

111TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 2955

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a temporary payroll increase tax credit for certain employers.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 26, 2010

Mr. FEINGOLD introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a temporary payroll increase tax credit for certain employers.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE; TABLE OF CON-**
4 **TENTS.**

5 (a) AMENDMENT OF 1986 CODE.—Except as other-
6 wise expressly provided, whenever in this Act an amend-
7 ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment
8 to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference
9 shall be considered to be made to a section or other provi-
10 sion of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
 2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Amendment of 1986 Code; table of contents.

TITLE I—EMPLOYER PAYROLL INCREASE CREDIT

Sec. 101. Employer payroll increase credit.

TITLE II—TAX HAVEN ABUSE

Subtitle A—Deterring the Use of Tax Havens for Tax Evasion

- Sec. 201. Establishing presumptions for entities and transactions involving offshore secrecy jurisdictions.
- Sec. 202. Authorizing special measures against foreign jurisdictions, financial institutions, and others that impede United States tax enforcement.
- Sec. 203. Treatment of foreign corporations managed and controlled in the United States as domestic corporations.
- Sec. 204. Allowing more time for investigations involving offshore secrecy jurisdictions.
- Sec. 205. Reporting United States beneficial owners of foreign owned financial accounts.
- Sec. 206. Preventing misuse of foreign trusts for tax evasion.
- Sec. 207. Limitation on legal opinion protection from penalties with respect to transactions involving offshore secrecy jurisdictions.
- Sec. 208. Closing the offshore dividend tax loophole.
- Sec. 209. Reporting of activities with respect to passive foreign investment companies.

Subtitle B—Other Measures to Combat Tax Haven and Tax Shelter Abuses

- Sec. 211. Penalty for failing to disclose offshore holdings.
- Sec. 212. Deadline for anti-money laundering rule for hedge funds and private equity funds.
- Sec. 213. Anti-money laundering requirements for formation agents.
- Sec. 214. Strengthening summons in cases involving offshore secrecy jurisdictions.
- Sec. 215. Improving enforcement of foreign financial account reporting.

Subtitle C—Combating Tax Shelter Promoters

- Sec. 221. Penalty for promoting abusive tax shelters.
- Sec. 222. Penalty for aiding and abetting the understatement of tax liability.
- Sec. 223. Tax planning inventions not patentable.
- Sec. 224. Prohibited fee arrangement.
- Sec. 225. Preventing tax shelter activities by financial institutions.
- Sec. 226. Information sharing for enforcement purposes.
- Sec. 227. Disclosure of information to Congress.
- Sec. 228. Tax opinion standards for tax practitioners.
- Sec. 229. Denial of deduction for certain fines, penalties, and other amounts.

Subtitle D—Requiring Economic Substance

- Sec. 231. Clarification of economic substance doctrine.

Sec. 232. Penalty for understatements attributable to transactions lacking economic substance, etc.

Sec. 233. Denial of deduction for interest on underpayments attributable to noneconomic substance transactions.

TITLE I—EMPLOYER PAYROLL INCREASE CREDIT

SEC. 101. EMPLOYER PAYROLL INCREASE CREDIT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 45R. EMPLOYER PAYROLL INCREASE CREDIT.

“(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, the amount of the employer payroll increase credit determined under this section with respect to any employer is—

“(1) in the case of a taxable year beginning in 2010, 15 percent of the qualified payroll increase of such employer for such taxable year, and

“(2) in the case of a taxable year beginning in 2011, 10 percent of the greater of—

“(A) the qualified payroll increase of such employer for such taxable year, or

“(B) the qualified payroll increase of such employer for the taxable year preceding such year.

“(b) QUALIFIED PAYROLL INCREASE.—For purposes of this section—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘qualified payroll
2 increase’ with respect to any taxable year means the
3 amount, if any, by which the employer’s qualified
4 payroll for such taxable year exceeds the qualified
5 payroll of the year preceding such taxable year.

6 “(2) QUALIFIED PAYROLL.—The term ‘quali-
7 fied payroll’ means the amount of all wages (within
8 the meaning of section 3121(a), without regard to
9 paragraph (1) thereof) paid or incurred by an em-
10 ployer to the employees of such employer, except
11 that—

12 “(A) only wages with respect to employees
13 in the United States shall be taken into ac-
14 count, and

15 “(B) with respect to each such employee,
16 such wages shall be taken into account only to
17 the extent that such wages do not exceed the
18 contribution and benefit base as determined
19 under section 230 of the Social Security Act.

20 “(c) SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this sec-
21 tion—

22 “(1) EMPLOYMENT MUST BE TRADE OR BUSI-
23 NESS EMPLOYMENT.—Wages paid or incurred to any
24 employee by an employer shall be taken into account
25 under subsection (b)(2) for any taxable year only if

1 more than 50 percent of such wages paid or in-
2 curred during such year are for services performed
3 in a trade or business of the employer.

4 “(2) MAINTENANCE OF BASE EMPLOYMENT RE-
5 QUIREMENT.—

6 “(A) IN GENERAL.—No credit under this
7 section shall be allowed to any employer for any
8 taxable year if the total number of employees of
9 such employer during any quarter of such tax-
10 able year is less than the total number of such
11 employees during the applicable base quarter.

12 “(B) APPLICABLE BASE QUARTER.—For
13 purposes of this paragraph, the applicable base
14 quarter with respect to any quarter is—

15 “(i) in the case of the 4th quarter of
16 the employer’s taxable year beginning in
17 2010, the 4th quarter of the employer’s
18 taxable year beginning in 2008, and

19 “(ii) in the case of any other quarter
20 of any taxable year, such quarter of the
21 taxable year preceding such taxable year.

22 “(3) CONTROLLED GROUPS.—

23 “(A) IN GENERAL.—All employers treated
24 as a single employer under section (a) or (b) of

1 section 52 shall be treated as a single employer
2 for purposes of this section.

3 “(B) ALLOCATION OF CREDITS.—The
4 credit (if any) determined under this section
5 with respect to each such employer shall be its
6 proportionate share of the qualified payroll in-
7 crease giving rise to such credit.

8 “(4) CERTAIN OTHER RULES MADE APPLICA-
9 BLE.—Rules similar to the rules of subsections
10 (i)(1) and (k) of section 51 and subsections (d) and
11 (e) of section 52 shall apply.

12 “(d) COORDINATION WITH OTHER CREDITS.—In the
13 case of any taxable year, the amount of the wages taken
14 into account in determining the credit under this section
15 shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount of
16 any wages taken into account in determining a credit
17 under section 41(a), section 45A(a), section 51(a), section
18 1396(a), or subsection (a), (b), or (c) of section 1400R
19 for such taxable year.”.

20 (b) CREDIT TO BE PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS
21 CREDIT.—Section 38(b) is amended by striking “plus” at
22 the end of paragraph (34), by striking the period at the
23 end of paragraph (35) and inserting “, plus”, and by add-
24 ing at the end the following new paragraph:

1 “(36) the employer payroll increase credit de-
2 termined under section 45R.”.

3 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

4 (1) Subsection (c) of section 196 is amended by
5 striking “and” at the end of paragraph (12), by
6 striking the period at the end of paragraph (13) and
7 inserting “, and”, and by adding at the end the fol-
8 lowing new paragraph:

9 “(14) the employer payroll increase credit de-
10 termined under section 45R.”.

11 (2) Section 280C is amended by inserting
12 “45R(a),” after “45P(a)”.

13 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
14 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
15 is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“Sec. 45R. Employer payroll increase credit.”.

16 (e) INVESTIGATION AND REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT
17 ACTIONS.—Not later than 6 months after the date of the
18 enactment of this Act, and quarterly thereafter, the Com-
19 missioner of Internal Revenue shall submit a report to the
20 Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee
21 on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives on
22 the enforcement measures taken to prevent and penalize
23 fraud related to the employer payroll increase credit under
24 section 45R of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, includ-
25 ing such information as—

1 (1) general statistics related to the use of the
2 credit,

3 (2) cases of fraud, and

4 (3) the status of investigatory and prosecutorial
5 actions related to such cases.

6 (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
7 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
8 December 31, 2009.

9 **TITLE II—TAX HAVEN ABUSE**
10 **Subtitle A—Deterring the Use of**
11 **Tax Havens for Tax Evasion**

12 **SEC. 201. ESTABLISHING PRESUMPTIONS FOR ENTITIES**
13 **AND TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING OFFSHORE**
14 **SECRECY JURISDICTIONS.**

15 (a) PRESUMPTIONS FOR INTERNAL REVENUE CODE
16 OF 1986.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 76 is amended by
18 inserting after subchapter E the following new sub-
19 chapter:

20 **“Subchapter F—Presumptions for Certain**
21 **Legal Proceedings**

“Sec. 7492. Presumptions pertaining to entities and transactions involving off-
shore secrecy jurisdictions.

1 **“SEC. 7492. PRESUMPTIONS PERTAINING TO ENTITIES AND**
2 **TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING OFFSHORE SE-**
3 **CRECY JURISDICTIONS.**

4 “(a) CONTROL.—For purposes of any United States
5 civil judicial or administrative proceeding to determine or
6 collect tax, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that
7 a United States person (other than an entity with shares
8 regularly traded on an established securities market) who
9 directly or indirectly formed, transferred assets to, was a
10 beneficiary of, had a beneficial interest in, or received
11 money or property or the use thereof from an entity, in-
12 cluding a trust, corporation, limited liability company,
13 partnership, or foundation (other than an entity with
14 shares regularly traded on an established securities mar-
15 ket), formed, domiciled, or operating in an offshore se-
16 crecy jurisdiction, exercised control over such entity. The
17 presumption of control created by this subsection shall not
18 be applied to prevent the Secretary from determining or
19 arguing the absence of control.

20 “(b) TRANSFERS OF INCOME.—For purposes of any
21 United States civil judicial or administrative proceeding
22 to determine or collect tax, there shall be a rebuttable pre-
23 sumption that any amount or thing of value received by
24 a United States person (other than an entity with shares
25 regularly traded on an established securities market) di-
26 rectly or indirectly from an account or entity (other than

1 an entity with shares regularly traded on an established
 2 securities market) in an offshore secrecy jurisdiction, con-
 3 stitutes income of such person taxable in the year of re-
 4 ceipt, and any amount or thing of value paid or trans-
 5 ferred by or on behalf of a United States person (other
 6 than an entity with shares regularly traded on an estab-
 7 lished securities market) directly or indirectly to an ac-
 8 count or entity (other than an entity with shares regularly
 9 traded on an established securities market) in any such
 10 jurisdiction represents previously unreported income of
 11 such person taxable in the year of the transfer.

12 “(c) REBUTTING THE PRESUMPTIONS.—The pre-
 13 sumptions established in this section may be rebutted only
 14 by clear and convincing evidence, including detailed docu-
 15 mentary, testimonial, and transactional evidence, estab-
 16 lishing that—

17 “(1) in subsection (a), such taxpayer exercised
 18 no control, directly or indirectly, over such entity at
 19 the time in question, and

20 “(2) in subsection (b), such amounts or things
 21 of value did not represent income related to such
 22 United States person.

23 Any court having jurisdiction of a civil proceeding in which
 24 control of such an offshore entity or the income character
 25 of such receipts or amounts transferred is an issue shall

1 prohibit the introduction by the taxpayer of any foreign
 2 based document that is not authenticated in open court
 3 by a person with knowledge of such document, or any
 4 other evidence supplied by a person outside the jurisdic-
 5 tion of a United States court, unless such person appears
 6 before the court.”.

