#### 111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 5894

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 28, 2010

Mr. Polis of Colorado (for himself, Ms. Berkley, Mrs. Capps, Ms. Clarke, Mr. Conyers, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Hinojosa, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Ms. Matsui, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Ms. Norton, Ms. Richardson, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Ms. Loretta Sanchez of California, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Scott of Virginia, and Ms. Woolsey) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

## A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Education to make grants to promote the education of pregnant and parenting students.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Pregnant and Par-
- 5 enting Students Access to Education Act of 2010".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) There are approximately 750,000 teen preg-
2	nancies and 400,000 teen births annually in the
3	United States.
4	(2) Overall, nearly 3 in 10 girls in the United
5	States will become pregnant at least once by age 20,
6	and teen pregnancy rates are now on the rise after
7	14 straight years of decline.
8	(3) A sexually active teen who does not use con-
9	traceptives has a 90 percent chance of becoming
10	pregnant within a year.
11	(4) The teen pregnancy and birth rates in the
12	United States are higher than in any other Western
13	industrialized country.
14	(5) Some States currently collect data about the
15	pregnancy and parenting status of secondary school
16	students, but most do not, and there is no nation-
17	wide data collection on this important dimension of
18	the student population.
19	(6) Many pregnant and parenting students face
20	significant barriers in enrolling, attending, and suc-
21	ceeding in school, including—
22	(A) outright discrimination in violation of

title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972;

1	(B) stigmatization and being made to feel
2	unwelcome at school by administrators, teach-
3	ers, and peer students;
4	(C) failure of States, local educational
5	agencies, or schools to excuse students for pre-
6	natal and postnatal health care appointments
7	and recovery;
8	(D) difficulty maintaining academic
9	progress while out of school leading up to or
10	following the birth of a child;
11	(E) juggling school work with parenting
12	responsibilities;
13	(F) lack of access to affordable quality
14	child care and transportation to and from the
15	child care arrangement and school, which can,
16	as a practical matter, make it virtually impos-
17	sible for a parenting student to attend school
18	regularly; and
19	(G) stereotypes that future opportunities
20	for postsecondary education or careers are lim-
21	ited for pregnant and parenting students, which
22	can diminish students' motivation to stay en-
23	gaged in school.
24	(7) Overall, about 51 percent of teenaged moth-
25	ers have a high school diploma by age 22 compared

- to 89 percent of women who didn't have a teenaged birth. Young teenaged mothers are even less likely to graduate from high school. Fewer than four in ten (38 percent) mothers who have a child before they turn 18 have a high school diploma by age 22.
  - (8) Only 2 percent of all teenagers who have a baby before age 18 ever graduate from college.
  - (9) Even if students manage to stay in school while parenting one child, their risks of dropout are substantially increased if they have a second or subsequent pregnancy.
  - (10) Studies of females and males who dropped out of high school indicate that becoming a parent played a role in their discontinuation of school, and in many cases it played a major role.
  - (11) Since teen pregnancy and parenting are significant risk factors for dropout, teen pregnancy prevention can go a long way toward improving high school graduation rates.
  - (12) Females who do not earn a high school diploma are especially likely to face severe economic consequences—to be unemployed, to earn very low wages, and to have to rely on public support programs—that significantly affect not only individual

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- students and their families, but also our national economy as a whole.
- 3 (13) Studies of students who left school to care 4 for a family member or because they became a par-5 ent demonstrate that they would have worked harder 6 to complete their secondary education if schools' ex-7 pectations of them had been higher and if they had 8 been provided the necessary support.
  - (14) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) prohibits educational institutions that receive Federal funding from discriminating against pregnant and parenting students, and its implementing regulations detail schools' obligations to ensure that pregnant and parenting students have access to equal educational opportunities.
  - (15) Some local educational agencies are making active efforts to engage and re-engage pregnant and parenting youth in secondary education by implementing voluntary programs that provide or arrange academic and support services for them, including individualized graduation plans, flexible scheduling, homebound instruction for extended absences, school-based child care, transportation assist-

ance, health and social service referrals, and parent
 education courses.

