Senate shall be taken on or before the close of the 10th legislative day of the Senate after the date on which the bill is transmitted.

### "(C) MOTIONS AND DEBATE.—

"(i) MOTIONS.—A motion in the Senate to proceed to the consideration of a bill under this section shall be privileged and not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

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"(ii) Debate on bill under this section, and all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall not exceed 10 hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

"(iii) Debate on Motions.—Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or appeal in connection with a bill under this section shall be limited to not more than 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the bill, except that in the event the manager of the bill is in favor of any such motion or appeal, the time in opposition thereto, shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee. Such leaders, or either of them, may, from time under their control on the passage of a bill, allot additional time to any Senator during the consideration of any debatable motion or appeal.

1	"(iv) Motion to limit debate.—A
2	motion in the Senate to further limit de-
3	bate on a bill under this section is not de-
4	batable. A motion to recommit a bill under
5	this section is not in order.
6	"(d) Amendments and Divisions.—No amendment
7	to a bill considered under this section shall be in order
8	in either the House of Representatives or the Senate. It
9	shall not be in order to demand a division of the question
10	in the House of Representatives (or in a Committee of
11	the Whole) or in the Senate. No motion to suspend the
12	application of this subsection shall be in order in either
13	House, nor shall it be in order in either House to suspend
14	the application of this subsection by unanimous consent.
15	"(e) Requirement To Make Available for Obli-
16	GATION.—Any budget item proposed to be cancelled in a
17	special message transmitted to Congress under subsection
18	(b) shall be made available for obligation or take effect
19	on—
20	"(1) the later of—
21	"(A) the day after the date upon which the
22	House of Representatives defeats the bill trans-
23	mitted with that special message rescinding the
24	amount proposed to be rescinded: or

1	"(B) the day after the date upon which the
2	Senate rejects a bill that makes rescissions to
3	carry out the applicable special message of the
4	President; or
5	"(2) the effective date of the provision if such
6	effective date occurs after the applicable date in
7	paragraph (1).
8	"(f) Identification of Limited Tax Benefits.—
9	"(1) Statement by joint tax committee.—
10	"(A) REVIEW.—The Joint Committee on
11	Taxation shall review any revenue or reconcili-
12	ation bill or joint resolution which includes any
13	amendment to the Internal Revenue Code of
14	1986 that is being prepared for filing by a com-
15	mittee of conference of the 2 Houses, and shall
16	identify whether such bill or joint resolution
17	contains any limited tax benefits.
18	"(B) STATEMENT.—The Joint Committee
19	on Taxation shall provide to the committee of
20	conference a statement identifying any such
21	limited tax benefits or declaring that the bill or
22	joint resolution does not contain any limited tax
23	benefits. Any such statement shall be made

available to any Member of Congress by the

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1	Joint Committee on Taxation immediately upon
2	request.
3	"(2) Statement included in legisla-
4	TION.—
5	"(A) REQUIREMENT.—Notwithstanding
6	any other rule of the House of Representatives
7	or any rule or precedent of the Senate, any rev-
8	enue or reconciliation bill or joint resolution
9	which includes any amendment to the Internal
10	Revenue Code of 1986 reported by a committee
11	of conference of the 2 Houses may include, as
12	a separate section of such bill or joint resolu-
13	tion, the information contained in the statement
14	of the Joint Committee on Taxation, but only
15	in the manner set forth in subparagraph (B).
16	"(B) Content.—The separate section
17	permitted under subparagraph (A) shall read as
18	follows: 'Section 1021(a)(3) of the Congres-
19	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
20	1974 shall apply to',
21	with the blank spaces being filled in with—
22	"(i) in any case in which the Joint
23	Committee on Taxation identifies limited
24	tax benefits in the statement required
25	under paragraph (1), the word 'only' in the

