111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3852

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to improve and reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay Program.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 20, 2009

Mr. Cummings (for himself, Mr. Connolly of Virginia, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Ms. Edwards of Maryland, Ms. Norton, Mr. Scott of Virginia, Mr. Hoyer, Mr. Oberstar, and Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to improve and reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay Program.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Chesapeake Clean
- 5 Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) the Chesapeake Bay and the tributary wa-
- 9 ters of the Chesapeake Bay are natural resources of

- 1 outstanding ecological, economic, and cultural im-2 portance to the United States;
- 3 (2) for more than 20 years, the Federal Government and the States of the Chesapeake Bay Wa-4 5 tershed, the Chesapeake Bay Commission, and var-6 ious local government, scientific, and citizen advisory 7 boards have worked through the Chesapeake Bay 8 Program of the Environmental Protection Agency to 9 develop an unparalleled body of scientific informa-10 tion and cooperative partnerships to advance the Chesapeake Bay restoration effort;
 - (3) despite significant efforts by Federal, State, and local governments and other interested parties, water pollution in the Chesapeake Bay prevents the attainment of existing State water quality standards and the ecological goals of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
 - (4) the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership has developed a rich body of environmental data based on an extensive network of monitors, which provide a critical measure of success in attainment of the goals of the restoration effort;
 - (5) the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership has also developed some of the world's foremost

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- water quality and ecosystem computer models, which
 are invaluable planning tools for resource managers;
 - (6) the major pollutants affecting the water quality of the Chesapeake Bay and related tidal waters are nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment;
 - (7) the largest developed land use in the Chesapeake Bay watershed, and the largest single-sector source of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment pollution, is agriculture;
 - (8) successful implementation of conservation practices have resulted in significant reductions in pollutant loads from the agricultural sector;
 - (9) to speed continued progress in the agricultural sector, the Federal Government and State governments have initiated a number of agricultural conservation programs, including the Chesapeake Bay watershed initiative under section 1240Q of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb-4);
 - (10) atmospheric deposition of nitrogen oxides and ammonia on the Chesapeake Bay watershed contributes as much as ½ of the nitrogen pollution in the Chesapeake Bay;
 - (11) for years, a steady stream of technology development and increasingly stringent permit requirements have resulted in a steady decline in the

- nitrogen and phosphorus pollution derived from
 wastewater treatment plants in the Chesapeake Bay
 watershed;
 - (12) suburban and urban development is the fastest growing land use sector in the Chesapeake Bay watershed, and stormwater runoff from that sector is the only major source of pollution in the watershed that is increasing;
 - (13) during the period beginning in 1990 and ending in 2000, impervious cover, the hardened surfaces through which water cannot penetrate, increased by nearly 250,000 acres, about 41 percent, or the size of 5 Districts of Columbia;
 - (14) during that period, the population of the Chesapeake Bay watershed grew by just 8 percent;
 - (15) the population of the watershed is estimated to be growing by about 157,000 people per year;
 - (16) continuing at that rate, the population will increase to nearly 20,000,000 by 2030;
 - (17) about 58 percent of the watershed of the Chesapeake Bay is undeveloped and mostly forested, but as many as 100 hundred acres of forest are lost to development each day;

- 1 (18) States, local governments, developers, and 2 nonprofit organizations have developed numerous 3 low-impact development techniques since the late 4 1990s, which use natural area protection, enviro-5 transpiration, infiltration, and pervious surfaces to 6 reduce stormwater runoff and associated sediment 7 and nutrient pollution;
 - (19) many of those techniques are less expensive than traditional stormwater management techniques, yet can achieve equivalent reduction in nutrients and sediment or can reduce the need for construction of traditional stormwater management techniques;
 - (20) the decline of key aquatic habitats and species has resulted in a loss of the important water quality benefits that the habitats and species traditionally provided;
 - (21) native oysters, the numbers of which have declined precipitously in the Chesapeake Bay in significant part because of diseases brought into the watershed by nonnative oysters, are natural filters that once effectively filtered a volume of water equivalent to that of the entire Chesapeake Bay in a matter of days;

1	(22) although less well-understood, menhaden,
2	a species of fish found in the Chesapeake Bay, also
3	provide important filtering capacity as well as a
4	number of other key ecosystem functions;
5	(23) wetlands are a vital part of any major eco-
6	system;
7	(24) studies have demonstrated that nontidal
8	wetlands near the Chesapeake Bay removed as much
9	as 89 percent of the nitrogen and 80 percent of the
10	phosphorus that entered the wetlands through up-
11	land runoff and precipitation;
12	(25) riparian forests remove as much as 90 per-
13	cent of nitrogen and phosphorus that would other-
14	wise enter the water;
15	(26) the loss of riparian forests and wetlands in
16	the Chesapeake Bay has resulted in diminished
17	water quality, among other effects;
18	(27) in certain locations in the Chesapeake
19	Bay, nutria, a nonnative species, has caused exten-
20	sive destruction of key wetlands; and
21	(28) in spite of the achievements of the Chesa-
22	peake Bay Program partnership and increasing
23	knowledge about ecosystem functions, the restora-

tion of the Chesapeake Bay will require increased

1	accountability and equity in reducing pollutant levels	
2	and other impediments to water quality.	
3	SEC. 3. CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM.	
4	Section 117 of the Federal Water Pollution Control	
5	Act (33 U.S.C. 1267) is amended to read as follows:	
6	"SEC. 117. CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM.	
7	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:	
8	"(1) Administrative cost.—The term 'ad-	
9	ministrative cost' means the cost of salaries and	
10	fringe benefits incurred in administering a grant	
11	under this section.	
12	"(2) ASIAN OYSTER.—The term 'Asian oyster	
13	means the species Crassostrea ariakensis.	
14	"(3) Baseline.—The term 'baseline' means	
15	the basic standard or level used for measuring (as	
16	applicable)—	
17	"(A) the nutrient control requirements	
18	credit sellers must achieve before becoming eli-	
19	gible to generate saleable nutrient credits; or	
20	"(B) the nutrient load reductions required	
21	of individual dischargers to meet water quality	
22	standards or goals under a TMDL or watershed	
23	implementation plan.	
24	"(4) Basin commissions.—The term 'basin	
25	commissions' means—	

1	"(A) the Interstate Commission on the Po-
2	tomac River Basin established under the inter-
3	state compact consented to and approved by
4	Congress under the Joint Resolution of July
5	11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748, chapter 579), and Pub-
6	lie Law 91–407 (84 Stat. 856); and
7	"(B) the Susquehanna River Basin Com-
8	mission established under the interstate com-
9	pact consented to and approved by Congress
10	under Public Law 91–575 (84 Stat. 1509), and
11	Public Law 99–468 (100 Stat. 1193).
12	"(5) CHESAPEAKE BAY AGREEMENT.—The
13	term 'Chesapeake Bay Agreement' means the for-
14	mal, voluntary agreements executed to achieve the
15	goal of restoring and protecting the Chesapeake Bay
16	ecosystem and the living resources of the Chesa-
17	peake Bay ecosystem and signed by the Chesapeake
18	Executive Council.
19	"(6) Chesapeake bay ecosystem.—The term
20	'Chesapeake Bay ecosystem' means the ecosystem of
21	the Chesapeake Bay watershed.
22	"(7) Chesapeake bay program.—The term
23	'Chesapeake Bay Program' means the program di-
24	rected by the Chesapeake Executive Council in ac-

cordance with the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.