(16) Federal financial assistance to local educational agencies to start or expand voluntary student academic and support service programs and initiatives for pregnant and parenting students is imperative to helping these students prepare for careers and post-secondary education opportunities, and care for their children without need for longterm public assistance.

### (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to ensure that each pregnant and parenting student has equal access to the same free, appropriate, high-quality public education that is provided to other students;
- (2) to improve high school graduation rates, career-readiness, access to postsecondary educational opportunities, and outcomes for pregnant and parenting students and their children; and
- (3) to assist each State and local educational agency in improving its graduation rates and fulfilling its responsibilities under title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) with respect to pregnant and parenting students.

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1	SEC. 3. GRANTS FOR STATE AND LOCAL ACTIVITIES FOR
2	THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
3	ENTING STUDENTS.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education is au-
5	thorized to make grants to States to carry out the activi-
6	ties described in subsection (e). A grant made under this
7	section shall be for a minimum of three years, and the
8	Secretary shall have the discretion to renew the grant at
9	the end of the grant period.
10	(b) Application.—A State desiring to receive a
11	grant under this section shall submit an application to the
12	Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing
13	such information as the Secretary may reasonably require,
14	including, at a minimum, the State plan described in sub-
15	section (f).
16	(c) Allocation of Funds.—
17	(1) Reservation of funds for national
18	ACTIVITIES.—From the funds made available to
19	carry out this Act, the Secretary may reserve not
20	more than 5 percent for national activities.
21	(2) Allotment to the secretary of the
22	INTERIOR.—The amount allocated for payments
23	under this Act to the Secretary of the Interior for
24	any fiscal year shall be, as determined pursuant to
25	criteria established by the Secretary, the amount

necessary to meet the needs of—

- 1 (A) Indian children on reservations served 2 by secondary schools for Indian children oper-3 ated or supported by the Department of the In-4 terior; and
  - (B) out-of-State Indian children in elementary schools and secondary schools in local educational agencies under special contracts with the Department of the Interior.
  - (3) FORMULA GRANTS TO STATES.—The Secretary shall allocate to States having approved applications the funds remaining after the application of paragraphs (1) and (2) based on the percentage of the State's number of teenaged pregnancies compared to the number of teenaged pregnancies nationally, except that the minimum grant for a State shall be \$300,000.
  - (4) Supplement not supplement.—Grant funds provided under paragraph (3) shall be used only to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of such Federal funds, be made available from non-Federal sources for the education of pupils participating in programs assisted under this Act, and not to supplant such funds.
- 24 (d) Use of Funds.—

1	(1) In general.—Funds made available to a
2	State under this Act shall be used for the following:
3	(A) To provide or enhance educational pro-
4	grams and related services that enable pregnant
5	and parenting students to enroll in, attend, and
6	succeed in school, and that are culturally and
7	linguistically competent.
8	(B) To designate a Coordinator for Edu-
9	cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in
10	the State educational agency to direct and man-
11	age the State educational agency's activities re-
12	lated to this Act, in collaboration with the
13	State's designated employee responsible for the
14	State's efforts to comply with and carry out, to
15	the fullest extent, its responsibilities under title
16	IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20
17	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
18	(C) To prepare and carry out a State plan
19	described in subsection (f).
20	(D) To develop and implement high-quality
21	professional development programs for local
22	educational agencies and school personnel.
23	(E) To direct grants to rural and other
24	local educational agencies without capacity to

prepare an application for funds.