7 (2) The table of subchapters for chapter 76 is
 8 amended by inserting after the item relating to sub-
 9 chapter E the following new item:

“SUBCHAPTER F—PRESUMPTIONS FOR CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS”.

10 (b) DEFINITION OF OFFSHORE SECRECY JURISDIC-
 11 TION.—Section 7701(a) is amended by adding at the end
 12 the following new paragraph:

13 “(51) OFFSHORE SECRECY JURISDICTION.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘offshore se-
 15 crecy jurisdiction’ means any foreign jurisdic-
 16 tion which is listed by the Secretary as an off-
 17 shore secrecy jurisdiction for purposes of this
 18 title.

19 “(B) DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTIONS
 20 ON LIST.—A jurisdiction shall be listed under
 21 paragraph (A) if the Secretary determines that
 22 such jurisdiction has corporate, business, bank,
 23 or tax secrecy rules and practices which, in the
 24 judgment of the Secretary, unreasonably re-
 25 strict the ability of the United States to obtain

1 information relevant to the enforcement of this
2 title, unless the Secretary also determines that
3 such country has effective information exchange
4 practices.

5 “(C) SECRECY OR CONFIDENTIALITY
6 RULES AND PRACTICES.—For purposes of sub-
7 paragraph (B), corporate, business, bank, or
8 tax secrecy or confidentiality rules and practices
9 include both formal laws and regulations and
10 informal government or business practices hav-
11 ing the effect of inhibiting access of law en-
12 forcement and tax administration authorities to
13 beneficial ownership and other financial infor-
14 mation.

15 “(D) INEFFECTIVE INFORMATION EX-
16 CHANGE PRACTICES.—For purposes of subpara-
17 graph (B), a jurisdiction shall be deemed to
18 have ineffective information exchange practices
19 unless the Secretary determines, on an annual
20 basis, that—

21 “(i) such jurisdiction has in effect a
22 treaty or other information exchange
23 agreement with the United States that
24 provides for the prompt, obligatory, and
25 automatic exchange of such information as

1 is foreseeably relevant for carrying out the
2 provisions of the treaty or agreement or
3 the administration or enforcement of this
4 title,

5 “(ii) during the 12-month period pre-
6 ceding the annual determination, the ex-
7 change of information between the United
8 States and such jurisdiction was in prac-
9 tice adequate to prevent evasion or avoid-
10 ance of United States income tax by
11 United States persons and to enable the
12 United States effectively to enforce this
13 title, and

14 “(iii) during the 12-month period pre-
15 ceding the annual determination, such ju-
16 risdiction was not identified by an inter-
17 governmental group or organization of
18 which the United States is a member as
19 uncooperative with international tax en-
20 forcement or information exchange and the
21 United States concurs in such identifica-
22 tion.

23 “(E) INITIAL LIST OF OFFSHORE SECRECY
24 JURISDICTIONS.—For purposes of this para-
25 graph, each of the following foreign jurisdic-

tions, which have been previously and publicly identified by the Internal Revenue Service as secrecy jurisdictions in Federal court proceedings, shall be deemed listed by the Secretary as an offshore secrecy jurisdiction unless delisted by the Secretary under subparagraph (F)(ii):

“(i) Anguilla.

“(ii) Antigua and Barbuda.

“(iii) Aruba.

“(iv) Bahamas.

“(v) Barbados.

“(vi) Belize.

“(vii) Bermuda.

“(viii) British Virgin Islands.

“(ix) Cayman Islands.

“(x) Cook Islands.

“(xi) Costa Rica.

“(xii) Cyprus.

“(xiii) Dominica.

“(xiv) Gibraltar.

“(xv) Grenada.

“(xvi) Guernsey/Sark/Alderney.

“(xvii) Hong Kong.

“(xviii) Isle of Man.

1 “(xix) Jersey.

2 “(xx) Latvia.

3 “(xxi) Liechtenstein.

4 “(xxii) Luxembourg.

5 “(xxiii) Malta.

6 “(xxiv) Nauru.

7 “(xxv) Netherlands Antilles.

8 “(xxvi) Panama.

9 “(xxvii) Samoa.

10 “(xxviii) St. Kitts and Nevis.

11 “(xxix) St. Lucia.

12 “(xxx) St. Vincent and the Grena-
13 dines.

14 “(xxxi) Singapore.

15 “(xxxii) Switzerland.

16 “(xxxiii) Turks and Caicos.

17 “(xxxiv) Vanuatu.

18 “(F) MODIFICATIONS TO LIST.—The Sec-
19 retary—

20 “(i) shall add to the list under para-
21 graph (A) jurisdictions which meet the re-
22 quirements of paragraph (B), and

23 “(ii) may remove from such list only
24 those jurisdictions which do not meet the
25 requirements of paragraph (B).”.

1 (c) PRESUMPTIONS FOR SECURITIES LAW PUR-
 2 POSES.—Section 21 of the Securities Exchange Act of
 3 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u) is amended by adding at the end
 4 the following the following new subsection:

5 “(j) PRESUMPTIONS PERTAINING TO CONTROL AND
 6 BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP.—

7 “(1) CONTROL.—For purposes of any civil judi-
 8 cial or administrative proceeding under this title,
 9 there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a
 10 United States person (other than an entity with
 11 shares regularly traded on an established securities
 12 market) who directly or indirectly formed, trans-
 13 ferred assets to, was a beneficiary of, had a bene-
 14 ficial interest in, or received money or property or
 15 the use thereof from an entity, including a trust,
 16 corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
 17 or foundation (other than an entity with shares reg-
 18 ularly traded on an established securities market),
 19 formed, domiciled, or operating in an offshore se-
 20 crecy jurisdiction (as defined in section 7701(a)(51)
 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), exercised
 22 control over such entity. The presumption of control
 23 created by this paragraph shall not be applied to
 24 prevent the Commission from determining or argu-
 25 ing the absence of control.

1 “(2) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP.—For purposes
 2 of any civil judicial or administrative proceeding
 3 under this title, there shall be a rebuttable presump-
 4 tion that securities that are nominally owned by an
 5 entity, including a trust, corporation, limited liability
 6 company, partnership, or foundation (other than an
 7 entity with shares regularly traded on an established
 8 securities market), formed, domiciled, or operating
 9 in an offshore secrecy jurisdiction (as so defined),
 10 are beneficially owned by any United States person
 11 (other than an entity with shares regularly traded on
 12 an established securities market) who directly or in-
 13 directly exercised control over such entity. The pre-
 14 sumption of beneficial ownership created by this
 15 paragraph shall not be applied to prevent the Com-
 16 mission from determining or arguing the absence of
 17 beneficial ownership.”.

18 (d) PRESUMPTION FOR REPORTING PURPOSES RE-
 19 LATING TO FOREIGN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS.—Section
 20 5314 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by add-
 21 ing at the end the following:

22 “(d) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION.—For purposes of
 23 this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that
 24 any account with a financial institution formed, domiciled,
 25 or operating in an offshore secrecy jurisdiction (as defined

1 in section 7701(a)(51) of the Internal Revenue Code of
2 1986) contains funds in an amount that is at least suffi-
3 cient to require a report prescribed by regulations under
4 this section.”.

5 (e) REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND EFFECTIVE
6 DATE.—

7 (1) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Not later than
8 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
9 the Secretary of the Treasury and the Chairman of
10 the Securities and Exchange Commission shall each
11 adopt regulations or other guidance necessary to im-
12 plement the amendments made by this section. The
13 Secretary and the Chairman may by regulation or
14 guidance provide that the presumption of control
15 shall not extend to particular classes of transactions,
16 such as corporate reorganizations or transactions
17 below a specified dollar threshold, if either deter-
18 mines that applying such amendments to such trans-
19 actions is not necessary to carry out the purposes of
20 such amendments.

21 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made
22 by this section shall take effect on the date of the
23 enactment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 202. AUTHORIZING SPECIAL MEASURES AGAINST FOR-**
 2 **EIGN JURISDICTIONS, FINANCIAL INSTITU-**
 3 **TIONS, AND OTHERS THAT IMPEDE UNITED**
 4 **STATES TAX ENFORCEMENT.**

5 Section 5318A of title 31, United States Code, is
 6 amended—

7 (1) by striking the section heading and insert-
 8 ing the following:

9 **“§ 5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial**
 10 **institutions, or international transactions**
 11 **that are of primary money laundering**
 12 **concern or impede United States tax en-**
 13 **forcement”;**

14 (2) in subsection (a), by striking the subsection
 15 heading and inserting the following:

16 **“(a) SPECIAL MEASURES TO COUNTER MONEY**
 17 **LAUNDERING AND EFFORTS TO IMPEDE UNITED STATES**
 18 **TAX ENFORCEMENT.—”;**

19 (3) in subsection (c), by striking the subsection
 20 heading and inserting the following:

21 **“(c) CONSULTATIONS AND INFORMATION TO BE**
 22 **CONSIDERED IN FINDING JURISDICTIONS, INSTITUTIONS,**
 23 **TYPES OF ACCOUNTS, OR TRANSACTIONS TO BE OF PRI-**
 24 **MARY MONEY LAUNDERING CONCERN OR TO BE IMPED-**
 25 **ING UNITED STATES TAX ENFORCEMENT.—”;**

(4) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting “or is impeding United States tax enforcement” after “primary money laundering concern”;

(5) in subsection (a)(4)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by inserting “in matters involving money laundering,” before “shall consult”; and

(ii) by striking “and” at the end;

(B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C); and

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following:

“(B) in matters involving United States tax enforcement, shall consult with the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General of the United States, and in the sole discretion of the Secretary, such other agencies and interested parties as the Secretary may find to be appropriate; and”;

(6) in each of paragraphs (1)(A), (2), (3), and (4) of subsection (b), by inserting “or to be impeding United States tax enforcement” after “primary money laundering concern” each place it appears;

1 (7) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (5)
2 and inserting the following:

3 “(5) PROHIBITIONS OR CONDITIONS ON OPEN-
4 ING OR MAINTAINING CERTAIN CORRESPONDENT OR
5 PAYABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNTS OR AUTHORIZING
6 CERTAIN PAYMENT CARDS.—If the Secretary finds a
7 jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more
8 financial institutions operating outside of the United
9 States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within
10 or involving a jurisdiction outside of the United
11 States to be of primary money laundering concern or
12 to be impeding United States tax enforcement, the
13 Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of
14 State, the Attorney General of the United States,
15 and the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the
16 Federal Reserve System, may prohibit, or impose
17 conditions upon—

18 “(A) the opening or maintaining in the
19 United States of a correspondent account or
20 payable-through account; or

21 “(B) the authorization, approval, or use in
22 the United States of a credit card, charge card,
23 debit card, or similar credit or debit financial
24 instrument by any domestic financial institu-
25 tion, financial agency, or credit card company

1 or association, for or on behalf of a foreign
 2 banking institution, if such correspondent ac-
 3 count, payable-through account, credit card,
 4 charge card, debit card, or similar credit or
 5 debit financial instrument, involves any such ju-
 6 risdiction or institution, or if any such trans-
 7 action may be conducted through such cor-
 8 respondent account, payable-through account,
 9 credit card, charge card, debit card, or similar
 10 credit or debit financial instrument.”;

11 (8) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting “or is im-
 12 peding United States tax enforcement” after “pri-
 13 mary money laundering concern”;

14 (9) in subsection (c)(2)(A)—

15 (A) in clause (ii), by striking “bank secrecy
 16 or special regulatory advantages” and inserting
 17 “bank, tax, corporate, trust, or financial secrecy
 18 or regulatory advantages”;

19 (B) in clause (iii), by striking “supervisory
 20 and counter-money” and inserting “supervisory,
 21 international tax enforcement, and counter-
 22 money”;

23 (C) in clause (v), by striking “banking or
 24 secrecy” and inserting “banking, tax, or se-
 25 crecy”; and

1 (D) in clause (vi), by inserting “, tax trea-
 2 ty, or tax information exchange agreement”
 3 after “treaty”;

4 (10) in subsection (c)(2)(B)—

5 (A) in clause (i), by inserting “or tax eva-
 6 sion” after “money laundering”; and

7 (B) in clause (iii), by inserting “, tax eva-
 8 sion,” after “money laundering”; and

9 (11) in subsection (d), by inserting “involving
 10 money laundering, and shall notify, in writing, the
 11 Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Com-
 12 mittee on Ways and Means of the House of Rep-
 13 resentatives of any such action involving United
 14 States tax enforcement” after “such action”.