1	first blank space and a list of all of the
2	specific provisions of the bill or joint reso-
3	lution identified by the Joint Committee on
4	Taxation in such statement in the second
5	blank space; or
6	"(ii) in any case in which the Joint
7	Committee on Taxation declares that there
8	are no limited tax benefits in the statement
9	required under paragraph (1), the word
10	'not' in the first blank space and the
11	phrase 'any provision of this Act' in the
12	second blank space.
13	"(3) President's authority.—If any revenue
14	or reconciliation bill or joint resolution is signed into
15	law pursuant to article I, section 7, of the Constitu-
16	tion of the United States—
17	"(A) with a separate section described in
18	paragraph (2)(ii), then the President may use
19	the authority granted in this section only to
20	suspend and propose to cancel any limited tax
21	benefit in that law, if any, identified in such
22	separate section; or
23	"(B) without a separate section described
24	in paragraph (2)(ii), then the President may
25	use the authority granted in this section to sus-

1	pend and propose to cancel any limited tax ben-
2	efit in that law that meets the definition in sub-
3	section (g).
4	"(4) Congressional identifications of
5	LIMITED TAX BENEFITS.—There shall be no judicial
6	review of the congressional identification under para-
7	graphs (1) and (2) of a limited tax benefit in a con-
8	ference report.
9	"(g) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) Appropriation law.—The term 'appro-
11	priation law' means an Act referred to in section
12	105 of title 1, United States Code, including any
13	general or special appropriation Act, or any Act
14	making supplemental, deficiency, or continuing ap-
15	propriations, that has been signed into law pursuant
16	to article I, section 7, of the Constitution of the
17	United States.
18	"(2) CALENDAR DAY.—The term 'calendar day'
19	means a standard 24-hour period beginning at mid-
20	night.
21	"(3) CANCEL.—The term 'cancel' or 'cancella-
22	tion' means—
23	"(A) with respect to any dollar amount of
24	discretionary budget authority, to rescind;

1	"(B) with respect to any item of new direct
2	spending—
3	"(i) that is budget authority provided
4	by law (other than an appropriation law),
5	to prevent such budget authority from hav-
6	ing legal force or effect;
7	"(ii) that is entitlement authority, to
8	prevent the specific legal obligation of the
9	United States from having legal force or
10	effect; or
11	"(iii) through the Food Stamp Pro-
12	gram, to prevent the specific provision of
13	law that results in an increase in budget
14	authority or outlays for that program from
15	having legal force or effect; and
16	"(C) with respect to a limited tax benefit,
17	to prevent the specific provision of law that pro-
18	vides such benefit from having legal force or ef-
19	fect.
20	"(4) Direct spending.—The term 'direct
21	spending' means—
22	"(A) budget authority provided by law
23	(other than an appropriation law);
24	"(B) entitlement authority; and
25	"(C) the Food Stamp Program.

1 "(5) DISAPPROVAL BILL.—The term 'dis-2 approval bill' means a bill or joint resolution which 3 only disapproves 1 or more cancellations of dollar 4 amounts of discretionary budget authority, items of 5 new direct spending, or limited tax benefits in a spe-6 cial message transmitted by the President under this 7 part and— "(A) the title of which is as follows: 'A bill 8 9 disapproving the cancellations transmitted by the President on \_\_\_\_\_\_, the blank space 10 11 being filled in with the date of transmission of 12 the relevant special message and the public law 13 number to which the message relates; 14 "(B) which does not have a preamble; and "(C) which provides only the following 15 16 after the enacting clause: 'That Congress dis-17 approves of cancellations \_\_\_\_\_\_, the blank 18 space being filled in with a list by reference 19 number of 1 or more cancellations contained in 20 the President's special message, 'as transmitted 21 by the President in a special message on 22 ', the blank space being filled in with the appropriate date, 'regarding \_\_\_\_\_', the 23 blank space being filled in with the public law 24 25 number to which the special message relates.

