S. 1682

To provide the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with clear antimarket manipulation authority, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 17, 2009

Ms. Cantwell (for herself and Mr. Nelson of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

A BILL

To provide the Commodity Futures Trading Commission with clear antimarket manipulation authority, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Derivatives Market
- 5 Manipulation Prevention Act of 2009".
- 6 SEC. 2. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR MARKET MANIPULATION.
- 7 Subsection (c) of section 6 of the Commodity Ex-
- 8 change Act (7 U.S.C. 9, 15) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Prohibition Regarding Market Manipula Tion and False Information.—

"(1) Prohibition regarding market manipulation.—It shall be unlawful for any person, directly or indirectly, to use or employ, or attempt to use or employ, in connection with a swap, or a contract of sale of a commodity, in interstate commerce, or for future delivery on or subject to the rules of any registered entity, any manipulative or deceptive device or contrivance, in contravention of such rules and regulations as the Commission shall promulgate by not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Derivatives Market Manipulation Prevention Act of 2009.

"(2) Prohibition regarding false information.—It shall be unlawful for any person to report information relating to any registration application, any report filed with the Commission, or any other information relating to a swap, or a contract of sale of a commodity, in interstate commerce, or for future delivery on or subject to the rules of any registered entity, or to omit any material fact that is required to be stated in any application or report if the person knew, or reasonably should have known, the information to be false or misleading.

1	"(3) Enforcement.—
2	"(A) AUTHORITY OF COMMISSION.—If the
3	Commission has reason to believe that any per-
4	son is violating or has violated this subsection
5	or any other provision of this Act (including
6	any rule, regulation, or order promulgated in
7	accordance with this subsection or any other
8	provision of this Act), the Commission may
9	serve upon the person a complaint.
10	"(B) Contents of complaint.—A com-
11	plaint under subparagraph (A) shall—
12	"(i) contain a description of the
13	charges against the person that is the sub-
14	ject of the complaint; and
15	"(ii) have attached or contain a notice
16	of hearing that specifies the date and loca-
17	tion of the hearing regarding the com-
18	plaint.
19	"(C) Hearing.—A hearing described in
20	subparagraph (B)(ii)—
21	"(i) shall be held not later than 3
22	days after the date on which the person
23	described in subparagraph (A) receives the
24	complaint;

1	"(ii) shall require the person to show
2	cause regarding why—
3	"(I) an order should not be
4	made—
5	"(aa) to prohibit the person
6	from trading on, or subject to the
7	rules of, any registered entity;
8	and
9	"(bb) to direct all registered
10	entities to refuse all privileges to
11	the person until further notice of
12	the Commission; and
13	"(II) the registration of the per-
14	son, if registered with the Commission
15	in any capacity, should not be sus-
16	pended or revoked; and
17	"(iii) may be held before—
18	"(I) the Commission; or
19	"(II) an administrative law judge
20	designated by the Commission, under
21	which the administrative law judge
22	shall ensure that all evidence is re-
23	corded in written form and submitted
24	to the Commission.

"(4) Subpoena.—For the purpose of securing 1 2 effective enforcement of the provisions of this chap-3 ter, for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under this chapter, and for the purpose of 5 any action taken under section 12(f) of this title, 6 any member of the Commission or any Administra-7 tive Law Judge or other officer designated by the 8 Commission (except as provided in paragraph (6)) 9 may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena 10 witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, 11 and require the production of any books, papers, 12 correspondence, memoranda, or other records that 13 the Commission deems relevant or material to the 14 inquiry.

- "(5) WITNESSES.—The attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required from any place in the United States, any State, or any foreign country or jurisdiction at any designated place of hearing.
- "(6) Service.—A subpoena issued under this section may be served upon any person who is not to be found within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States in such manner as the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure prescribe for service of process in a foreign country, except that a

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subpoena to be served on a person who is not to be found within the territorial jurisdiction of any court of the United States may be issued only on the prior approval of the Commission.