1	"(8) CHESAPEAKE BAY STATE.—The term
2	'Chesapeake Bay State' means any of—
3	"(A) the States of Delaware, Maryland,
4	New York, or West Virginia;
5	"(B) the Commonwealths of Pennsylvania
6	or Virginia; or
7	"(C) the District of Columbia.
8	"(9) Chesapeake bay watershed.—The
9	term 'Chesapeake Bay watershed' means the Chesa-
10	peake Bay and the area consisting of 19 tributary
11	basins within the Chesapeake Bay States through
12	which precipitation drains into the Chesapeake Bay.
13	"(10) Chesapeake executive council.—The
14	term 'Chesapeake Executive Council' means the sig-
15	natories to the Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
16	"(11) CLEANING AGENT.—The term 'cleaning
17	agent' means a laundry detergent, dishwashing com-
18	pound, household cleaner, metal cleaner, degreasing
19	compound, commercial cleaner, industrial cleaner,
20	phosphate compound, or other substance that is in-
21	tended to be used for cleaning purposes.
22	"(12) Director.—The term 'Director' means
23	the Director of the Chesapeake Bay Program Office
24	of the Environmental Protection Agency.

1	"(13) Local government.—The term 'local
2	government' means any county, city, or other gen-
3	eral purpose political subdivision of a State with ju-
4	risdiction over land use.
5	"(14) 95TH PERCENTILE PRECIPITATION
6	EVENT.—The term '95th percentile precipitation
7	event' means a precipitation event whose precipita-
8	tion total is greater than or equal to 95 percent of
9	all 24-hour storm events on an annual basis.
10	"(15) Point-of-regulation.—The term
11	'point-of-regulation' means any entity that—
12	"(A) is subject to a limitation on pollution
13	or other regulation under this Act; and
14	"(B) has sufficient technical capacity and
15	legal authority to meet the obligations of the
16	entity under this Act.
17	"(16) TMDL.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'TMDL'
19	means the total maximum daily load that the
20	Administrator establishes or approves for nitro-
21	gen, phosphorus, and sediment loading to the
22	waters in the Chesapeake Bay and tidal tribu-
23	taries identified on the list of a Chesapeake Bay
24	State under section 303(d).

1	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'TMDL'
2	may include nitrogen, phosphorus, and sedi-
3	ment allocations in temporal units of greater
4	than daily duration if applicable allocations—
5	"(i) are demonstrated to achieve
6	water quality standards; and
7	"(ii) do not lead to exceedances of
8	other applicable water quality standards
9	for local receiving waters.
10	"(17) Tributary basin.—The term 'tributary
11	basin' means an area of land or body of water
12	that—
13	"(A) drains into any of the 19 Chesapeake
14	Bay tributaries or tributary segments; and
15	"(B) is managed through watershed imple-
16	mentation plans under this Act.
17	"(b) Continuation of Chesapeake Bay Pro-
18	GRAM.—
19	"(1) In General.—In cooperation with the
20	Chesapeake Executive Council (and as a member of
21	the Council), the Administrator shall continue the
22	Chesapeake Bay Program.
23	"(2) Program office.—

1	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall maintain in the Environmental Protection
3	Agency a Chesapeake Bay Program Office.
4	"(B) Function.—The Chesapeake Bay
5	Program Office shall provide support to the
6	Chesapeake Executive Council by—
7	"(i) implementing and coordinating
8	science, research, modeling, support serv-
9	ices, monitoring, data collection, and other
10	activities that support the Chesapeake Bay
11	Program;
12	"(ii) developing and making available,
13	through publications, technical assistance,
14	and other appropriate means, information
15	pertaining to the environmental quality
16	and living resources of the Chesapeake
17	Bay ecosystem;
18	"(iii) in cooperation with appropriate
19	Federal, State, and local authorities, as-
20	sisting the signatories to the Chesapeake
21	Bay Agreement in developing and imple-
22	menting specific action plans to carry out
23	the responsibilities of the signatories to the
24	Chesapeake Bay Agreement;

1	"(iv) coordinating the actions of the
2	Environmental Protection Agency with the
3	actions of the appropriate officials of other
4	Federal agencies and State and local au-
5	thorities in developing strategies to—
6	"(I) improve the water quality
7	and living resources in the Chesa-
8	peake Bay ecosystem; and
9	"(II) obtain the support of the
10	appropriate officials of the agencies
11	and authorities in achieving the objec-
12	tives of the Chesapeake Bay Agree-
13	ment; and
14	"(v) implementing outreach programs
15	for public information, education, and par-
16	ticipation to foster stewardship of the re-
17	sources of the Chesapeake Bay.
18	"(c) Interagency Agreements.—The Adminis-
19	trator may enter into an interagency agreement with a
20	Federal agency to carry out this section.
21	"(d) Technical Assistance and Assistance
22	Grants.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In cooperation with the
24	Chesapeake Executive Council, the Administrator
25	may provide technical assistance, and assistance

grants, to nonprofit organizations, State and local governments, institutions of higher education, basin commissions, and interstate agencies to carry out this section, subject to such terms and conditions as the Administrator considers appropriate.

"(2) Federal Share.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Federal share of an assistance grant provided under paragraph (1) shall be determined by the Administrator in accordance with guidance issued by the Administrator.

- "(B) CHESAPEAKE BAY STEWARDSHIP GRANTS PROGRAM.—The Federal share of an assistance grant provided under paragraph (1) to carry out an implementing activity under subsection (g)(2) shall not exceed 75 percent of eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.
- "(3) Non-federal share.—An assistance grant under paragraph (1) shall be provided on the condition that non-federal sources provide the remainder of eligible project costs, as determined by the Administrator.

