111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5777

To foster transparency about the commercial use of personal information, provide consumers with meaningful choice about the collection, use, and disclosure of such information, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 19, 2010

Mr. Rush introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

- To foster transparency about the commercial use of personal information, provide consumers with meaningful choice about the collection, use, and disclosure of such information, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Building Effective Strategies To Promote Responsibility
 - 6 Accountability Choice Transparency Innovation Consumer
 - 7 Expectations and Safeguards Act" or the "BEST PRAC-
 - 8 TICES Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2 Definitions.

TITLE I—TRANSPARENCY, NOTICE, AND INDIVIDUAL CHOICE

- Sec. 101. Information to be made available.
- Sec. 102. Provision of notice or notices.
- Sec. 103. Opt-out consent required for collection and use of covered information by a covered entity.
- Sec. 104. Express affirmative consent.
- Sec. 105. Material changes to privacy practices.
- Sec. 106. Exceptions.

TITLE II—ACCURACY, ACCESS, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- Sec. 201. Accuracy.
- Sec. 202. Access and dispute resolution.

TITLE III—DATA SECURITY, DATA MINIMIZATION, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- Sec. 301. Data security.
- Sec. 302. Accountability.
- Sec. 303. Data minimization obligations.

TITLE IV—SAFE HARBOR AND SELF-REGULATORY CHOICE PROGRAM

- Sec. 401. Safe harbor.
- Sec. 402. Approval by the Federal Trade Commission.
- Sec. 403. Requirements of self-regulatory program.
- Sec. 404. Rulemaking.

TITLE V—EXEMPTIONS

- Sec. 501. Use of aggregate or deidentified information.
- Sec. 502. Activities covered by other Federal privacy laws.

TITLE VI—APPLICATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 601. General application.
- Sec. 602. Enforcement by the Federal Trade Commission.
- Sec. 603. Enforcement by State attorneys general.
- Sec. 604. Private right of action.
- Sec. 605. Effect on other laws.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 701. Review.
- Sec. 702. Consumer and business education campaign.
- Sec. 703. Effective date.
- Sec. 704. Severability.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2	As used in this Act, the following definitions apply:
3	(1) AGGREGATE INFORMATION.—The term "ag-
4	gregate information" means data that relates to a
5	group or category of services or individuals, from
6	which all information identifying an individual has
7	been removed.
8	(2) Commission.—The term "Commission"
9	means the Federal Trade Commission.
10	(3) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-
11	tity" means a person engaged in interstate com-
12	merce that collects or stores data containing covered
13	information or sensitive information. Such term does
14	not include—
15	(A) the Federal Government or any instru-
16	mentality of the Federal Government, nor the
17	government of any State or political subdivision
18	of a State; or
19	(B) any person that can demonstrate that
20	such person—
21	(i) stores covered information from or
22	about fewer than 15,000 individuals;
23	(ii) collects covered information from
24	or about fewer than 10,000 individuals
25	during any 12-month period;

1	(iii) does not collect or store sensitive
2	information; and
3	(iv) does not use covered information
4	to study, monitor, or analyze the behavior
5	of individuals as the person's primary busi-
6	ness.
7	(4) Covered information.—
8	(A) In general.—The term "covered in-
9	formation" means, with respect to an indi-
10	vidual, any of the following:
11	(i) the first name or initial and last
12	name;
13	(ii) a postal address;
14	(iii) an email address;
15	(iv) a telephone or fax number;
16	(v) a tax identification number, pass-
17	port number, driver's license number, or
18	any other unique government-issued identi-
19	fication number;
20	(vi) a financial account number, or
21	credit card or debit card number, or any
22	required security code, access code, or
23	password that is necessary to permit ac-
24	cess to an individual's financial account;

1	(vii) any unique persistent identifier,
2	such as a customer number, unique pseu-
3	donym or user alias, IP address, or other
4	unique identifier, where such identifier is
5	used to collect, store or identify informa-
6	tion about a specific individual or to create
7	or maintain a preference profile; or
8	(viii) any other information that is
9	collected, stored, used, or disclosed in con-
10	nection with any covered information de-
11	scribed in clauses (i) through (vii).
12	(B) Exclusion.—Such term shall not in-
13	clude—
14	(i) the title, business address, business
15	email address, business telephone number,
16	or business fax number associated with an
17	individual's status as an employee of an or-
18	ganization, or an individual's name when
19	collected, stored, used, or disclosed in con-
20	nection with such employment status; or
21	(ii) any information collected from or
22	about an employee by an employer, pro-
23	spective employer, or former employer that
24	directly relates to the employee-employer
25	relationship.

1 (5) Operational purpose.— 2 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "operational purpose" means a purpose reasonably necessary 3 4 to facilitate, improve, or safeguard the logistical or technical ability of a covered entity to pro-6 vide goods or services, manage its operations, 7 comply with legal obligations, or protect against 8 risks and threats, including— 9 (i) providing, operating, or improving 10 a product or service used, requested, or au-11 thorized by an individual, including the ongoing provision of customer service and 12 13 support; 14 (ii) analyzing data related to use of 15 the product or service for purposes of improving the covered entity's products, serv-16 17 ices, or operations; 18 (iii) basic business functions such as 19 accounting, inventory and supply chain 20 management, quality assurance, and inter-21 nal auditing; 22 (iv) protecting or defending the rights 23 or property, including intellectual property, 24 of the covered entity against actual or po-

tential security threats, fraud, theft, unau-

1	thorized transactions, or other illegal ac-
2	tivities;
3	(v) preventing imminent danger to the
4	personal safety of an individual or group of
5	individuals;
6	(vi) complying with a Federal, State,
7	or local law, rule, or other applicable legal
8	requirement, including disclosures pursu-
9	ant to a court order, subpoena, summons,
10	or other properly executed compulsory
11	process; and
12	(vii) any other category of operational
13	use specified by the Commission by regula-
14	tion that is consistent with the purposes of
15	this Act.
16	(B) Exclusion.—Such term shall not in-
17	clude—
18	(i) the use of covered information for
19	marketing or advertising purposes, or any
20	use of or disclosure of covered information
21	to a third party for such purposes; or
22	(ii) the use of covered information for
23	a purpose that an individual acting reason-
24	ably under the circumstances would not ex-
25	pect based on the product or service used,