15 **SEC. 203. TREATMENT OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS MAN-**
 16 **AGED AND CONTROLLED IN THE UNITED**
 17 **STATES AS DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7701 (relating to defini-
 19 tions) is amended by redesignating subsection (o) as sub-
 20 section (p) and by inserting after subsection (n) the fol-
 21 lowing new subsection:

22 “(o) CERTAIN CORPORATIONS MANAGED AND CON-
 23 TROLLED IN THE UNITED STATES TREATED AS DOMES-
 24 TIC FOR INCOME TAX.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection
2 (a)(4), in the case of a corporation described in
3 paragraph (2), if—

4 “(A) the corporation would not otherwise
5 be treated as a domestic corporation for pur-
6 poses of this title, but

7 “(B) the management and control of the
8 corporation occurs, directly or indirectly, pri-
9 marily within the United States,
10 then, solely for purposes of chapter 1 (and any other
11 provision of this title relating to chapter 1), the cor-
12 poration shall be treated as a domestic corporation.

13 “(2) CORPORATION DESCRIBED.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A corporation is de-
15 scribed in this paragraph if—

16 “(i) the stock of such corporation is
17 regularly traded on an established securi-
18 ties market, or

19 “(ii) the aggregate gross assets of
20 such corporation (or any predecessor there-
21 of), including assets under management
22 for investors, whether held directly or indi-
23 rectly, at any time during the taxable year
24 or any preceding taxable year is
25 \$50,000,000 or more.

1 “(B) GENERAL EXCEPTION.—A corpora-
2 tion shall not be treated as described in this
3 paragraph if—

4 “(i) such corporation was treated as a
5 corporation described in this paragraph in
6 a preceding taxable year,

7 “(ii) such corporation—

8 “(I) is not regularly traded on an
9 established securities market, and

10 “(II) has, and is reasonably ex-
11 pected to continue to have, aggregate
12 gross assets (including assets under
13 management for investors, whether
14 held directly or indirectly) of less than
15 \$50,000,000, and

16 “(iii) the Secretary grants a waiver to
17 such corporation under this subparagraph.

18 “(C) EXCEPTION FROM GROSS ASSETS
19 TEST.—Subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not apply to
20 a corporation which is a controlled foreign cor-
21 poration (as defined in section 957) and which
22 is a member of an affiliated group (as defined
23 section 1504, but determined without regard to
24 section 1504(b)(3)) the common parent of
25 which—

1 “(i) is a domestic corporation (deter-
 2 mined without regard to this subsection),
 3 and

4 “(ii) has substantial assets (other
 5 than cash and cash equivalents and other
 6 than stock of foreign subsidiaries) held for
 7 use in the active conduct of a trade or
 8 business in the United States.

9 “(3) MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL.—

10 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
 11 prescribe regulations for purposes of deter-
 12 mining cases in which the management and
 13 control of a corporation is to be treated as oc-
 14 ccurring primarily within the United States.

15 “(B) EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND SENIOR
 16 MANAGEMENT.—Such regulations shall provide
 17 that—

18 “(i) the management and control of a
 19 corporation shall be treated as occurring
 20 primarily within the United States if sub-
 21 stantially all of the executive officers and
 22 senior management of the corporation who
 23 exercise day-to-day responsibility for mak-
 24 ing decisions involving strategic, financial,
 25 and operational policies of the corporation

1 are located primarily within the United
2 States, and

3 “(ii) individuals who are not executive
4 officers and senior management of the cor-
5 poration (including individuals who are of-
6 ficers or employees of other corporations in
7 the same chain of corporations as the cor-
8 poration) shall be treated as executive offi-
9 cers and senior management if such indi-
10 viduals exercise the day-to-day responsibil-
11 ities of the corporation described in clause
12 (i).

13 “(C) CORPORATIONS PRIMARILY HOLDING
14 INVESTMENT ASSETS.—Such regulations shall
15 also provide that the management and control
16 of a corporation shall be treated as occurring
17 primarily within the United States if—

18 “(i) the assets of such corporation (di-
19 rectly or indirectly) consist primarily of as-
20 sets being managed on behalf of investors,
21 and

22 “(ii) decisions about how to invest the
23 assets are made in the United States.”.

24 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
25 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning on or

1 after the date which is 2 years after the date of the enact-
 2 ment of this Act.

3 **SEC. 204. ALLOWING MORE TIME FOR INVESTIGATIONS IN-**
 4 **VOLVING OFFSHORE SECRECY JURISDIC-**
 5 **TIONS.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6501(c) is amended by
 7 adding at the end the following new paragraph:

8 “(11) RETURNS INVOLVING OFFSHORE SE-
 9 CRECY JURISDICTIONS.—In the case of a return for
 10 a year in which the taxpayer directly or indirectly
 11 formed, owned, transferred assets to, was a bene-
 12 ficiary of, had a beneficial interest in, or received
 13 money or property or the use thereof from a finan-
 14 cial account or an entity (other than an entity with
 15 shares regularly traded on an established securities
 16 market), including a trust, corporation, limited li-
 17 ability company, partnership, or foundation formed,
 18 located, domiciled or operating in an offshore secrecy
 19 jurisdiction, the tax may be assessed, or a pro-
 20 ceeding in court for the collection of such tax may
 21 be begun without assessment, at any time within 6
 22 years after the return was filed.”.

23 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
 24 this section shall apply to—

1 (1) returns filed after the date of the enactment
2 of this Act, and

3 (2) returns filed on or before such date if the
4 period specified in section 6501 of the Internal Rev-
5 enue Code of 1986 (determined without regard to
6 the amendments made by subsection (a)) for assess-
7 ment of such taxes has not expired as of such date.

8 **SEC. 205. REPORTING UNITED STATES BENEFICIAL OWN-**
9 **ERS OF FOREIGN OWNED FINANCIAL AC-**
10 **COUNTS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part III of sub-
12 chapter A of chapter 61 is amended by inserting after sec-
13 tion 6045B the following new sections:

14 **“SEC. 6045C. RETURNS REGARDING UNITED STATES BENE-**
15 **FICIAL OWNERS OF FOREIGN OWNED FINAN-**
16 **CIAL ACCOUNTS.**

17 “(a) REQUIREMENT OF RETURN.—If—

18 “(1) any withholding agent under sections 1441
19 and 1442 has the control, receipt, custody, disposal,
20 or payment of any amount constituting gross income
21 from sources within the United States of any foreign
22 entity, including a trust, corporation, limited liability
23 company, partnership, or foundation (other than an
24 entity with shares regularly traded on an established
25 securities market), and

1 “(2) such withholding agent determines for pur-
 2 poses of titles 14, 18, or 31 of the United States
 3 Code that a United States person has any beneficial
 4 interest in the foreign entity or in the account in
 5 such entity’s name (hereafter in this section referred
 6 to as ‘United States beneficial owner’),

7 then the withholding agent shall make a return according
 8 to the forms or regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

9 “(b) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—For purposes of
 10 subsection (a), the information required to be included on
 11 the return shall include—

12 “(1) the name, address, and, if known, the tax-
 13 payer identification number of the United States
 14 beneficial owner,

15 “(2) the known facts pertaining to the relation-
 16 ship of such United States beneficial owner to the
 17 foreign entity and the account,

18 “(3) the gross amount of income from sources
 19 within the United States (including gross proceeds
 20 from brokerage transactions), and

21 “(4) such other information as the Secretary
 22 may by forms or regulations provide.

23 “(c) STATEMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO BENE-
 24 FICIAL OWNERS WITH RESPECT TO WHOM INFORMATION
 25 IS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED.—A withholding agent

1 required to make a return under subsection (a) shall fur-
 2 nish to each United States beneficial owner whose name
 3 is required to be set forth in such return a statement
 4 showing—

5 “(1) the name, address, and telephone number
 6 of the information contact of the person required to
 7 make such return, and

8 “(2) the information required to be shown on
 9 such return with respect to such United States bene-
 10 ficial owner.

11 The written statement required under the preceding sen-
 12 tence shall be furnished to the United States beneficial
 13 owner on or before January 31 of the year following the
 14 calendar year for which the return under subsection (a)
 15 was required to be made. In the event the person filing
 16 such return does not have a current address for the United
 17 States beneficial owner, such written statement may be
 18 mailed to the address of the foreign entity.

19 **“SEC. 6045D. RETURNS BY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS RE-**
 20 **GARDING ESTABLISHMENT OF ACCOUNTS**
 21 **AND CREATION OF ENTITIES IN OFFSHORE**
 22 **SECRECY JURISDICTIONS.**

23 “(a) REQUIREMENT OF RETURN.—Any financial in-
 24 stitution directly or indirectly—

1 “(1) opening a bank, brokerage, or other finan-
2 cial account, or

3 “(2) forming or acquiring an entity, including a
4 trust, corporation, limited liability company, partner-
5 ship, or foundation (other than an entity with shares
6 regularly traded on an established securities mar-
7 ket),

8 in an offshore secrecy jurisdiction at the direction of, on
9 behalf of, or for the benefit of a United States person shall
10 make a return according to the forms or regulations pre-
11 scribed by the Secretary.

12 “(b) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—For purposes of
13 subsection (a), the information required to be included on
14 the return shall include—

15 “(1) the name, address, and taxpayer identifica-
16 tion number of such United States person,

17 “(2) the name and address of the financial in-
18 stitution at which a financial account is opened, the
19 type of account, the account number, the name
20 under which the account was opened, and the
21 amount of the initial deposit,

22 “(3) the name and address of an entity formed
23 or acquired, the type of entity, and the name and
24 address of any company formation agent or other

1 professional employed to form or acquire the entity,
2 and

3 “(4) such other information as the Secretary
4 may by forms or regulations provide.

5 “(c) STATEMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO UNITED
6 STATES PERSONS WITH RESPECT TO WHOM INFORMA-
7 TION IS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED.—A financial insti-
8 tution required to make a return under subsection (a)
9 shall furnish to each United States person whose name
10 is required to be set forth in such return a statement
11 showing—

12 “(1) the name, address, and telephone number
13 of the information contact of the person required to
14 make such return, and

15 “(2) the information required to be shown on
16 such return with respect to such United States per-
17 son.

18 The written statement required under the preceding sen-
19 tence shall be furnished to such United States person on
20 or before January 31 of the year following the calendar
21 year for which the return under subsection (a) was re-
22 quired to be made.

