111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3747

To promote water efficiency, conservation, and adaptation, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 7, 2009

Ms. Berkley (for herself and Ms. Titus) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure and Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To promote water efficiency, conservation, and adaptation, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Water Efficiency, Con-
- 5 servation, and Adaptation Act of 2009".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—

- 1 (1)(A) human-induced climate change is affect2 ing the natural water cycle, decreasing precipitation
 3 levels in the West, especially the Southwest, and
 4 making droughts and floods more frequent and more
 5 intense;
 - (B) declining precipitation levels will severely impact water supplies in Southwestern States; and
 - (C) a sharp increase in the number of days with very heavy precipitation throughout the Northeast and the Midwest will stress aging water infrastructure;
 - (2) changes in the water cycle caused by climate disruptions will adversely affect water infrastructure, energy production and use, human health, transportation, agriculture, and ecosystems, while also aggravating water disputes across the United States;
 - (3)(A) the Colorado River, which supplies water for over 30,000,000 people, is experiencing the worst drought in over 100 years of recordkeeping; and
 - (B) the primary reservoirs of the Colorado River Basin and Lakes Mead and Powell have lost nearly half of the storage waters of the reservoirs and lakes, and clean hydropower generated from

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- Hoover Dam risks reduction if the extended drought
 persists;
- 4 (4) States and local governments and water 4 utilities can begin to address the challenges de-5 scribed in this section by providing incentives for 6 water efficiency and conservation, while also plan-7 ning and investing in infrastructure to adapt to the 8 impacts of climate change, particularly those im-9 pacts already affecting the United States;
 - (5) residential water demand can be reduced by 25 to 40 percent using existing, cost-effective technologies that also can reduce the water bills of consumers by hundreds of dollars per year; and
 - (6) water and energy use are inseparable activities, and supplying and treating water consumes around 4 percent of the electricity of the United States, and electricity makes up 75 percent of the cost of processing and delivering municipal water.

19 SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF ADMINISTRATOR.

- In this Act, the term "Administrator" means the Ad-
- 21 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
- 22 SEC. 4. WATERSENSE.

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- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the
- 24 Environmental Protection Agency a WaterSense program

1	to identify and promote water efficient products, build-
2	ings, landscapes, facilities, processes, and services so as—
3	(1) to reduce water use;
4	(2) to reduce the strain on water, wastewater
5	and stormwater infrastructure;
6	(3) to conserve energy used to pump, heat
7	transport, and treat water; and
8	(4) to preserve water resources for future gen-
9	erations, through voluntary labeling of, or other
10	forms of communications about, products, buildings
11	landscapes, facilities, processes, and services that
12	meet the highest water efficiency and performance
13	criteria.
14	(b) Duties.—The Administrator shall—
15	(1) establish—
16	(A) a WaterSense label to be used for cer-
17	tain items; and
18	(B) the procedure by which an item may
19	be certified to display the WaterSense label;
20	(2) promote WaterSense-labeled products
21	buildings, landscapes, facilities, processes, and serv-
22	ices in the marketplace as the preferred technologies
23	and services for—
24	(A) reducing water use; and

1	(B) ensuring product and service perform-
2	ance;
3	(3) work to enhance public awareness of the
4	WaterSense label through public outreach, edu-
5	cation, and other means;
6	(4) preserve the integrity of the WaterSense
7	label by—
8	(A) establishing and maintaining perform-
9	ance criteria so that products, buildings, land-
10	scapes, facilities, processes, and services labeled
11	with the WaterSense label perform as well or
12	better than less water-efficient counterparts;
13	(B) overseeing WaterSense certifications
14	made by third parties;
15	(C) conducting reviews of the use of the
16	WaterSense label in the marketplace and taking
17	corrective action in any case in which misuse of
18	the label is identified; and
19	(D) carrying out such other measures as
20	the Administrator determines to be appropriate;
21	(5) regularly review and, if appropriate, update
22	WaterSense criteria for categories of products, build-
23	ings, landscapes, facilities, processes, and services,
24	at least once every 4 years;

- 1 (6) to the maximum extent practicable, regu2 larly estimate and make available to the public the
 3 production and relative market shares of, and the
 4 savings of water, energy, and capital costs of water,
 5 wastewater, and stormwater infrastructure attrib6 utable to the use of WaterSense-labeled products,
 7 buildings, landscapes, facilities, processes, and serv8 ices, at least annually;
 - (7) solicit comments from interested parties and the public prior to establishing or revising a WaterSense category, specification, installation criterion, or other criterion (or prior to effective dates for any such category, specification, installation criterion, or other criterion);
 - (8) provide reasonable notice to interested parties and the public of any changes (including effective dates), on the adoption of a new or revised category, specification, installation criterion, or other criterion, along with—
 - (A) an explanation of the changes; and
 - (B) as appropriate, responses to comments submitted by interested parties and the public;
 - (9) provide appropriate lead time (as determined by the Administrator) prior to the applicable effective date for a new or significant revision to a

