111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1430

To amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 regarding highly qualified teachers, growth models, adequate yearly progress, Native American language programs, and parental involvement, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 9, 2009

Ms. Murkowski introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

- To amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 regarding highly qualified teachers, growth models, adequate yearly progress, Native American language programs, and parental involvement, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "School Accountability
 - 5 Improvements Act".

1 SEC. 2. HIGHLY QUALIFIED TEACHERS IN SMALL, RURAL, 2 OR REMOTE SCHOOLS. 3 (a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are— 4 (1) to ensure that local educational agencies 5 have flexibility in the ways in which the local edu-6 cational agencies may provide instruction in core 7 academic subjects; 8 (2) to provide relief to teachers who are as-9 signed to teach more than two core academic sub-10 jects in small, rural, or remote schools; and 11 (3) to provide assurances to students that their 12 instructors will have appropriate knowledge of the 13 core academic subjects the instructors teach. 14 (b) Highly Qualified Teachers of Multiple CORE ACADEMIC SUBJECTS IN SMALL SCHOOLS.—Sec-15 tion 1119(a) of the Elementary and Secondary Education 17 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6319(a)) is amended by adding 18 at the end the following: 19 "(4) Special rule for small, rural, or re-20 MOTE SCHOOLS.—In the case of a local educational 21 agency that is unable to provide a highly qualified 22 teacher to serve as an on-site classroom teacher for 23 a core academic subject in a small, rural, or remote 24 school, the local educational agency may meet the requirements of this section by using distance learn-25

ing to provide such instruction by a teacher who is

1	highly qualified in the core academic subject, as long
2	as—
3	"(A) the teacher who is highly qualified in
4	the core academic subject—
5	"(i) is responsible for providing at
6	least 50 percent of the direct instruction in
7	the core academic subject through distance
8	learning;
9	"(ii) is responsible for monitoring stu-
10	dent progress; and
11	"(iii) is the teacher who assigns the
12	students their grades; and
13	"(B) an on-site teacher who is highly
14	qualified in a subject other the core academic
15	subject taught through distance learning is
16	present in the classroom throughout the period
17	of distance learning and provides supporting in-
18	struction and assistance to the students.".
19	(c) SMALL, RURAL, OR REMOTE SCHOOLS.—Section
20	9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
21	1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801) is amended—
22	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (41) through
23	(43) as paragraphs (42) through (44), respectively;

1	(2) in the undesignated paragraph following
2	paragraph (39), by striking "STATE.—The" and in-
3	serting the following
4	"(41) STATE.—The"; and
5	(3) by inserting after paragraph (39) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(40) Small, rural, or remote school.—
8	The term 'small, rural, or remote school' means a
9	school that—
10	"(A)(i) is served by a local educational
11	agency that meets the eligibility requirements of
12	section 6211(b) or 6221(b)(1)(B);
13	"(ii) has an average daily student member-
14	ship of fewer than 500 students for grades kin-
15	dergarten through grade 12, inclusive, for the
16	full school year preceding the school year for
17	which the determination is being made under
18	this paragraph; or
19	"(iii) has an average daily membership of
20	fewer than 100 students in grades 7 through
21	12, inclusive, for such preceding full school
22	year; and
23	"(B) has been unable, despite reasonable
24	efforts to do so, to recruit, hire, or retain a suf-
25	ficient number of teachers who are highly quali-

1	fied in the core academic subjects for the school
2	year for which the determination is being made
3	under this paragraph.".
4	SEC. 3. GROWTH MODELS.
5	Section 1111(b)(2) of the Elementary and Secondary
6	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)) is amended
7	by adding at the end the following:
8	"(L) Growth models.—
9	"(i) In general.—In the case of a
10	State that desires to satisfy the require-
11	ments of a single, statewide State account-
12	ability system under subparagraph (A)
13	through the use of a growth model, the
14	Secretary shall approve such State's use of
15	the growth model if—
16	"(I) the State plan ensures that
17	100 percent of students in each group
18	described in subparagraph (C)(v)—
19	"(aa) meet or exceed the
20	State's proficient level of aca-
21	demic achievement on the State
22	assessments under paragraph (3)
23	by the 2013–2014 school year; or
24	"(bb) are making sufficient
25	progress to enable each student