1	requested, or authorized by the individual
2	and, if known to the individual, would like-
3	ly affect the individual's conduct or deci-
4	sions with respect to the covered entity's
5	products or services.
6	(6) Preference profile.—The term "pref-
7	erence profile" means a list of preferences, cat-
8	egories of information, or interests—
9	(A) associated with an individual or with
10	an individual's computer or other device;
11	(B) inferred from the actual behavior of
12	the individual, the actual use of the individual's
13	computer or other device, or information sup-
14	plied directly by the individual or other user of
15	a computer or other device; and
16	(C) compiled and maintained for the pur-
17	pose of marketing or purposes related to mar-
18	keting, advertising, or sales.
19	(7) Publicly available information.—
20	(A) In General.—The term "publicly
21	available information" means any covered infor-
22	mation or sensitive information that a covered
23	entity has a reasonable basis to believe is law-
24	fully made available to the general public

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1	(i) Federal, State, or local government
2	records;
3	(ii) widely distributed media; or
4	(iii) disclosures to the general public
5	that are required to be made by Federal,
6	State, or local law.
7	(B) Construction.—A covered entity has
8	a reasonable basis to believe that information is
9	lawfully made available to the general public if
10	the covered entity has taken steps to deter-
11	mine—
12	(i) that the information is of a type
13	that is available to the general public; and
14	(ii) whether an individual can direct
15	that the information not be made available
16	to the general public and, if so, that the
17	individual has not done so.
18	(8) Sensitive information.—
19	(A) Definition.—The term "sensitive in-
20	formation" means—
21	(i) any information that is associated
22	with covered information of an individual
23	and relates directly to that individual's—

1	(I) medical history, physical or
2	mental health, or the provision of
3	health care to the individual;
4	(II) race or ethnicity;
5	(III) religious beliefs and affili-
6	ation;
7	(IV) sexual orientation or sexual
8	behavior;
9	(V) income, assets, liabilities, or
10	financial records, and other financial
11	information associated with a finan-
12	cial account, including balances and
13	other financial information, except
14	when financial account information is
15	provided by the individual and is used
16	only to process an authorized credit or
17	debit to the account; or
18	(VI) precise geolocation informa-
19	tion and any information about the
20	individual's activities and relationships
21	associated with such geolocation; or
22	(ii) an individual's—
23	(I) unique biometric data, includ-
24	ing a fingerprint or retina scan; or
25	(II) Social Security number.

1	(B) Modified definition by rule-
2	MAKING.—The Commission may, by regulations
3	promulgated under section 553 of title 5,
4	United States Code, modify the scope or appli-
5	cation of the definition of "sensitive informa-
6	tion" for purposes of this Act. In promulgating
7	such regulations, the Commission shall con-
8	sider—
9	(i) the purposes of the collection of
10	the information and the context of the use
11	of the information;
12	(ii) how easily the information can be
13	used to identify a specific individual;
14	(iii) the nature and extent of author-
15	ized access to the information;
16	(iv) an individual's reasonable expec-
17	tations under the circumstances; and
18	(v) adverse effects that may be experi-
19	enced by an individual if the information is
20	disclosed to an unauthorized person.
21	(9) Service Provider.—The term "service
22	provider" means an entity that collects, maintains,
23	processes, stores, or otherwise handles covered infor-
24	mation or sensitive information on behalf of a cov-
25	ered entity, including, for the purposes of serving as

1 a data processing center, distributing the informa-2 tion, providing customer support, maintaining the covered entity's records, information technology 3 management, website or other hosting service, fraud detection, authentication, and other verification serv-5 6 ices, or performing other administrative support 7 functions for the covered entity. 8

(10) Third party.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "third party" means, with respect to any covered entity, a person that—
 - (i) is not related to the covered entity by common ownership or corporate control; or
 - (ii) is a business unit or corporate entity that holds itself out to the public as separate from the covered entity, such that an individual acting reasonably under the circumstances would not expect it to be related to the covered entity or to have access to covered information the individual provides to that covered entity.
- (B) Collection of information by MULTIPLE SOURCES.—For the purpose of this definition, where multiple persons collect cov-

1	ered information or sensitive information from
2	or about visitors to an online or mobile service,
3	including a website, all such persons other than
4	the operator or publisher of the online or mobile
5	service or website shall be considered third par-
6	ties unless—
7	(i) the person meets the requirements
8	of the service provider exception in section
9	106(1); or
10	(ii) the person otherwise does not sat-
11	isfy the requirements for a third party pur-
12	suant to the regulations implemented pur-
13	suant to subparagraph (C).
14	(C) Rulemaking.—Not later than 18
15	months after the date of the enactment of this
16	Act, the Commission shall promulgate regula-
17	tions under section 553 of title 5, United States
18	Code, to clarify or modify the definition of third
19	party for purposes of this Act. In promulgating
20	such regulations, the Commission shall con-
21	sider—
22	(i) the brand or brands associated
23	with a covered entity;
24	(ii) the scope and nature of the busi-
25	nesses engaged in by a covered entity and

1	a third party, including the nature of the
2	products or services offered by the covered
3	entity and third party; and
4	(iii) the relationship between a cov-
5	ered entity and a third party, taking into
6	account such factors as ownership and con-
7	trol.
8	TITLE I—TRANSPARENCY, NO-
9	TICE, AND INDIVIDUAL
10	CHOICE
11	SEC. 101. INFORMATION TO BE MADE AVAILABLE.
12	A covered entity shall, in accordance with the regula-
13	tions issued under section 102, make available to individ-
14	uals whose covered information or sensitive information it
15	collects or maintains the following information about its
16	information privacy practices and an individual's options
17	with regard to such practices:
18	(1) The identity of the covered entity.
19	(2) A description of any covered information or
20	sensitive information collected or stored by the cov-
21	ered entity.
22	(3) The specific purposes for which the covered
23	entity collects and uses the covered information or
24	sensitive information, including disclosure as to
25	whether and how the covered entity customizes prod-

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- ucts or services or changes the prices of products or services based, in whole or in part, on covered information or sensitive information about individual customers or users.
 - (4) The specific purposes for which covered information or sensitive information may be disclosed to a third party and the categories of third parties who may receive such information for each such purpose.
 - (5) The choice and means the covered entity offers individuals for limiting the collection, use, and disclosure of covered information or sensitive information, in accordance with sections 103 and 104.
 - (6) A description of the information for which an individual may request access and the means to request such access, in accordance with section 202.
 - (7) How the covered entity may merge, link, or combine covered information or sensitive information collected from the individual with other information about the individual that the covered entity may acquire from third parties.
 - (8) The retention schedule for covered information and sensitive information in days, months, or years, or a statement that the covered entity will retain such information indefinitely or permanently.

