#### 111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 3357

To establish certain duties for pharmacies to ensure provision of Food and Drug Administration-approved contraception, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 13, 2010

Mr. Lautenberg (for himself, Mr. Brown of Ohio, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Whitehouse, Mrs. Feinstein, and Mr. Franken) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

# A BILL

To establish certain duties for pharmacies to ensure provision of Food and Drug Administration-approved contraception, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Access to Birth Control
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) Family planning is basic health care for
- 9 women. Access to contraception helps women pre-

- vent unintended pregnancy and control the timing
  and spacing of planned births.
  - (2) Although the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention included family planning in its published list of the Ten Great Public Health Achievements in the 20th Century, the United States still has one of the highest rates of unintended pregnancies among industrialized nations.
    - (3) Each year, 3,000,000 pregnancies, nearly half of all pregnancies, in the United States are unintended, and nearly half of unintended pregnancies end in abortion.
    - (4) Women rely on prescription contraceptives for a range of medical purposes in addition to birth control, such as regulation of cycles and endometriosis.
    - (5) The Food and Drug Administration has declared emergency contraception to be safe and effective in preventing unintended pregnancy and has approved over-the-counter access to emergency contraception for individuals aged 17 and older.
    - (6) If taken soon after unprotected sex or primary contraceptive failure, emergency contraception can significantly reduce a woman's chance of unintended pregnancy.

- 1 (7) Emergency contraception works like other 2 hormonal birth control by preventing pregnancy. It 3 also does not harm or terminate an already-estab-4 lished pregnancy.
  - (8) Access to legal contraception is a protected fundamental right in the United States and should not be impeded by one individual's personal beliefs.
- 8 (9) Reports of pharmacists refusing to fill pre-9 scriptions for contraceptives, including emergency 10 contraceptives, have surfaced in States across the 11 Nation, including Alabama, Arizona, California, the 12 District of Columbia, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana, 13 Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Mon-14 tana, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, 15 Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, Tennessee, 16 Texas, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. 17 Since emergency contraception became available 18 without a prescription for certain individuals, refus-19 als to provide non-prescription emergency contracep-20 tion have also been reported.

### 21 SEC. 3. DUTIES OF PHARMACIES TO ENSURE PROVISION OF

### 22 FDA-APPROVED CONTRACEPTION.

- 23 Part B of title II of the Public Health Service Act
- 24 (42 U.S.C. 238 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 25 the following:

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## 1 "SEC. 249. DUTIES OF PHARMACIES TO ENSURE PROVISION 2 OF FDA-APPROVED CONTRACEPTION. 3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (c), a pharmacy that receives Food and Drug Administration-4 5 approved drugs or devices in interstate commerce shall maintain compliance with the following: 6 7 "(1) If a customer requests a contraceptive that 8 is in stock, the pharmacy shall ensure that the con-9 traceptive is provided to the customer without delay. 10 "(2) If a customer requests a contraceptive that 11 is not in stock and the pharmacy in the normal 12 course of business stocks contraception, the phar-13 macy shall immediately inform the customer that the 14 contraceptive is not in stock and without delay offer 15 the customer the following options: "(A) If the customer prefers to obtain the 16 17 contraceptive through a referral or transfer, the 18 pharmacy shall— 19 "(i) locate a pharmacy of the cus-20 tomer's choice or the closest pharmacy 21 confirmed to have the contraceptive in 22 stock: and "(ii) refer the customer or transfer 23 24 the prescription to that pharmacy. "(B) If the customer prefers for the phar-25 26 macy to order the contraceptive, the pharmacy

