## S. 1245

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax credit for property owners who remove lead-based paint hazards.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 11, 2009

Mr. Whitehouse (for himself and Ms. Snowe) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax credit for property owners who remove lead-based paint hazards.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS; PURPOSE.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Home Lead Safety Tax Credit Act of 2009".
- 6 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that:
- 7 (1) Lead is a metal that can produce a wide
- 8 range of health effects in humans when ingested.
- 9 Children are more vulnerable to lead poisoning than
- adults.

- (2) Lead poisoning is a serious, entirely preventable threat to a child's intelligence, behavior, and learning. In severe cases, lead poisoning can result in death.
  - (3) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Environmental Protection Agency, and other Federal agencies have established a national interagency strategy to eradicate childhood lead poisoning as a public health issue by 2010.
  - (4) Despite this goal, according to available estimates, there are still approximately 18,000,000 housing units that pose a hazard due to conditions such as peeling paint and settled dust on floors and windowsills that contain lead at levels above Federal safety standards.
  - (5) In fiscal year 2008, funding for Federal lead abatement programs, such as the Lead Hazard Control Grant Program, only provided for lead abatement for 12,600 homes.
  - (6) Childhood lead poisoning can be dramatically reduced by the abatement or complete removal of all lead-based paint. Empirical studies also have shown substantial reductions in lead poisoning when the affected properties have undergone "interim con-

- 1 trol measures" that are far less costly than abate-
- 2 ment.
- 3 (c) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to en-
- 4 courage the safe removal of lead hazards from homes and
- 5 thereby decrease the number of children who suffer re-
- 6 duced intelligence, learning difficulties, behavioral prob-
- 7 lems, and other health consequences due to lead-poisoning.
- 8 SEC. 2. HOME LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION ACTIVITY TAX
- 9 CREDIT.
- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part IV of sub-
- 11 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 12 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 13 section:
- 14 "SEC. 30E. HOME LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION ACTIVITY.
- 15 "(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be al-
- 16 lowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter
- 17 for the taxable year an amount equal to 50 percent of the
- 18 lead hazard reduction activity cost paid or incurred by the
- 19 taxpayer during the taxable year for each eligible dwelling
- 20 unit.
- 21 "(b) Limitation.—The amount of the credit allowed
- 22 under subsection (a) for any eligible dwelling unit for any
- 23 taxable year shall not exceed—
- 24 "(1) either—

1	"(A) \$3,000 in the case of lead hazard re-
2	duction activity cost including lead abatement
3	measures described in clauses (i), (ii), (iv) and
4	(v) of subsection (c)(1)(A), or
5	"(B) \$1,000 in the case of lead hazard re-
6	duction activity cost including interim lead con-
7	trol measures described in clauses (i), (iii), (iv),
8	and (v) of subsection (c)(1)(A), reduced by
9	"(2) the aggregate lead hazard reduction activ-
10	ity cost taken into account under subsection (a) with
11	respect to such unit for all preceding taxable years.
12	"(c) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
13	poses of this section:
14	"(1) Lead Hazard Reduction Activity
15	COST.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'lead hazard
17	reduction activity cost' means, with respect to
18	any eligible dwelling unit—
19	"(i) the cost for a certified risk asses-
20	sor to conduct an assessment to determine
21	the presence of a lead-based paint hazard,
22	"(ii) the cost for performing lead
23	abatement measures by a certified lead
24	abatement supervisor, including the re-
25	moval of paint and dust, the permanent

enclosure or encapsulation of lead-based paint, the replacement of painted surfaces, windows, or fixtures, or the removal or permanent covering of soil when lead-based paint hazards are present in such paint, dust, or soil,

"(iii) the cost for performing interim lead control measures to reduce exposure or likely exposure to lead-based paint hazards, including specialized cleaning, repairs, maintenance, painting, temporary containment, ongoing monitoring of lead-based paint hazards, and the establishment and operation of management and resident education programs, but only if such measures are evaluated and completed by a certified lead abatement supervisor using accepted methods, are conducted by a qualified contractor, and have an expected useful life of more than 10 years,

"(iv) the cost for a certified lead abatement supervisor, those working under the supervision of such supervisor, or a qualified contractor to perform all preparation, cleanup, disposal, and clearance test-

1	ing activities associated with the lead
2	abatement measures or interim lead con-
3	trol measures, and
4	"(v) costs incurred by or on behalf of
5	any occupant of such dwelling unit for any
6	relocation which is necessary to achieve oc-
7	cupant protection (as defined under section
8	35.1345 of title 24, Code of Federal Regu-
9	lations).
10	"(B) LIMITATION.—The term 'lead hazard
11	reduction activity cost' does not include any
12	cost to the extent such cost is funded by any
13	grant, contract, or otherwise by another person
14	or any governmental agency.
15	"(2) Eligible dwelling unit.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible
17	dwelling unit' means, with respect to any tax-
18	able year, any dwelling unit—
19	"(i) placed in service before 1960,
20	"(ii) located in the United States,
21	"(iii) in which resides, for a total pe-
22	riod of not less than 50 percent of the tax-
23	able year, at least 1 child who has not at-
24	tained the age of 6 years or 1 woman of
25	child-bearing age, and