1	(F) To ensure that information about the
2	program is disseminated to all local educational
3	agencies and made publicly and readily avail-
4	able on the State educational agency's website
5	including—
6	(i) the name and contact information
7	for the individuals described in subpara-
8	graph (B);
9	(ii) a list of subgrantees; and
10	(iii) an explanation of the rights of
11	students and responsibilities of schools
12	under title IX of the Education Amend-
13	ments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.)
14	including investigation and complaint pro-
15	cedures as required under subsection (a)
16	and (b) of section 106.8 of title 34, Code
17	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the
18	date of the enactment of this Act).
19	(2) Reservation for state-level activi-
20	TIES.—From the funds made available to a State
21	under this Act, a State may reserve not more than
22	10 percent for State-level activities.
23	(3) Subgrants.—The State shall distribute at
24	least 90 percent of each State grant as subgrants to

- 1 local educational agencies in accordance with section
- 2 4.
- 3 (e) Coordinator for Education of Pregnant
- 4 AND PARENTING STUDENTS.—The Coordinator for Edu-
- 5 cation of Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State
- 6 educational agency described in subsection (d)(1)(B)
- 7 shall—
- 8 (1) gather information on the nature and extent
- 9 of State and local efforts to prevent teen pregnancy
- and the nature and extent of barriers to educational
- access and success facing pregnant and parenting
- students in the State, including information on re-
- ported incidents of discrimination;
- 14 (2) develop and carry out the State plan de-
- scribed in subsection (f);
- 16 (3) collect and report information to the Sec-
- 17 retary of Education, such as that which is listed in
- subparagraphs (A) through (C) of section 6(a)(6);
- 19 (4) facilitate the coordination of services with
- the State agencies responsible for administering pro-
- 21 grams affecting children, youth, and families (in-
- 22 cluding for the purposes of maximizing the
- leveraging of resources from such agencies), includ-
- ing

1	(A) Temporary Assistance for Needy Fam-
2	ilies;
3	(B) Medicaid;
4	(C) Children's Health Insurance Program;
5	(D) pregnancy prevention, family planning,
6	and maternal and child health programs;
7	(E) Women, Infants and Children Food
8	and Nutrition Service;
9	(F) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
10	Program;
11	(G) child care;
12	(H) early childhood education, home visita-
13	tion, and child welfare programs;
14	(I) workforce investment programs and
15	postsecondary education; and
16	(J) housing assistance and homeless assist-
17	ance programs.
18	(5) coordinate and collaborate with educators,
19	service providers, and local educational agency preg-
20	nant and parenting student liaisons;
21	(6) provide technical assistance and training to
22	local educational agencies, including the dissemina-
23	tion of best practices; and
24	(7) report to the Secretary any complaints re-
25	ceived by the State about discrimination based on

- pregnancy or parenting status and what actions were taken to address those complaints.
- 3 (f) STATE PLAN.—Pursuant to subsection (d)(1)(C),
- 4 each State shall submit a plan to provide for the education
- 5 of pregnant and parenting students. Such plan shall in-
- 6 clude the following:

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- 7 (1) A description of how such students will be 8 given the opportunity to meet the same rigorous aca-9 demic achievement and college and career-readiness 10 standards that all students are expected to meet.
  - (2) A description of how the State will identify such students.
    - (3) A description of training programs to raise awareness of school personnel regarding the rights and educational needs of pregnant and parenting students.
    - (4) A description of procedures designed to ensure that students eligible for Federal, State, or local food, housing, health care, or child care programs are enrolled and able to participate in such programs.
- 22 (5) A description of procedures designed to en-23 sure that students eligible for Federal, State, or 24 local after-school programs or supplemental edu-

- cational services are enrolled in and able to participate in such programs.
  - (6) Strategies that respond to the problems identified under subsection (e)(1).
  - (7) A demonstration that the State and its local educational agencies have developed, reviewed, and revised policies to remove barriers to enrollment and retention of pregnant and parenting students in schools in the State.