- 1 (9) Whether or not an individual has the right 2 to direct the covered entity to delete information col-3 lected from or about the individual.
 - (10) A reasonable means by which an individual may contact the covered entity with any inquiries or complaints regarding the covered entity's practices concerning the collection, use, disclosure, or handling of the individual's covered information or sensitive information in accordance with section 302(a).
 - (11) The process by which the covered entity notifies individuals of material changes to its policies and practices.
 - (12) A hyperlink to or a listing of the Commission's online consumer complaint form or the toll-free number for the Commission's Consumer Response Center.
- 17 (13) The effective date of the privacy notice.

18 SEC. 102. PROVISION OF NOTICE OR NOTICES.

- 19 (a) In General.—It shall be unlawful for a covered 20 entity to collect, use, or disclose covered information or
- 21 sensitive information unless it provides the information set
- 22 forth in section 101 in concise, meaningful, timely, promi-
- 23 nent, and easy-to-understand notice or notices, in accord-
- 24 ance with the regulations issued by the Commission under
- 25 subsection (b).

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1	(b) Rulemaking.—Not later than 18 months after
2	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission
3	shall promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5,
4	United States Code, to implement this section. In promul-
5	gating such regulations, the Commission—
6	(1) shall determine the means and timing of the
7	notices required under this section, taking into ac-
8	count the different media, devices, or methods
9	through which the covered entity collects covered in-
10	formation or sensitive information;
11	(2) shall have the authority to allow for, or re-
12	quire, the provision of short notices or limited disclo-
13	sures that do not include all of the information set
14	forth in section 101, if the Commission by regula-
15	tion—
16	(A) requires the information to be other-
17	wise clearly and conspicuously disclosed or
18	available to individuals; and
19	(B) determines that the provision of such
20	short notices or limited disclosures will accom-
21	plish the purposes of this Act to enhance trans-
22	parency and provide individuals with meaning-
23	ful choice regarding the collection, use, and dis-
24	closure of their covered information or sensitive
25	information;

1	(3) shall consider—
2	(A) whether the notice or notices provide
3	individuals with timely, effective, and meaning-
4	ful notice that will enable an individual to un-
5	derstand relevant information and make in-
6	formed choices;
7	(B) whether providing notice to individuals
8	prior to or contemporaneously with the collec-
9	tion of covered information is practical or rea-
10	sonable under the circumstances;
11	(C) the costs of implementing the pre-
12	scribed notice or notices;
13	(D) the different media and context
14	through which covered information is collected;
15	(E) whether it is reasonable and appro-
16	priate under the circumstances for a third party
17	or a service provider to be responsible for pro-
18	viding notice and obtaining consent as required
19	by this title in lieu of a covered entity; and
20	(F) the risk to consumers and commerce of
21	over-notification; and
22	(4) may issue model notices.
23	(c) Exclusion From Notice Requirements —

1	(1) Trade secret information.—Nothing in
2	this section shall require a covered entity to reveal
3	confidential, trade secret, or proprietary information.
4	(2) In-Person transactions.—Notice under
5	this section shall not be required for in-person collec-
6	tion of covered information if—
7	(A) the covered information is collected for
8	an operational purpose; or
9	(B) the covered entity only is collecting the
10	name, address, email address, telephone or fax
11	number of an individual and does not—
12	(i) share the covered information with
13	third parties; or
14	(ii) use the covered information to ac-
15	quire additional information about the in-
16	dividual from third parties.
17	(d) Retention.—A covered entity shall retain copies
18	of the notice or notices issued pursuant to this section for
19	a period of 6 years after the date on which such notice
20	was issued or the date when it was last in effect, whichever
21	is later, unless the Commission determines pursuant to the
22	rulemaking required under subsection (b) that such reten-
23	tion is not practical under the circumstances.

1	SEC. 103. OPT-OUT CONSENT REQUIRED FOR COLLECTION
2	AND USE OF COVERED INFORMATION BY A
3	COVERED ENTITY.
4	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsections
5	(e) and (f) and section 106, it shall be unlawful for a cov-
6	ered entity to collect or use covered information about an
7	individual without the consent of that individual, as set
8	forth in this section. A covered entity shall be considered
9	to have the consent of an individual for the collection and
10	use of covered information about the individual if—
11	(1) the covered entity has provided to the indi-
12	vidual notice required under section 102 and its im-
13	plementing regulations;
14	(2) the covered entity provides the individual
15	with a reasonable means to exercise an opt-out right
16	and decline consent for such collection and use; and
17	(3) the individual either affirmatively grants
18	consent for such collection and use or does not de-
19	cline consent at the time notice is presented or made
20	available to the individual.
21	(b) DURATION OF INDIVIDUAL'S OPT-OUT.—An indi-
22	vidual's direction to opt out under this section is effective
23	permanently, unless otherwise directed by the individual.
24	(c) Subsequent Opt-Out.—A covered entity shall
25	provide an individual with a reasonable means to decline
26	consent or revoke previously granted consent at any time.

1	(d) More Detailed Options.—A covered entity
2	may comply with this section by enabling an individual
3	to decline consent for specific uses of his or her covered
4	information, provided the individual has been given the op-
5	portunity to decline consent for the collection and use of
6	covered information for all purposes, other than for an
7	operational purpose excepted by subsection (e), for which
8	covered information may be collected and used by the cov-
9	ered entity.
10	(e) Exception for Operational Purposes.—
11	This section shall not apply to the collection or use of cov-
12	ered information for an operational purpose.
13	(f) Collection and Use as a Condition of Serv-
14	ICE.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a covered enti-
15	ty from requiring, as a condition of an individual's receipt
16	of a service or other benefit, including the receipt of an
17	enhanced or premium version of a product or service oth-
18	erwise available, the reasonable collection and use of cov-
19	ered information about the individual, provided that—
20	(1) the covered entity has a direct relationship
21	with the individual;
22	(2) the covered information is not shared with

any third party except with the express affirmative

consent as set forth in section 104;

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- 1 (3) the covered entity provides a clear, promi-2 nent, and specific statement describing the specific 3 purpose or purposes for which covered information 4 may be used pursuant to section 101;
 - (4) the individual provides consent by acknowledging the specific uses set forth in the clear and prominent statement required under paragraph (3) as part of receiving the service or other benefit from the covered entity; and
- 10 (5) the individual is able to later withdraw con-11 sent for the use by canceling the service or otherwise 12 indicating that he or she no longer wishes to receive 13 the service or other benefit.