1	"(iv) each of the residents of which
2	during such taxable year has an adjusted
3	gross income of less than 185 percent of
4	the poverty line (as determined for such
5	taxable year in accordance with criteria es-
6	tablished by the Director of the Office of
7	Management and Budget).
8	"(B) Dwelling unit.—The term 'dwell-
9	ing unit' has the meaning given such term by
10	section $280A(f)(1)$ .
11	"(3) Lead-based paint hazard.—The term
12	'lead-based paint hazard' has the meaning given
13	such term by section 745.63 of title 40, Code of
14	Federal Regulations.
15	"(4) CERTIFIED LEAD ABATEMENT SUPER-
16	VISOR.—The term 'certified lead abatement super-
17	visor' means an individual certified by the Environ-
18	mental Protection Agency pursuant to section
19	745.226 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, or
20	an appropriate State agency pursuant to section
21	745.325 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.
22	"(5) Certified inspector.—The term 'cer-
23	tified inspector' means an inspector certified by the
24	Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to sec-

tion 745.226 of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-

25

1	tions, or an appropriate State agency pursuant to
2	section 745.325 of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
3	tions.
4	"(6) Certified Risk Assessor.—The term
5	'certified risk assessor' means a risk assessor cer-
6	tified by the Environmental Protection Agency pur-
7	suant to section 745.226 of title 40, Code of Federal
8	Regulations, or an appropriate State agency pursu-
9	ant to section 745.325 of title 40, Code of Federal
10	Regulations.
11	"(7) QUALIFIED CONTRACTOR.—The term
12	'qualified contractor' means any contractor who has
13	successfully completed a training course on lead safe
14	work practices which has been approved by the De-
15	partment of Housing and Urban Development and
16	the Environmental Protection Agency.
17	"(8) Documentation required for credit
18	ALLOWANCE.—No credit shall be allowed under sub-
19	section (a) with respect to any eligible dwelling unit
20	for any taxable year unless—
21	"(A) after lead hazard reduction activity is
22	complete, a certified inspector or certified risk
23	assessor provides written documentation to the
24	taxpayer that includes—
25	"(i) evidence that—

1	"(I) the eligible dwelling unit
2	passes the clearance examinations re-
3	quired by the Department of Housing
4	and Urban Development under part
5	35 of title 40, Code of Federal Regu-
6	lations,
7	"(II) the eligible dwelling unit
8	does not contain lead dust hazards (as
9	defined by section 745.227(e)(8)(viii)
10	of such title 40), or
11	"(III) the eligible dwelling unit
12	meets lead hazard evaluation criteria
13	established under an authorized State
14	or local program, and
15	"(ii) documentation showing that the
16	lead hazard reduction activity meets the
17	requirements of this section, and
18	"(B) the taxpayer files with the appro-
19	priate State agency and attaches to the tax re-
20	turn for the taxable year—
21	"(i) the documentation described in
22	subparagraph (A),
23	"(ii) documentation of the lead hazard
24	reduction activity costs paid or incurred

1	during the taxable year with respect to the
2	eligible dwelling unit, and
3	"(iii) a statement certifying that the
4	dwelling unit qualifies as an eligible dwell-
5	ing unit for such taxable year.
6	"(9) Basis reduction.—The basis of any
7	property for which a credit is allowable under sub-
8	section (a) shall be reduced by the amount of such
9	credit (determined without regard to subsection (d)).
10	"(10) No double benefit.—Any deduction
11	allowable for costs taken into account in computing
12	the amount of the credit for lead-based paint abate-
13	ment shall be reduced by the amount of such credit
14	attributable to such costs.
15	"(d) Limitation Based on Amount of Tax.—The
16	credit allowed under subsection (a) for the taxable year
17	shall not exceed the excess of—
18	"(1) the sum of the regular tax liability (as de-
19	fined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by sec-
20	tion 55, over
21	"(2) the sum of the credits allowable under sub-
22	part A and sections 27, 29, 30, 30A, 30B, 30C, and
23	30D for the taxable year.
24	"(e) Carryforward Allowed.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds the amount of the limitation under subsection (d) for such taxable year (referred to as the 'unused credit year' in this subsection), such excess shall be allowed as a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable years following the unused credit year.
  - "(2) Rules similar to the rules of section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit carryforward under paragraph (1).".

## (b) Conforming Amendments.—

- (1) Section 1016(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" in paragraph (36), by striking the period and inserting ", and" in paragraph (37), and by inserting at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(38) in the case of an eligible dwelling unit with respect to which a credit for any lead hazard reduction activity cost was allowed under section 30E, to the extent provided in section 30E(c)(9).".
- (2) The table of sections for subpart B of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 30D the following new item:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 30E. Home lead hazard reduction activity.".

- 1 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 2 this section shall apply to lead hazard reduction activity
- 3 costs incurred after December 31, 2008, in taxable years

4 ending after that date.

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