111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 489

To improve the conduct of strategic communication by the Federal Government.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 13, 2009

Mr. Thornberry introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

A BILL

To improve the conduct of strategic communication by the Federal Government.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Strategic Communica-
5	tion Act of 2009".
6	SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF CENTER FOR STRATEGIC COM-
7	MUNICATION.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
9	(1) The ability of the United States to credibly

- critical for achieving national objectives and is essential for improving national security and foreign policy.
 - (2) Strategic communication describes a variety of instruments used by governments to understand global attitudes and cultures, to engage in a dialogue of ideas between peoples and institutions, to advise policymakers, diplomats, and military leaders on the public opinion implications of policy choices, and to influence attitudes and behavior through communications strategies.
 - (3) There have been dramatic changes in the world, including changes in technology, changes in religious, ethnic, and regional conflicts, and changes in economic, political, and military relationships. These dramatic changes necessitate that the departments and agencies of the Federal Government responsible for national security and homeland security work more closely together so they may function more effectively.
 - (4) Since 2001, more than 15 private sector and congressional reports have examined public diplomacy, with each coming to the conclusion that United States efforts in public diplomacy, a subset of strategic communication, are lacking in leader-

- ship, strategic direction, interagency coordination, and a culture of measurement and evaluation. Specifically, the Defense Science Board Task Force on Strategic Communication concluded that "United States strategic communication must be transformed.".
 - (b) Center for Strategic Communication.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall solicit from organizations whose primary role is research and analysis related to national security and foreign policy offers to establish a Center for Strategic Communication (in this Act referred to as the "Center") within such organizations. The Secretary shall select from among such offers one organization to establish the Center.
 - (2) TAX EXEMPT REQUIREMENT.—To be eligible to make an offer under this subsection, an organization shall be an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code.
- 22 (c) Duties.—The Center shall have the following du-
- 23 ties:

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24 (1) Provide information and analysis on a reg-25 ular basis to civilian and military decisionmakers in

1	the Department of State, the Department of De-
2	fense, the Department of Justice, the Department of
3	Homeland Security, and the Director of National In-
4	telligence on issues vital to United States national
5	security and foreign policy to enhance the ability of
6	such decisionmakers to make informed decisions re-
7	garding the following:
8	(A) Global public opinion.
9	(B) The role of culture, values, and reli-
10	gion in shaping human behavior.
11	(C) Media trends and influences on audi-
12	ences.
13	(D) Information technologies.
14	(E) The implications of all source intel-
15	ligence assessments.
16	(F) Such other subject matters or issues
17	as such decisionmakers request.
18	(2) Develop plans, themes, products, and pro-
19	grams for the creation and implementation of
20	United States communication strategies that pro-
21	mote diplomatic opportunities, provide a positive
22	view of the United States, and respond to national

security threats.

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1	(3) Support government-wide strategic commu-
2	nication through services provided on a cost-recovery
3	basis. Such services shall—
4	(A) use, whenever possible, nongovern-
5	mental entities to foster cross-cultural ex-
6	changes of ideas, people, and information;
7	(B) maintain knowledge management sys-
8	tems, language and skills inventories, and pro-
9	cedures to recruit private sector experts for
10	short term assignments; and
11	(C) develop and maintain the ability to de-
12	ploy temporary communication teams to aug-
13	ment planning, recruitment, and training for
14	strategic communication within the Federal
15	Government.
16	(4) Develop tools and techniques to monitor
17	and evaluate the effectiveness, efficiency, and mes-
18	sage continuity of their own operations and of gov-
19	ernment-wide strategic communication initiatives to
20	help adapt plans, themes, products, and programs to
21	meet current and anticipated requirements.
22	(5) Perform functions including—
23	(A) audience polling and analysis, includ-
24	ing analysis related to ethnographic, psycho-

1	graphic, demographic, behavioral and tracking
2	research, and focus groups;
3	(B) cultural influence analysis, including
4	analysis related to values, religion, entertain-
5	ment, and education;
6	(C) analysis of media influences on audi-
7	ences, including analysis related to content
8	analysis, agendas, political and social ten-
9	dencies, relevance and credibility, and media or-
10	ganization structure, ownership, and business
11	models; and
12	(D) fostering cross-cultural exchanges of
13	ideas, peoples, and information.
14	(6) Contract with private sector and academic
15	entities, whenever possible, for a range of products
16	and programs that communicate strategic themes
17	and messages to appropriate target audiences, in-
18	cluding themes and messages related to—
19	(A) respect for human dignity and indi-
20	vidual rights;
21	(B) individual education and economic op-
22	portunity; and
23	(C) personal freedom, safety, and mobility.
24	(7) Mobilize nongovernment initiatives, includ-
25	ing temporary communication teams, coalition build-

- 1 ing partnerships, and deployment of language-quali-
- 2 fied global messengers.
- 3 (d) Liaison.—The Secretary of State shall designate
- 4 an individual from the Department of State to serve as
- 5 a liaison between the departments and agencies described
- 6 in subsection (c)(1) and the Center.
- 7 (e) Funding.—From amounts appropriated to the
- 8 Department of State each fiscal year, \$250,000,000 shall
- 9 be made available to support the administration of the
- 10 Center and to fund work with private sector and academic
- 11 entities. Additional funding for projects and programs to
- 12 be carried out by the Center may be provided through con-
- 13 tracts and task orders entered into by departments and
- 14 agencies of the Government.
- 15 **SEC. 3. REPORT.**
- Not later than six months after the date of the enact-
- 17 ment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to
- 18 Congress a report describing the actions taken in accord-
- 19 ance with this Act to strengthen the Federal Government's
- 20 strategic communication capability. The report shall, at a
- 21 minimum, contain the following information:
- 22 (1) A description of the efforts taken to under-
- stand global public opinion, the strategic implica-
- 24 tions of policymaking, and engage in more effective
- communication with global audiences.

- (2) A description of the efforts taken to coordinate the components of strategic communication, including components related to public diplomacy, public affairs, international broadcasting, and military information operations.
 - (3) Recommendations for additional statutory changes to improve the public diplomacy capabilities of the United States.
 - (4) An examination of the feasibility of establishing a strategic communication organization within the National Security Council to coordinate the efforts of the Center.
 - (5) Recommendations for elevating officials of the Department of State who are responsible for matters relating to public diplomacy and public affairs to the levels of Deputy Assistant Secretary of State or Senior Advisor to the Assistant Secretary.
 - (6) Recommendations for elevating the Coordinator of the Bureau of International Information Programs to Assistant Secretary of State.

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