14 SEC. 104. EXPRESS AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT.

- (a) Disclosure of Covered Information toThird Parties.—
- 17 (1) DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED.—Except as provided in section 106 and subject to title IV of this
 19 Act, it shall be unlawful for a covered entity to dis20 close covered information about an individual to a
 21 third party unless the covered entity has received ex22 press affirmative consent from the individual prior
 23 to the disclosure.
 - (2) Exception for joint marketing.—Express affirmative consent shall not be required for

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- any disclosure related to the performance of joint
- 2 marketing, if the covered entity and the third party
- 3 enter into a contractual agreement prohibiting the
- 4 third party from disclosing or using the covered in-
- 5 formation except as necessary to carry out the joint
- 6 marketing relationship.
- 7 (b) Collection, Use, or Disclosure of Sen-
- 8 SITIVE INFORMATION.—Except as provided in section
- 9 106, a covered entity may not collect, use, or disclose sen-
- 10 sitive information from or about an individual for any pur-
- 11 pose unless the covered entity obtains the express affirma-
- 12 tive consent of the individual.
- 13 (c) Comprehensive Online Data Collection.—
- 14 A covered entity may not use hardware or software to
- 15 monitor all or substantially all of the individual's Internet
- 16 browsing or other significant class of Internet or computer
- 17 activity and collect, use, or disclose information concerning
- 18 such activity, except—
- 19 (1) with the express affirmative consent of the
- 20 individual;
- 21 (2) for the purpose of making such information
- accessible to the individual or for use by the indi-
- vidual; or
- 24 (3) as provided in section 106.

- 1 (d) Limitation.—A third party that receives covered
- 2 information or sensitive information from a covered entity
- 3 pursuant to this section shall only use such information
- 4 for the specific purposes authorized by the individual when
- 5 the individual granted express affirmative consent for the
- 6 disclosure of the information to a third party.
- 7 (e) Revocation of Consent.—A covered entity
- 8 that has obtained the express affirmative consent of an
- 9 individual pursuant to this section and section 105 shall
- 10 provide the individual with a reasonable means, without
- 11 charge, to withdraw consent at any time thereafter.
- 12 SEC. 105. MATERIAL CHANGES TO PRIVACY PRACTICES.
- 13 (a) Retroactive Application.—A covered entity
- 14 shall provide the notice required by section 102 and obtain
- 15 the express affirmative consent of the individual prior to
- 16 making a material change in privacy practices governing
- 17 previously collected covered information or sensitive infor-
- 18 mation from that individual.
- 19 (b) Prospective Application.—A covered entity
- 20 shall not make material changes to its privacy practices
- 21 governing the collection, use, or disclosure of covered in-
- 22 formation or sensitive information that has not been pre-
- 23 viously collected unless, 30 days before the effective date
- 24 of the material change—

1	(1) the covered entity provides individuals with
2	notice of the material change in accordance with sec-
3	tion 102; and
4	(2) if required by sections 103 and 104, obtains
5	the individual's consent to the material change or al-
6	lows the individual to terminate the individual's rela-
7	tionship with the covered entity.
8	SEC. 106. EXCEPTIONS.
9	The consent requirements of sections 103 and 104
10	shall not apply to the following:
11	(1) Service providers.—
12	(A) When a covered entity discloses cov-
13	ered information or sensitive information to a
14	service provider performing services or func-
15	tions on behalf of and under the instruction of
16	the covered entity, provided—
17	(i) the covered entity obtained the re-
18	quired consent for the initial collection of
19	such information and provided notice as
20	required by section 102;
21	(ii) the covered entity enters into a
22	contractual agreement that prohibits the
23	service provider from using or disclosing
24	the information other than to carry out the

1	purposes for which the information was
2	disclosed; and
3	(iii) in such cases, the covered entity
4	remains responsible and liable for the pro-
5	tection of covered information and sensitive
6	information that has been transferred to a
7	service provider for processing.
8	(B) When a service provider subsequently
9	discloses the information to another service pro-
10	vider in order to perform the same services or
11	functions described in paragraph (1) on behalf
12	of the covered entity.
13	(2) Fraud Detection.—Collection, use, or
14	disclosure necessary to protect or defend the rights
15	or property, including intellectual property, of the
16	covered entity against actual or potential security
17	threats, fraud, theft, unauthorized transactions, or
18	other illegal activities.
19	(3) Imminent danger.—Collection, use, or
20	disclosure necessary to prevent imminent danger to
21	the personal safety of an individual or group of indi-
22	viduals.
23	(4) Compliance with law.—Collection, use,
24	or disclosure required in order to comply with a Fed-
25	eral, State, or local law, rule, or other applicable

- legal requirement, including disclosures pursuant to subpoena, summons, or other properly executed compulsory process.
- 4 (5) Publicly available information, use, or disclosure of publicly available information, except that a covered entity may not use publicly available information about an individual for marketing purposes if the individual has opted out of the use by such covered entity of covered information or sensitive information for marketing purposes.

11 TITLE II—ACCURACY, ACCESS,

12 AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- 13 SEC. 201. ACCURACY.
- 14 (a) Reasonable Procedures.—Each covered enti-
- 15 ty shall establish reasonable procedures to assure the ac-
- 16 curacy of the covered information or sensitive information
- 17 it collects, assembles, or maintains. Not later than 18
- 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
- 19 Commission shall promulgate regulations under section
- 20 553 of title 5, United States Code, to implement this sec-
- 21 tion. In promulgating such regulations, the Commission
- 22 shall consider—
- 23 (1) the costs and benefits of ensuring the accu-
- racy of the information;
- 25 (2) the sensitivity of the information;

1	(3) the purposes for which the information will
2	be used; and
3	(4) the harms from misuse of the information.
4	(b) Limited Exception for Fraud Databases.—
5	The requirement in subsection (a) shall not prevent the
6	collection or maintenance of information that may be inac-
7	curate with respect to a particular individual when that
8	information is being collected or maintained solely—
9	(1) for the purpose of indicating whether there
10	may be a discrepancy or irregularity in the covered
11	information or sensitive information that is associ-
12	ated with an individual; and
13	(2) to help identify, or authenticate the identity
14	of, an individual, or to protect against or investigate
15	fraud or other unlawful conduct.
16	(c) Limited Exception for Publicly Available
17	Information.—Subject to section 202, a covered entity
18	shall not be required to verify the accuracy of publicly
19	available information if the covered entity has reasonable
20	procedures to ensure that the publicly available informa-
21	tion assembled or maintained by the covered entity accu-
22	rately reflects the information available to the general
23	public.

1 SEC. 202. ACCESS AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION.

- 2 (a) ACCESS AND CORRECTION.—A covered entity 3 shall, upon request, provide an individual with reasonable
- 4 access to, and the ability to dispute the accuracy or com-
- 5 pleteness of, covered information or sensitive information
- 6 about that individual if such information may be used for
- 7 purposes that could result in an adverse decision against
- 8 the individual, including the denial of a right, benefit, or
- 9 privilege.