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- category, specification, installation criterion, or other criterion, taking into account the timing requirements of the manufacturing, marketing, training, and distribution process for the specific product, building and landscape, or service category ad-
- 6 dressed;
- 7 (10) identify and, if appropriate, implement 8 other voluntary approaches in commercial, institu-9 tional, residential, industrial, and municipal sectors 10 to encourage recycling and reuse technologies to im-11 prove water efficiency or lower water use; and
- 12 (11) if appropriate, apply the WaterSense label 13 to water-using products that are labeled by the En-14 ergy Star program implemented by the Adminis-15 trator and the Secretary of Energy.
- 16 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 17 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this sec-18 tion—
- 19 (1) \$7,500,000 for fiscal year 2010;
- 20 (2) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
- 21 (3) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2012;
- 22 (4) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2013; and
- 23 (5) for each subsequent fiscal year, the applica-24 ble amount during the preceding fiscal year, as ad-25 justed to reflect changes for the 12-month period

1	ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer
2	Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by
3	the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of
4	Labor.
5	SEC. 5. STATE RESIDENTIAL WATER EFFICIENCY AND CON-
6	SERVATION INCENTIVES PROGRAM.
7	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
8	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
9	ty" means a State government, local or county gov-
10	ernment, tribal government, wastewater or sewerage
11	utility, municipal water authority, energy utility,
12	water utility, or nonprofit organization that meets
13	the requirements of subsection (b).
14	(2) Incentive program.—The term "incentive
15	program" means a program for administering finan-
16	cial incentives for consumer purchase and installa-
17	tion of water-efficient products, buildings (including
18	new water-efficient homes), landscapes, processes, or
19	services described in subsection $(b)(1)$.
20	(3) Residential water-efficient product,
21	BUILDING, LANDSCAPE, PROCESS, OR SERVICE.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "residential
23	water-efficient product, building, landscape,
24	process, or service" means a product, building,
25	landscape, process, or service for a residence or

1	its landscape that is rated for water efficiency
2	and performance—
3	(i) by the WaterSense program; or
4	(ii) if a WaterSense specification does
5	not exist, by the Energy Star program or
6	an incentive program approved by the Ad-
7	ministrator.
8	(B) Inclusions.—The term "residential
9	water-efficient product, building, landscape,
10	process, or service" includes—
11	(i) faucets;
12	(ii) irrigation technologies and serv-
13	ices;
14	(iii) point-of-use water treatment de-
15	vices;
16	(iv) reuse and recycling technologies;
17	(v) toilets;
18	(vi) clothes washers;
19	(vii) dishwashers;
20	(viii) showerheads;
21	(ix) xeriscaping and other landscape
22	conversions that replace irrigated turf; and
23	(x) new water efficient homes certified
24	under the WaterSense program.

1	(4) Watersense program.—The term
2	"WaterSense program" means the program estab-
3	lished by section 4.
4	(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—An entity shall be eligible
5	to receive an allocation under subsection (c) if the entity—
6	(1) establishes (or has established) an incentive
7	program to provide financial incentives to residential
8	consumers for the purchase of residential water-effi-
9	cient products, buildings, landscapes, processes, or
10	services;
11	(2) submits an application for the allocation at
12	such time, in such form, and containing such infor-
13	mation as the Administrator may require; and
14	(3) provides assurances satisfactory to the Ad-
15	ministrator that the entity will use the allocation to
16	supplement, but not supplant, funds made available
17	to carry out the incentive program.
18	(c) Amount of Allocations.—For each fiscal year,
19	the Administrator shall determine the amount to allocate
20	to each eligible entity to carry out subsection (d), taking
21	into consideration—
22	(1) the population served by the eligible entity
23	during the most recent calendar year for which data
24	are available:

- 1 (2) the targeted population of the incentive pro-2 gram of the eligible entity, such as general house-3 holds, low-income households, or first-time home-4 owners, and the probable effectiveness of the incen-5 tive program for that population;
 - (3) for existing programs, the effectiveness of the program in encouraging the adoption of waterefficient products, buildings, landscapes, facilities, processes, and services;
 - (4) any allocation to the eligible entity for a preceding fiscal year that remains unused; and
 - (5) the per capita water demand of the population served by the eligible entity during the most recent calendar year for which data are available and the accessibility of water supplies to the eligible entity.
- 17 (d) USE OF ALLOCATED FUNDS.—Funds allocated to 18 an eligible entity under subsection (c) may be used to pay 19 up to 50 percent of the cost of establishing and carrying 20 out an incentive program.
- 21 (e) FIXTURE RECYCLING.—Eligible entities are en-22 couraged to promote or implement fixture recycling pro-23 grams to manage the disposal of older fixtures replaced 24 due to the incentive program under this section.
- 25 (f) Issuance of Incentives.—

