111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 269

To provide funding for employment and training activities for dislocated workers and adults, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 15, 2009

Mrs. Murray (for herself, Mr. Brown, and Ms. Stabenow) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To provide funding for employment and training activities for dislocated workers and adults, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Retooling America's
- 5 Workers for a Green Economy Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) In October 2008, the numbers of mass lay-
- 9 offs (involving over 50 workers at one time) and ini-
- tial unemployment claims reached their highest lev-

- els since 2001. According to the National Renewable
 Energy Laboratory, however, a major barrier to
 more rapid adoption of clean and renewable energy
 and energy efficiency measures is the lack of sufficient workers skilled in green technology.
 - (2) In December 2008, unemployment figures showed a sharp deterioration in the economy. The unemployment rate rose from 6.8 percent in November, to 7.2 percent in December, of 2008. Employers shed 524,000 jobs in December 2008, and 1,900,000 jobs were lost over just the last 4 months of 2008. These job losses were widespread across most major industry sectors.
 - (3) According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 11,100,000 people were unemployed in December 2008, an increase of 3,600,000 people since the recession started in December 2007. In December 2008, the number of workers who wanted to work full-time but worked part-time because their hours were cut or they could not find full-time jobs reached 8,000,000, up 3,400,000 since December 2007.
 - (4) Analysts say that the Nation has yet to see the worst of the economic fallout. The latest prediction from HIS Global Insight forecasts that un-

- employment will be an estimated 8.6 percent by the end of 2009.
- 3 (5) The reality of climate change and a shared desire to protect the environment for future generations have the potential to spur economic growth in 6 green-collar jobs across the industrial spectrum. In 7 order to prepare United States workers to build 8 greener communities in both urban and rural set-9 tings, the Nation will need to make an investment 10 in skills development for jobs in the current and fu-11 ture economies.

12 SEC. 3. PURPOSE.

- 13 The purpose of this Act is to retool America's workers—including dislocated workers, those who are long-14 15 term unemployed individuals, and those who are lowskilled individuals, limited English proficient individuals, 16 individuals with disabilities, or older workers—for green-18 collar industries, for existing viable industries, and for new and emerging industries so that the workers described in 19 20 this section can contribute to the long-term competitive-21 ness of the United States and its quality of life.
- 22 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
- 23 In this Act:
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The terms "adult", "chief 25 elected official", "dislocated worker", "employment

1	and training activities", "individual with a dis-
2	ability", "local area", "local board", "outlying
3	area", "rapid response activities", "Secretary",
4	"State", and "State board" have the meanings given
5	the terms in section 101 of the Workforce Invest-
6	ment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801).
7	(2) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term "commu-
8	nity college" means a 2-year institution of higher
9	education, as defined in section 101 of the Higher
10	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
11	(3) Green-collar industries.—The term
12	"green-collar industries" means industries through-
13	out the economy of the United States—
14	(A) that promote energy efficiency, energy
15	conservation, and environmental protection, in-
16	cluding promoting renewable energy and clean
17	technology;
18	(B) that offer jobs with substantial pay
19	and benefits; and
20	(C) that are industries in which there is
21	likely to be continued demand for workers.
22	SEC. 5. ACTIVITIES FOR DISLOCATED WORKERS.
23	(a) General Authority.—The Secretary is author-

under this Act for rapid response activities, for dislocated

- 1 worker employment and training activities under chapter
- 2 5 of subtitle B of title I of the Workforce Investment Act
- 3 of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2861 et seq.), or for employment and
- 4 training assistance and additional assistance under section
- 5 173(a) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2918(a)).
- 6 (b) National Emergency Grants.—Of the re-
- 7 served funds, the Secretary may use not more than
- 8 \$500,000,000 to award national emergency grants—
- 9 (1) to provide employment and training assist-
- ance to workers affected by major economic disloca-
- tions under section 173(a)(1) of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 12 2918(a)(1); and
- 13 (2) to provide additional assistance under sec-
- 14 tion 173(a)(3) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2918(a)(3))
- to a State or local board that meets the require-
- ments of that section (in a case in which the ex-
- 17 pended funds involved were expended for assistance
- described in paragraph (1)).
- (c) State Activities.—
- 20 (1) In General.—After determining an
- amount from the reserved funds to be used under
- subsection (b), the Secretary may use the remaining
- funds to make allotments to States, and outlying
- areas, consistent with the allotment formula under
- 25 section 132(b)(2) of such Act (29 U.S.C.

- 2862(b)(2)). Each State or outlying area may use 25 percent of the State's or outlying area's allot-3 ment for statewide rapid response activities for per-4 manent closures or mass layoffs described in section 5 101(38) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2801(38)) and ef-6 forts to avert future permanent closures or mass lay-7 offs described in such section.
 - (2) USE OF DISLOCATED WORKERS TO PROVIDE ACTIVITIES.—In providing statewide rapid response activities, States or entities designated by States (and outlying areas or entities designated by outlying areas), working in conjunction with local boards and chief elected officials, may enhance their services by employing dislocated workers to provide outreach, informal coaching, counseling or mentoring support, and information to other dislocated workers or unemployed persons.

(d) Local Activities.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State or outlying area shall use 75 percent of the State's or outlying area's allotment to make allocations directly to local boards, for local areas, using the formula under section 133(b)(2)(B) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2863(b)(2)(B)).