23 “(d) EXEMPTION.—The Secretary may by regula-
24 tions exempt any class of United States persons or any
25 class of accounts or entities from the requirements of this

1 section if the Secretary determines that applying this sec-
 2 tion to such persons, accounts, or entities is not necessary
 3 to carry out the purposes of this section.”.

4 (b) PENALTIES.—

5 (1) RETURNS.—Section 6724(d)(1)(B), as
 6 amended by the Energy Improvement and Extension
 7 Act of 2008, is amended by redesignating clauses (v)
 8 through (xxiii) as clauses (vii) through (xxv), respec-
 9 tively, and by inserting after clause (iv) the following
 10 new clauses:

11 “(v) section 6045C(a) (relating to re-
 12 turns regarding United States beneficial
 13 owners of foreign owned financial ac-
 14 counts),

15 “(vi) section 6045D(a) (relating to re-
 16 turns by financial institutions regarding
 17 establishment of accounts and creation of
 18 entities in offshore secrecy jurisdictions),”.

19 (2) PAYEE STATEMENTS.—Section 6724(d)(2),
 20 as amended by such Act, is amended by redesign-
 21 ating subparagraphs (K) through (FF) as subpara-
 22 graphs (M) through (HH), respectively, and by in-
 23 serting after subparagraph (J) the following new
 24 subparagraphs:

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subpart B of part III of subchapter A of chapter 61 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 6045B the following new items:

“Sec. 6045D. Returns by financial institutions regarding establishment of accounts and creation of entities in offshore secrecy jurisdictions.”.

(1) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES ON BANKS.—Section 5239(b)(1) of the Revised Statutes (12 U.S.C. 93(b)(1)) is amended by inserting “or any of the provisions of section 6045D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,” after “any regulation issued pursuant to,”.

(2) ADDITIONAL PENALTIES ON SECURITIES
FIRMS.—Section 21(d)(3)(A) of the Securities Ex-
change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78u(d)(3)(A)) is
amended by inserting “any of the provisions of sec-

1 tion 6045D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,”
 2 after “the rules or regulations thereunder,”.

3 (e) REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND EFFECTIVE
 4 DATE.—

5 (1) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Not later than
 6 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
 7 the Secretary of the Treasury shall adopt regula-
 8 tions, forms, or other guidance necessary to imple-
 9 ment this section.

10 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Section 6045C of the
 11 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this
 12 section) and the amendment made by subsection
 13 (d)(1) shall take effect with respect to amounts paid
 14 into foreign owned accounts after December 31 of
 15 the year of the date of the enactment of this Act.
 16 Section 6045D of such Code (as so added) and the
 17 amendment made by subsection (d)(2) shall take ef-
 18 fect with respect to accounts opened or entities
 19 formed or acquired after December 31 of the year
 20 of the date of the enactment of this Act.

21 **SEC. 206. PREVENTING MISUSE OF FOREIGN TRUSTS FOR**
 22 **TAX EVASION.**

23 (a) ATTRIBUTION OF TRUST PROTECTOR POWERS
 24 TO GRANTORS.—Section 672 is amended by redesignating

1 subsection (f) as subsection (g) and by inserting after sub-
 2 section (e) the following new subsection:

3 “(f) GRANTOR TREATED AS HOLDING ANY POWER
 4 OR INTEREST OF TRUST PROTECTOR OR ENFORCER.—
 5 For purposes of this subpart, a grantor shall be treated
 6 as holding any power or interest held by any trust pro-
 7 tector or trust enforcer or similar person appointed to ad-
 8 vise, influence, oversee, or veto the actions of the trustee.”.

9 (b) TREATMENT OF UNITED STATES RECIPIENTS OF
 10 FOREIGN TRUST ASSETS AS TRUST BENEFICIARIES.—
 11 Section 679 is amended by redesignating subsections (c)
 12 and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively, and by
 13 inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

14 “(c) CERTAIN UNITED STATES PERSONS TREATED
 15 AS BENEFICIARIES.—Any United States person receiving
 16 from a foreign trust cash or other property, or receiving
 17 the use thereof, shall be treated as a beneficiary of such
 18 trust regardless of whether such person is a named bene-
 19 ficiary, except to the extent that such person paid fair
 20 market value for the benefit received.”.

21 (c) TREATMENT OF FOREIGN TRUST TRANSFERS OF
 22 REAL ESTATE, ARTWORK, OR JEWELRY CONSISTENTLY
 23 WITH TRANSFERS OF SECURITIES.—Section 643(i)(1) is
 24 amended by striking “or marketable securities” and in-
 25 serting “or other property, including real estate, market-

1 able securities, artwork, jewelry, and other personal prop-
 2 erty,”.

3 (d) TREATMENT OF TRUSTS WITH FUTURE OR CON-
 4 TINGENT UNITED STATES BENEFICIARIES.—Section
 5 679(a)(1) is amended—

6 (1) by inserting “or for any subsequent year”
 7 after “such year”, and

8 (2) by inserting “(including a contingent bene-
 9 ficiary)” after “beneficiary”.

10 **SEC. 207. LIMITATION ON LEGAL OPINION PROTECTION**
 11 **FROM PENALTIES WITH RESPECT TO TRANS-**
 12 **ACTIONS INVOLVING OFFSHORE SECRECY**
 13 **JURISDICTIONS.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6664 is amended by add-
 15 ing at the end the following new subsection:

16 “(e) CERTAIN OPINIONS MAY NOT BE RELIED
 17 UPON.—For purposes of this part, an opinion of a tax
 18 advisor may not be relied upon to establish that there was
 19 reasonable cause for any portion of an underpayment, or
 20 that the taxpayer acted in good faith with respect to such
 21 portion, if such portion is attributable to a transaction any
 22 part of which involves an entity or financial account in
 23 an offshore secrecy jurisdiction.”.

24 (b) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the
 25 Treasury may by regulation or guidance provide that sub-

1 section (e) of section 6664 of the Internal Revenue Code
 2 of 1986, as added by subsection (a), does not apply to
 3 legal opinions that express a confidence level that substan-
 4 tially exceeds the “more likely than not” confidence level;
 5 or that such subsection does not apply to classes of trans-
 6 actions, such as corporate reorganizations, where the Sec-
 7 retary determines that applying such subsection to such
 8 transactions is not necessary to carry out the purposes of
 9 such subsection.

10 **SEC. 208. CLOSING THE OFFSHORE DIVIDEND TAX LOOP-**
 11 **HOLE.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 871 is amended by redes-
 13 ignating subsection (l) as subsection (m) and by inserting
 14 after subsection (k) the following new subsection:

15 “(l) TREATMENT OF DIVIDEND EQUIVALENTS AND
 16 SUBSTITUTE DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.—

17 “(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this sec-
 18 tion and section 881—

19 “(A) the term ‘dividend’ shall include divi-
 20 dend equivalents and substitute dividends,

21 “(B) a dividend equivalent with respect to
 22 the stock of one or more domestic corporations
 23 shall be treated as sourced within the United
 24 States, and

1 “(C) a substitute dividend payment shall
2 be sourced in the same manner as a dividend
3 distribution with respect to the transferred se-
4 curity to which the substitute dividend relates.

5 “(2) DIVIDEND EQUIVALENT.—For purposes of
6 this subsection—

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘dividend
8 equivalent’ includes any payment that is made
9 pursuant to a notional principal contract and is
10 contingent upon, or is referenced to, the pay-
11 ment of a dividend on stock or the payment of
12 a dividend on property that is substantially
13 similar or related to stock (determined in a
14 manner similar to the manner under section
15 246(c)(4)(C)).

16 “(B) NOTIONAL PRINCIPAL CONTRACT.—
17 For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term
18 ‘notional principal contract’ means a financial
19 instrument that provides for the payment of
20 amounts by 1 party to another at specified in-
21 tervals calculated by reference to a specified
22 index upon a notional principal amount in ex-
23 change for specified consideration or a promise
24 to pay similar amounts.

1 “(3) SUBSTITUTE DIVIDEND.—For purposes of
2 this subsection—

3 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘substitute
4 dividend’ means a payment, made to the trans-
5 feror of a security in a securities lending trans-
6 action or a sale-repurchase transaction, of an
7 amount equivalent to a dividend distribution
8 which the owner of the transferred security is
9 entitled to receive during the term of the trans-
10 action.

11 “(B) SECURITIES LENDING TRANS-
12 ACTION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A),
13 the term ‘securities lending transaction’ means
14 a transfer of 1 or more securities that is de-
15 scribed in section 1058(a) or a substantially
16 similar transaction.

17 “(C) SALE-REPURCHASE TRANSACTION.—
18 For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term
19 ‘sale-repurchase transaction’ means an agree-
20 ment under which a person transfers a security
21 in exchange for cash and simultaneously agrees
22 to receive substantially identical securities from
23 the transferee in the future in exchange for
24 cash.

1 “(4) COORDINATION WITH TAX TREATIES.—

2 The meaning of the term ‘dividend’ in any income
3 tax convention shall be construed to include dividend
4 equivalents and substitute dividends in accordance
5 with this section.

6 “(5) PREVENTION OF OVER-WITHHOLDING.—In

7 the case of any dividend equivalent or substitute div-
8 idend that is subject to withholding under this sec-
9 tion or section 881, the Secretary may by regulation
10 reduce such withholding, but only to the extent that
11 the taxpayer can establish that the dividend for
12 which the payment to be withheld upon is a dividend
13 equivalent or a substitute dividend that was pre-
14 viously withheld upon under this section or under
15 section 881.”.

16 (b) REGULATIONS.—

17 (1) PROPOSED RULE.—Not later than 90 days
18 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
19 retary of the Treasury (or the Secretary’s designee)
20 shall issue proposed regulations relating to section
21 871(l) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as
22 added by this section).

23 (2) FINAL RULE.—Not later than 150 days
24 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-

1 retary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's designee)
2 shall issue final regulations relating to such section.

3 (3) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The regulations
4 issued pursuant to this subsection shall require the
5 imposition of withholding—

6 (A) in cases where dividend equivalent pay-
7 ments under notional principal contracts are
8 netted with other payments under the same in-
9 strument,

10 (B) in cases where fees and other pay-
11 ments are netted to disguise the characteriza-
12 tion of a payment as a substitute dividend, and

13 (C) in cases where option or forward con-
14 tracts (or similar arrangements) achieve the
15 same or substantially similar economic results
16 as the notional principal contracts covered
17 under section 871(l) of such Code.

18 (c) QUALIFIED INTERMEDIARIES.—The Secretary of
19 the Treasury (or the Secretary's designee) shall ensure
20 that any qualified intermediary withholding agreement
21 that the United States enters into or renews after the date
22 of the enactment of this Act with a foreign financial insti-
23 tution or foreign branch of a United States financial insti-
24 tution conforms with the amendments made by this sec-

tion to ensure appropriate withholding related to dividend equivalents and substitute dividends.

(d) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by this section shall apply to payments made on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this section or the amendments made by this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service to collect taxes, interest, and penalties on dividend equivalent or substitute dividend payments (as defined in section 871(l) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) made prior to the date of the enactment of this Act in connection with swap agreements, stock loan transactions, or other financial transactions involving nonresident aliens or foreign corporations.