1	"(4) Administrative costs.—Administrative
2	costs shall not exceed 10 percent of the annual grant
3	award.
4	"(e) Implementation and Monitoring
5	Grants.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—On the request of the chief
7	executive of a Chesapeake Bay State, the Adminis-
8	trator—
9	"(A) shall make an implementation grant
10	to the Chesapeake Bay State, or a designee of
11	the Chesapeake Bay State (such as a soil con-
12	servation district, nonprofit organization, local
13	government, institution of higher education,
14	basin commission, or interstate agency) for the
15	purpose of implementing an approved watershed
16	implementation plan under subsection (j) and
17	achieving the goals established under the
18	Chesapeake Bay Agreement, subject to such
19	terms and conditions as the Administrator con-
20	siders to be appropriate; and
21	"(B) may make a monitoring grant to—
22	"(i) a Chesapeake Bay State, or a
23	designee of a Chesapeake Bay State (such
24	as a soil conservation district, nonprofit or-
25	ganization, local government, institution of

1	higher education, basin commission, or
2	interstate agency), for the purpose of mon-
3	itoring the ecosystem of freshwater tribu-
4	taries to the Chesapeake Bay; or
5	"(ii) the States of Delaware or Mary-
6	land, the Commonwealth of Virginia, the
7	District of Columbia, or a designee (such
8	as a soil conservation district, nonprofit or-
9	ganization, local government, institution of
10	higher education, basin commission, or
11	interstate agency) for the purpose of moni-
12	toring the Chesapeake Bay, including the
13	tidal waters of the Chesapeake Bay.
14	"(2) Administration.—In making implemen-
15	tation grants to each of the Chesapeake Bay States
16	for a fiscal year under this subsection, the Adminis-
17	trator shall ensure that not less than—
18	"(A) 10 percent of the funds available to
19	make such grants are made to the States of
20	Delaware, New York, and West Virginia; and
21	"(B) 20 percent of the funds available to
22	make such grants are made to Chesapeake Bay
23	States for the sole purpose of providing tech-
24	nical assistance to agricultural producers and
25	foresters to access conservation programs and

1	other resources devoted to improvements in
2	water quality in the Chesapeake Bay and the
3	tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay.
4	"(3) Proposals.—
5	"(A) Implementation grants.—
6	"(i) In General.—A Chesapeake
7	Bay State may apply for a grant under
8	this subsection for a fiscal year by submit-
9	ting to the Administrator a comprehensive
10	proposal to implement programs and
11	achieve the goals established under the
12	Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
13	"(ii) Implementation grant con-
14	TENTS.—A proposal under clause (i) shall
15	include—
16	"(I) a description of proposed ac-
17	tions that the Chesapeake Bay State
18	commits to take within a specified
19	time period that are designed—
20	"(aa) to achieve and main-
21	tain all applicable water quality
22	standards, including standards
23	necessary to support the aquatic
24	living resources of the Chesa-

1	peake Bay and related tributaries
2	and to protect human health;
3	"(bb) to restore, enhance,
4	and protect the fish, shellfish,
5	wildlife, and other living re-
6	sources of the Chesapeake Bay
7	and related tributaries, habitats
8	of those species and resources,
9	and ecological relationships to
10	sustain all fisheries and provide
11	for a balanced ecosystem;
12	"(cc) to restore, enhance,
13	and protect those habitats and
14	natural areas that are vital to the
15	survival and diversity of the liv-
16	ing resources of the Chesapeake
17	Bay and related tributaries;
18	"(dd) to develop, promote,
19	and achieve sound land use prac-
20	tices that protect and restore wa-
21	tershed resources and water qual-
22	ity, reduce or maintain reduced
23	pollutant loadings for the Chesa-
24	peake Bay and related tribu-

1	taries, and restore and preserve
2	aquatic living resources;
3	"(ee) to promote individual
4	stewardship and assist individ-
5	uals, community-based organiza-
6	tions, businesses, local govern-
7	ments, and schools to undertake
8	initiatives to achieve the goals
9	and commitments of the Chesa-
10	peake Bay Agreement; or
11	"(ff) to provide technical as-
12	sistance to agricultural pro-
13	ducers, foresters, and other eligi-
14	ble entities through technical in-
15	frastructure, including activities,
16	processes, tools, and agency func-
17	tions needed to support delivery
18	of technical services, such as
19	technical standards, resource in-
20	ventories, training, data, tech-
21	nology, monitoring, and effects
22	analyses;
23	"(II) a commitment to dedicate
24	not less than 20 percent of a grant to
25	a Chesapeake Bay State under this

1	subsection to support technical assist-
2	ance for agricultural and forestry land
3	or nutrient management practices
4	that protect and restore watershed re-
5	sources and water quality, reduce or
6	maintain reduced pollutant loadings
7	for the Chesapeake Bay and related
8	tributaries, and restore and preserve
9	aquatic living resources; and
10	"(III) the estimated cost of the
11	actions proposed to be taken during
12	the fiscal year.
13	"(B) Monitoring grants.—
14	"(i) In GENERAL.—A Chesapeake
15	Bay State may apply for a grant under
16	this subsection for a fiscal year by submit-
17	ting to the Administrator a comprehensive
18	proposal to monitor freshwater or estua-
19	rine ecosystems, including water quality.
20	"(ii) Monitoring grant con-
21	TENTS.—A proposal under this subpara-
22	graph shall include—
23	"(I) a description of the proposed
24	monitoring system;

1	"(II) certification by the Director
2	that such a monitoring system in-
3	cludes such parameters as the Direc-
4	tor determines necessary to assess
5	progress toward achieving the goals of
6	this section; and
7	"(III) the estimated cost of the
8	monitoring proposed to be conducted
9	during the fiscal year.
10	"(iii) Concurrences.—The Adminis-
11	trator shall—
12	"(I) obtain the concurrence of
13	the Director of the United States Geo-
14	logical Survey regarding the design
15	and implementation of the freshwater
16	monitoring systems established under
17	this subsection; and
18	"(II) obtain the concurrence of
19	the Director of the Chesapeake Bay
20	Office of the National Oceanic and
21	Atmospheric Administration regarding
22	the design and implementation of the
23	estuarine monitoring systems estab-
24	lished under this subsection.

1	"(iv) Consultation.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall consult with—
3	"(I) the basin commissions and
4	the Chesapeake Bay States regarding
5	the design and implementation of the
6	freshwater monitoring systems estab-
7	lished under this subsection, giving
8	particular attention to the measure-
9	ment of the water quality effectiveness
10	of agricultural conservation program
11	implementation (including geospatial
12	agricultural conservation program
13	data), including activities carried out
14	pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Wa-
15	tershed Initiative under section 1240Q
16	of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
17	U.S.C. 3839bb-4);
18	"(II) Old Dominion University,
19	the Virginia Institute of Marine
20	Science, the University of Maryland
21	Center for Environmental Science,
22	and the Chesapeake Bay States re-
23	garding the estuarine monitoring sys-
24	tems established under this sub-
25	section;

"(III) the Chesapeake Bay Pro-1 2 gram Scientific and Technical Advi-3 Committee regarding sory inde-4 pendent review of monitoring designs 5 giving particular attention to inte-6 grated freshwater and estuarine moni-7 toring strategies; and "(IV) Federal departments and 8 9 agencies regarding cooperation in im-10 plementing monitoring programs. "(f) FEDERAL FACILITIES AND ACTION PLAN.— 11 12 "(1) Subwatershed planning and restora-13 TION.—A Federal agency that owns or operates a 14 facility (as defined by the Administrator) or carries 15 our activities within the Chesapeake Bay watershed 16 shall participate in regional and subwatershed plan-17 ning and restoration programs. "(2) COMPLIANCE WITH AGREEMENT.—The 18 19 head of each Federal agency that owns or occupies 20

head of each Federal agency that owns or occupies real property or carries out activities in the Chesapeake Bay watershed shall ensure that the property, actions taken by the agency with respect to the property, and the activities of the agency comply with the Chesapeake Bay Agreement, the Federal

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1 Agencies Chesapeake Ecosystem Unified Plan, and 2 any subsequent agreements and plans.