### (8) Assurances that—

- (A) State educational agencies and local educational agencies will not stigmatize, discriminate against, or involuntarily segregate students on the basis of pregnancy or parenting;
- (B) local educational agencies will designate a pregnant and parenting student liaison to communicate with the Coordinator for Education of Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State educational agency and oversee the provision of services at the local educational agency and school levels; and
- (C) State educational agencies and local educational agencies will ensure that transpor-

1	tation is provided for students who have an in-
2	ability to pay for transportation and who—
3	(i) choose to attend programs for
4	pregnant and parenting students located
5	outside of their school of origin; or
6	(ii) need transportation to and from
7	school and the student's child care provider
8	for the student and the student's child, re-
9	spectively.
10	(9) Description of how the State will ensure
11	that local educational agencies comply with require-
12	ments of this Act.
13	(10) A description of technical assistance to be
14	provided to local educational agencies.
15	(g) Professional Development and Public
16	EDUCATION.—Each State and each local educational
17	agency shall include in professional development and pub-
18	lic education materials reference to, and shall ensure that
19	school personnel, students, and family members of stu-
20	dents are aware of title IX of the Education Amendments
21	of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and its implementing
22	regulations, which set forth the Federal civil right to be
23	free from discrimination on the basis of a student's preg-
24	nancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of preg-
25	nancy, or recovery therefrom. This includes the right to

- 1 be free from harassment and stigmatization on those
- 2 bases, as well as the following:

- 3 (1) The right to enroll in any school or program 4 for which they would otherwise qualify.
- 5 (2) If enrolled into a special program or sepa-6 rate school, the right to an education equal in qual-7 ity to that offered to other students in the "main-8 stream" or "originating" school.
  - (3) The right to decline to participate in a specialized program or separate school.
  - (4) The right to continue their education in the school in which they were enrolled, or would have been enrolled, prior to the student's pregnancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom, including elementary or secondary schools, charter schools, honors and magnet programs, Advanced Placement and International Baccalaureate programs, career and technical education programs, special education and non-public school placements, alternative options or programs, migrant education, free and reduced lunch programs, services for English language learners, physical education programs, after-school academic programs, and any others for which they are otherwise qualified.

- (5) The right to participate in school activities 1 2 including graduations and other ceremonies; to re-3 ceive awards or peer recognition; to participate on 4 field trips, student clubs and councils, in after-school 5 activities, including cheerleading or athletics teams; 6 and in any other school-related programs, subject to 7 providing a medical release if that is required of all 8 students who have physical or emotional conditions 9 requiring the attention of medical personnel and who 10 want to continue participating.
  - (6) The right to the same benefits and services offered to students with other temporary disabilities.
  - (7) The right to an excused absence for as long as the student's physician deems it medically necessary, without penalty, and automatic return to the status the student held prior to the leave of absence.
  - (8) The right not to be retaliated against for raising awareness of, complaining about, or reporting discrimination.
- 20 (h) Coordination for Support Services.—Local
  21 educational agencies may coordinate with social services
  22 agencies, public health agencies, youth services providers,
  23 or other community-based organizations for the purposes
  24 of ensuring that pregnant and parenting students have ac25 cess to the academic support services they need to con-

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- 1 tinue their education; and to raise awareness among agen-
- 2 cies about pregnant and parenting students and their edu-
- 3 cational rights and opportunities.
- 4 (i) Pregnant and Parenting Student Liai-
- 5 son.—The duties of a local educational agency's pregnant
- 6 and parenting student liaison shall include—
- 7 (1) identification, by consulting with school per-
- 8 sonnel, and by self-reports, of pregnant and par-
- 9 enting students in need of services to help them stay
- in school and succeed;
- 11 (2) gathering information on the nature and ex-
- tent of barriers to educational access and success
- facing pregnant and parenting students in the geo-
- graphic area served by the local educational agency,
- including information on reported incidents of dis-
- 16 crimination;
- 17 (3) ensuring and facilitating the continued en-
- 18 rollment of pregnant and parenting students in
- school in an academic program that best meets the
- educational goals of the student and his or her fam-
- 21 ily;
- 22 (4) ensuring that the educational and related
- barriers faced by pregnant and parenting students
- are addressed, and that any services and referrals
- provided are culturally and linguistically competent;