**SEC. 209. REPORTING OF ACTIVITIES WITH RESPECT TO
PASSIVE FOREIGN INVESTMENT COMPANIES.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1298 is amended by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g) and by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:

“(f) **REPORTING REQUIREMENT.**—Each person who is a shareholder of, or who directly or indirectly forms, transfers assets to, is a beneficiary of, has a beneficial interest in, or receives money or property or the use thereof

1 from, a passive foreign investment company shall file a
 2 report containing such information as the Secretary may
 3 require.”.

4 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (e) of
 5 section 1291 is amended by striking “, (d), and (f)” and
 6 inserting “and (d)”.

7 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 8 this section take effect on the date of the enactment of
 9 this Act.

10 **Subtitle B—Other Measures to** 11 **Combat Tax Haven and Tax** 12 **Shelter Abuses**

13 **SEC. 211. PENALTY FOR FAILING TO DISCLOSE OFFSHORE** 14 **HOLDINGS.**

15 (a) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—Section
 16 21(d)(3)(B) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
 17 U.S.C. 78u(d)(3)(B)) is amended by adding at the end
 18 the following:

19 “(iv) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding
 20 clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), the amount of the
 21 penalty for each such violation shall not exceed
 22 \$1,000,000 for any person if the violation de-
 23 scribed in subparagraph (A) involved a knowing
 24 failure to disclose any holding or transaction in-
 25 volving equity or debt instruments of an issuer

1 and known by such person to involve a foreign
 2 entity, including any trust, corporation, limited
 3 liability company, partnership, or foundation
 4 that is directly or indirectly controlled by such
 5 person, and which would have been otherwise
 6 subject to disclosure by such person under this
 7 title.”.

8 (b) SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.—Section 20(d)(2) of
 9 the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77t(d)(2)) is
 10 amended by adding at the end the following:

11 “(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding
 12 subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the amount of
 13 penalty for each such violation shall not exceed
 14 \$1,000,000 for any person, if the violation de-
 15 scribed in paragraph (1) involved a knowing
 16 failure to disclose any holding or transaction in-
 17 volving equity or debt instruments of an issuer
 18 and known by such person to involve a foreign
 19 entity, including any trust, corporation, limited
 20 liability company, partnership, or foundation,
 21 directly or indirectly controlled by such person,
 22 and which would have been otherwise subject to
 23 disclosure by such person under this title.”.

24 (c) INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940.—Section
 25 9(d)(2) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15

1 U.S.C. 80a–9(d)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
 2 following:

3 “(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding
 4 subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the amount of
 5 penalty for each such violation shall not exceed
 6 \$1,000,000 for any person, if the violation de-
 7 scribed in paragraph (1) involved a knowing
 8 failure to disclose any holding or transaction in-
 9 volving equity or debt instruments of an issuer
 10 and known by such person to involve a foreign
 11 entity, including any trust, corporation, limited
 12 liability company, partnership, or foundation,
 13 directly or indirectly controlled by such person,
 14 and which would have been otherwise subject to
 15 disclosure by such person under this title.”.

16 (d) INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940.—Section
 17 203(i)(2) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
 18 U.S.C. 80b–3(i)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
 19 following:

20 “(D) FOURTH TIER.—Notwithstanding
 21 subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the amount of
 22 penalty for each such violation shall not exceed
 23 \$1,000,000 for any person, if the violation de-
 24 scribed in paragraph (1) involved a knowing
 25 failure to disclose any holding or transaction in-

volving equity or debt instruments of an issuer and known by such person to involve a foreign entity, including any trust, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or foundation, directly or indirectly controlled by such person, and which would have been otherwise subject to disclosure by such person under this title.”.

**SEC. 212. DEADLINE FOR ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING RULE
FOR HEDGE FUNDS AND PRIVATE EQUITY
FUNDS.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) PROPOSED RULE.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Chairman of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, shall publish a proposed rule in the Federal Register requiring unregistered investment companies, including hedge funds or private equity funds, to establish anti-money laundering programs and submit suspicious activity reports under subsections (g) and (h) of section 5318 of title 31, United States Code.

(2) FINAL RULE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-

1 retary of the Treasury shall publish a final rule in
2 the Federal Register on the matter described in
3 paragraph (1).

4 (b) CONTENTS.—The final rule published under this
5 section—

6 (1) shall require, at a minimum, that to safe-
7 guard against terrorist financing and money laun-
8 dering, all unregistered investment companies
9 shall—

10 (A) use risk-based due diligence policies,
11 procedures, and controls that are reasonably de-
12 signed to ascertain the identity of any foreign
13 person (including the nominal and beneficial
14 owner or beneficiary of a foreign corporation,
15 partnership, trust, or other foreign entity) plan-
16 ning to supply or supplying funds to be invested
17 with the advice or assistance of that unregis-
18 tered investment company; and

19 (B) be subject to section 5318(k)(2) of
20 title 31, United States Code; and

21 (2) may incorporate aspects of the proposed
22 rule for unregistered investment companies pub-
23 lished in the Federal Register on September 26,
24 2002 (67 Fed. Reg. 60617) (relating to anti-money
25 laundering programs).

1 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

2 (1) the terms “investment company” and
3 “issuer” have the same meanings as in section 2 of
4 the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
5 80a–2); and

6 (2) the term “unregistered investment com-
7 pany” means an issuer that would be an investment
8 company, but for the exclusion under paragraph (1)
9 or (7) of section 3(c) of the Investment Company
10 Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–3(c)).

11 **SEC. 213. ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING REQUIREMENTS FOR**
12 **FORMATION AGENTS.**

13 (a) ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING OBLIGATIONS FOR
14 FORMATION AGENTS.—Section 5312(a)(2) of title 31,
15 United States Code, is amended, by—

16 (1) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph
17 (Y);

18 (2) by redesignating subparagraph (Z) as sub-
19 paragraph (AA); and

20 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (Y) the fol-
21 lowing:

22 “(Z) persons involved in forming new cor-
23 porations, limited liability companies, partner-
24 ships, trusts, or other legal entities; or”.

1 (b) DEADLINE FOR ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING
 2 RULE FOR FORMATION AGENTS.—Not later than 90 days
 3 after the date of the enactment of this Act, after con-
 4 sulting with the Attorney General of the United States,
 5 the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, and
 6 the Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commis-
 7 sion, the Secretary of the Treasury shall publish a pro-
 8 posed rule in the Federal Register requiring persons de-
 9 scribed in section 5312(a)(2)(Z) of title 31, United States
 10 Code, as added by this section, to establish anti-money
 11 laundering programs under subsection (h) of section 5318
 12 of that title. The Secretary shall publish such rule in final
 13 form in the Federal Register not later than 180 days after
 14 the date of the enactment of this Act.

15 **SEC. 214. STRENGTHENING SUMMONS IN CASES INVOLVING**
 16 **OFFSHORE SECRECY JURISDICTIONS.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (f) of section 7609 is
 18 amended to read as follows:

19 “(f) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT IN THE CASE OF A
 20 JOHN DOE SUMMONS.—

21 “(1) GENERAL RULE.—Any summons described
 22 in subsection (c)(1) which does not identify the per-
 23 son with respect to whose liability the summons is
 24 issued may be served only after a court proceeding
 25 in which the Secretary establishes that—

1 “(A) the summons relates to the investiga-
2 tion of a particular person or ascertainable
3 group or class of persons,

4 “(B) there is a reasonable basis for believ-
5 ing that such person or group or class of per-
6 sons may fail or may have failed to comply with
7 any provision of any internal revenue law, and

8 “(C) the information sought to be obtained
9 from the examination of the records or testi-
10 mony (and the identity of the person or persons
11 with respect to whose liability the summons is
12 issued) is not readily available from other
13 sources.

14 “(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not
15 apply to any summons which specifies that it is lim-
16 ited to information regarding a United States cor-
17 respondent account (as defined in section
18 5318A(e)(1)(B) of title 31, United States Code) or
19 a United States payable-through account (as defined
20 in section 5318A(e)(1)(C) of such title) of a finan-
21 cial institution in an offshore secrecy jurisdiction.

22 “(3) PRESUMPTION IN CASES INVOLVING OFF-
23 SHORE SECRECY JURISDICTIONS.—For purposes of
24 this section, in any case in which the particular per-
25 son or ascertainable group or class of persons have

1 financial accounts in or transactions related to off-
 2 shore secrecy jurisdictions, there shall be a presump-
 3 tion that there is a reasonable basis for believing
 4 that such person or group or class of persons may
 5 fail or may have failed to comply with provisions of
 6 internal revenue law.

7 “(4) PROJECT JOHN DOE SUMMONSES.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the
 9 requirements of paragraph (1), the Secretary
 10 may issue a summons described in paragraph
 11 (1) if the summons—

12 “(i) relates to a project which is ap-
 13 proved under subparagraph (B),

14 “(ii) is issued to a person who is a
 15 member of the group or class established
 16 under subparagraph (B)(i), and

17 “(iii) is issued within 3 years of the
 18 date on which such project was approved
 19 under subparagraph (B).

20 “(B) APPROVAL OF PROJECTS.—A project
 21 may only be approved under this subparagraph
 22 after a court proceeding in which the Secretary
 23 establishes that—

24 “(i) any summons issues with respect
 25 to the project will be issued to a member

1 of an ascertainable group or class of per-
2 sons, and

3 “(ii) any summons issued with respect
4 to such project will meet the requirements
5 of subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of
6 paragraph (1).

7 “(C) EXTENSION.—Upon application of
8 the Secretary, the court may extend the time
9 for issuing such summonses under subpara-
10 graph (A)(i) for additional 3-year periods, but
11 only if the court continues to exercise oversight
12 of such project under subparagraph (D).

13 “(D) ONGOING COURT OVERSIGHT.—Dur-
14 ing any period in which the Secretary is author-
15 ized to issue summonses in relation to a project
16 approved under subparagraph (B) (including
17 during any extension under subparagraph (C)),
18 the Secretary shall report annually to the court
19 on the use of such authority, provide copies of
20 all summonses with such report, and comply
21 with the court’s direction with respect to the
22 issuance of any John Doe summons under such
23 project.”.

24 (b) JURISDICTION OF COURT.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section
 2 7609(h) is amended by inserting after the first sen-
 3 tence the following new sentence: “Any United
 4 States district court in which a member of the group
 5 or class to which a summons may be issued resides
 6 or is found shall have jurisdiction to hear and deter-
 7 mine the approval of a project under subsection
 8 (f)(4)(B).”.

9 (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The first sen-
 10 tence of section 7609(h)(1) is amended by striking
 11 “(f)” and inserting “(f)(1)”.

12 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 13 this section shall apply to summonses issued after the date
 14 of the enactment of this Act.

15 (d) GAO REPORT.—Not later than the date which
 16 is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act,
 17 the Comptroller General of the United States shall issue
 18 a report on the implementation of section 7609(f)(4) of
 19 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by this sec-
 20 tion.

21 **SEC. 215. IMPROVING ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN FINAN-**
 22 **CIAL ACCOUNT REPORTING.**

23 (a) CLARIFYING THE CONNECTION OF FOREIGN FI-
 24 NANCIAL ACCOUNT REPORTING TO TAX ADMINISTRA-
 25 TION.—Paragraph (4) of section 6103(b) (relating to tax

1 administration) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2 lowing new sentence:

3 “For purposes of clause (i), section 5314 of title 31,
4 United States Code, and sections 5321 and 5322 of
5 such title (as such sections pertain to such section
6 5314), shall be considered to be an internal revenue
7 law.”.