1	"(6) Dollar amount of discretionary
2	BUDGET AUTHORITY.—
3	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
4	subparagraph (B), the term 'dollar amount of
5	discretionary budget authority' means the en-
6	tire dollar amount of budget authority—
7	"(i) specified in an appropriation law,
8	or the entire dollar amount of budget au-
9	thority required to be allocated by a spe-
10	cific proviso in an appropriation law for
11	which a specific dollar figure was not in-
12	cluded;
13	"(ii) represented separately in any
14	table, chart, or explanatory text included
15	in the statement of managers or the gov-
16	erning committee report accompanying
17	such law;
18	"(iii) required to be allocated for a
19	specific program, project, or activity in a
20	law (other than an appropriation law) that
21	mandates the expenditure of budget au-
22	thority from accounts, programs, projects,
23	or activities for which budget authority is
24	provided in an appropriation law;

1	"(iv) represented by the product of
2	the estimated procurement cost and the
3	total quantity of items specified in an ap-
4	propriation law or included in the state-
5	ment of managers or the governing com-
6	mittee report accompanying such law; and
7	"(v) represented by the product of the
8	estimated procurement cost and the total
9	quantity of items required to be provided
10	in a law (other than an appropriation law)
11	that mandates the expenditure of budget
12	authority from accounts, programs,
13	projects, or activities for which budget au-
14	thority is provided in an appropriation law.
15	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'dollar
16	amount of discretionary budget authority' does
17	not include—
18	"(i) direct spending;
19	"(ii) budget authority in an appro-
20	priation law which funds direct spending
21	provided for in other law;
22	"(iii) any existing budget authority re-
23	scinded or canceled in an appropriation
24	law; or

1	"(iv) any restriction, condition, or lim-
2	itation in an appropriation law or the ac-
3	companying statement of managers or
4	committee reports on the expenditure of
5	budget authority for an account, program,
6	project, or activity, or on activities involv-
7	ing such expenditure.
8	"(7) Item of New Direct spending.—The
9	term 'item of new direct spending' means any spe-
10	cific provision of law that is estimated to result in
11	an increase in budget authority or outlays for direct
12	spending relative to the most recent levels calculated
13	pursuant to section 257 of the Balanced Budget and
14	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.
15	"(8) Legislative day.—The term 'legislative
16	day' means, with respect to either House of Con-
17	gress, any calendar day during which that House is
18	in session.
19	"(9) Limited tax benefit.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'limited tax
21	benefit' means—
22	"(i) any negative revenue provision
23	which provides a Federal tax deduction,
24	credit, exclusion, or preference to 100 or
25	fewer beneficiaries under the Internal Rev-

1	enue Code of 1986 in any fiscal year for
2	which the provision is in effect; and
3	"(ii) any Federal tax provision which
4	provides temporary or permanent transi-
5	tional relief for 10 or fewer beneficiaries in
6	any fiscal year from a change to the Inter-
7	nal Revenue Code of 1986.
8	"(B) Negative Revenue.—A provision
9	shall not be treated as described in subpara-
10	graph (A)(i) if the effect of that provision is
11	that—
12	"(i) all persons in the same industry
13	or engaged in the same type of activity re-
14	ceive the same treatment;
15	"(ii) all persons owning the same type
16	of property, or issuing the same type of in-
17	vestment, receive the same treatment; or
18	"(iii) any difference in the treatment
19	of persons is based solely on—
20	"(I) in the case of businesses and
21	associations, the size or form of the
22	business or association involved;
23	"(II) in the case of individuals,
24	general demographic conditions, such
25	as income, marital status, number of

1	dependents, or tax return filing sta-
2	tus;
3	"(III) the amount involved; or
4	"(IV) a generally available elec-
5	tion under the Internal Revenue Code
6	of 1986.
7	"(C) Special benefit.—A provision shall
8	not be treated as described in subparagraph
9	(A)(ii) if—
10	"(i) it provides for the retention of
11	prior law with respect to all binding con-
12	tracts or other legally enforceable obliga-
13	tions in existence on a date contempora-
14	neous with congressional action specifying
15	such date; or
16	"(ii) it is a technical correction to pre-
17	viously enacted legislation that is estimated
18	to have no revenue effect.
19	"(D) Construction.—For purposes of
20	subparagraph (A)—
21	"(i) all businesses and associations
22	which are related within the meaning of
23	sections 707(b) and 1563(a) of the Inter-
24	nal Revenue Code of 1986 shall be treated
25	as a single beneficiary;