"(7) Refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, the Commission may invoke the aid of any court of the United States within the jurisdiction in which the investigation or proceeding is conducted, or where such person resides or transacts business, in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records. Such court may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the Commission or member or Administrative Law Judge or other officer designated by the Commission, there to produce records, if so ordered, or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question.

"(8) Failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. All process in any such case may be served in the judicial district wherein such person is an inhabitant or transacts business or wherever such person may be found.

1	"(9) EVIDENCE.—On the receipt of evidence
2	under paragraph (3)(C)(iii)(II), the Commission
3	may—
4	"(A) prohibit the person that is the subject
5	of the hearing from trading on, or subject to
6	the rules of, any registered entity and require
7	all registered entities to refuse the person all
8	privileges on the registered entities for such pe-
9	riod as the Commission may require in the
10	order;
11	"(B) if the person is registered with the
12	Commission in any capacity, suspend, for a pe-
13	riod not to exceed 180 days, or revoke, the reg-
14	istration of the person;
15	"(C) assess such person—
16	"(i) a civil penalty of not more than
17	an amount equal to the greater of—
18	"(I) \$140,000; or
19	"(II) triple the monetary gain to
20	such person for each such violation; or
21	"(ii) in any case of manipulation or
22	attempted manipulation in violation of this
23	subsection, subsection (d), or section
24	9(a)(2), a civil penalty of not more than an
25	amount equal to the greater of—

1	"(I) \$1,000,000; or
2	"(II) triple the monetary gain to
3	the person for each such violation;
4	and
5	"(D) through an order of the Commission,
6	require restitution to customers of damages
7	proximately caused by violations of the person.
8	"(10) Orders.—
9	"(A) Notice.—The Commission shall pro-
10	vide to a person described in paragraph (9)(A)
11	and the appropriate governing board of the reg-
12	istered entity notice of the order described in
13	paragraph (9)(A) by—
14	"(i) registered mail;
15	"(ii) certified mail; or
16	"(iii) personal delivery.
17	"(B) Review.—
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A person that has
19	received notice of an order by the Commis-
20	sion may obtain a review of the order or
21	such other equitable relief as determined to
22	be appropriate by a court described in
23	clause (ii).
24	"(ii) Petition.—To obtain a review
25	or other relief under clause (i), a person

1	may, not later than 15 days after the date
2	of receipt of a notice under clause (i), file
3	a written petition to set aside the order
4	with the United States Court of Appeals—
5	"(I) for the circuit in which the
6	petitioner carries out the business of
7	the petitioner; or
8	"(II) in the case of an order de-
9	nying registration, the circuit in which
10	the principal place of business of the
11	petitioner is located, as listed on the
12	application of the petitioner.
13	"(C) Procedure.—
14	"(i) Duty of clerk of appro-
15	PRIATE COURT.—The clerk of the appro-
16	priate court under subparagraph (B)(ii)
17	shall transmit to the Commission a copy of
18	a petition filed under subparagraph (B)(ii).
19	"(ii) Duty of commission.—In ac-
20	cordance with section 2112 of title 28,
21	United States Code, the Commission shall
22	file in the appropriate court described in
23	subparagraph (B)(ii) the record theretofore
24	made.

1 "(iii) Jurisdiction of appropriate 2 COURT.—Upon the filing of a petition 3 under subparagraph (B)(ii), the appropriate court described in subparagraph 4 (B)(ii) shall have jurisdiction to affirm, set 6 aside, or modify the order of the Commission, and the findings of the Commission 7 8 as to the facts, if supported by the weight 9 of evidence, shall in like manner be conclu-10 sive.".