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- 10 (b) Access to Personal Profiles.—
- 11 (1) In General.—Subject to title IV, a covered 12 entity shall, upon request, provide an individual with 13 reasonable access to any personal profile about that 14 individual that the entity stores in a manner that 15 makes it accessible in the normal course of business.
 - (2) SPECIAL RULE FOR PREFERENCE PROFILES.—With respect to a preference profile, the obligation to provide access and correction under this section is met if the covered entity provides the ability to review and change the preference information associated with a unique persistent identifier.
- 22 (3) Participation in Choice Program.—This 23 subsection shall not apply to a covered entity that 24 participates in a Choice Program under title IV.
- 25 (c) NOTICE IN LIEU OF ACCESS.—Subject to sub-26 section (b), in those instances in which covered informa-

1	tion or sensitive information is used only for purposes that
2	could not reasonably result in an adverse decision against
3	an individual, including the denial of a right, benefit, or
4	privilege, a covered entity shall, upon request by an indi-
5	vidual, provide the individual with a general notice or rep-
6	resentative sample of the type or types of information the
7	covered entity typically collects or stores for such pur-
8	poses.
9	(d) Exceptions.—
10	(1) A covered entity may decline to provide an
11	individual with access to covered information or sen-
12	sitive information if the covered entity reasonably
13	believes—
14	(A) the individual requesting access cannot
15	reasonably verify his or her identity as the per-
16	son to which the information relates;
17	(B) access by the individual to the infor-
18	mation is limited by law or legally recognized
19	privilege;
20	(C) the information is used for a legitimate
21	governmental or fraud prevention purpose that
22	would be compromised by such access;
23	(D) such request for access is frivolous or
24	vexatious;

1	(E) the privacy or other rights of persons
2	other than the individual would be violated; or
3	(F) proprietary or confidential information,
4	technology, or business processes would be re-
5	vealed as a result.
6	(2) Where an exception described in paragraph
7	(1) applies only to a portion of the covered informa-
8	tion or sensitive information maintained by the cov-
9	ered entity, the covered entity shall provide access
10	required under subsections (a) and (b) to the infor-
11	mation to which the exception does not apply.
12	(3) A covered entity may decline an individual's
13	request to correct or amend covered information or
14	sensitive information pertaining to that individual
15	where—
16	(A) a reason for denying access to the in-
17	formation under paragraph (1) would also apply
18	to the request to correct or amend the informa-
19	tion; or
20	(B) doing so would be incompatible with a
21	legal obligation, such as a requirement to retain
22	certain information.
23	(e) Fees.—A covered entity may charge a reasonable
24	fee, as determined by the Commission, for providing ac-
25	cess in accordance with subsection (a) or (b).

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1	(f) Time Limit.—A covered entity shall respond to
2	any access, correction, or amendment request within 30
3	days of the receipt of the request. Such response must
4	consist of one or more of the following:
5	(1) The requested information in accordance
6	with subsection (a) or (b).
7	(2) The general notice in accordance with sub-
8	section (c).
9	(3) Instructions for accessing, correcting, or
10	amending the requested information through an
11	automated mechanism.
12	(4) A confirmation that the requested correc-
13	tions or amendments have been made.
14	(5) A notification that the covered entity is de-
15	clining to correct or amend information pursuant to
16	one of the exceptions described in subsection (d).
17	Such notification shall include the reason or reasons
18	for not making the suggested correction or amend-
19	ment, unless one or more of such exceptions would
20	also apply to the disclosure of the reason or reasons.
21	(6) A request to resubmit the access request

and an explanation of why the original access re-

quest was deficient in cases where—

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1	(A) the scope or nature of the request is
2	unclear or the entity needs more information in
3	order to respond to the request;
4	(B) the entity charges a fee as permitted
5	under subsection (e), and the fee has not been
6	paid; or
7	(C) the entity provides interested members
8	of the public other reasonable and accessible in-
9	structions for submitting an access request and
10	such instructions were not followed.
11	(7) A notification that additional time is needed
12	where—
13	(A) the entity cannot reasonably provide a
14	full response within 30 days of the receipt of
15	the access; and
16	(B) the time extension needed for a full re-
17	sponse is no greater than an additional 30 days.
18	(g) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
19	creates an obligation on a covered entity to provide an in-
20	dividual with the right to delete information.
21	(h) Additional Requirements Where Correc-
22	TION OR AMENDMENT IS DECLINED.—If the covered enti-
23	ty declines to correct or amend the information described
24	in subsection (a), the covered entity shall—

- 1 (1) note that the information is disputed, in-2 cluding the individual's statement disputing such in-3 formation, and take reasonable steps to verify such 4 information under the procedures outlined in section 5 201 if such information can be independently 6 verified; and
- third party or is publicly available information, inform the individual of the source of the information, and if reasonably available, where a request for correction may be directed, and, if the individual provides proof that the information is incorrect, correct the inaccuracy in the covered entity's records.
- 14 (i) OTHER LIMITATIONS.—The obligations under this 15 section do not, by themselves, create any obligation on the 16 covered entity to retain, maintain, reorganize, or restruc-17 ture covered information or sensitive information.
- 18 (j) Data Retention Exception.—Covered infor19 mation or sensitive information retained by the covered
 20 entity for under 30 days, or such other period of time as
 21 the Commission may determine, shall not be subject to
 22 this section.
- (k) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5,

1	United States Code, to implement this section. In addi-
2	tion, the Commission shall promulgate regulations, as nec-
3	essary, on the application of the exceptions and limitations
4	in subsection (d), including any additional circumstances
5	in which a covered entity may limit access to information
6	under such subsection that the Commission determines to
7	be appropriate.
8	TITLE III—DATA SECURITY,
9	DATA MINIMIZATION, AND AC-
10	COUNTABILITY
11	SEC. 301. DATA SECURITY.
12	(a) In General.—Each covered entity and service
13	provider shall establish, implement, and maintain reason-
14	able and appropriate administrative, technical, and phys-
15	ical safeguards to—
16	(1) ensure the security, integrity, and confiden-
17	tiality of the covered information or sensitive infor-
18	mation it collects, assembles, or maintains;
19	(2) protect against any anticipated threats, rea-
20	sonably foreseeable vulnerabilities, or hazards to the
21	security or integrity of such information; and
22	(3) protect against unauthorized access to or
23	use of such information and loss, misuse, alteration,
24	or destruction of such information.