1	to meet or exceed the State's pro-
2	ficient level on such assessments
3	for the student's corresponding
4	grade level not later than the stu-
5	dent's final year in secondary
6	school;
7	"(II) the State plan complies
8	with all of the requirements of this
9	paragraph, except as provided in
10	clause (ii);
11	"(III) the growth model is based
12	on a fully approved assessment sys-
13	tem;
14	"(IV) the growth model cal-
15	culates growth in student proficiency
16	for the purposes of determining ade-
17	quate yearly progress either by indi-
18	vidual students or by cohorts of stu-
19	dents, and may use methodologies,
20	such as confidence intervals and the
21	State-approved minimum designa-
22	tions, that will yield statistically reli-
23	able data;
24	"(V) the growth model includes
25	all students; and

1	"(VI) the State has the capacity
2	to track and manage the data for the
3	growth model efficiently and effec-
4	tively.
5	"(ii) Special Rule.—Notwith-
6	standing any other provision of law, for
7	purposes of any provision that requires the
8	calculation of a number or percentage of
9	students who meet or exceed the proficient
10	level of academic achievement on a State
11	assessment under paragraph (3), a State
12	using a growth model approved under
13	clause (i) shall calculate such number or
14	percentage by counting—
15	"(I) the students who meet or ex-
16	ceed the proficient level of academic
17	achievement on the State assessment;
18	and
19	"(II) the students who, as dem-
20	onstrated through the growth model,
21	are making sufficient progress to en-
22	able each student to meet or exceed
23	the proficient level on the State as-
24	sessment for the student's cor-
25	responding grade level not later than

1	the student's final year in secondary
2	school.".
3	SEC. 4. SCHOOL CHOICE AND SUPPLEMENTAL EDU-
4	CATIONAL SERVICES.
5	(a) School Choice and Supplemental Edu-
6	CATIONAL SERVICES.—Section 1116(b) of the Elementary
7	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
8	6316(b)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) by striking subparagraph (E) and in-
11	serting the following:
12	"(E) Supplemental educational serv-
13	ICES.—In the case of a school identified for
14	school improvement under this paragraph, the
15	local educational agency shall, not later than
16	the first day of the school year following such
17	identification, make supplemental educational
18	services available consistent with subsection
19	(e)."; and
20	(B) by striking subparagraph (F);
21	(2) by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the
22	following:
23	"(5) Failure to make adequate yearly
24	PROGRESS AFTER IDENTIFICATION.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any
2	school served under this part that fails to make
3	adequate yearly progress, as set out in the
4	State's plan under section 1111(b)(2), not later
5	than the first day of the second school year fol-
6	lowing identification under paragraph (1), the
7	local educational agency serving such school
8	shall—
9	"(i) provide students in grades 3
10	through 12 who are enrolled in the school
11	and who did not meet or exceed the pro-
12	ficient level on the most recent State as-
13	sessment in mathematics or in reading or
14	language arts with the option to transfer
15	to another public school served by the local
16	educational agency in accordance with sub-
17	paragraph (B);
18	"(ii) continue to make supplemental
19	educational services available consistent
20	with subsection (e)(1); and
21	"(iii) continue to provide technical as-
22	sistance.
23	"(B) Public school choice.—In car-
24	rying out subparagraph (A)(i) with respect to a
25	school, the local educational agency serving

1 such school shall, not later than the first day of 2 the school year following such identification, 3 provide all students described in subparagraph 4 (A)(i) with the option to transfer to another 5 public school served by the local educational 6 agency, which may include a public charter 7 school, that has not been identified for school 8 improvement under this paragraph, unless such 9 an option is prohibited by State law.

- "(C) Transfer.—Students who use the option to transfer under subparagraph (A)(i), paragraph (7)(C)(i) or (8)(A)(i), or subsection (c)(10)(C)(vii), shall be enrolled in classes and other activities in the public school to which the students transfer in the same manner as all other children at the public school.";
- 17 (3) in paragraph (7)(C)(i), by striking "all";
- 18 and

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- 19 (4) in paragraph (8)(A)(i), by striking "all".
- 20 (b) Supplemental Educational Services Pro-
- 21 VIDERS.—Section 1116(e) of the Elementary and Sec-
- 22 ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6316(e)) is
- 23 amended—
- 24 (1) by redesignating paragraph (12) as para-
- 25 graph (13);