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1	(1) In general.—Financial incentives may be
2	provided to residential consumers that meet the re-
3	quirements of the applicable incentive program.
4	(2) Manner of issuance.—An eligible entity
5	may—
6	(A) issue all financial incentives directly to
7	residential consumers; or
8	(B) with approval of the Administrator,
9	delegate all or part of financial incentive admin-
10	istration to other organizations, including local
11	governments, municipal water authorities, water
12	utilities, and nonprofit organizations.
13	(3) Amount.—The amount of a financial in-
14	centive shall be determined by the eligible entity,
15	taking into consideration—
16	(A) the amount of any Federal or State
17	tax incentive available for the purchase of the
18	residential water-efficient product or service;
19	(B) the amount necessary to change con-
20	sumer behavior to purchase water-efficient
21	products and services; and
22	(C) the consumer expenditures for onsite
23	preparation, assembly, and original installation
24	of the product.

1	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to
3	carry out this section—
4	(1) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2010;
5	(2) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
6	(3) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2012;
7	(4) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2013;
8	(5) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2014; and
9	(6) for each subsequent fiscal year, the applica-
10	ble amount during the preceding fiscal year, as ad-
11	justed to reflect changes for the 12-month period
12	ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer
13	Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by
14	the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of
15	Labor.
16	SEC. 6. BLUE BANK FOR WATER SYSTEM MITIGATION AND
17	ADAPTATION.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) ABRUPT CLIMATE CHANGE.—The term "ab-
20	rupt climate change" means a large-scale change in
21	the climate system that—
22	(A) takes place over a few decades or less;
23	(B) persists (or is anticipated to persist)
24	for at least a few decades: and

1	(C) causes substantial disruptions in
2	human and natural systems.
3	(2) Owner or operator.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "owner or
5	operator" means a person (including a regional,
6	State, local, municipal, or private entity) that
7	owns or operates a water system.
8	(B) Inclusion.—The term "owner or op-
9	erator" includes a non-Federal entity that has
10	operational responsibilities for a federally owned
11	water system.
12	(3) Water system.—The term "water sys-
13	tem" means—
14	(A) a community water system (as defined
15	in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 300f));
17	(B) a publicly owned treatment works (as
18	defined in section 212 of the Federal Water
19	Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292)), in-
20	cluding a municipal separate storm sewer sys-
21	tem;
22	(C) a decentralized wastewater treatment
23	system for domestic sewage;
24	(D) a groundwater storage and replenish-
25	ment system; or

1	(E) a system for transport and delivery of
2	water for irrigation or conservation.
3	(b) Grants.—Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the Ad-
4	ministrator shall make grants to owners or operators of
5	water systems to address any ongoing or forecasted (based
6	on the best available research and data) climate-related
7	impact on the water quality or quantity of a region of the
8	United States, for the purposes of mitigating or adapting
9	to the impacts of climate change.
10	(c) Eligible Uses.—In carrying out this section,
11	the Administrator shall make grants to assist in the plan-
12	ning, design, construction, implementation, or mainte-
13	nance of any program or project to increase the resilience
14	of a water system to climate change by—
15	(1) conserving water or enhancing water use ef-
16	ficiency, including through the use of water metering
17	to measure the effectiveness of a water efficiency
18	program;
19	(2) modifying or relocating existing water sys-
20	tem infrastructure made or projected to be made in-
21	operable by climate change impacts;
22	(3) preserving or improving water quality, in-
23	cluding through measures to manage, reduce, treat,
24	or reuse municipal stormwater, wastewater, or
25	drinking water;

- (4) investigating, designing, or constructing groundwater remediation, recycled water, or desalination facilities or systems;
 - (5) enhancing water management by increasing watershed preservation and protection, such as through the use of natural or engineered green infrastructure in the management, conveyance, or treatment of water, wastewater, or stormwater;
 - (6) enhancing energy efficiency or the use and generation of renewable energy in the management, conveyance, or treatment of water, wastewater, or stormwater;
 - (7) supporting the adoption and use of advanced water treatment, water supply management (such as reservoir reoperation), or water demand management technologies, projects, or processes (such as water reuse and recycling or adaptive conservation pricing) that maintain or increase water supply or improve water quality;
 - (8) modifying or replacing existing systems or constructing new systems for existing communities or land currently in agricultural production to improve water availability, storage, or conveyance in a manner that—