- (b) Factors for Appropriate Safeguards.—Not
 later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of
 this Act, the Commission shall promulgate regulations
- 4 under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to imple-
- 5 ment this section. In promulgating such regulations, the
- 6 Commission shall consider—
- 7 (1) the size and complexity of an entity;
- 8 (2) the nature and scope of the activities of an
- 9 entity;
- 10 (3) the sensitivity of the information;
- 11 (4) the current state of the art in administra-
- tive, technical, and physical safeguards for pro-
- tecting information; and
- 14 (5) the cost of implementing such safeguards.
- 15 SEC. 302. ACCOUNTABILITY.
- 16 (a) Complaints to the Covered Entity.—A cov-
- 17 ered entity shall provide a process for individuals to make
- 18 complaints concerning the covered entity's policies and
- 19 procedures required by this Act.
- 20 (b) Privacy Risk Assessment.—A covered entity
- 21 shall conduct an assessment of the risks to individuals
- 22 raised by the collection, use, and disclosure of covered in-
- 23 formation or sensitive information prior to the implemen-
- 24 tation of commercial projects, marketing initiatives, busi-
- 25 ness models, applications, and other products or services

- 1 in which the covered entity intends to collect, or believes
- 2 there is a reasonable likelihood it will collect, covered in-
- 3 formation or sensitive information from or about more
- 4 than 1,000,000 individuals.
- 5 (c) Periodic Evaluation of Practices.—A cov-
- 6 ered entity shall conduct periodic assessments to evalu-
- 7 ate—
- 8 (1) whether the covered information or sensitive
- 9 information the covered entity has collected is and
- remains necessary for the purposes disclosed at the
- time of collection pursuant to section 101 (c) and
- 12 (d); and
- 13 (2) whether the covered entity's ongoing collec-
- tion practices are and remain necessary for a legiti-
- 15 mate business purpose.
- 16 SEC. 303. DATA MINIMIZATION OBLIGATIONS.
- A covered entity that uses covered information or
- 18 sensitive information for any purpose shall retain such
- 19 data only as long as necessary to fulfill a legitimate busi-
- 20 ness purpose or comply with a legal requirement.

TITLE IV—SAFE HARBOR AND

2 SELF-REGULATORY CHOICE

3 **PROGRAM**

4	SEC	401	SAFE	ΠA	BBOE)
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- 5 A covered entity that participates in, and is in compli-
- 6 ance with, 1 or more self-regulatory programs approved
- 7 by the Commission under section 402 (in this title referred
- 8 to as a "Choice Program") shall not be subject to—
- 9 (1) the requirements for express affirmative
- 10 consent required under subsection 104(a) for the
- 11 specified uses of covered information addressed by
- the Choice Program as described in section
- 13 403(1)(A);
- 14 (2) the requirement of access to information
- under section 202(b); or
- 16 (3) liability in a private right of action brought
- under section 604.

18 SEC. 402. APPROVAL BY THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMIS-

- 19 **SION.**
- 20 (a) Initial Approval.—Not later than 270 days
- 21 after the submission of an application for approval of a
- 22 Choice Program under this section, the Commission shall
- 23 approve or decline to approve such program. The Commis-
- 24 sion shall only approve such program if the Commission

- 1 finds, after notice and comment, that the program com-
- 2 plies with the requirements of section 403.
- 3 (b) Approval of Modifications.—The Commis-
- 4 sion shall approve or decline to approve any material
- 5 change in a Choice Program previously approved by the
- 6 Commission within 120 days after submission of an appli-
- 7 cation for approval by such program. The Commission
- 8 shall only approve such material change if the Commission
- 9 finds, after notice and comment, that the proposed change
- 10 complies with the requirements of section 403.
- 11 (c) DURATION.—A Choice Program approved by the
- 12 Commission under this section shall be approved for a pe-
- 13 riod of 5 years.
- 14 (d) Appeals.—Final action by the Commission on
- 15 a request for approval, or the failure to act within 270
- 16 days on a request for approval, submitted under this sec-
- 17 tion may be appealed to a district court of the United
- 18 States of appropriate jurisdiction as provided for in sec-
- 19 tion 706 of title 5, United States Code.
- 20 SEC. 403. REQUIREMENTS OF SELF-REGULATORY PRO-
- 21 GRAM.
- To be approved as a Choice Program under this sec-
- 23 tion, a program shall—
- 24 (1) provide individuals with—

(A) a clear and conspicuous opt-out mechanism that, when selected by the individual, prohibits all covered entities participating in the Choice Program from disclosing covered information to a third party for 1 or more specified uses, and may offer individuals a preference management tool that will enable an individual to make more detailed choices about the transfer of covered information to a third party; and

(B) a clear and conspicuous mechanism to set communication preferences, online behavioral advertising preferences, and such other preferences as the Choice Program may determine, subject to the approval of the Commission, that when selected by the individual, applies the individual's selected preferences to all covered entities participating in the Choice Program; and

(2) establish—

(A) guidelines and procedures requiring a participating covered entity to provide equivalent or greater protections for individuals and their covered information and sensitive information as are provided under titles I and II;

1	(B) procedures for reviewing applications
2	by covered entities to participate in the Choice
3	Program;
4	(C) procedures for periodic assessment of
5	its procedures and for conducting periodic ran-
6	dom compliance testing of covered entities par-
7	ticipating in such Choice Program; and
8	(D) consequences for failure to comply
9	with program requirements, such as public no-
10	tice of the covered entity's noncompliance, sus-
11	pension, or expulsion from the program, or re-
12	ferral to the Commission for enforcement.
13	SEC. 404. RULEMAKING.
14	Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment
15	of this Act, the Commission shall promulgate regulations
16	under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to imple-
17	ment this section and to provide compliance guidance for
18	entities seeking to be approved under this title, including
19	regulations—
20	(1) establishing criteria for the submission of
21	the application, including evidence of how the Choice
22	Program will comply with the requirements of sec-
23	tion 403;
24	(2) establishing criteria for opt-out mechanisms
25	and communication preferences, online behavioral

- advertising preferences, or other preferences meeting
 the requirements of this title;
 - (3) establishing consequences for failure to comply with the requirements of section 403, such as public notice of the Choice Program's noncompliance and suspension or revocation of the Commission's approval of such Program as described in section 402;
 - (4) allowing for and promoting continued evolution and innovation in privacy protection, meaningful consumer control, simplified approaches to disclosure, and transparency; and
 - (5) providing additional incentives for self-regulation by covered entities to implement the protections afforded individuals under titles I and II of this Act, including provisions for ensuring that a covered entity will be considered to be in compliance with the requirements of titles I and II and the regulations issued under such titles if that covered entity complies with guidelines or requirements of a Choice Program approved under section 402.