1	(2) by inserting after paragraph (11) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(12) Rule regarding providers.—Notwith-
4	standing paragraph (13)(B), a local educational
5	agency identified under subsection (c) that is re-
6	quired to arrange for the provision of supplemental
7	educational services under this subsection may serve
8	as a provider of such services in accordance with
9	this subsection."; and
10	(3) in paragraph (13)(A) (as redesignated by
11	paragraph (1)), by inserting ", who is in any of
12	grades 3 through 12 and who did not meet or exceed
13	the proficient level on the most recent State assess-
14	ment in mathematics or in reading or language
15	arts" before the semicolon.
16	SEC. 5. CALCULATING ADEQUATE YEARLY PROGRESS FOR
17	STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES AND STU-
18	DENTS WITH LIMITED ENGLISH PRO-
19	FICIENCY.
20	Section 1116 of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
21	cation Act of 1965 (as amended by section 4) (20 U.S.C.
22	6316) is further amended—
23	(1) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-
24	section (i): and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(h) Partial Satisfaction of AYP.—
4	"(1) Schools.—Notwithstanding this section
5	or any other provision of law, in the case of a school
6	that failed to make adequate yearly progress under
7	section 1111(b)(2) solely because the school did not
8	meet or exceed 1 or more annual measurable objec-
9	tives set by the State under section 1111(b)(2)(G)
10	for the subgroup of students with disabilities or stu-
11	dents with limited English proficiency, or both such
12	subgroups—
13	"(A) if such school is identified for school
14	improvement under subsection $(b)(1)$, such
15	school shall only be required to develop or revise
16	and implement a school plan under subsection
17	(b)(3) with respect to each such subgroup that
18	did not meet or exceed each annual measurable
19	objective; and
20	"(B) if such school is identified for correc-
21	tive action or restructuring under paragraph
22	(7) or (8) of subsection (b), respectively, the
23	local educational agency serving such school
24	shall not be required to implement subsection

(b)(7)(C)(iv) or subsection (b)(8)(B), respec-

1 tively, if the local educational agency dem-2 onstrates to the State educational agency that 3 the school would have made adequate yearly 4 progress for each assessment and for each such 5 subgroup for the most recent school year if the 6 percentage of students who met or exceeded the 7 proficient level of academic achievement on the 8 State assessment was calculated by counting— 9 "(i) the students who met or exceeded 10 such proficient level; and 11 "(ii) the students who are making suf-12 ficient progress to enable each such stu-13 dent to meet or exceed the proficient level 14 on the assessment for the student's cor-15 responding grade level not later than the 16 student's final year in secondary school, as 17 demonstrated through a growth model that 18 meets the requirements described in sub-

> "(2) Local educational agencies.—Notwithstanding this section or any other provision of law, in the case of a local educational agency that failed to make adequately yearly progress under subsection (c)(1) solely because the local educational

clauses (III)

1111(b)(2)(L)(i).

through (VI) of section

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agency did not meet or exceed 1 or more annual measurable objectives set by the State under section 1111(b)(2)(G) for the subgroup of students with disabilities or students with limited English proficiency, or both such subgroups—

"(A) if the local educational agency is identified for improvement under subsection (c)(3), the local educational agency shall only be required to develop or revise and implement a local educational agency plan under subsection (c)(7) with respect to each such subgroup that did not meet or exceed each annual measurable objective; and

"(B) if the local educational agency is identified for corrective action under subsection (c)(10), the State educational agency shall not be required to implement such subsection if the State educational agency demonstrates to the Secretary that the local educational agency would have made adequate yearly progress for each assessment and for each such subgroup if the percentage of students who met or exceeded the proficient level of academic achievement on the State assessment was calculated by counting—

1	"(i) the students who meet or exceed
2	such proficient level; and
3	"(ii) the students who are making suf-
4	ficient progress to enable each such stu-
5	dent to meet or exceed the proficient level
6	on the assessment for the student's cor-
7	responding grade level not later than the
8	student's final year in secondary school, as
9	demonstrated through a growth model that
10	meets the requirements described in sub-
11	clauses (III) through (VI) of section
12	1111(b)(2)(L)(i).".
13	SEC. 6. NATIVE AMERICAN LANGUAGE PROGRAMS.
14	Section $1111(b)(2)$ of the Elementary and Secondary
15	Education Act of 1965 (as amended by section 3) (20
16	U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)) is further amended by adding at the
17	end the following:
18	"(M) NATIVE AMERICAN LANGUAGE PRO-
19	GRAMS.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (I) or
20	any other provision of law—
21	"(i) a school serving students who re-
22	ceive not less than a half day of daily Na-
23	tive language instruction in an American
24	Indian language, an Alaska Native lan-
25	guage, or Hawaiian in at least grades kin-