1	(A) promotes more efficient use of avail-
2	able water supplies; and
3	(B) does not further exacerbate stresses on
4	ecosystems;
5	(9) supporting practices and projects, such as
6	improved irrigation systems, water banking and
7	other forms of water transactions, groundwater re-
8	charge, stormwater capture, and reuse or recycling
9	of drainage water, to improve water quality or pro-
10	mote more efficient water use, including on land cur-
11	rently in agricultural production;
12	(10) conducting and completing studies or as-
13	sessments to project how climate change may impact
14	the future operations and sustainability of water sys-
15	tems; or
16	(11) developing and implementing mitigation
17	measures to rapidly address impacts on water sys-
18	tems most susceptible to abrupt climate change, in-
19	cluding those in the Colorado River Basin and coast-
20	al regions at risk from rising sea levels.
21	(d) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
22	from the Administrator under subsection (b), the owner
23	or operator of a water system shall submit to the Adminis-
24	trator an application that—

1	(1) includes a proposal of the program, strat-
2	egy, or infrastructure improvement to be planned,
3	designed, constructed, implemented, or maintained
4	by the water system;
5	(2) cites the best available research or data that
6	demonstrates—
7	(A) the risk to the water resources or in-
8	frastructure of the water system as a result of
9	ongoing or forecasted changes to the
10	hydrological system brought about by factors
11	arising from climate change, including rising
12	sea levels and changes in precipitation levels;
13	and
14	(B) how the proposed program, strategy,
15	or infrastructure improvement would perform
16	under the anticipated climate conditions;
17	(3) explains how the proposed program, strat-
18	egy, or infrastructure improvement is expected to
19	enhance the resiliency of the water system, including
20	source water protection for community water sys-
21	tems, to these risks or reduce the direct or indirect
22	greenhouse gas emissions of the water system; and
23	(4) demonstrates that the program, strategy, or
24	infrastructure improvement is—

1	(A) consistent with any approved State
2	and tribal climate adaptation plan; and
3	(B) not inconsistent with any approved
4	natural resources plan.
5	(e) Competitive Process.—
6	(1) In general.—Each calendar year, the Ad-
7	ministrator shall conduct a competitive process to
8	select and fund applications under this section.
9	(2) Priority requirements and
10	WEIGHTING.—In carrying out the process, the Ad-
11	ministrator shall—
12	(A) prioritize funding of applications that
13	are submitted by the owners or operators of
14	water systems that are, based on the best avail-
15	able research and data, at the greatest and
16	most immediate risk of facing significant cli-
17	mate-related negative impacts on water quality
18	or quantity;
19	(B) in selecting among the priority applica-
20	tions determined under subparagraph (A), en-
21	sure that the final list of applications funded
22	for each year includes a substantial number
23	that, to the maximum extent practicable, in-
24	cludes each eligible use described in subsection
25	(c):

1	(C) solicit applications from water systems
2	that are—
3	(i) located in all regions of the United
4	States; and
5	(ii) facing varying risks as a result of
6	climate change; and
7	(D) provide for solicitation and consider-
8	ation of public input in the development of cri-
9	teria used in evaluating applications.
10	(f) Cost Sharing.—
11	(1) Federal share.—The Federal share of
12	the cost of any program, strategy, or infrastructure
13	improvement that is the subject of a grant awarded
14	by the Administrator to a water system under sub-
15	section (b) shall not exceed 50 percent of the cost
16	of the program, strategy, and infrastructure im-
17	provement.
18	(2) Calculation of non-federal share.—
19	In calculating the non-Federal share of the cost of
20	a program, strategy, or infrastructure improvement
21	proposed by a water system through an application
22	submitted by the water system under subsection (d),
23	the Administrator shall—
24	(A) include the value of any in-kind serv-
25	ices that are integral to the completion of the

program, strategy, or infrastructure improvement, as determined by the Administrator; and

(B) not include any other amount that the water system receives from a Federal agency.

(g) Labor Standards.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—All laborers and mechanics employed on infrastructure improvements funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing for the same type of work on similar construction in the immediate locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of part A of subtitle II of title 40, United States Code.
- (2) AUTHORITY AND FUNCTIONS.—With respect to the labor standards in this subsection, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.

(h) Regulations.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall promulgate final regulations to carry out this section.

1	(2) Special rule for the construction of
2	TREATMENT WORKS.—In carrying out this sub-
3	section, the Administrator shall incorporate all rel-
4	evant and appropriate requirements of title VI of the
5	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
6	1381 et seq.) applicable to the construction of treat-
7	ment works that are carried out under this section.
8	(i) Report to Congress.—Not later than 3 years
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 3 years
10	thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the Congress
11	a report on progress in implementing this section, includ-
12	ing information on project applications received and fund-
13	ed annually.
14	(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

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16 such sums as are necessary.