- 1 (2) Priority.—A local board that receives an 2 allocation under paragraph (1) shall use the funds 3 made available through the allocation for dislocated 4 worker employment and training activities. In pro-5 viding the activities the local board shall give pri-6 ority to providing the employment and training ac-7 tivities, including on-the-job training, in viable in-8 dustries identified at the regional or local levels, in-9 cluding green-collar industries.
- (e) Report to Secretary.—Each State, in submitting an annual report under section 136(d) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2871(d)), shall include information on entry of individuals who participated in employment and training activities in green-collar industries and other viable industries under this section into unsubsidized employment in a green-collar industry or other viable industry.
- 17 (f) Report to Congress.—The Secretary shall an-18 nually prepare and submit to the appropriate committees 19 of Congress information on entry of individuals who re-20 ceived services under subsection (b) into unsubsidized em-21 ployment in a green-collar industry or other viable indus-22 try.

1 SEC. 6. ACTIVITIES FOR ADULTS WITH MULTIPLE BAR-

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- 3 (a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to fully
- 4 utilize the Nation's human capital by—
- 5 (1) helping adults with multiple barriers to em-
- 6 ployment acquire the skills to obtain jobs in viable
- 7 industries, by providing intensive services, training
- 8 services, and other employment and training activi-
- 9 ties; and
- 10 (2) in particular, by providing employment and
- training activities in green-collar industries and
- other viable industries.
- 13 (b) Definition.—The term "adult with multiple
- 14 barriers to employment" means an adult who is long-term
- 15 unemployed, a low-skilled individual, limited English pro-
- 16 ficient, an individual with a disability, or an older worker,
- 17 with multiple barriers to finding a job in a viable industry.
- 18 (c) General Authority.—The Secretary is author-
- 19 ized to reserve \$800,000,000 of the funds appropriated
- 20 under this Act to carry out this section. The Secretary
- 21 shall use the reserved funds to make allotments to States
- 22 and outlying areas, consistent with the allotment formula
- 23 under section 132(b)(1) of the Workforce Investment Act
- 24 of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2862(b)(1)) to provide employment
- 25 and training activities to adults with multiple barriers to
- 26 employment.

- 1 (d) State Activities.—Each State or outlying area may use 10 percent of the State's or outlying area's allot-3 ment to assist local boards in providing employment and training activities to adults with multiple barriers to employment, and assist the adults in attaining jobs in viable industries, with as much flexibility as is practicable. In providing assistance under this subsection, the State or 8 outlying area may provide aid that includes assistance with system alignment (described in subsection (e)(1)(D)), 10 the provision of capacity building and professional development activities for staff, and the provision of enhanced 11 12 regional sector-based labor market information.
- 13 (e) Local Activities.—

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- (1) In General.—Each State or outlying area shall use 90 percent of the State's or outlying area's allotment to make grants, on a competitive basis, to local boards for local areas, to provide employment and training activities to adults with multiple barriers to employment.
 - (2) PRIORITY.—In making the grants, the chief executive officer of the State or outlying area, in consultation with the State board involved, shall give priority to those local boards that—

1 (A) align their local areas to create regions 2 that reflect natural labor markets or economic 3 development districts; (B) reflect regional strategic partnerships 4 described in paragraph (3) among local boards, 6 industry (including business and labor), schools 7 (including community colleges), and other com-8 munity organizations to provide coherent pro-9 grams of employment and training activities; 10 (C) make special efforts to conduct out-11 reach and provide services to adults with mul-12 tiple barriers to employment who need to ad-13 vance their careers or seek second careers due 14 to the economic downturn; 15 (D) align adult education, career and tech-16 nical education, workforce investment, economic 17 development, and related systems and resources 18 to provide career pathway strategies for helping 19 low-skilled individuals navigate through the con-20 tinuum of needed education and supports, to ul-21 timately achieve a postsecondary education cre-22 dential or an industry-recognized certificate and 23 a job leading to economic self-sufficiency; 24 (E) provide an assurance that the local

board will use at least 90 percent of the grant

funds for intensive services described in section 134(d)(3)(C) and training services described in section 134(d)(4)(D) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2864(d)(3)(C), 2864(d)(4)(D)), without regard to the eligibility requirements of section 134(d) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2864(d)).

(3) Strategic partnership.—

- (A) In GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, a strategic partnership shall, in particular, be composed of at least 1 representative of a local board serving a community, and of each of the 8 types of organizations described in subparagraph (B).
- (B) Types of organizations referred to in subparagraph (A) are businesses, unions, labor-management partnerships, schools (including community colleges), public agencies, nonprofit community organizations, economic development entities, and philanthropic organizations, that are actively engaged in providing employment and training activities, including work opportunities and support, to adults with multiple barriers to employment.

(f) Report to Secretary.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each State, in submitting
2	an annual report under section 136(d) of such Act
3	(29 U.S.C. 2871(d)), shall include information—
4	(A) on acquisition of a recognized postsec-
5	ondary education credential or an industry-rec-
6	ognized certificate by adults with multiple bar-
7	riers to employment who participated in em-
8	ployment and training activities under this sec-
9	tion;
10	(B) on entry of such adults, who partici-
11	pated in such activities, into positions in unsub-
12	sidized employment in viable industries; and
13	(C) for adults referred to in subparagraph
14	(B), on average wages in such positions.
15	(2) Refinements.—In establishing standards
16	for the reports, the Secretary shall refine indicators
17	to eliminate any unintended consequences for adults
18	with multiple barriers to employment, or such adults
19	who may need and seek less than full-time employ-
20	ment along a career path.
21	SEC. 7. ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY
22	WORKER TRAINING PROGRAM.
23	The Secretary shall reserve \$625,000,000 of the
24	funds appropriated under this Act to carry out section

- 1 171(e) of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29
- 2 U.S.C. 2916(e)).
- 3 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 5 retary of Labor for activities described in this Act,
- 6 \$3,425,000,000, which shall be available for the period of
- 7 January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2010.

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