- "(3) Forest cover at federal facility.—Not later than January 1, 2012, the Administrator shall coordinate with the heads of each Federal agency that owns or operates a facility (as defined by the Administrator) within the Chesapeake Bay watershed to develop plans to maximize forest cover at the facility through the preservation of existing forest cover and the development of reforestation plans with respect to a facility that has been disturbed or developed in the past.
- "(4) FEDERAL ANNUAL ACTION PLAN AND PROGRESS REPORT.—The Administrator, in accordance with Executive Order 12508 entitled 'Chesapeake Bay Protection and Restoration' and signed on May 12, 2009 (74 Fed. Reg. 23099), shall—
- "(A) make available to the public, not later than March 31 of each year—
 - "(i) a Chesapeake Bay action plan describing, in the greatest practicable degree of detail, how Federal funding proposed in the annual budget of the United States submitted by the President to Congress will be used to protect and restore the

1	Chesapeake Bay during the upcoming fis-
2	cal year; and
3	"(ii) an annual progress report that—
4	"(I) assesses the key ecological
5	attributes that reflect the health of
6	the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem;
7	"(II) reviews indicators of envi-
8	ronmental conditions in the Chesa-
9	peake Bay;
10	"(III) distinguishes between the
11	health of the Chesapeake Bay eco-
12	system and the results of management
13	measures;
14	"(IV) assesses implementation of
15	the action plan during the preceding
16	fiscal year;
17	"(V) recommends steps to im-
18	prove progress in restoring and pro-
19	tecting the Chesapeake Bay; and
20	"(VI) describes how Federal
21	funding and actions will be coordi-
22	nated with the actions of States, basin
23	commissions, and others;
24	"(B) create and maintain, with the concur-
25	rence of the Secretary of Agriculture, a Chesa-

1	peake Bay-wide database containing com-
2	prehensive data on implementation of conserva-
3	tion management practices in the Chesapeake
4	Bay watershed that—
5	"(i) includes baseline conservation
6	management practice implementation data
7	as of the effective date of the Chesapeake
8	Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
9	Act of 2009;
10	"(ii) includes data on subsequent con-
11	servation management practice implemen-
12	tation projects funded by or reported to
13	the Administrator or the Secretary;
14	"(iii) presents the required data in
15	statistical or aggregate form without iden-
16	tifying any—
17	"(I) individual owner, operator,
18	or producer; or
19	"(II) specific data gathering site;
20	and
21	"(iv) is made available to the public
22	not later than December 31, 2010.
23	"(g) Chesapeake Bay Program.—
24	"(1) Management strategies.—The Admin-
25	istrator, in coordination with other members of the

1	Chesapeake Executive Council, shall ensure that
2	management plans are developed and implemented
3	by Chesapeake Bay States to achieve and main-
4	tain—
5	"(A) the nutrient goals of the Chesapeake
6	Bay Agreement for the quantity of nitrogen and
7	phosphorus entering the Chesapeake Bay and
8	the watershed of the Chesapeake Bay;
9	"(B) the water quality requirements nec-
10	essary to restore living resources in the Chesa-
11	peake Bay ecosystem;
12	"(C) the Chesapeake Bay Basinwide Tox-
13	ins Reduction and Prevention Strategy goal of
14	reducing or eliminating the input of chemical
15	contaminants from all controllable sources to
16	levels that result in no toxic or bioaccumulative
17	impact on the living resources of the Chesa-
18	peake Bay ecosystem or on human health;
19	"(D) habitat restoration, protection, cre-
20	ation, and enhancement goals established by
21	Chesapeake Bay States for wetlands, riparian
22	forests, and other types of habitat associated
23	with the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem; and
24	"(E) the restoration, protection, creation,
25	and enhancement goals established by the

1	Chesapeake Bay States for living resources as-
2	sociated with the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem.
3	"(2) Chesapeake bay stewardship grants
4	PROGRAM.—The Administrator, in cooperation with
5	the Chesapeake Executive Council, shall—
6	"(A) establish a Chesapeake Bay Steward-
7	ship Grants Program; and
8	"(B) in carrying out that program—
9	"(i) offer technical assistance and as-
10	sistance grants under subsection (d) to im-
11	plement—
12	"(I) cooperative watershed strate-
13	gies that address the water quality,
14	habitat, and living resource needs in
15	the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem;
16	"(II) locally based protection and
17	restoration programs or projects with-
18	in a watershed that complement the
19	State watershed implementation
20	plans, including the creation, restora-
21	tion, or enhancement of habitat asso-
22	ciated with the Chesapeake Bay eco-
23	system; and

1	"(III) innovative nitrogen, phos-
2	phorus, or sediment reduction efforts;
3	and
4	"(ii) give preference to cooperative
5	projects that involve local governments.
6	"(h) Total Maximum Daily Load.—
7	"(1) TMDL.—
8	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than
9	December 31, 2010, the Administrator shall es-
10	tablish a Chesapeake Bay-wide TMDL.
11	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator
12	shall not establish or approve a TMDL de-
13	scribed in subparagraph (A) unless the TMDL
14	is developed in accordance with the require-
15	ments of section 303(d)(1)(C) of this Act, and
16	includes—
17	"(i) wasteload allocations for nitrogen,
18	phosphorus, and sediment necessary to im-
19	plement the applicable water quality stand-
20	ards in the Chesapeake Bay watershed and
21	achieve those standards in the Chesapeake
22	Bay and tidal tributaries;
23	"(ii) enforceable or otherwise binding
24	load allocations for all nonpoint sources,
25	including atmospheric deposition, agricul-

1	tural runoff, and stormwater sources for
2	which a permit under section 402 is not
3	required; and
4	"(iii) a requirement for no net in-
5	crease of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sedi-
6	ment loads above the pollutant limitations
7	necessary to meet water quality standards
8	for the Chesapeake Bay and tidal tribu-
9	taries, including no net projected increased
10	pollutant levels from—
11	"(I) new or increased impervious
12	surfaces;
13	"(II) concentrated animal feeding
14	operations;
15	"(III) transportation systems;
16	and
17	"(IV) septic systems.
18	"(2) Permits.—
19	"(A) In general.—Effective beginning on
20	January 1, 2011, a new or reissued permit
21	issued by the Administrator under section
22	402(a) or a State authorized to administer a
23	permit program under section 402(b) shall in-
24	clude limits consistent with all applicable