8 (b) SIMPLIFYING THE CALCULATION OF FOREIGN
9 FINANCIAL ACCOUNT REPORTING PENALTIES.—Section
10 5321(a)(5)(D)(ii) of title 31, United States Code, is
11 amended by striking “the balance in the account at the
12 time of the violation” and inserting “the highest balance
13 in the account during the reporting period to which the
14 violation relates”.

15 (c) CLARIFYING THE USE OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY
16 REPORTS UNDER THE BANK SECRECY ACT FOR CIVIL
17 TAX LAW ENFORCEMENT.—Section 5319 of title 31,
18 United States Code, is amended by inserting “the civil and
19 criminal enforcement divisions of the Internal Revenue
20 Service,” after “including”.

1 **Subtitle C—Combating Tax Shelter** 2 **Promoters**

3 **SEC. 221. PENALTY FOR PROMOTING ABUSIVE TAX SHEL-** 4 **TERS.**

5 (a) PENALTY FOR PROMOTING ABUSIVE TAX SHEL-
 6 TERS.—Section 6700 (relating to promoting abusive tax
 7 shelters, etc.) is amended—

8 (1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
 9 subsections (d) and (e), respectively,

10 (2) by striking “a penalty” and all that follows
 11 through the period in the first sentence of subsection
 12 (a) and inserting “a penalty determined under sub-
 13 section (b).”, and

14 (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
 15 lowing new subsections:

16 “(b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY; CALCULATION OF PEN-
 17 ALTY; LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—

18 “(1) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—The amount of
 19 the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall not ex-
 20 ceed 150 percent of the gross income derived (or to
 21 be derived) from such activity by the person or per-
 22 sons subject to such penalty.

23 “(2) CALCULATION OF PENALTY.—The penalty
 24 amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be
 25 calculated with respect to each instance of an activ-

1 ity described in subsection (a), each instance in
 2 which income was derived by the person or persons
 3 subject to such penalty, and each person who par-
 4 ticipated in such an activity.

5 “(3) LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—If more than 1
 6 person is liable under subsection (a) with respect to
 7 such activity, all such persons shall be jointly and
 8 severally liable for the penalty under such sub-
 9 section.

10 “(c) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of
 11 any penalty imposed under this section or the payment
 12 of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such
 13 penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary
 14 expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes
 15 of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who
 16 is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.”.

17 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6700(a) is
 18 amended by striking the last sentence.

19 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 20 this section shall apply to activities after the date of the
 21 enactment of this Act.

22 **SEC. 222. PENALTY FOR AIDING AND ABETTING THE UN-**
 23 **DERSTATEMENT OF TAX LIABILITY.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6701(a) (relating to im-
 25 sition of penalty) is amended—

1 (1) by inserting “the tax liability or” after “re-
2 spect to,” in paragraph (1),

3 (2) by inserting “aid, assistance, procurement,
4 or advice with respect to such” before “portion”
5 both places it appears in paragraphs (2) and (3),
6 and

7 (3) by inserting “instance of aid, assistance,
8 procurement, or advice or each such” before “docu-
9 ment” in the matter following paragraph (3).

10 (b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—Subsection (b) of section
11 6701 (relating to penalties for aiding and abetting under-
12 statement of tax liability) is amended to read as follows:

13 “(b) AMOUNT OF PENALTY; CALCULATION OF PEN-
14 ALTY; LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—

15 “(1) AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—The amount of
16 the penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall not ex-
17 ceed 150 percent of the gross income derived (or to
18 be derived) from such aid, assistance, procurement,
19 or advice provided by the person or persons subject
20 to such penalty.

21 “(2) CALCULATION OF PENALTY.—The penalty
22 amount determined under paragraph (1) shall be
23 calculated with respect to each instance of aid, as-
24 sistance, procurement, or advice described in sub-
25 section (a), each instance in which income was de-

1 rived by the person or persons subject to such pen-
 2 alty, and each person who made such an understatement of the liability for tax.

4 “(3) LIABILITY FOR PENALTY.—If more than 1
 5 person is liable under subsection (a) with respect to
 6 providing such aid, assistance, procurement, or advice,
 7 all such persons shall be jointly and severally
 8 liable for the penalty under such subsection.”.

9 (c) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—Section 6701 is
 10 amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
 11 section:

12 “(g) PENALTY NOT DEDUCTIBLE.—The payment of
 13 any penalty imposed under this section or the payment
 14 of any amount to settle or avoid the imposition of such
 15 penalty shall not be considered an ordinary and necessary
 16 expense in carrying on a trade or business for purposes
 17 of this title and shall not be deductible by the person who
 18 is subject to such penalty or who makes such payment.”.

19 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 20 this section shall apply to activities after the date of the
 21 enactment of this Act.

22 **SEC. 223. TAX PLANNING INVENTIONS NOT PATENTABLE.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 101 of title 35, United
 24 States Code, is amended—

1 (1) by striking “Whoever” and inserting “(a)
2 PATENTABLE INVENTIONS.—Whoever”, and

3 (2) by adding at the end the following:

4 “(b) TAX PLANNING INVENTIONS.—

5 “(1) UNPATENTABLE SUBJECT MATTER.—A
6 patent may not be obtained for a tax planning inven-
7 tion.

8 “(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of paragraph
9 (1)—

10 “(A) the term ‘tax planning invention’
11 means a plan, strategy, technique, scheme,
12 process, or system that is designed to reduce,
13 minimize, determine, avoid, or defer, or has,
14 when implemented, the effect of reducing, mini-
15 mizing, determining, avoiding, or deferring, a
16 taxpayer’s tax liability or is designed to facili-
17 tate compliance with tax laws, but does not in-
18 clude tax preparation software and other tools
19 or systems used solely to prepare tax or infor-
20 mation returns,

21 “(B) the term ‘taxpayer’ means an indi-
22 vidual, entity, or other person (as defined in
23 section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code of
24 1986),

1 “(C) the terms ‘tax’, ‘tax laws’, ‘tax liabil-
2 ity’, and ‘taxation’ refer to any Federal, State,
3 county, city, municipality, foreign, or other gov-
4 ernmental levy, assessment, or imposition,
5 whether measured by income, value, or other-
6 wise, and

7 “(D) the term ‘State’ means each of the
8 several States, the District of Columbia, and
9 any commonwealth, territory, or possession of
10 the United States.”.

11 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by this
12 section—

13 (1) shall take effect on the date of the enact-
14 ment of this Act,

15 (2) shall apply to any application for patent or
16 application for a reissue patent that is—

17 (A) filed on or after the date of the enact-
18 ment of this Act, or

19 (B) filed before that date if a patent or re-
20 issue patent has not been issued pursuant to
21 the application as of that date, and

22 (3) shall not be construed as validating any pat-
23 ent issued before the date of the enactment of this
24 Act for an invention described in section 101(b) of

1 title 35, United States Code, as added by this sec-
2 tion.

3 **SEC. 224. PROHIBITED FEE ARRANGEMENT.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6701, as amended by this
5 Act, is amended—

6 (1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as
7 subsections (g) and (h), respectively,

8 (2) by striking “subsection (a).” in paragraphs
9 (2) and (3) of subsection (g) (as redesignated by
10 paragraph (1)) and inserting “subsection (a) or
11 (f).”, and

12 (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the fol-
13 lowing new subsection:

14 “(f) PROHIBITED FEE ARRANGEMENT.—

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person who makes an
16 agreement for, charges, or collects a fee which is for
17 services provided in connection with the internal rev-
18 enue laws, and the amount of which is calculated ac-
19 cording to, or is dependent upon, a projected or ac-
20 tual amount of—

21 “(A) tax savings or benefits, or

22 “(B) losses which can be used to offset
23 other taxable income,

1 shall pay a penalty with respect to each such fee ac-
 2 tivity in the amount determined under subsection
 3 (b).

4 “(2) RULES.—The Secretary may issue rules to
 5 carry out the purposes of this subsection and may
 6 provide exceptions for fee arrangements that are in
 7 the public interest.”.

8 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 9 this section shall apply to fee agreements, charges, and
 10 collections made after the date of the enactment of this
 11 Act.

12 **SEC. 225. PREVENTING TAX SHELTER ACTIVITIES BY FI-**
 13 **NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.**

14 (a) EXAMINATIONS.—

15 (1) DEVELOPMENT OF EXAMINATION TECH-
 16 NIQUES.—Each of the Federal banking agencies and
 17 the Commission shall, in consultation with the Inter-
 18 nal Revenue Service, develop examination techniques
 19 to detect potential violations of section 6700 or 6701
 20 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, by depository
 21 institutions, brokers, dealers, and investment advis-
 22 ers, as appropriate.

23 (2) IMPLEMENTATION.—Each of the Federal
 24 banking agencies and the Commission shall imple-
 25 ment the examination techniques developed under

1 paragraph (1) with respect to each of the depository
2 institutions, brokers, dealers, or investment advisers
3 subject to their enforcement authority. Such exam-
4 ination shall, to the extent possible, be combined
5 with any examination by such agency otherwise re-
6 quired or authorized by Federal law.

7 (b) REPORT TO INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.—In
8 any case in which an examination conducted under this
9 section with respect to a financial institution or other enti-
10 ty reveals a potential violation, such agency shall promptly
11 notify the Internal Revenue Service of such potential viola-
12 tion for investigation and enforcement by the Internal
13 Revenue Service, in accordance with applicable provisions
14 of law.

15 (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Federal banking
16 agencies and the Commission shall submit a joint written
17 report to Congress in 2011 and 2014 on their progress
18 in preventing violations of sections 6700 and 6701 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, by depository institutions,
20 brokers, dealers, and investment advisers, as appropriate.

21 (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

22 (1) the terms “broker”, “dealer”, and “invest-
23 ment adviser” have the same meanings as in section
24 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
25 78c);

1 (2) the term “Commission” means the Securi-
2 ties and Exchange Commission;

3 (3) the term “depository institution” has the
4 same meaning as in section 3(c) of the Federal De-
5 posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c));

6 (4) the term “Federal banking agencies” has
7 the same meaning as in section 3(q) of the Federal
8 Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q)); and

9 (5) the term “Secretary” means the Secretary
10 of the Treasury.

11 **SEC. 226. INFORMATION SHARING FOR ENFORCEMENT**
12 **PURPOSES.**

13 (a) PROMOTION OF PROHIBITED TAX SHELTERS OR
14 TAX AVOIDANCE SCHEMES.—Section 6103(h) (relating to
15 disclosure to certain Federal officers and employees for
16 purposes of tax administration, etc.) is amended by adding
17 at the end the following new paragraph:

18 “(7) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN
19 INFORMATION RELATED TO PROMOTION OF PROHIB-
20 ITED TAX SHELTERS OR TAX AVOIDANCE
21 SCHEMES.—

22 “(A) WRITTEN REQUEST.—Upon receipt
23 by the Secretary of a written request which
24 meets the requirements of subparagraph (B)
25 from the head of the United States Securities

1 and Exchange Commission, an appropriate
2 Federal banking agency as defined under sec-
3 tion 1813(q) of title 12, United States Code, or
4 the Public Company Accounting Oversight
5 Board, a return or return information shall be
6 disclosed to such requestor's officers and em-
7 ployees who are personally and directly engaged
8 in an investigation, examination, or proceeding
9 by such requestor to evaluate, determine, penal-
10 ize, or deter conduct by a financial institution,
11 issuer, or public accounting firm, or associated
12 person, in connection with a potential or actual
13 violation of section 6700 (promotion of abusive
14 tax shelters), 6701 (aiding and abetting under-
15 statement of tax liability), or activities related
16 to promoting or facilitating inappropriate tax
17 avoidance or tax evasion. Such disclosure shall
18 be solely for use by such officers and employees
19 in such investigation, examination, or pro-
20 ceeding. In the discretion of the Secretary, such
21 disclosure may take the form of the participa-
22 tion of Internal Revenue Service employees in a
23 joint investigation, examination, or proceeding
24 with the Securities Exchange Commission, Fed-

1 eral banking agency, or Public Company Ac-
2 counting Oversight Board.