1 TITLE V—EXEMPTIONS

2	SEC. 501. USE OF AGGREGATE OR DEIDENTIFIED INFORMA-
3	TION.
4	(a) General Exclusion.—Subject to subsections
5	(b) and (c), nothing in this Act shall preclude a covered
6	entity from collecting, using, or disclosing—
7	(1) aggregate information; or
8	(2) covered information or sensitive information
9	from which identifying information has been ob-
10	scured or removed using reasonable and appropriate
11	methods such that the remaining information does
12	not identify, and there is no reasonable basis to be-
13	lieve that the information can be used to identify—
14	(A) the specific individual to whom such
15	covered information relates; or
16	(B) a computer or device owned or used by
17	a specific individual.
18	(b) Reasonable Procedures for Disclosure.—
19	If a covered entity discloses the information described in
20	paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) to a third party,
21	the covered entity shall take reasonable steps to protect
22	such information, including, in the case of the information
23	described in such paragraph (2), not disclosing the algo-
24	rithm or other mechanism used to obscure or remove the
25	identifying information and obtaining satisfactory written

1	assurance that the third party will not attempt to recon
2	struct the identifying information.
3	(c) Prohibition on Reconstructing or Reveal
4	ING IDENTIFYING INFORMATION.—
5	(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
6	person to reconstruct or reveal the identifying infor
7	mation that has been removed or obscured (as de
8	scribed in subsection (a)(2)) and for which a covered
9	entity claims or has claimed the benefit of the gen
10	eral exemption in subsection (a).
11	(2) Rulemaking.—Not later than 18 months
12	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
13	Commission shall promulgate regulations under sec
14	tion 553 of title 5, United States Code, to establish
15	exemptions to this subsection. In promulgating such
16	regulations, the Commission shall consider—
17	(A) the purposes for which such identifying
18	information may need to be reconstructed or re
19	vealed;
20	(B) the size and sensitivity of the data set
21	and
22	(C) public policy issues such as health
23	safety, and national security.

1	SEC. 502. ACTIVITIES COVERED BY OTHER FEDERAL PRI-
2	VACY LAWS.
3	Except as provided expressly in this Act, this Act
4	shall have no effect on activities covered by any of the
5	following:
6	(1) Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15
7	U.S.C. 6801 et seq.).
8	(2) The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C.
9	1681 et seq.).
10	(3) The Health Insurance Portability and Ac-
11	countability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191).
12	(4) Part C of title XI of the Social Security Act
13	(42 U.S.C. 1320d et seq.).
14	(5) Sections 222 and 631 of the Communica-
15	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 222 and 47 U.S.C.
16	551).
17	(6) The Children's Online Privacy Protection
18	Act of 1998 (15 U.S.C. 6501 et seq.).
19	(7) The CAN-SPAM Act of 2003 (15 U.S.C.
20	7701 et seq.).
21	(8) The Electronic Communications Privacy Act
22	of 1986 (18 U.S.C. 2510 et seq.).
23	(9) The Video Privacy Protection Act (18
2/1	USC(2710 at seq.)

1 TITLE VI—APPLICATION AND ENFORCEMENT

- 3 SEC. 601. GENERAL APPLICATION.
- 4 The requirements of this Act shall only apply to those
- 5 persons over which the Commission has authority pursu-
- 6 ant to section 5(a)(2) of the Federal Trade Commission
- 7 Act. Notwithstanding any provision of such Act or any
- 8 other provision of law, common carriers subject to the
- 9 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) and
- 10 any amendment thereto shall be subject to the jurisdiction
- 11 of the Commission for purposes of this Act.
- 12 SEC. 602. ENFORCEMENT BY THE FEDERAL TRADE COM-
- 13 MISSION.
- 14 (a) Unfair or Deceptive Acts or Practices.—
- 15 A violation of titles I, II, or III shall be treated as an
- 16 unfair and deceptive act or practice in violation of a regu-
- 17 lation under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade
- 18 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)) regarding un-
- 19 fair or deceptive acts or practices.
- 20 (b) Powers of Commission.—The Commission
- 21 shall enforce this Act in the same manner, by the same
- 22 means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers, and duties
- 23 as though all applicable terms and provisions of the Fed-
- 24 eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were
- 25 incorporated into and made a part of this Act. Any person

- 1 who violates this Act or the regulations issued under this
- 2 Act shall be subject to the penalties and entitled to the
- 3 privileges and immunities provided in that Act.
- 4 (c) Rulemaking Authority.—

essary to carry out this Act.

- 5 (1) RULEMAKING.—The Commission may, in 6 accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States 7 Code, issue such regulations it determines to be nec-
- 9 (2) AUTHORITY TO GRANT EXCEPTIONS.—The 10 regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) may in-11 clude such additional exceptions to titles I, II, III, 12 IV, and V of this Act as the Commission considers 13 consistent with the purposes of this Act.
- 14 (3) LIMITATION.—In promulgating rules under 15 this Act, the Commission shall not require the de-16 ployment or use of any specific products or tech-17 nologies, including any specific computer software or 18 hardware.
- 19 SEC. 603. ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.
- 20 (a) CIVIL ACTION.—In any case in which the Attor-
- 21 ney General of a State, or an official or agency of a State,
- 22 has reason to believe that an interest of the residents of
- 23 that State has been or is threatened or adversely affected
- 24 by any person who violates this Act, the attorney general,
- 25 official, or agency of the State, as parens patriae, may

1	bring a civil action on behalf of the residents of the State
2	in an appropriate district court of the United States—
3	(1) to enjoin further violation of this Act by the
4	defendant;
5	(2) to compel compliance with this Act; or
6	(3) for violations of titles I, II, or III of this
7	Act, to obtain civil penalties in the amount deter-
8	mined under subsection (b).
9	(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—
10	(1) CALCULATION.—For purposes of calculating
11	the civil penalties that may be obtained under sub-
12	section (a)(3)—
13	(A) with regard to a violation of title I, the
14	amount determined under this paragraph is the
15	amount calculated by multiplying the number of
16	days that a covered entity is not in compliance
17	with such title, or the number of individuals for
18	whom the covered entity failed to obtain con-
19	sent as required by such title, whichever is
20	greater, by an amount not to exceed \$11,000;
21	and
22	(B) with regard to a violation of title II or
23	III, the amount determined under this para-
24	graph is the amount calculated by multiplying
25	the number of days that a covered entity is not