1	wasteload allocations in the Chesapeake Bay
2	TMDL.
3	"(B) Permits.—
4	"(i) In General.—Effective begin-
5	ning on January 1, 2011, each Chesapeake
6	Bay State shall submit to the Adminis-
7	trator copies of any permit for discharges
8	of nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment into
9	the Chesapeake Bay watershed that is al-
10	lowed to continue beyond 5 years pursuant
11	to a State law analogous to section 558(c)
12	of title 5, United States Code, not later
13	than 60 days after the expiration date of
14	the permit.
15	"(ii) Review.—The Administrator
16	shall have the opportunity to review and
17	object to the continuance of the permit in
18	accordance with the process described in
19	section 402(d) for permits proposed to be
20	issued by a State.
21	"(i) Actions by States.—
22	"(1) Watershed implementation plans.—
23	"(A) Plans.—
24	"(i) In general.—Not later than
25	May 12, 2011, each Chesapeake Bay State

1	shall, after providing for notice and 1 or
2	more public hearings, adopt and submit to
3	the Administrator for approval a watershed
4	implementation plan for the portion of
5	each of the 92 tidal water segments that is
6	subject to the jurisdiction of the Chesa-
7	peake Bay State that together comprise
8	the Chesapeake Bay.
9	"(ii) Targets.—The watershed im-
10	plementation plan shall establish reduction
11	targets, key actions, and schedules for re-
12	ducing, to levels that will attain water
13	quality standards, the loads of nitrogen,
14	phosphorus, and sediment, including pollu-
15	tion from—
16	"(I) agricultural runoff;
17	"(II) point sources, including
18	point source stormwater discharges;
19	"(III) nonpoint source stormwa-
20	ter runoff; and
21	"(IV) septic systems and other
22	onsite sewage disposal systems.
23	"(iii) Pollution Limitations.—
24	"(I) In General.—The tribu-
25	tary pollution limitations shall be the

1	nitrogen, phosphorous, and sediment
2	cap loads identified in the tributary
3	cap load agreement numbered EPA
4	903–R–03–007, dated December
5	2003, and entitled 'Setting and Allo-
6	cating the Chesapeake Bay Basin Nu-
7	trient and Sediment Loads: The Col-
8	laborative Process, Technical Tools
9	and Innovative Approaches', or a
10	Chesapeake Bay TMDL established
11	by the Administrator.
12	"(II) Stringency.—A water-
13	shed implementation plan shall be de-
14	signed to attain, at a minimum, the
15	pollution limitations described in sub-
16	clause (I).
17	"(iv) Plan requirements.—Each
18	watershed implementation plan shall—
19	"(I) include State-adopted man-
20	agement measures, including rules or
21	regulations, permits, consent decrees,
22	and other enforceable or otherwise
23	binding measures, to require and
24	achieve reductions from pollution
25	sources;

1	"(II) include programs to achieve
2	voluntary reductions from pollution
3	sources, including funding commit-
4	ments necessary to implement those
5	programs;
6	"(III) include any additional re-
7	quirements or actions that the Chesa-
8	peake Bay State determines to be nec-
9	essary to attain the pollution limita-
10	tions by the deadline established in
11	this paragraph;
12	"(IV) provide for enforcement
13	mechanisms, including a penalty
14	structure for failures, such as fees or
15	forfeiture of State funds, including
16	Federal funds distributed or otherwise
17	awarded by the State to the extent
18	the State is authorized to exercise
19	independent discretion in amounts of
20	such distributions or awards, for use
21	if a permittee, local government, or
22	any other party fails to adhere to as-
23	signed pollutant limitations, imple-
24	mentation schedules, or permit terms;

1	"(V) include a schedule for im-
2	plementation divided into 2-year peri-
3	ods, along with computer modeling to
4	demonstrate the projected reductions
5	in nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment
6	loads associated with each 2-year pe-
7	$\operatorname{riod};$
8	"(VI) include the stipulation of
9	alternate actions as contingencies;
10	"(VII) account for how the
11	Chesapeake Bay State will address
12	additional loadings from growth
13	through offsets or other actions; and
14	"(VIII) provide assurances
15	that—
16	"(aa) if compared to an esti-
17	mated 2008 baseline, the initial
18	plan shall be designed to achieve,
19	not later than May 31, 2017, at
20	least 60 percent of the nitrogen,
21	phosphorous, and sediment limi-
22	tations described in clause
23	(iii)(I);
24	"(bb) the management
25	measures required to achieve a

1	50-percent reduction of nitrogen,
2	phosphorous, and sediment limi-
3	tations shall be in effect upon
4	submission of the plan;
5	"(ce) the Chesapeake Bay
6	State will have adequate per-
7	sonnel, funding, and authority
8	under State (and, as appropriate,
9	local) law to carry out the imple-
10	mentation plan and is not prohib-
11	ited by any provision of Federal
12	or State law from carrying out
13	the implementation plan; and
14	"(dd) in a case in which a
15	Chesapeake Bay State has relied
16	on a local government for the im-
17	plementation of any plan provi-
18	sion, the Chesapeake Bay State
19	has the responsibility for ensur-
20	ing adequate implementation of
21	the provision.
22	"(B) Implementation.—
23	"(i) In general.—In implementing a
24	watershed implementation plan, each
25	Chesapeake Bay State shall follow a strat-

1	egy developed by the Administrator for the
2	implementation of adaptive management
3	principles to ensure full implementation of
4	all plan elements by not later than May
5	12, 2025, including—
6	"(I) biennial evaluations of State
7	actions;
8	"(II) progress made toward im-
9	plementation;
10	"(III) determinations of nec-
11	essary modifications to future actions
12	in order to achieve objectives; and
13	"(IV) appropriate provisions to
14	adapt to climate changes.
15	"(ii) DEADLINE.—Not later than May
16	12, 2025, each Chesapeake Bay State
17	shall—
18	"(I) fully implement the water-
19	shed implementation plan of the
20	State; and
21	"(II) have in place all the mecha-
22	nisms outlined in the plan that are
23	necessary to attain the applicable pol-
24	lutant limitations for nitrogen, phos-
25	phorus, and sediment.