3 “(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A request meets
4 the requirements of this subparagraph if it sets
5 forth—

6 “(i) the nature of the investigation,
7 examination, or proceeding,

8 “(ii) the statutory authority under
9 which such investigation, examination, or
10 proceeding is being conducted,

11 “(iii) the name or names of the finan-
12 cial institution, issuer, or public accounting
13 firm to which such return information re-
14 lates,

15 “(iv) the taxable period or periods to
16 which such return information relates, and

17 “(v) the specific reason or reasons
18 why such disclosure is, or may be, relevant
19 to such investigation, examination or pro-
20 ceeding.

21 “(C) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—For the
22 purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘financial
23 institution’ means a depository institution, for-
24 eign bank, insured institution, industrial loan
25 company, broker, dealer, investment company,

1 investment advisor, or other entity subject to
 2 regulation or oversight by the United States Se-
 3 curities and Exchange Commission or an appro-
 4 priate Federal banking agency.”.

5 (b) FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING FRAUD INVESTIGA-
 6 TIONS.—Section 6103(i) (relating to disclosure to Federal
 7 officers or employees for administration of Federal laws
 8 not relating to tax administration) is amended by adding
 9 at the end the following new paragraph:

10 “(9) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN
 11 INFORMATION FOR USE IN FINANCIAL AND AC-
 12 COUNTING FRAUD INVESTIGATIONS.—

13 “(A) WRITTEN REQUEST.—Upon receipt
 14 by the Secretary of a written request which
 15 meets the requirements of subparagraph (B)
 16 from the head of the United States Securities
 17 and Exchange Commission or the Public Com-
 18 pany Accounting Oversight Board, a return or
 19 return information shall be disclosed to such re-
 20 questor’s officers and employees who are per-
 21 sonally and directly engaged in an investigation,
 22 examination, or proceeding by such requester to
 23 evaluate the accuracy of a financial statement
 24 or report, or to determine whether to require a
 25 restatement, penalize, or deter conduct by an

1 issuer, investment company, or public account-
2 ing firm, or associated person, in connection
3 with a potential or actual violation of auditing
4 standards or prohibitions against false or mis-
5 leading statements or omissions in financial
6 statements or reports. Such disclosure shall be
7 solely for use by such officers and employees in
8 such investigation, examination, or proceeding.

9 “(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A request meets
10 the requirements of this subparagraph if it sets
11 forth—

12 “(i) the nature of the investigation,
13 examination, or proceeding,

14 “(ii) the statutory authority under
15 which such investigation, examination, or
16 proceeding is being conducted,

17 “(iii) the name or names of the issuer,
18 investment company, or public accounting
19 firm to which such return information re-
20 lates,

21 “(iv) the taxable period or periods to
22 which such return information relates, and

23 “(v) the specific reason or reasons
24 why such disclosure is, or may be, relevant

1 to such investigation, examination or pro-
 2 ceeding.”.

3 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 4 this section shall apply to disclosures and to information
 5 and document requests made after the date of the enact-
 6 ment of this Act.

7 **SEC. 227. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO CONGRESS.**

8 (a) DISCLOSURE BY TAX RETURN PREPARER.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (B) of section
 10 7216(b)(1) (relating to disclosures) is amended to
 11 read as follows:

12 “(B) pursuant to any 1 of the following
 13 documents, if clearly identified:

14 “(i) The order of any Federal, State,
 15 or local court of record.

16 “(ii) A subpoena issued by a Federal
 17 or State grand jury.

18 “(iii) An administrative order, sum-
 19 mons, or subpoena which is issued in the
 20 performance of its duties by—

21 “(I) any Federal agency, includ-
 22 ing Congress or any committee or
 23 subcommittee thereof, or

24 “(II) any State agency, body, or
 25 commission charged under the laws of

1 the State or a political subdivision of
2 the State with the licensing, registra-
3 tion, or regulation of tax return pre-
4 parers.”.

5 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
6 by this subsection shall apply to disclosures made
7 after the date of the enactment of this Act pursuant
8 to any document in effect on or after such date.

9 (b) DISCLOSURE BY SECRETARY.—Paragraph (2) of
10 section 6104(a) (relating to inspection of applications for
11 tax exemption or notice of status) is amended to read as
12 follows:

13 “(2) INSPECTION BY CONGRESS.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of a
15 written request from a committee or sub-
16 committee of Congress, copies of documents re-
17 lated to a determination by the Secretary to
18 grant, deny, revoke, or restore an organization’s
19 exemption from taxation under section 501
20 shall be provided to such committee or sub-
21 committee, including any application, notice of
22 status, or supporting information provided by
23 such organization to the Internal Revenue Serv-
24 ice; any letter, analysis, or other document pro-
25 duced by or for the Internal Revenue Service

1 evaluating, determining, explaining, or relating
 2 to the tax exempt status of such organization
 3 (other than returns, unless such returns are
 4 available to the public under this section or sec-
 5 tion 6103 or 6110); and any communication be-
 6 tween the Internal Revenue Service and any
 7 other party relating to the tax exempt status of
 8 such organization.

9 “(B) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—Section
 10 6103(f) shall apply with respect to—

11 “(i) the application for exemption of
 12 any organization described in subsection
 13 (c) or (d) of section 501 which is exempt
 14 from taxation under section 501(a) for any
 15 taxable year and any application referred
 16 to in subparagraph (B) of subsection
 17 (a)(1) of this section, and

18 “(ii) any other papers which are in
 19 the possession of the Secretary and which
 20 relate to such application,

21 as if such papers constituted returns.”.

22 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 23 this section shall apply to disclosures and to information
 24 and document requests made after the date of the enact-
 25 ment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 228. TAX OPINION STANDARDS FOR TAX PRACTI-**
2 **TIONERS.**

3 Section 330(d) of title 31, United States Code, is
4 amended to read as follows:

5 “(d) The Secretary of the Treasury shall impose
6 standards applicable to the rendering of written advice
7 with respect to any listed transaction or any entity, plan,
8 arrangement, or other transaction which has a potential
9 for tax avoidance or evasion. Such standards shall ad-
10 dress, but not be limited to, the following issues:

11 “(1) Independence of the practitioner issuing
12 such written advice from persons promoting, mar-
13 keting, or recommending the subject of the advice.

14 “(2) Collaboration among practitioners, or be-
15 tween a practitioner and other party, which could re-
16 sult in such collaborating parties having a joint fi-
17 nancial interest in the subject of the advice.

18 “(3) Avoidance of conflicts of interest which
19 would impair auditor independence.

20 “(4) For written advice issued by a firm, stand-
21 ards for reviewing the advice and ensuring the con-
22 sensus support of the firm for positions taken.

23 “(5) Reliance on reasonable factual representa-
24 tions by the taxpayer and other parties.

25 “(6) Appropriateness of the fees charged by the
26 practitioner for the written advice.

1 “(7) Preventing practitioners and firms from
2 aiding or abetting the understatement of tax liability
3 by clients.

4 “(8) Banning the promotion of potentially abu-
5 sive or illegal tax shelters.”.

6 **SEC. 229. DENIAL OF DEDUCTION FOR CERTAIN FINES,**
7 **PENALTIES, AND OTHER AMOUNTS.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (f) of section 162 (re-
9 lating to trade or business expenses) is amended to read
10 as follows:

11 “(f) FINES, PENALTIES, AND OTHER AMOUNTS.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
13 graph (2), no deduction otherwise allowable shall be
14 allowed under this chapter for any amount paid or
15 incurred (whether by suit, agreement, or otherwise)
16 to, or at the direction of, a government or entity de-
17 scribed in paragraph (4) in relation to the violation
18 of any law or the investigation or inquiry by such
19 government or entity into the potential violation of
20 any law.

21 “(2) EXCEPTION FOR AMOUNTS CONSTITUTING
22 RESTITUTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to
23 any amount which—

24 “(A) the taxpayer establishes constitutes
25 restitution (including remediation of property)

1 for damage or harm caused by or which may be
 2 caused by the violation of any law or the poten-
 3 tial violation of any law, and

4 “(B) is identified as restitution in the
 5 court order or settlement agreement.

6 Identification pursuant to subparagraph (B) alone
 7 shall not satisfy the requirement under subpara-
 8 graph (A). This paragraph shall not apply to any
 9 amount paid or incurred as reimbursement to the
 10 government or entity for the costs of any investiga-
 11 tion or litigation.

12 “(3) EXCEPTION FOR AMOUNTS PAID OR IN-
 13 CURRED AS THE RESULT OF CERTAIN COURT OR-
 14 DERS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any
 15 amount paid or incurred by order of a court in a
 16 suit in which no government or entity described in
 17 paragraph (4) is a party.

18 “(4) CERTAIN NONGOVERNMENTAL REGU-
 19 LATORY ENTITIES.—An entity is described in this
 20 paragraph if it is—

21 “(A) a nongovernmental entity which exer-
 22 cises self-regulatory powers (including imposing
 23 sanctions) in connection with a qualified board
 24 or exchange (as defined in section 1256(g)(7)),
 25 or

1 “(B) to the extent provided in regulations,
 2 a nongovernmental entity which exercises self-
 3 regulatory powers (including imposing sanc-
 4 tions) as part of performing an essential gov-
 5 ernmental function.

6 “(5) EXCEPTION FOR TAXES DUE.—Paragraph
 7 (1) shall not apply to any amount paid or incurred
 8 as taxes due.”.

9 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
 10 this section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred on
 11 or after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that
 12 such amendment shall not apply to amounts paid or in-
 13 curred under any binding order or agreement entered into
 14 before such date. Such exception shall not apply to an
 15 order or agreement requiring court approval unless the ap-
 16 proval was obtained before such date.

17 **Subtitle D—Requiring Economic** 18 **Substance**

19 **SEC. 231. CLARIFICATION OF ECONOMIC SUBSTANCE DOC-** 20 **TRINE.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7701, as amended by sec-
 22 tion 203, is amended by redesignating subsection (p) as
 23 subsection (q) and by inserting after subsection (o) the
 24 following new subsection:

1 “(p) CLARIFICATION OF ECONOMIC SUBSTANCE
2 DOCTRINE; ETC.—

3 “(1) GENERAL RULES.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which
5 a court determines that the economic substance
6 doctrine is relevant for purposes of this title to
7 a transaction (or series of transactions), such
8 transaction (or series of transactions) shall have
9 economic substance only if the requirements of
10 this paragraph are met.

11 “(B) DEFINITION OF ECONOMIC SUB-
12 STANCE.—For purposes of subparagraph (A)—

13 “(i) IN GENERAL.—A transaction has
14 economic substance only if—

15 “(I) the transaction changes in a
16 meaningful way (apart from Federal
17 tax effects) the taxpayer’s economic
18 position, and

19 “(II) subject to clause (iii), the
20 taxpayer has a substantial purpose
21 (other than a Federal tax purpose) for
22 entering into such transaction.

