111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4913

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act concerning the distribution of information on legitimate scientific research in connection with foods and dietary supplements, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 23, 2010

Mr. Chaffetz (for himself and Mr. Polis of Colorado) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act concerning the distribution of information on legitimate scientific research in connection with foods and dietary supplements, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Free Speech About
- 5 Science Act of 2010".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Federal regulators have forbidden—

- 1 (A) cherry growers and food producers to
 2 cite independent and respected scientific re3 search on their produce that references health
 4 benefits; and
 - (B) a variety of dietary supplement makers to cite independent scientific research on health benefits from supplements from respected, peerreviewed scientific journals.
 - (2) Americans want access and have a right to access legitimate scientific information about foods and dietary supplements to ensure informed decisions about diet and health care. While the American public is inundated daily with advertisements about prescription drugs for health conditions, many of which could be prevented through lifestyle changes, proper nutrition, and informed use of dietary supplements, Americans are denied access to the very information that assists in making informed lifestyle and health care decisions.
 - (3) Providing access to scientific information promotes self-responsibility, thereby empowering Americans to exercise independent judgment in caring for themselves and ultimately reducing health care costs and improving quality of life.

1	(4) The United States has a long commitment
2	to the free dissemination of scientific research with
3	the exception of limited extreme situations for na-
4	tional security. This commitment goes back to the
5	First Amendment to the Constitution and has con-
6	tributed vitally to the Nation's economic progress.
7	SEC. 3. MISBRANDED FOOD AND DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS.
8	Section 403(r) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
9	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 343(r)) is amended—
10	(1) in subparagraph (3)—
11	(A) by redesignating clause (D) as clause
12	(E);
13	(B) by inserting after clause (C) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(D) Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (A)(i)
16	and (B), a claim of the type described in subparagraph
17	(1)(B) which is not authorized by the Secretary in a regu-
18	lation promulgated in accordance with clause (B) shall be
19	authorized and may be made with respect to a food if—
20	"(i) the claim is based on legitimate scientific
21	research;
22	"(ii) the claim and the food for which the claim
23	is made are in compliance with clause (A)(ii) and
24	are otherwise in compliance with paragraph (a) and
25	section 201(n):

1	"(iii) the claim is stated in a manner so that
2	the claim—
3	"(I) is an accurate balanced summary of
4	such research; and
5	"(II) enables the public to comprehend the
6	information provided in the claim and the rel-
7	ative significance of such information in the
8	context of a total daily diet;
9	"(iv) the claim includes a citation to such re-
10	search; and
11	"(v) the claim identifies each party that funded
12	such research.";
13	(C) in clause (E), as so redesignated, by
14	striking "clause (C)" each place it appears and
15	inserting "clause (C) or (D)"; and
16	(D) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(F) In this subparagraph, the term 'legitimate sci-
18	entific research' means scientific research, whether per-
19	formed in vitro, in vivo, in animals, or in humans, that—
20	"(i) is conducted in accordance with sound sci-
21	entific principles;
22	"(ii) has been evaluated and accepted by a sci-
23	entific or medical panel; and
24	"(iii) has been published in its entirety, or as
25	an accurate, balanced summary or scientific review

1	including a citation to the research in its entirety,
2	in—
3	"(I) a peer-reviewed article or book;
4	"(II) a recognized textbook;
5	"(III) a peer-reviewed scientific publica-
6	tion; or
7	"(IV) any publication of the United States
8	Government (including ones published by or at
9	the request of a Federal department, agency,
10	institute, center, or academy).";
11	(2) by amending subparagraph (6) to read as
12	follows:
13	``(6)(A) For purposes of subparagraph $(1)(B)$, a
14	statement for a dietary supplement may be made if—
15	"(i) the statement claims a benefit related to a
16	classical nutrient deficiency condition and discloses
17	the prevalence of such condition in the United
18	States, describes the role of a nutrient or dietary in-
19	gredient intended to affect the structure or function
20	in humans, characterizes the documented mechanism
21	by which a nutrient or dietary ingredient acts to
22	maintain such structure or function, or describes
23	general well-being from consumption of a nutrient or
24	dietary ingredient;

1	"(ii) the manufacturer of the dietary supple-
2	ment has substantiation that such statement is
3	truthful and not misleading;
4	"(iii) the statement contains, prominently dis-
5	played and in boldface type, the following: 'This
6	statement has not been evaluated by the Food and
7	Drug Administration. This product is not intended
8	to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.'; and
9	"(iv) the statement does not claim to diagnose
10	mitigate, treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or
11	class of diseases.
12	"(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (1)(B), a state-
13	ment for a dietary supplement may be made if—
13 14	ment for a dietary supplement may be made if— "(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate
14	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate
14 15	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of
14 15 16	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as
14 15 16 17	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F));
14 15 16 17	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F)); "(ii) the manufacturer of the dietary supple-
114 115 116 117 118	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F)); "(ii) the manufacturer of the dietary supplement has substantiation that such statement is
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F)); "(ii) the manufacturer of the dietary supplement has substantiation that such statement is truthful and not misleading;
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	"(i) the statement claims to diagnose, mitigate treat, cure, or prevent a specific disease or class of diseases, based on legitimate scientific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F)); "(ii) the manufacturer of the dietary supplement has substantiation that such statement is truthful and not misleading; "(iii) the statement contains, prominently disease.

1	"(iv) the claim includes a citation to the re-
2	search referred to in subclause (i); and
3	"(v) the claim identifies each party that funded
4	such research.
5	If the manufacturer of a dietary supplement proposes to
6	make a statement described in clause (A) or (B) in the
7	labeling of the dietary supplement, the manufacturer shall
8	notify the Secretary no later than 30 days after the first
9	marketing of the dietary supplement with such statement
10	that such a statement is being made."; and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(8) Subject to subparagraph (1) (relating to claims
13	in the label or labeling of food), the Secretary shall take
14	no action to restrict in any way the distribution of infor-
15	mation that is not false or misleading on legitimate sci-
16	entific research (as defined in subparagraph (3)(F)) in
17	connection with the sale of food.".

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