1	"(C) Progress reports.—Not later than
2	May 12, 2014, and biennially thereafter, each
3	Chesapeake Bay State shall submit to the Ad-
4	ministrator a progress report that, with respect
5	to the 2-year period covered by the report—
6	"(i) includes a listing of all manage-
7	ment measures that were to be imple-
8	mented in accordance with the approved
9	watershed implementation plan of the
10	Chesapeake Bay State, including a descrip-
11	tion of the extent to which those measures
12	have been fully implemented;
13	"(ii) includes a listing of all the man-
14	agement measures described in clause (i)
15	that the Chesapeake Bay State has failed
16	to fully implement in accordance with the
17	approved watershed implementation plan
18	of the Chesapeake Bay State;
19	"(iii) includes monitored and collected
20	water quality data;
21	"(iv) includes Chesapeake Bay Pro-
22	gram computer modeling data that detail
23	the nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment
24	load reductions projected to be achieved as
25	a result of the implementation of the man-

1	agement measures and mechanisms carried
2	out by the Chesapeake Bay State;
3	"(v) includes, for the subsequent 2-
4	year period, implementation goals and
5	Chesapeake Bay Program computer mod-
6	eling data detailing the projected pollution
7	reductions to be achieved if the Chesa-
8	peake Bay State fully implements the sub-
9	sequent round of management measures;
10	"(vi) identifies compliance informa-
11	tion, including violations, actions taken by
12	the Chesapeake Bay State to address the
13	violations, and dates, if any, on which com-
14	pliance was achieved; and
15	"(vii) specifies any revisions to the
16	watershed implementation plan submitted
17	under this paragraph that the Chesapeake
18	Bay State determines are necessary to at-
19	tain the applicable pollutant limitations for
20	nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment.
21	"(2) Issuance of Permits.—
22	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any
23	other provision of this Act (including any exclu-
24	sion or exception contained in a definition
25	under section 502), for the purpose of achieving

the nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment reductions required under a watershed implementation plan, a Chesapeake Bay State may issue a permit in accordance with section 402 for any pollution source the Chesapeake Bay State determines to be necessary.

- "(B) Enforcement.—The Administrator shall enforce any permits issued in accordance with the watershed implementation plan in the same manner as other permits issued under section 402 are enforced.
- "(3) REDUCTION OF POLLUTION FROM IMPER-VIOUS SURFACES.—
 - "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2013, each unit of local government within the Chesapeake Bay watershed that discharges stormwater through a storm sewer system, regardless of storm sewer system ownership and without regard to the size of the population, shall obtain and comply with a permit under section 402(p).
 - "(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A permit under section 402(p) for a unit of local government within the Chesapeake Bay watershed shall include requirements to ensure that a project to

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develop land within the jurisdiction of such unit of local government that affects land that is more than 1 acre in size and that is less than 5 percent covered by impervious surfaces prior to the project is carried out in a manner that not less than the volume of the 95th percentile precipitation event shall infiltrate, evapotranspirate from, or be harvested and used on such site after the project is completed.

"(4) Phosphate Ban.—

"(A) **PHOSPHORUS** IN **CLEANING** AGENTS.—Each Chesapeake Bay State shall provide to the Administrator, not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009, assurances that within the jurisdiction, except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person may not use, sell, manufacture, or distribute for use or sale any cleaning agent that contains more than 0.0 percent phosphorus by weight, expressed as elemental phosphorus, except for a quantity not exceeding 0.5 percent phosphorus that is incidental to the manufacture of the cleaning agent.

1	"(B) Prohibited quantities of phos-
2	PHORUS.—Each Chesapeake Bay State shall
3	provide to the Administrator, not later than 3
4	years after the date of enactment of the Chesa-
5	peake Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
6	Act of 2009, assurances that within the juris-
7	diction a person may use, sell, manufacture, or
8	distribute for use or sale a cleaning agent that
9	contains greater than 0.0 percent phosphorus
10	by weight, but does not exceed 8.7 percent
11	phosphorus by weight, if the cleaning agent is
12	a substance that the Administrator, by regula-
13	tion, excludes from the limitation under sub-
14	paragraph (A), based on a finding that compli-
15	ance with that subparagraph would—
16	"(i) create a significant hardship on
17	the users of the cleaning agent; or
18	"(ii) be unreasonable because of the
19	lack of an adequate substitute cleaning
20	agent.
21	"(j) Action by Administrator.—
22	"(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days
23	after the date of enactment of the Chesapeake Clean
24	Water and Ecosystem Restoration Act of 2009, the
25	Administrator shall establish minimum criteria that

any proposed watershed implementation plan must meet before the Administrator may approve such a plan.

"(2) Completeness finding.—

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"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Administrator receives a new or revised proposed watershed implementation plan from a Chesapeake Bay State, the Administrator shall determine whether the minimum criteria for the plan established under paragraph (1) have been met.

"(B) EFFECT OF FINDING OF INCOM-PLETENESS.—If the Administrator determines under subparagraph (A) that all or any portion of a submitted watershed implementation plan does not meet the minimum criteria established under paragraph (1), the Chesapeake Bay State submitting the plan shall be treated as not having made the submission.

"(3) APPROVAL AND DISAPPROVAL.—

"(A) DEADLINE.—Not later than 90 days after determining that a watershed implementation plan meets minimum criteria in accordance with paragraph (2)(A), the Administrator shall approve or disapprove the plan.

1	"(B) Full and partial approval and
2	DISAPPROVAL.—In carrying out this paragraph,
3	the Administrator—
4	"(i) shall approve a watershed imple-
5	mentation plan if the plan meets all appli-
6	cable requirements under this section; and
7	"(ii) may approve the plan in part
8	and disapprove the plan in part if only a
9	portion of the plan meets those require-
10	ments.
11	"(C) CONDITIONAL APPROVAL.—The Ad-
12	ministrator—
13	"(i) may conditionally approve a re-
14	vised watershed implementation plan based
15	on a commitment of the Chesapeake Bay
16	State submitting the plan to adopt specific
17	enforceable management measures by not
18	later than 1 year after the date of approval
19	of the plan revision; but
20	"(ii) shall treat a conditional approval
21	as a disapproval under this paragraph if
22	the Chesapeake Bay State fails to comply
23	with the commitment of the Chesapeake
24	Bay State.

1	"(D) Full approval required.—A new
2	or revised watershed implementation plan shall
3	not be treated as meeting the requirements of
4	this section until the Administrator approves
5	the entire new or revised plan.
6	"(E) Corrections.—In any case in which
7	the Administrator determines that the action of
8	the Administrator approving, disapproving, con-
9	ditionally approving, or promulgating any new
10	or revised watershed implementation plan was
11	in error, the Administrator—
12	"(i) may, in the same manner as the
13	approval, disapproval, conditional approval,
14	or promulgation, revise the action of the
15	Administrator, as appropriate, without re-
16	quiring any further submission from the
17	Chesapeake Bay State; and
18	"(ii) shall make the determination of
19	the Administrator, and the basis for that
20	determination, available to the public.
21	"(F) Effective date.—The provisions of
22	a State watershed implementation plan shall
23	take effect upon the date of approval of the
24	plan.