- 1 (5) informing pregnant and parenting students 2 of educational and related services extended to preg-3 nant and parenting students and of their right 4 under title IX of the Education Amendments of 5 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) to continue their edu-6 cation; and
- 7 (6) coordinating the provision of services in 8 conjunction with the Coordinator for Education of 9 Pregnant and Parenting Students in the State edu-10 cational agency and with community organizations 11 and partners.
- 12 SEC. 4. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY SUBGRANTS FOR
- 13 THE EDUCATION OF PREGNANT AND PAR-
- 14 ENTING STUDENTS.
- 15 (a) In General.—A State educational agency re-
- 16 ceiving a grant under section 3 shall make competitive
- 17 subgrants to local educational agencies for the purpose of
- 18 facilitating the enrollment, attendance, and success in
- 19 school of pregnant and parenting students. Services may
- 20 be provided on school grounds or at other facilities.
- 21 (b) APPLICATION.—Local educational agencies seek-
- 22 ing subgrants shall submit an application to the State edu-
- 23 cational agency in time and manner required by the State.
- 24 The application shall include—

1	(1) an assessment of the educational and re
2	lated needs of pregnant and parenting students in
3	the local educational agency;
4	(2) a description of the local educational agen
5	cy's plan for addressing those needs, and assurance
6	that the specific services and programs for which
7	subgrants are being sought are culturally and lin-
8	guistically competent;
9	(3) assurance of the local educational agency's
10	compliance with local educational agency require
11	ments established in section 3; and
12	(4) a description of the local educational agen
13	cy's plan for continuing specific services and pro-
14	grams for which subgrants are being sought in case
15	of the loss of or absence of Federal assistance.
16	(c) AWARDS.—Subgrants under this section shall be
17	awarded on the basis of need and the strength of the appli
18	cation in meeting the requirements and goals of this Act
19	Priority consideration shall be given to applications from
20	local educational agencies serving students in geographic
21	areas with—
22	(1) teen pregnancy rates that are higher than
23	the State average; or
24	(2) teen pregnancy rates below the State aver

age but having one or more racial or ethnic groups

- 1 with teen pregnancy rates higher than the State av-
- erage.

- 3 (d) Duration.—Subgrants under this section shall
- 4 be for periods not to exceed 3 years.
- 5 (e) REQUIRED ACTIVITIES.—Subgrant funds shall be

(1) the provision of academic support services

- 6 expended for activities that include—
- for pregnant and parenting students, which may include, but are not limited to academic counseling, the development of individualized graduation plans, assistance with class scheduling, assistance with planning for and gaining access to postsecondary
- educational opportunities, assistance securing tutor-
- ing or other academic support services, tutoring,
- 15 supplemental instruction, homework assistance, or
- other educational services, such as homebound in-
- struction services to be provided during extended
- leaves of absence due to pregnancy complications,
- childbirth, or the illness of a student's child, to keep
- the student on track to finish the student's classes
- and graduate;
- 22 (2) assistance to pregnant and parenting stu-
- dents in gaining access to quality, affordable child
- care and early childhood education services;

- (3) the provision of transportation services or assistance so that parenting students and their children can get to and from school and child care, respectively, and so that pregnant students unable to walk long distances can get to school if transportation is not already provided for that student;
  - (4) the provision of services and programs to attract, engage, and retain pregnant and parenting students in school, including informing pregnant and parenting teenagers and their family members and caring adults of their right to continue their education, the importance of doing so, and the consequences of not doing so;
  - (5) the education of students, parents and community members about the educational rights of pregnant and parenting students;
  - (6) the professional development of school personnel regarding the challenges facing pregnant and parenting students and their educational rights;
  - (7) proactive outreach efforts to assist pregnant and parenting teenagers with excessive absences and to re-enroll pregnant or parenting teenagers who have dropped out of school; and
- (8) the revision of school policies and practices to remove barriers and to encourage pregnant and