- in compliance with such title or titles by an amount not to exceed \$11,000.
- 3 (2) Adjustment for inflation.—Beginning 4 on the date that the Consumer Price Index for All 5 Urban Consumers is first published by the Bureau 6 of Labor Statistics that is after 1 year after the date 7 of enactment of this Act, and each year thereafter, 8 the amounts specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) 9 of paragraph (1) shall be increased by the percent-10 age increase in the Consumer Price Index published 11 on that date from the Consumer Price Index pub-12 lished the previous year.
 - (3) Maximum total liability.—Notwithstanding the number of actions which may be brought against a person under this section the maximum civil penalty for which any person may be liable under this section shall not exceed—
 - (A) \$5,000,000 for any related series of violations of title I; and
 - (B) \$5,000,000 for any related series of violations of title II and title III.
 - (4) EFFECT OF PARTICIPATION IN CHOICE PRO-GRAM.—If a covered entity participates in a Choice Program established under title IV and cures the alleged violation of title I or II in a reasonable period

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of time after receiving notice of the alleged violation, such conduct shall be taken into consideration by a State or a court in determining the amount of civil penalties under this subsection.

(c) Intervention by the FTC.—

- (1) Notice and intervention.—The State shall provide prior written notice of any action under subsection (a) to the Commission and provide the Commission with a copy of its complaint, except in any case in which such prior notice is not feasible, in which case the State shall serve such notice immediately upon instituting such action. The Commission shall have the right—
 - (A) to intervene in the action;
- (B) upon so intervening, to be heard on all matters arising therein; and
- 17 (C) to file petitions for appeal.
 - (2) Limitation on State action while federal action is pending.—If the Commission has instituted a civil action for violation of this Act, no attorney general of a State, or official, or agency of a State, may bring an action under this section during the pendency of that action against any defendant named in the complaint of the Commission for any violation of this Act alleged in the complaint.

1 (d) Construction.—For purposes of bringing any 2 civil action under subsection (a), nothing in this Act shall 3 be construed to prevent an attorney general of a State 4 from exercising the powers conferred on the attorney gen-5 eral by the laws of that State to— 6 (1) conduct investigations; 7 (2) administer oaths or affirmations; or 8 (3) compel the attendance of witnesses or the 9 production of documentary and other evidence. 10 SEC. 604. PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION. 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—A covered entity, other than a 12 covered entity that participates in and is in compliance with a Choice Program established under title IV, who willfully fails to comply with sections 103 or 104 of this Act with respect to any individual is liable to that individual in a civil action brought in a district court of the United States of appropriate jurisdiction in an amount 18 equal to the sum of— 19 (1) the greater of any actual damages of not 20 less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000; 21 (2) such amount of punitive damages as the 22 court may allow; and 23 (3) in the case of any successful action under 24 this section, the costs of the action together with

- reasonable attorney's fees as determined by the court.
- 3 (b) LIMITATION.—A civil action under this section
- 4 may not be commenced later than 2 years after the date
- 5 upon which the claimant first discovered or had a reason-
- 6 able opportunity to discover the violation.

7 SEC. 605. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

- 8 (a) Preemption of State Laws.—This Act super-
- 9 sedes any provision of a statute, regulation, or rule of a
- 10 State or political subdivision of a State, with respect to
- 11 those entities covered by the regulations issued pursuant
- 12 to this Act, that expressly requires covered entities to im-
- 13 plement requirements with respect to the collection, use,
- 14 or disclosure of covered information addressed in this Act.
- 15 (b) Additional Preemption.—
- 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—No person other than a per-
- son specified in section 603 or 604 may bring a civil
- action under the laws of any State if such action is
- premised in whole or in part upon the defendant vio-
- 20 lating any provision of this Act.
- 21 (2) Protection of state consumer protec-
- 22 TION LAWS.—This subsection shall not be construed
- to limit the enforcement of any State consumer pro-
- tection law by an attorney general or other official
- of a State.

- 1 (c) Protection of Certain State Laws.—This Act shall not be construed to preempt the applicability 3 of— 4 (1) State laws that address the collection, use, 5 or disclosure of health information or financial infor-6 mation; 7 (2) State laws that address notification require-8 ments in the event of a data breach; 9 (3) State trespass, contract, or tort law; or
- 10 (4) other State laws to the extent that those 11 laws relate to acts of fraud.
- 12 (d) Preservation of FTC Authority.—Nothing
- 13 in this Act may be construed in any way to limit or affect
- 14 the Commission's authority under any provision of law.
- 15 (e) Rule of Construction Relating to Re-
- 16 QUIRED DISCLOSURES TO GOVERNMENT ENTITIES.—
- 17 This Act shall not be construed to expand or limit the
- 18 duty or authority of a covered entity, service provider, or
- 19 third party to disclose covered information or sensitive in-
- 20 formation to a government entity under any provision of
- 21 law.

1 TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS 2 PROVISIONS

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3	SEC. 701. REVIEW.
4	Not later than 5 years after the effective date of the
5	regulations initially issued under this Act, the Commission
6	shall—
7	(1) review the implementation of this Act, in-
8	cluding the effect of the implementation of this Act
9	on practices relating to the collection, use, and dis-
10	closure of covered information and sensitive informa-
11	tion; and
12	(2) prepare and submit to Congress a report on
13	the results of the review under paragraph (1).
14	SEC. 702. CONSUMER AND BUSINESS EDUCATION CAM-
15	PAIGN.
16	Beginning on the effective date of this Act as set
17	forth in section 703, the Commission shall—
18	(1) conduct a consumer education campaign to
19	inform individuals of the rights and protections af-
20	forded by this Act and the steps that individuals can
21	take to affirmatively consent or decline consent to
22	the collection, use, and disclosure of information
23	under this Act and the regulations issued pursuant
24	to this Act: and

- 1 (2) provide guidance to businesses regarding
- 2 their obligations under this Act, including guidance
- on how to participate in a Choice Program approved
- 4 under title IV.

5 SEC. 703. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 6 This Act shall take effect 2 years after the date of
- 7 the enactment of this Act. The Commission may stay en-
- 8 forcement of this Act for such period of time as the Com-
- 9 mission determines necessary to allow for the establish-
- 10 ment and Commission approval of a Choice Program
- 11 under title IV and for covered entities to commence par-
- 12 ticipation in such a program.

13 SEC. 704. SEVERABILITY.

- 14 If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof
- 15 to any person or circumstance, is held unconstitutional or
- 16 otherwise invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act
- 17 and the application of such provision to other persons and
- 18 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.