1	"(4) Calls for Plan Revision.—In any case
2	in which the Administrator determines that the wa-
3	tershed implementation plan for any area is inad-
4	equate to attain or maintain applicable pollution lim-
5	itations, the Administrator—
6	"(A) shall notify the Chesapeake Bay
7	State of, and require the Chesapeake Bay State
8	to revise the plan to correct, the inadequacies;
9	"(B) may establish reasonable deadlines
10	(not to exceed 180 days after the date on which
11	the Administrator provides the notification) for
12	the submission of a revised watershed imple-
13	mentation plan;
14	"(C) shall make the findings of the Admin-
15	istrator under paragraph (3) and notice pro-
16	vided under subparagraph (A) public; and
17	"(D) shall require the Chesapeake Bay
18	State to comply with the requirements applica-
19	ble under the initial watershed implementation
20	plan, except that the Administrator may adjust
21	any dates (other than attainment dates) appli-
22	cable under those requirements, as appropriate.
23	"(5) Federal implementation.—If a Chesa-
24	peake Bay State fails to submit a watershed imple-
25	mentation plan, to submit a biennial report, or to

correct a previously missed 2-year commitment made in a watershed implementation plan, the Administrator shall, after issuing a notice to the State and providing a 90-day period in which the failure may be corrected—

"(A) notwithstanding the requirements of sections 601(a) and 603(g) of this Act, reserve up to 75 percent of a Chesapeake Bay State's capitalization grant for a State water pollution control revolving fund to be available for projects and activities authorized under section 603(c) of this Act that are selected by the Administrator, after a notice to the State, to be carried out within such State;

"(B) withhold all funds otherwise available to the Chesapeake Bay State under this Act other than those funds authorized under title VI of this Act;

"(C) develop and administer a watershed implementation plan for that Chesapeake Bay State until such time as the Chesapeake Bay State has remedied the plan, reports, or achievements to the satisfaction of the Administrator;

1	"(D) require that all permits issued under
2	section 402 for new or expanding discharges of
3	nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment acquire off-
4	sets that exceed by 100 percent an amount that
5	would otherwise be required, taking into ac-
6	count attenuation, equivalency, and uncertainty;
7	and
8	"(E) for the purposes of developing and
9	implementing a watershed implementation plan
10	under subparagraph (C)—
11	"(i) notwithstanding any other provi-
12	sion of this Act (including any exclusion or
13	exception contained in a definition under
14	section 502), promulgate such regulations
15	or issue such permits as the Administrator
16	determines to be necessary to control pollu-
17	tion sufficient to meet the water quality
18	goals defined in the watershed implementa-
19	tion plan; and
20	"(ii) enforce any permits issued in ac-
21	cordance with the watershed implementa-
22	tion plan in the same manner as other per-
23	mits issued under section 402 are en-
24	forced.

1	"(6) Nitrogen and phosphorus trading
2	PROGRAM.—
3	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than
4	May 12, 2012, the Administrator, in coopera-
5	tion with each Chesapeake Bay State, shall es-
6	tablish an interstate nitrogen and phosphorus
7	trading program for the Chesapeake Bay for
8	the generation, trading, and use of nitrogen and
9	phosphorus credits to facilitate the attainment
10	and maintenance of the Chesapeake Bay-wide
11	TMDL for nitrogen and phosphorus.
12	"(B) Trading system.—The trading pro-
13	gram established under this subsection shall, at
14	a minimum—
15	"(i) define and standardize nitrogen
16	and phosphorus credits and establish pro-
17	cedures or standards for ensuring equiva-
18	lent water quality benefits for all credits;
19	"(ii) establish procedures or standards
20	for certifying, verifying, and enforcing ni-
21	trogen and phosphorus credits to ensure
22	that credit-generating practices from both
23	point sources and nonpoint sources are
24	achieving actual reductions in nitrogen and
25	phosphorus;

1	"(iii) establish procedures or stand-
2	ards for generating, quantifying, trading,
3	and applying credits to meet regulatory re-
4	quirements and allow for trading to occur
5	between and across point source or
6	nonpoint dischargers;
7	"(iv) establish baseline requirements
8	that a credit seller must meet before be-
9	coming eligible to generate saleable credits;
10	"(v) establish points-of-regulation at
11	the sub-State level to facilitate trading and
12	promote water quality goals under which—
13	"(I) States may designate point
14	sources as points-of-regulation, but
15	not nonpoint dischargers;
16	"(II) States shall aggregate mul-
17	tiple nonpoint dischargers to serve as
18	points-of-regulation; and
19	"(III) the Administrator shall es-
20	tablish guidelines or standards to en-
21	sure that points-of-regulation shall be
22	generally consistent across States;
23	"(vi) ensure that credits are used in
24	accordance with permit requirements under
25	the national pollutant discharge elimi-

1	nation system established under section
2	402 and trade requirements have been ade-
3	quately incorporated into the permits;
4	"(vii) ensure that private contracts
5	between credit buyers and credit sellers
6	contain adequate provisions to ensure en-
7	forceability under applicable law;
8	"(viii) establish procedures or stand-
9	ards for providing public transparency on
10	nutrient trading activity;
11	"(ix) ensure that, if the local receiving
12	water is impaired for the nutrient being
13	traded but a TMDL has not yet been im-
14	plemented for the impairment—
15	"(I) trades are required to result
16	in progress toward or the attainment
17	of water quality standards in the local
18	receiving water; and
19	"(II) dischargers in the water-
20	shed may not rely on credits produced
21	outside of the watershed;
22	"(x) require that the application of
23	credits to meet regulatory requirements
24	under this section not cause or contribute
25	to exceedances of water quality standards,

1	total maximum daily loads, or wasteload or
2	load allocations for affected receiving wa-
3	ters, including avoidance of localized im-
4	pacts;
5	"(xi) except as part of a consent
6	agreement, prohibit the purchase of credits
7	from any entity that is in significant non-
8	compliance with an enforceable permit
9	issued under section 402;
10	"(xii) consider and incorporate, to the
11	maximum extent practicable, elements of
12	State trading programs in existence as of
13	the date of enactment of the Chesapeake
14	Clean Water and Ecosystem Restoration
15	Act of 2009; and
16	"(xiii) allow for, as appropriate, the
17	aggregation and banking of credits by
18	third parties.
19	"(C) Facilitation of trading.—In
20	order to attract market participants and facili-
21	tate the cost-effective achievement of water
22	quality goals, the Administrator shall ensure
23	that the trading program established under this
24	paragraph—

