111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5305

To mandate the monthly formulation and publication of a consumer price index specifically for senior citizens to establish an accurate Social Security COLA for such citizens.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 13, 2010

Mr. Duncan (for himself, Mr. Lipinski, Ms. Fudge, Mr. Arcuri, and Mr. Harper) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

- To mandate the monthly formulation and publication of a consumer price index specifically for senior citizens to establish an accurate Social Security COLA for such citizens.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "CPI for Seniors Act
 - 5 of 2010".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 7 The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Each year the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 2 the Department of Labor prepares and publishes 3 consumer price indices (the most notable being the 4 Consumer Price Index or "CPI") that measure the 5 rate of inflation in the economy of the United 6 States.
 - (2) A derivative of the CPI is used to determine an annual cost-of-living adjustment (hereinafter referred to as "COLA") for millions of senior citizens (individuals aged 62 and over) who depend on their respective Social Security benefits.
 - (3) The Social Security COLA is calculated using the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (hereinafter referred to as "CPI–W"), a subset of the population covered by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (hereinafter referred to as "CPI–U").
 - (4) While the experimental Consumer Price Index for Americans 62 Years of Age and Older (hereinafter referred to as "CPI–E") is a more accurate measure of the average price of consumer goods and services purchased by senior citizens than the CPI–W, it too is derived from the CPI–U.
- 24 (5) According to numerous credible authorities, 25 the present methods (CPI–U, CPI–W, and CPI–E

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- to a lesser extent) used to measure inflation are
 flawed and deficient in measuring the average price
 of consumer goods and services purchased by senior
 citizens, and the overall impact of inflation on such
 citizens.
 - (6) The present sampling regarding senior citizens is too small under the methods referred to in paragraph (5), creating an opportunity for sampling error.
 - (7) Prices used under the methods referred to in paragraph (5) are based on geographic areas, retail outlets, and sample items used and purchased by younger consumers and are not necessarily representative of the geographic areas, retail outlets, and sample items used and purchased by senior citizens.
 - (8) The locations used under the methods referred to in paragraph (5) are urban locations that do not reflect the economic challenges faced in rural communities, which often have a far larger demographic segment of senior citizens.
 - (9) Senior citizens neither have the flexibility or the ability that younger consumers have to substitute necessary purchases in response to changes

- in prices, nor the same options as younger consumers have to supplement their income.
- 3 (10) Premium increases for part B of Medicare, 4 part D of Medicare, and other health care costs af-5 fecting senior citizens are not adequately considered 6 under the methods referred to in paragraph (5).
- 7 (11) The cost of taxes on Social Security in-8 come is not considered under the methods referred 9 to in paragraph (5), thus putting senior citizens at 10 a greater economic disadvantage each year.

11 SEC. 3. MANDATE THE MONTHLY FORMULATION AND PUB-

- 12 LICATION OF A CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR
- 13 SENIORS.
- (a) Establishment of New CPI.—The Bureau of
- 15 Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor shall prepare
- 16 and publish an index monthly to be known as the "Con-
- 17 sumer Price Index for Seniors' (hereinafter referred to
- 18 as "CPI-S") that indicates monthly changes in expendi-
- 19 tures for consumption that are typical for individuals in
- 20 the United States who are 62 years of age or older.
- 21 (b) Submittal to Congress.—The Bureau of
- 22 Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor shall submit
- 23 to the Joint Economic Committee a description of the ac-
- 24 tions taken by such Bureau to meet the requirements of

- 1 this section not later than 6 months after the date of en-
- 2 actment of this Act, and semi-annually thereafter.
- 3 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 4 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
- 5 essary to carry out the provisions of this section.

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