^{111TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION H.R. 2312

To authorize the Secretary of Energy to make grants to encourage cooperation between the United States and China on joint research, development, or commercialization of carbon capture and sequestration technology, improved energy efficiency, or renewable energy sources.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 7, 2009

Mr. ISRAEL (for himself, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. KIRK, and Mrs. DAVIS of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To authorize the Secretary of Energy to make grants to encourage cooperation between the United States and China on joint research, development, or commercialization of carbon capture and sequestration technology, improved energy efficiency, or renewable energy sources.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "United States-China

5 Energy Cooperation Act".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following: 2

3	(1) The December 2004 National Intelligence
4	Council report entitled "Mapping the Global Future
5	in 2020" states that the single most important fac-
6	tor affecting the demand for energy will be global
7	economic growth, especially that of China and India.
8	(2) The United States and China are both rich
9	in coal and look to it for a majority of their elec-
10	tricity needs.
11	(3) China is building its power generation base
12	for the first time and the United States is preparing
13	to replace a generation of aging electric power facili-
14	ties.
15	(4) Carbon capture and sequestration is a via-
16	ble technology that still needs significant amounts of
17	research and development before it can be widely
18	commercialized.
19	(5) A study by MIT (2007) on "The Future of
20	Coal" outlines the need for several integrated
21	projects to demonstrate the feasibility of carbon cap-
22	ture and sequestration in a variety of countries and
23	geological settings.
24	(6) The United States and China are already
25	working together on the FutureGen project in the
26	United States. FutureGen is an initiative to build

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the world's first integrated sequestration and hydro gen production research power plant. The project is
 intended to create the world's first zero-emissions
 fossil fuel plant.

5 (7) Joint American-Chinese research and devel6 opment on carbon capture technology would improve
7 the energy security of both nations.

8 (8) Further, both the United States and China 9 are actively seeking to promote industrial efficiency 10 and conservation. United States industry consumes 11 more than one third of all energy used in the United 12 States. The United States Department of Energy's 13 Industrial Technologies program aims to invest in 14 research and development to reduce industrial en-15 ergy use while stimulating productivity and growth.

16 (9) The industrial sector represents 68 percent 17 of all primary energy consumption in China. In 18 2006, China's National Development and Reform 19 Commission launched a major program to improve 20 energy efficiency in China's 1,000 largest enter-21 prises, which together consume one third of China's 22 primary energy. Additionally, the Chinese Govern-23 ment plans to retire many inefficient power plants 24 and close many inefficient industrial plants.

(10) There is a need to build capacity among
 scholars in both China and the United States in the
 area of analytic energy and climate change policy.

4 SEC. 3. GRANT PROGRAM.

5 (a) APPLICATION.—In order to receive a grant under
6 this Act, an eligible entity shall submit an application to
7 the Secretary containing such information and assurances
8 as the Secretary may require.

9 (b) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall review any ap-10 plication submitted by any eligible entity and select eligible 11 entities meeting criteria established by the Secretary to 12 receive a grant under this section. The amount of each 13 grant awarded for a fiscal year under this section shall 14 be determined by the Secretary.

15 (c) RECOUPMENT.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days 17 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-18 retary shall establish procedures and criteria for 19 recoupment in connection with any eligible project 20 carried out by an eligible entity that receives a grant 21 under this section, which has led to the development 22 of a product or process which is marketed or used. 23 (2) Amount required.—

24 (A) Except as provided in subparagraph25 (B), such recoupment shall be required as a

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1 condition for award and be proportional to the 2 Federal share of the costs of such project, and 3 shall be derived from the proceeds of royalties 4 or licensing fees received in connection with 5 such product or process. 6 (B) In the case where a product or process 7 is used by the recipient of a grant under this 8 section for the production and sale of its own 9 products or processes, the recoupment shall 10 consist of a payment equivalent to the payment 11 which would be made under subparagraph (A). 12 (3) WAIVER.—The Secretary may at any time 13 waive or defer all or some of the recoupment re-14 quirements of this subsection as necessary, depend-15 ing on-16 (A) the commercial competitiveness of the 17 entity or entities developing or using the prod-18 uct or process; 19 (B) the profitability of the project; and 20 (C) the commercial viability of the product 21 or process utilized. 22 (4) EXCEPTION.—The requirement under this 23 subsection shall not apply to purely academic endeavors that have no commercial value. 24

(d) USE OF EXISTING PROGRAMS.—The Secretary
 shall carry out this section through existing programs at
 the Department of Energy.

4 (e) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after receiving
5 a grant under this section, each recipient shall submit a
6 report to the Secretary—

7 (1) documenting how the recipient used the8 grant funds; and

9 (2) evaluating the level of success of each10 project funded by the grant.

11 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

12 In this Act:

(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-13 14 ty" means a joint venture comprised of both Chinese 15 and United States private business entities, a joint 16 venture comprised of both Chinese academic persons 17 (who reside and work in China) and United States 18 academic persons, or a joint venture comprised of 19 both Chinese and United States Federal, State, or 20 local government entities which—

21 (A) carries out an eligible project; and
22 (B) is selected by the Secretary using the
23 criteria established by the Secretary.

24 (2) ELIGIBLE PROJECT.—The term "eligible
25 project" means a project to encourage cooperation

between the United States and China on joint en ergy and climate change policy education programs
 and joint research, development, or commercializa tion of carbon capture and sequestration technology,
 improved energy efficiency, or renewable energy
 sources.

7 (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
8 the Secretary of Energy.

9 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to expend not more than \$20,000,000 to carry out this Act
for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

(b) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—Amounts authorized under this section may be made available notwithstanding any other provision of law that restricts assistance to foreign countries.

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