1	"(i) includes measures to mitigate
2	credit buyer risk;
3	"(ii) makes use of the best available
4	science in order to minimize uncertainty
5	and related transaction costs to traders,
6	including the Administrator, in consulta-
7	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture, sup-
8	porting research and other activities that
9	increase the scientific understanding of
10	nonpoint nutrient pollutant loading and
11	the ability of various structural and non-
12	structural alternatives to reduce the loads;
13	"(iii) eliminates unnecessary or dupli-
14	cative administrative processes; and
15	"(iv) incorporates a permitting ap-
16	proach under the national pollutant dis-
17	charge elimination system established
18	under section 402 that creates a general
19	approval for trading avoiding the need to
20	reopen or reissue permits to incorporate in-
21	dividual trades.
22	"(7) Authority relating to develop-
23	MENT.—The Administrator shall—
24	"(A) establish and issue, for any project
25	affecting land that is more than 1 acre in size

and that is less than 5 percent covered by impervious surfaces prior to such project that proposes to increase the overall percentage of impervious surfaces, guidance relating to site planning, design, construction, and maintenance strategies to ensure that not less than the volume of the 95th percentile precipitation event shall infiltrate, evapotranspirate from, or be harvested and used on such site after the project is completed; and

- "(B) establish and issue model ordinances and guidelines with respect to the construction of low-impact development infrastructure and nonstructural low-impact development techniques for use by States, local governments, and private entities.
- "(8) Assistance with respect to stormwater discharges.—
- "(A) Grant Program.—The Administrator may provide grants to any local government within the Chesapeake Bay watershed that adopts the guidance, ordinances, and guidelines issued under paragraph (7).

1	"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant provided	
2	under subparagraph (A) may be used by a local	
3	government to pay costs associated with—	
4	"(i) developing, implementing, and en-	
5	forcing the guidance, ordinances, and	
6	guidelines issued under paragraph (7); and	
7	"(ii) implementing a project that is	
8	designed, constructed, and maintained to	
9	meet the relative performance standard de-	
10	scribed in subsection (i)(3)(B).	
11	"(9) Consumer and commercial product	
12	REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date of	
13	enactment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Eco-	
14	system Restoration Act of 2009, the Administrator,	
15	in consultation with the Chesapeake Executive Coun-	
16	cil, shall—	
17	"(A) review consumer and commercial	
18	products, the use of which may affect the water	
19	quality of the Chesapeake Bay watershed or as-	
20	sociated tributaries, to determine whether fur-	
21	ther product nutrient content restrictions are	
22	necessary to restore or maintain water quality	
23	in the Chesapeake Bay watershed and those	
24	tributaries; and	

1	"(B) submit to the Committees on Appro-
2	priations, Environment and Public Works, and
3	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
4	Senate and the Committees on Appropriations,
5	Natural Resources, Energy and Commerce, and
6	Transportation and Infrastructure of the House
7	of Representatives a report detailing the find-
8	ings of the review under subparagraph (A).
9	"(k) Prohibition on Introduction of Asian
10	OYSTERS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enact-
11	ment of the Chesapeake Clean Water and Ecosystem Res-
12	toration Act of 2009, the Administrator shall promulgate
13	regulations—
14	"(1) to designate the Asian oyster as a 'biologi-
15	cal pollutant' in the Chesapeake Bay and tidal wa-
16	ters pursuant to section 502;
17	"(2) to prohibit the issuance of permits under
18	sections 402 and 404 for the discharge of the Asian
19	oyster into the Chesapeake Bay and tidal waters;
20	and
21	"(3) to specify conditions under which scientifie
22	research on Asian oysters may be conducted within
23	the Chesapeake Bay and tidal waters.
24	"(1) Effect on Other Requirements.—

1	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this section re-
2	moves or otherwise affects any other obligation for
3	a point source to comply with other applicable re-
4	quirements under this Act.
5	"(2) Violations by states.—The failure of a
6	State to submit a watershed implementation plan or
7	biennial report, or to correct a previously missed 2-
8	year commitment made in a watershed implementa-
9	tion plan, by the applicable deadline established
10	under this section shall—
11	"(A) constitute a violation of this Act; and
12	"(B) subject the State to—
13	"(i) enforcement action by the Admin-
14	istrator; and
15	"(ii) civil actions commenced pursuant
16	to section 505.
17	"(3) Failure of administrator to act.—
18	The failure of the Administrator to act under this
19	section shall subject the Administrator to civil ac-
20	tions commenced pursuant to section 505.
21	"(m) Evaluation by the Inspector General.—
22	The Inspector General of the Environmental Protection
23	Agency shall evaluate the implementation of this section
24	on a periodic basis of not less than once every 3 years.
25	"(n) Authorization of Appropriations.—

1	"(1) Implementation and monitoring
2	GRANTS.—
3	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
4	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized to
5	be appropriated or otherwise made available to
6	carry out this section, there are authorized to
7	be appropriated to the Administrator—
8	"(i) to provide implementation grants
9	under subsection $(e)(3)(A)$, \$80,000,000
10	for each of fiscal years 2010 through
11	2015, to remain available until expended;
12	"(ii) to carry out a freshwater moni-
13	toring program under subsection (e)(3)(B)
14	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010
15	through 2015; and
16	"(iii) to carry out a Chesapeake Bay
17	and tidal water monitoring program under
18	subsection $(e)(3)(B)$, \$5,000,000 for each
19	of fiscal years 2010 through 2015.
20	"(B) Cost sharing.—The Federal share
21	of the cost of a program carried out using
22	funds from a grant provided—
23	"(i) under subparagraph (A)(i) shall
24	not exceed 50 percent; and

1	"(ii) under clause (ii) or (iii) of sub-
2	paragraph (A) shall not exceed 80 percent.
3	"(2) Chesapeake stewardship grants.—
4	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
5	subsection $(g)(2)$ \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal
6	years 2010 through 2014.
7	"(3) Stormwater pollution planning and
8	IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
9	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
10	TIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized or
11	otherwise made available to carry out this sec-
12	tion, there are authorized to be appropriated to
13	the Administrator—
14	"(i) to carry out subsection
15	(j)(8)(B)(i), \$10,000,000; and
16	"(ii) to carry out subsection
17	(j)(8)(B)(ii), \$1,500,000,000.
18	"(B) Cost-sharing.—A grant provided
19	for a project under—
20	"(i) subsection (j)(8)(B)(i) may not be
21	used to cover more than 80 percent of the
22	cost of the project; and
23	"(ii) subsection (j)(8)(B)(ii) may not
24	be used to cover more than 75 percent of
25	the cost of the project.

- 1 "(4) LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EX2 PENSES.—Not more than 10 percent of the annual
 3 amount of any grant provided by the Administrator
 4 or Secretary under any program described in para5 graphs (1), (2), or (3) may be used for administra6 tive expenses.
 7 "(5) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be
- 7 "(5) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts authorized to be 8 appropriated under this subsection shall remain 9 available until expended.".

10 SEC. 4. NONPOINT SOURCE MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.

Section 319(j) of the Federal Water Pollution Control
Act (33 U.S.C. 1329) is amended by striking "not to exceed \$70,000,000" and all that follows through the period
and inserting "\$500,000,000 for each of the fiscal years
2010 through 2015.".

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