1	parenting students to continue their education, such
2	as revising attendance policies to allow for students
3	to be excused from school for—
4	(A) attendance at pregnancy-related med-
5	ical appointments, including expectant fathers
6	who are students;
7	(B) fulfillment of the student's parenting
8	responsibilities, including arranging child care,
9	caring for the student's sick child or children,
10	and attending medical appointments for the
11	student's child or children; and
12	(C) such other situations beyond the con-
13	trol of the student as determined by the board
14	of education in each local educational agency,
15	or such other circumstances which cause rea-
16	sonable concern to student or the student's par-
17	ent for the safety or health of the student, for
18	example addressing circumstances resulting
19	from domestic or sexual violence.
20	(f) ALLOWABLE ACTIVITIES.—
21	(1) In general.—Subgrant funds may be ex-
22	pended for allowable activities such as—
23	(A) the provision of child care and early
24	childhood education for the child of the par-
25	enting student, either by providing these serv-

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- ices directly on school grounds or by other arrangement, such as by providing financial assistance to obtain such services at a child care facility within a reasonable distance of the school;
  - (B) the provision of case management services to pregnant and parenting students, such as assistance with applying for and accessing public benefits and Federal financial aid for postsecondary education and training;
  - (C) the provision of, or referrals to, pregnancy prevention, primary health care, maternal and child health, family planning, mental health, substance abuse, housing assistance, homeless assistance, legal aid, and other services needed by the student;
  - (D) the provision to student parents, and at a student's request, also to a non-student parent or other family members and caring adults, of training and support in parenting skills, healthy relationship skills, and other life skills such as goal setting, budgeting, time management, financial literacy, networking, job interviewing, applying for college and securing financial aid;

1	(E) the provision of educational and career
2	mentoring services and peer groups, whether
3	during school hours or after school;
4	(F) the provision of emergency financial or
5	in-kind assistance to a parenting student to ful-
6	fill the basic human needs of a student and the
7	student's child; and
8	(G) efforts to create a positive school cli-
9	mate for pregnant and parenting students, in-
10	cluding addressing discrimination against, har-
11	assment and stigmatization of pregnant and
12	parenting students.
13	(2) Medically accurate and complete in-
14	FORMATION.—With respect to information provided
15	under subparagraph (C), whether provided by local
16	educational agencies or by contract or arrangement
17	as described in subsection (g), the information shall
18	be, where appropriate, medically accurate and com-
19	plete. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the
20	term "medically accurate and complete" means
21	verified or supported by the weight of research con-
22	ducted in compliance with accepted scientific meth-
23	ods and—
24	(A) published in peer-reviewed journals
25	where applicable; or

1	(B) comprising information that leading
2	professional organizations and agencies with
3	relevant expertise in the field recognize as accu-
4	rate, objective, and complete.
5	(g) Activities of Nonprofit Community Organi-
6	ZATIONS.—Local educational agencies may provide and
7	expend subgrant funds on required activities authorized
8	in subsection (e) or allowable activities authorized in sub-
9	section (f) directly or by contract or arrangement with so-
10	cial services agencies, public health agencies, youth serv-
11	ices providers, or other nonprofit community-based organi-
12	zations with experience effectively assisting pregnant and
13	parenting students to stay in school by conducting the ac-
14	tivities described in subsections (e) and (f).
15	SEC. 5. CONVERSION TO CATEGORICAL PROGRAM IN
16	EVENT OF FAILURE OF STATE REGARDING
17	EXPENDITURE OF GRANTS.
18	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall, from the
19	amounts specified in subsection (b), make grants to local
20	educational agencies in a State described in subsection (b)
21	for the required activities specified in section 4(e) and the
22	allowable activities specified in section 4(f).
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24 ferred to in subsection (a) are any amounts that would