23 “(ii) SPECIAL RULE WHERE TAX-
24 PAYER RELIES ON PROFIT POTENTIAL.—A
25 transaction shall not be treated as having

1 economic substance solely by reason of
2 having a potential for profit unless the
3 present value of the reasonably expected
4 pre-Federal tax profit from the transaction
5 is substantial in relation to the present
6 value of the expected net Federal tax bene-
7 fits that would be allowed if the trans-
8 action were respected. In determining pre-
9 Federal tax profit, there shall be taken
10 into account fees and other transaction ex-
11 penses and to the extent provided by the
12 Secretary, foreign taxes.

13 “(iii) SPECIAL RULES FOR DETER-
14 MINING WHETHER NON-FEDERAL TAX
15 PURPOSE.—For purposes of clause
16 (i)(II)—

17 “(I) a purpose of achieving a fi-
18 nancial accounting benefit shall not be
19 taken into account in determining
20 whether a transaction has a substan-
21 tial purpose (other than a Federal tax
22 purpose) if the origin of such financial
23 accounting benefit is a reduction of
24 Federal tax, and

1 “(II) the taxpayer shall not be
2 treated as having a substantial pur-
3 pose (other than a Federal tax pur-
4 pose) with respect to a transaction if
5 the only such purpose is the reduction
6 of non-Federal taxes and the trans-
7 action will result in a reduction of
8 Federal taxes substantially equal to,
9 or greater than, the reduction in non-
10 Federal taxes because of similarities
11 between the laws imposing the taxes.

12 “(2) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For
13 purposes of this subsection—

14 “(A) ECONOMIC SUBSTANCE DOCTRINE.—
15 The term ‘economic substance doctrine’ means
16 the common law doctrine under which tax bene-
17 fits under subtitle A with respect to a trans-
18 action are not allowable if the transaction does
19 not have economic substance or lacks a business
20 purpose.

21 “(B) EXCEPTION FOR PERSONAL TRANS-
22 ACTIONS OF INDIVIDUALS.—In the case of an
23 individual, this subsection shall apply only to
24 transactions entered into in connection with a

1 trade or business or an activity engaged in for
 2 the production of income.

3 “(3) OTHER PROVISIONS NOT AFFECTED.—Ex-
 4 cept as specifically provided in this subsection, the
 5 provisions of this subsection shall not be construed
 6 as altering or supplanting any other rule of law or
 7 provision of this title, and the requirements of this
 8 subsection shall be construed as being in addition to
 9 any such other rule of law or provision of this title.

10 “(4) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall pre-
 11 scribe such regulations as may be necessary or ap-
 12 propriate to carry out the purposes of this sub-
 13 section. Such regulations may include exemptions
 14 from the application of this subsection.”.

15 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 16 this section shall apply to transactions entered into after
 17 the date of the enactment of this Act.

18 **SEC. 232. PENALTY FOR UNDERSTATEMENTS ATTRIB-**
 19 **UTABLE TO TRANSACTIONS LACKING ECO-**
 20 **NOMIC SUBSTANCE, ETC.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter A of chapter 68 is
 22 amended by inserting after section 6662A the following
 23 new section:

1 **“SEC. 6662B. PENALTY FOR UNDERSTATEMENTS ATTRIB-**
 2 **UTABLE TO TRANSACTIONS LACKING ECO-**
 3 **NOMIC SUBSTANCE, ETC.**

4 “(a) IMPOSITION OF PENALTY.—If a taxpayer has an
 5 noneconomic substance transaction understatement for
 6 any taxable year, there shall be added to the tax an
 7 amount equal to 30 percent of the amount of such under-
 8 statement.

9 “(b) REDUCTION OF PENALTY FOR DISCLOSED
 10 TRANSACTIONS.—Subsection (a) shall be applied by sub-
 11 stituting ‘20 percent’ for ‘30 percent’ with respect to the
 12 portion of any noneconomic substance transaction under-
 13 statement with respect to which the relevant facts affect-
 14 ing the tax treatment of the item are adequately disclosed
 15 in the return or a statement attached to the return.

16 “(c) NONECONOMIC SUBSTANCE TRANSACTION UN-
 17 DERSTATEMENT.—For purposes of this section—

18 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘noneconomic
 19 substance transaction understatement’ means any
 20 amount which would be an understatement under
 21 section 6662A(b)(1) if section 6662A were applied
 22 by taking into account items attributable to non-
 23 economic substance transactions rather than items
 24 to which section 6662A would apply without regard
 25 to this paragraph.

1 “(2) NONECONOMIC SUBSTANCE TRANS-
 2 ACTION.—The term ‘noneconomic substance trans-
 3 action’ means any transaction if there is a lack of
 4 economic substance (within the meaning of section
 5 7701(p)(1)(B)) for the transaction giving rise to the
 6 claimed benefit.

7 “(d) RULES APPLICABLE TO ASSERTION, COM-
 8 PROMISE, AND COLLECTION OF PENALTY.—

9 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Only the Chief Counsel for
 10 the Internal Revenue Service may assert a penalty
 11 imposed under this section or may compromise all or
 12 any portion of such penalty. The Chief Counsel may
 13 delegate the authority under this paragraph only to
 14 an individual holding the position of chief of a
 15 branch within the Office of the Chief Counsel for the
 16 Internal Revenue Service.

17 “(2) SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.—

18 “(A) ASSERTION OF PENALTY.—The Chief
 19 Counsel for the Internal Revenue Service (or
 20 the Chief Counsel’s delegate under paragraph
 21 (1)) shall not assert a penalty imposed under
 22 this section unless, before the assertion of the
 23 penalty, the taxpayer is provided—

24 “(i) a notice of intent to assert the
 25 penalty, and

1 “(ii) an opportunity to provide to the
 2 Commissioner (or the Chief Counsel’s dele-
 3 gate under paragraph (1)) a written re-
 4 sponse to the proposed penalty within a
 5 reasonable period of time after such notice.

6 “(B) COMPROMISE OF PENALTY.—A com-
 7 promise shall not result in a reduction in the
 8 penalty imposed by this section in an amount
 9 greater than the amount which bears the same
 10 ratio to the amount of the penalty determined
 11 without regard to the compromise as—

12 “(i) the reduction under the com-
 13 promise in the noneconomic substance
 14 transaction understatement to which the
 15 penalty relates, bears to

16 “(ii) the amount of the noneconomic
 17 substance transaction understatement de-
 18 termined without regard to the com-
 19 promise.

20 “(3) RULES RELATING TO RELEVANCY RE-
 21 QUIREMENT.—

22 “(A) DETERMINATION OF RELEVANCE BY
 23 CHIEF COUNSEL.—The Chief Counsel for the
 24 Internal Revenue Service (or the Chief Coun-
 25 sel’s delegate under paragraph (1)) may assert,

1 compromise, or collect a penalty imposed by
 2 this section with respect to a noneconomic sub-
 3 stance transaction even if there has not been a
 4 court determination that the economic sub-
 5 stance doctrine was relevant for purposes of
 6 this title to the transaction if the Chief Counsel
 7 (or delegate) determines that either was so rel-
 8 evant.

9 “(B) FINAL ORDER OF COURT.—If there is
 10 a final order of a court that determines that the
 11 economic substance doctrine was not relevant
 12 for purposes of this title to a transaction (or se-
 13 ries of transactions), any penalty imposed under
 14 this section with respect to the transaction (or
 15 series of transactions) shall be rescinded.

16 “(4) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para-
 17 graphs (2) and (3) of section 6707A(d) shall apply
 18 to a compromise under paragraph (1).

19 “(e) COORDINATION WITH OTHER PENALTIES.—Ex-
 20 cept as otherwise provided in this part, the penalty im-
 21 posed by this section shall be in addition to any other pen-
 22 alty imposed by this title.

23 “(f) CROSS REFERENCES.—

1 “(1) For coordination of penalty with under-
 2 statements under section 6662 and other special
 3 rules, see section 6662A(e).

4 “(2) For reporting of penalty imposed under
 5 this section to the Securities and Exchange Commis-
 6 sion, see section 6707A(e).”.

7 (b) COORDINATION WITH OTHER UNDERSTATE-
 8 MENTS AND PENALTIES.—

9 (1) The second sentence of section
 10 6662(d)(2)(A) is amended by inserting “and without
 11 regard to items with respect to which a penalty is
 12 imposed by section 6662B” before the period at the
 13 end.

14 (2) Subsection (e) of section 6662A is amend-
 15 ed—

16 (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “and
 17 noneconomic substance transaction understate-
 18 ments” after “reportable transaction under-
 19 statements” both places it appears,

20 (B) in paragraph (2)(A)—

21 (i) by inserting “6662B or” before
 22 “6663” in the text, and

23 (ii) by striking “**PENALTY**” in the
 24 heading and inserting “**AND ECONOMIC**
 25 **SUBSTANCE PENALTIES**”,

1 (C) in paragraph (2)(B)—

2 (i) by inserting “and section 6662B”
3 after “This section”, and

4 (ii) by striking “**PENALTY**” in the
5 heading and inserting “**AND ECONOMIC**
6 **SUBSTANCE PENALTIES**”,

7 (D) in paragraph (3), by inserting “or
8 noneconomic substance transaction understate-
9 ment” after “reportable transaction understate-
10 ment”, and

11 (E) by adding at the end the following new
12 paragraph:

13 “(4) NONECONOMIC SUBSTANCE TRANSACTION
14 UNDERSTATEMENT.—For purposes of this sub-
15 section, the term ‘noneconomic substance trans-
16 action understatement’ has the meaning given such
17 term by section 6662B(c).”.

18 (3) Subsection (e) of section 6707A is amend-
19 ed—

20 (A) by striking “or” at the end of subpara-
21 graph (B), and

22 (B) by striking subparagraph (C) and in-
23 serting the following new subparagraphs:

1 “(C) is required to pay a penalty under
2 section 6662B with respect to any noneconomic
3 substance transaction, or

4 “(D) is required to pay a penalty under
5 section 6662(h) with respect to any transaction
6 and would (but for section 6662A(e)(2)(B))
7 have been subject to penalty under section
8 6662A at a rate prescribed under section
9 6662A(c) or to penalty under section 6662B,”.

10 (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
11 for part II of subchapter A of chapter 68 is amended by
12 inserting after the item relating to section 6662A the fol-
13 lowing new item:

“Sec. 6662B. Penalty for understatements attributable to transactions lacking
economic substance, etc.”.

14 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
15 this section shall apply to transactions entered into after
16 the date of the enactment of this Act.

17 **SEC. 233. DENIAL OF DEDUCTION FOR INTEREST ON UN-**
18 **DERPAYMENTS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-**
19 **ECONOMIC SUBSTANCE TRANSACTIONS.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 163(m) (relating to inter-
21 est on unpaid taxes attributable to nondisclosed reportable
22 transactions) is amended—

23 (1) by striking “attributable” and all that fol-
24 lows and inserting the following: “attributable to—

1 “(1) the portion of any reportable transaction
 2 understatement (as defined in section 6662A(b))
 3 with respect to which the requirement of section
 4 6664(d)(2)(A) is not met, or

5 “(2) any noneconomic substance transaction
 6 understatement (as defined in section 6662B(c)).”,
 7 and

8 (2) by inserting “**AND NONECONOMIC SUB-**
 9 **STANCE TRANSACTIONS**” in the heading thereof
 10 after “**TRANSACTIONS**”.

11 (b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by
 12 this section shall apply to transactions after the date of
 13 the enactment of this Act in taxable years ending after
 14 such date.

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