11 SEC. 3. CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS, FINES.

- Section 6(d) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
- 13 U.S.C. 13b) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "(d) If any person (other than a registered entity),
- 15 directly or indirectly, is using or employing, or attempting
- 16 to use or employ, in connection with a swap, or a contract
- 17 of sale of a commodity, in interstate commerce, or for fu-
- 18 ture delivery on or subject to the rules of any registered
- 19 entity, any manipulative or deceptive device or contriv-
- 20 ance, in contravention of such rules and regulations as the
- 21 Commission shall promulgate by not later than 1 year
- 22 after the date of enactment of the Derivatives Market Ma-
- 23 nipulation Prevention Act of 2009, the Commission may,
- 24 upon notice and hearing, and subject to appeal as in other
- 25 cases provided for in sections 9 and 15 of this title, make

- 1 and enter an order directing that such person shall cease
- 2 and desist therefrom and, if such person thereafter and
- 3 after the lapse of the period allowed for appeal of such
- 4 order or after the affirmance of such order, shall fail or
- 5 refuse to obey or comply with such order, such person
- 6 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
- 7 thereof, shall be fined not more than the higher of
- 8 \$140,000 or triple the monetary gain to such person, or
- 9 imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than
- 10 one year, or both, except that if such failure or refusal
- 11 to obey or comply with such order involves any offense
- 12 within subsection (a) or (b) of section 13 of this title, such
- 13 person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
- 14 thereof, shall be subject to the penalties of said subsection
- 15 (a) or (b): Provided, That any such cease and desist order
- 16 against any respondent in any case of under this sub-
- 17 section shall be issued only in conjunction with an order
- 18 issued against such respondent under sections 9 and 15
- 19 of this title. Each day during which such failure or refusal
- 20 to obey or comply with such order continues shall be
- 21 deemed a separate offense.".
- 22 SEC. 4. MANIPULATIONS; PRIVATE RIGHTS OF ACTION.
- Section 22(a)(1) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7
- 24 U.S.C. 25(a)(1)) is amended by striking subparagraph
- 25 (D) and inserting the following:

1 "(D) who purchased or sold a contract re-2 ferred to in subparagraph (B) hereof if the vio-3 lation constitutes the use or employment of, or 4 an attempt to use or employ, in connection with 5 a swap, or a contract of sale of a commodity, 6 in interstate commerce, or for future delivery on or subject to the rules of any registered enti-7 8 ty, any manipulative device or contrivance in 9 contravention of such rules and regulations as 10 the Commission shall promulgate by not later 11 than 1 year after the date of enactment of the 12 Derivatives Market Manipulation Prevention 13 Act of 2009.". 14 SEC. 5. DEFINITION OF SWAP. 15 Section 1a of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1a) is amended by adding at the end the following: 16 17 "(35) SWAP.— 18 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 19 subparagraph (B), the term 'swap' means any 20 agreement, contract, or transaction that— "(i) is a put, call, cap, floor, collar, or 21 22 similar option of any kind for the purchase 23 or sale of, or based on the value of, one or 24 more interest or other rates, currencies, 25 commodities, securities, instruments of indebtedness, indices, quantitative measures, or other financial or economic interests or property of any kind;

"(ii) provides for any purchase, sale, payment, or delivery (other than a dividend on an equity security) that is dependent on the occurrence, non-occurrence, or the extent of the occurrence of an event or contingency associated with a potential financial, economic, or commercial consequence;

"(iii) provides on an executory basis for the exchange, on a fixed or contingent basis, of one or more payments based on the value or level of one or more interest or other rates, currencies, commodities, securities, instruments of indebtedness, indices, quantitative measures, or other financial or economic interests or property of any kind, or any interest therein or based on the value thereof, and that transfers, as between the parties to the transaction, in whole or in part, the financial risk associated with a future change in any such value or level without also conveying a current or future direct or indirect ownership