have been allocated to a State under section 3(c)(3) that
are not paid to the State as a result of—
(1) the failure of the State to submit an appli-
cation under section 3(b);
(2) the failure of the State, in the determina-
tion of the Secretary, to prepare the application in
accordance with such section or to submit the appli-
cation within a reasonable period of time; or
(3) the State informing the Secretary that the
State does not intend to expend the full amount of
such allocation.
SEC. 6. NATIONAL ACTIVITIES.
(a) In General.—The Secretary of Education shall
carry out the following activities:
(1) Review of State plans to ensure they ade-
quately address all of the elements listed in section
3(f) of this Act.
(2) Provide technical assistance to State edu-
cational agencies.
(3) Provide guidance to Federal programs and
grantees likely to have contact with pregnant and
parenting students and their family members and
caring adults regarding the educational rights of

pregnant and parenting students and the State edu-

- cational agencies responsibilities, including the responsibilities under this Act.
  - (4) At the end of each 3-year grant period, conduct a rigorous, evidence-based, comprehensive evaluation of the local educational agency programs funded by these grants and their effectiveness in improving graduation rates and educational outcomes for pregnant and parenting students. The findings of such evaluations shall be reported to Congress.
    - (5) Conduct a one-time national evaluation of pregnant and parenting student access to education program service delivery models, directly or via contract with an independent research institution. Identify and disseminate the findings and best practices at the State and local levels, including models of programs that are successful at, or show promise of, serving specific racial or ethnic groups or have been modified and tested with specific racial or ethnic groups, and create an online best practices clearing-house as a resource for other State educational agencies and local educational agencies.
    - (6) Annually collect and disseminate nonpersonally identifiable data and information, in a manner protective of student privacy, on—

1	(A) the number of pregnant and parenting
2	students enrolled in school;
3	(B) rates and participation of pregnant
4	and parenting students in mainstream or origi-
5	nating schools, rates and participation of preg-
6	nant and parenting students in alternative pro-
7	grams and, for each alternative program, an in-
8	dication as to whether it is offered in a main-
9	stream school or off-site, as well as data, bro-
10	ken down by school or program, on—
11	(i) pregnant and parenting students
12	performance on academic assessments;
13	(ii) pregnant and parenting students
14	graduation rates, dropout rates and trans-
15	fer rates;
16	(iii) rates of usage by pregnant and
17	parenting students of child care services or
18	assistance (if offered); and
19	(iv) rates of usage by pregnant or
20	parenting students of other services offered
21	(broken down by type of service); and
22	(C) such other data and information as the
23	Secretary determines to be necessary and rel-
24	evant.

- 1 (7) Coordinate data collection and dissemina-2 tion with the agencies and entities that receive funds
- 3 under this Act and those that administer programs
- 4 in accordance with this Act.
- 5 (b) Reporting Rates.—Notwithstanding subsection
- 6 (a)(6)(B), if the number of pregnant and parenting stu-
- 7 dents in a particular school or program is smaller than
- 8 the N size, it shall be reported by local educational agency,
- 9 and if the number of pregnant and parenting students
- 10 under the jurisdiction of the local educational agency is
- 11 smaller than the N size, it should be reported by State.
- 12 SEC. 7. EFFECT ON FEDERAL AND STATE NONDISCRIMINA-
- 13 TION LAWS.
- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preempt,
- 15 invalidate, or limit rights, remedies, procedures, or legal
- 16 standards available to victims of discrimination or retalia-
- 17 tion under any other Federal law or a law of a State or
- 18 political subdivision of a State, including title VI of the
- 19 Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title
- 20 IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C.
- 21 1681 et seq.), section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of
- 22 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), the Americans with Disabilities Act
- 23 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), section 1557 of the
- 24 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Pub-
- 25 lie Law 111–148), or section 1979 of the Revised Statutes

- 1 (42 U.S.C. 1983). The obligations imposed by this Act are
- 2 in addition to those imposed by title IX of the Education
- 3 Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), title VI
- 4 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.),
- 5 the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
- 6 12101 et seq.), and section 1557 of the Patient Protection
- 7 and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–148).
- 8 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 9 There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 10 this Act \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2011 and such sums
- 11 as may be necessary for fiscal years 2012 through 2015.