1	"(ii) all qualified plans of an employer
2	shall be treated as a single beneficiary;
3	"(iii) all holders of the same bond
4	issue shall be treated as a single bene-
5	ficiary; and
6	"(iv) if a corporation, partnership, as-
7	sociation, trust or estate is the beneficiary
8	of a provision, the shareholders of the cor-
9	poration, the partners of the partnership,
10	the members of the association, or the
11	beneficiaries of the trust or estate shall not
12	also be treated as beneficiaries of such pro-
13	vision.
14	"(E) Negative revenue provision.—
15	For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'nega-
16	tive revenue provision' means any provision
17	which results in a reduction in Federal tax rev-
18	enues for any 1 of the 2 following periods—
19	"(i) the first fiscal year for which the
20	provision is effective; or
21	"(ii) the period of the 5 fiscal years
22	beginning with the first fiscal year for
23	which the provision is effective.
24	"(F) OTHER TERMS.—The terms used in
25	this paragraph shall have the same meaning as

1	those terms have generally in the Internal Rev-
2	enue Code of 1986, unless otherwise expressly
3	provided.
4	"(10) OMB.—The term 'OMB' means the Di-
5	rector of the Office of Management and Budget.".
6	(b) Exercise of Rulemaking Powers.—Section
7	904 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 621 note) is amended—
8	(1) by striking "and 1017" in subsection (a)
9	and inserting "1013, and 1018"; and
10	(2) by striking "section 1017" in subsection (d)
11	and inserting "sections 1013 and 1018".
12	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
13	(1) Section 1011 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 682(5))
14	is amended—
15	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "1013"
16	and inserting "1014"; and
17	(B) in paragraph (5)—
18	(i) by striking "1016" and inserting
19	"1017"; and
20	(ii) by striking "1017(b)(1)" and in-
21	serting "1018(b)(1)".
22	(2) Section 1015 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 685)
23	(as redesignated by section 2(a)) is amended—

1	(A) by striking "1012 or 1013" each place
2	it appears and inserting "1012, 1013, or
3	1014'';
4	(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking
5	"1012" and inserting "1012 or 1013";
6	(C) in subsection (b)(2), by striking
7	"1013" and inserting "1014"; and
8	(D) in subsection (e)(2)—
9	(i) by striking "and" at the end of
10	subparagraph (A);
11	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph
12	(B) as subparagraph (C);
13	(iii) by striking "1013" in subpara-
14	graph (C) (as so redesignated) and insert-
15	ing "1014"; and
16	(iv) by inserting after subparagraph
17	(A) the following new subparagraph:
18	"(B) he has transmitted a special message
19	under section 1013 with respect to a proposed
20	rescission; and".
21	(3) Section 1016 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 686)
22	(as redesignated by section 2(a)) is amended by
23	striking "1012 or 1013" each place it appears and
24	inserting "1012, 1013, or 1014".

- 1 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections
- 2 for subpart B of title X of such Act is amended—
- 3 (1) by redesignating the items relating to sec-
- 4 tions 1013 through 1017 as items relating to sec-
- 5 tions 1014 through 1018; and
- 6 (2) by inserting after the item relating to sec-
- 7 tion 1012 the following new item:

"Sec. 1013. Proposed budget item suspensions.".

#### 8 SEC. 3. APPLICATION.

- 9 Section 1013 of the Congressional Budget and Im-
- 10 poundment Control Act of 1974 (as added by section 2)
- 11 shall apply to budget, spending, and revenue items that
- 12 are enacted during the One Hundred Twelfth Congress
- 13 and thereafter.

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