1	dergarten through grade 2 for a school
2	year that does not have State assessments
3	under paragraph (3) available in the Na-
4	tive American language taught at the
5	school as provided for in paragraph
6	(3)(C)(ix)(III)—
7	"(I) shall assess students in
8	grade 3 as required under paragraph
9	(3), and such students shall be in-
10	cluded in determining if the school
11	met the participation requirements for
12	all groups of students as required
13	under subparagraph (I)(ii) for such
14	school year; and
15	"(II) shall not include such as-
16	sessment results for students in grade
17	3 in determining if the school met or
18	exceeded the annual measurable objec-
19	tives for all groups of students as re-
20	quired under subparagraph (I)(i) for
21	such school year; and
22	"(ii) in the case of a school serving
23	students in any of grades 4 through 8 who
24	received such Native American language
25	instruction, such school shall count for

1	purposes of calculating the percentage of
2	students who met or exceeded the pro-
3	ficient level of academic achievement on
4	the State assessment—
5	"(I) the students who met or ex-
6	ceeded such proficient level; and
7	"(II) the students who are mak-
8	ing sufficient progress to enable each
9	such student to meet or exceed such
10	proficient level on the assessment for
11	the student's corresponding grade
12	level by the time the student enters
13	grade 7, as demonstrated through a
14	growth model that meets the require-
15	ments described in subclauses (III)
16	through (VI) of subparagraph
17	(L)(i).".
18	SEC. 7. IMPROVING EFFECTIVE PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT.
19	Title II of the Elementary and Secondary Education
20	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6601 et seq.) is amended—
21	(1) in section $2131(1)(B)$ (20 U.S.C.
22	6631(1)(B)), by inserting "one or more parent
23	teacher associations or organizations," after "an-
24	other local educational agency,"; and
25	(2) in section 2134 (20 U.S.C. 6634)—

1	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)(C)$, by inserting
2	"one or more parent teacher associations or or-
3	ganizations," after "such local educational
4	agencies,";
5	(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
6	section (c); and
7	(C) by inserting after subsection (a) the
8	following:
9	"(b) OPTIONAL USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible part-
10	nership that receives a subgrant under this section may
11	use subgrant funds remaining after carrying out all of the
12	activities described in subsection (a) for—
13	"(1) developing parental engagement strategies,
14	with accountability goals, as a key part of the ongo-
15	ing school improvement plan under section
16	1116(b)(3)(A) for a school identified for improve-
17	ment under section 1116(b)(1); or
18	"(2) providing training to teachers, principals,
19	and parents in skills that will enhance effective com-
20	munication, which training shall—
21	"(A) include the research-based standards
22	and methodologies of effective parent or family
23	involvement programs; and
24	"(B) to the greatest extent possible, in-
25	volve the members of the local and State parent

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             teacher association or organization in such
 2
             training activities and in the implementation of
 3
                                            under
             school
                     improvement
                                    plans
                                                    section
 4
             1116(b)(3)(A).".
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   SEC. 8. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
 6
        Section 1116 of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
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   cation Act of 1965 (as amended by sections 4 and 5) (20
 8
    U.S.C. 6316) is further amended—
 9
             (1) in subsection (b)—
10
                 (A) in paragraph (6)(F), by striking
             "(1)(E),";
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                 (B) in paragraph (7)(C)(i), by striking
             "paragraph (1) (E) and (F)" and inserting
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14
             "subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (5)";
15
                 (C) in paragraph (8)(A)(i), by striking
             "paragraph (1) (E) and (F)" and inserting
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17
             "subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (5)";
18
                 (D) in paragraph (9)—
19
                      (i) by striking "paragraph (1)(E)"
                 and inserting "paragraph (5)(B)"; and
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                      (ii) by striking "(1)(A), (5)," and in-
21
                 serting "(5)(A),"; and
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23
                 (\mathbf{E})
                      in paragraph (11), by
                                                   striking
             "(1)(E),":
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1	(2) in subsection $(c)(10)(C)(vii)$, by striking
2	"subsections (b)(1) (E) and (F)" and inserting
3	"subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (b)(5)";
4	(3) in subsection $(e)(1)$, by inserting " (1) ,"
5	after "described in paragraph";
6	(4) in subsection $(f)(1)(A)(ii)$, by inserting
7	"(A)" after "(b)(5)"; and
8	(5) in subsection (g)(3)(A), by striking "sub-
9	section $(b)(1)(E)$ " and inserting "subsection
10	(b)(5)(B)".

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