1	interest in an asset (including any enter-
2	prise or investment pool) or liability that
3	incorporates the financial risk so trans-
4	ferred, including any agreement, contract
5	or transaction commonly known as an in-
6	terest rate swap, a rate floor, rate cap,
7	rate collar, cross-currency rate swap, basis
8	swap, currency swap, foreign exchange
9	swap, total return swap, equity index swap,
10	equity swap, debt index swap, debt swap,
11	credit spread, credit default swap, credit
12	swap, weather swap, energy swap, metal
13	swap, agricultural swap, emissions swap,
14	or commodity swap;
15	"(iv) is an agreement, contract, or
16	transaction that is, or in the future be-
17	comes, commonly known to the trade as a
18	swap; or
19	"(v) is any combination or permuta-
20	tion of, or option on, any agreement, con-
21	tract, or transaction described in any of
22	clauses (i) through (iv).
23	"(B) Exclusions.—The term 'swap' does
24	not include:

1	"(i) any contract of sale of a com-
2	modity for future delivery or security fu-
3	tures product traded on or subject to the
4	rules of any board of trade designated as
5	a contract market under section 5 or 5f;
6	"(ii) any sale of a nonfinancial com-
7	modity for deferred shipment or delivery,
8	so long as such transaction is physically
9	settled;
10	"(iii) any put, call, straddle, option, or
11	privilege on any security, certificate of de-
12	posit, or group or index of securities, in-
13	cluding any interest therein or based on
14	the value thereof, that is subject to the Se-
15	curities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et
16	seq.) and the Securities Exchange Act of
17	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.);
18	"(iv) any put, call, straddle, option, or
19	privilege relating to foreign currency en-
20	tered into on a national securities exchange
21	registered pursuant to section 6(a) of the
22	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
23	U.S.C. 78f(a));
24	"(v) any agreement, contract, or
25	transaction providing for the purchase or

1	sale of one or more securities on a fixed
2	basis that is subject to the Securities Act
3	of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) and the
4	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
5	U.S.C. 78a et seq.);
6	"(vi) any agreement, contract, or
7	transaction providing for the purchase or
8	sale of one or more securities on a contin-
9	gent basis that is subject to the Securities
10	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) and
11	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
12	U.S.C. 78a et seq.), unless such agree-
13	ment, contract, or transaction predicates
14	such purchase or sale on the occurrence of
15	a bona fide contingency that might reason-
16	ably be expected to affect or be affected by
17	the creditworthiness of a party other than
18	a party to the agreement, contract, or
19	transaction;
20	"(vii) any note, bond, or evidence of
21	indebtedness that is a security as defined
22	in section 2(a) of the Securities Act of
23	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a));
24	"(viii) any agreement, contract, or
25	transaction that is—

1	"(I) based on a security; and
2	"(II) entered into directly or
3	through an underwriter (as defined in
4	section 2(a) of the Securities Act of
5	1933) (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)) by the
6	issuer of such security for the pur-
7	poses of raising capital, unless such
8	agreement, contract, or transaction is
9	entered into to manage a risk associ-
10	ated with capital raising; or
11	"(ix) any agreement, contract, or
12	transaction a counterparty of which is a
13	Federal Reserve bank, the United States
14	Government or an agency of the United
15	States Government that is expressly
16	backed by the full faith and credit of the
17	United States.
18	"(C) Rule of construction regarding
19	MASTER AGREEMENTS.—The term 'swap' shall
20	be construed to include a master agreement
21	that provides for an agreement, contract, or
22	transaction that is a swap pursuant to subpara-
23	graph (A), together with all supplements to any
24	such master agreement, without regard to
25	whether the master agreement contains an

agreement, contract, or transaction that is not a swap pursuant to subparagraph (A), except that the master agreement shall be considered to be a swap only with respect to each agreement, contract, or transaction under the master agreement that is a swap pursuant to subparagraph (A).".

8 SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by sec-
- 10 tions 2, 3, and 4 shall take effect on the date on which
- 11 the final rule promulgated by the Commodity Futures
- 12 Trading Commission pursuant to the Derivatives Market
- 13 Manipulation Prevention Act of 2009 takes effect.
- 14 (b) Definition of Swap.—The amendment made
- 15 by section 5 shall take effect on the date of enactment
- 16 of this Act.

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