1	shall obtain the contraceptive under the phar-
2	macy's standard procedure for expedited order-
3	ing of medication and notify the customer when
4	the contraceptive arrives.
5	"(3) The pharmacy shall ensure that its em-
6	ployees do not—
7	"(A) intimidate, threaten, or harass cus-
8	tomers in the delivery of services relating to a
9	request for contraception;
10	"(B) interfere with or obstruct the delivery
11	of services relating to a request for contracep-
12	tion;
13	"(C) intentionally misrepresent or deceived
14	customers about the availability of contracep-
15	tion or its mechanism of action;
16	"(D) breach medical confidentiality with
17	respect to a request for contraception or threat-
18	en to breach such confidentiality; or
19	"(E) refuse to return a valid, lawful pre-
20	scription for contraception upon customer re-
21	quest.
22	"(b) Contraceptives Not Ordinarily
23	STOCKED.—Nothing in subsection (a)(2) shall be con-
24	strued to require any pharmacy to comply with such sub-

- 1 section if the pharmacy does not ordinarily stock contra-
- 2 ceptives in the normal course of business.
- 3 "(c) Refusals Pursuant to Standard Phar-
- 4 MACY PRACTICE.—This section does not prohibit a phar-
- 5 macy from refusing to provide a contraceptive to a cus-
- 6 tomer in accordance with any of the following:
- 7 "(1) If it is unlawful to dispense the contracep-
- 8 tive to the customer without a valid, lawful prescrip-
- 9 tion and no such prescription is presented.
- 10 "(2) If the customer is unable to pay for the
- 11 contraceptive.
- 12 "(3) If the employee of the pharmacy refuses to
- provide the contraceptive on the basis of a profes-
- sional clinical judgment.
- 15 "(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 16 tion shall be construed to invalidate or limit rights, rem-
- 17 edies, procedures, or legal standards under title VII of the
- 18 Civil Rights Act of 1964.
- 19 "(e) Preemption.—This section does not preempt
- 20 any provision of State law or any professional obligation
- 21 made applicable by a State board or other entity respon-
- 22 sible for licensing or discipline of pharmacies or phar-
- 23 macists, to the extent that such State law or professional
- 24 obligation provides protections for customers that are
- 25 greater than the protections provided by this section.

"(f)	ENFORCEMENT.—
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- "(1) CIVIL PENALTY.—A pharmacy that violates a requirement of subsection (a) is liable to the United States for a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding \$1,000 per day of violation, not to exceed \$100,000 for all violations adjudicated in a single proceeding.
  - "(2) Private cause of action.—Any person aggrieved as a result of a violation of a requirement of subsection (a) may, in any court of competent jurisdiction, commence a civil action against the pharmacy involved to obtain appropriate relief, including actual and punitive damages, injunctive relief, and a reasonable attorney's fee and cost.
    - "(3) LIMITATIONS.—A civil action under paragraph (1) or (2) may not be commenced against a pharmacy after the expiration of the 5-year period beginning on the date on which the pharmacy allegedly engaged in the violation involved.
- 20 "(g) Definitions.—In this section:
- 21 "(1) The term 'contraception' or 'contraceptive' 22 means any drug or device approved by the Food and 23 Drug Administration to prevent pregnancy.

1	"(2) The term 'employee' means a person hired,
2	by contract or any other form of an agreement, by
3	a pharmacy.
4	"(3) The term 'pharmacy' means an entity
5	that—
6	"(A) is authorized by a State to engage in
7	the business of selling prescription drugs at re-
8	tail; and
9	"(B) employs one or more employees.
10	"(4) The term 'product' means a Food and
11	Drug Administration-approved drug or device.
12	"(5) The term 'professional clinical judgment'
13	means the use of professional knowledge and skills
14	to form a clinical judgment, in accordance with pre-
15	vailing medical standards.
16	"(6) The term 'without delay', with respect to
17	a pharmacy providing, providing a referral for, or
18	ordering contraception, or transferring the prescrip-
19	tion for contraception, means within the usual and
20	customary timeframe at the pharmacy for providing,
21	providing a referral for, or ordering other products,
22	or transferring the prescription for other products,
23	respectively.
24	"(h) Effective Date.—This section shall take ef-
25	fect on the 31st day after the date of the enactment of

- 1 this section, without regard to whether the Secretary has
- 2 issued any guidance or final rule regarding this section.".

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