111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1755

To award grants to States to establish, enhance, or expand high-quality preschool programs for children ages 3 through 5 in rural areas.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 26, 2009

Mr. Hare (for himself, Mr. Rehberg, Mr. Loebsack, and Ms. Hirono) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To award grants to States to establish, enhance, or expand high-quality preschool programs for children ages 3 through 5 in rural areas.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FACTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Rural Early Education Access Act".
- 6 (b) Facts.—Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) Investing in early childhood programs can
- 8 yield positive gains for children and rural commu-
- 9 nities, such as—

| 1 | (A) academic achievement and progression; |
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| 2 | (B) decreased cost to local governments for |
| 3 | expensive social services, such as special edu- |
| 4 | cation; |
| 5 | (C) a skilled and productive workforce; and |
| 6 | (D) economic development. |
| 7 | (2) The 2007 National Center for Education |
| 8 | Statistics report "Status of Education in Rural |
| 9 | America" found that rural areas maintain the lowest |
| 10 | level of enrollment in preschool programs when com- |
| 11 | pared with urban and suburban school districts. |
| 12 | (3) In 2006, an estimated 2.69 million children |
| 13 | between the ages of three and five were living in |
| 14 | rural areas, and only half had access to "center- |
| 15 | based preschool". |
| 16 | (4) Students in rural districts have been found |
| 17 | to be fifteen percent less likely to begin kindergarten |
| 18 | with key early literacy skills and fifty percent less |
| 19 | likely to possess beginning sounds recognition than |
| 20 | urban and suburban children. |
| 21 | (5) Rural children are sixty percent more likely |
| 22 | to require special education placement than children |
| 23 | from non-rural areas. |
| 24 | (6) Rural communities face significant obstacles |
| 25 | in providing access to high quality preschool pro- |

- grams needed to mitigate these problems, such as limited financial resources, scarcity of qualified teachers, deficient training and professional development opportunities, inadequate facilities, and lack of transportation options.
 - (7) In spite of increasing State investments, access to high-quality preschool programs varies widely among urban, suburban, and rural areas within a State due to the lack of capacity in rural communities.
 - (8) Head Start offers the only option for high quality early education in rural communities, however, many low-income children living in rural settings do not qualify, and many who do qualify are not being served.
 - (9) Given rural challenges and limited access to preschool programs in rural communities, Federal investments are necessary in order for children in rural areas to benefit from the research-proven gains offered by high-quality early learning programs.
 - (10) On March 10, 2009, President Obama called on Congress to enact the Early Learning Challenge Grant to help States raise the quality of early learning programs.

- 1 (11) Federal funding for preschool programs
- 2 that require States to compete for funds and then
- allows them to create a formula to provide grants to
- 4 rural providers will increase the availability of high
- 5 quality early childhood education opportunities.

6 SEC. 2. RURAL EARLY EDUCATION GRANTS.

- 7 (a) Program Established.—From the amounts
- 8 made available to carry out this Act, the Secretary shall
- 9 make grants to States to establish, enhance, or expand
- 10 high-quality preschool programs provided by rural pre-
- 11 school providers.
- 12 (b) Duration of Grants.—
- 13 (1) Initial grants.—An initial grant under
- this Act shall be for a period of 5 years.
- 15 (2) Additional Grants.—An initial grant
- under this Act may be renewed under section 11.

17 SEC. 3. STATE ACTIVITIES.

- 18 (a) REQUIRED USE OF FUNDS.—Except as provided
- 19 in subsection (b), a State shall use funds received under
- 20 this Act to carry out a program to award subgrants to
- 21 rural preschool providers in accordance with the applica-
- 22 tion requirements under section 4 and the formula re-
- 23 quirements under section 5.
- 24 (b) Allowable Use of Funds.—A State that re-
- 25 ceives a grant under this Act may use up to 5 percent

- 1 of the grant to perform one or more of the following State2 activities:
- 1) Providing consultation to administrators of rural preschool providers on strategies to combine services with local Head Start agencies to expand enrollment or to provide additional services to children enrolled in programs provided by the rural preschool providers.
 - (2) Creating partnerships between rural preschool providers and institutions of higher education in order to enable participating teachers and paraprofessionals to obtain a bachelor's degree as non-traditional students by expanding a State-funded professional development program (or other existing program) to include a program for preschool teachers who are employed in rural areas.
 - (3) Providing relief for student loans and other incentives for preschool teachers who are employed by rural preschool providers after receiving a bachelor's degree in early childhood education.
 - (4) Establishing a monitoring system to ensure that all rural preschool providers awarded a grant under this Act demonstrate progress toward implementing high-quality preschool programs.

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- 1 (5) Developing and implementing statewide pro-2 cedures to promote coordination between rural pre-3 school providers and local educational agencies.
- 4 (6) Disseminating information about the finan-5 cial management of rural preschool providers, in-6 cluding financial management strategies that com-7 bine Federal, State, local, and private funds.

8 SEC. 4. STATE APPLICATIONS.

- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring to receive a grant
 10 under this Act shall submit an application to the Secretary
 11 at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may
 12 reasonably require.
- (b) REQUIRED CONTENTS.—The application referredto in subsection (a) shall include—
 - (1) a description of how the funding formula in section 5 will ensure that funds are received only by eligible rural preschool providers in such State;
 - (2) a plan for measuring the progress demonstrated by rural preschool providers in such State toward implementing high-quality preschool programs;
- 22 (3) an assurance that the State, at a minimum, 23 will ensure that the total expenditure by the State 24 and its political subdivisions to support such pro-25 grams for the fiscal year for which the grant is

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| 1 | made is equal to, or greater than, such expenditure |
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| 2 | for the preceding fiscal year; |
| 3 | (4) how the State will— |
| 4 | (A) promote coordination between rural |
| 5 | preschool providers and the local educational |
| 6 | agencies in such State; |
| 7 | (B) ensure that institutions of higher edu- |
| 8 | cation in such State will receive funds for ac- |
| 9 | tivities pursuant to section 3(b)(2), if applica- |
| 10 | ble; |
| 11 | (C) ensure that partnerships between rural |
| 12 | preschool providers and Head Start programs |
| 13 | under section 7(b) in such State will enhance |
| 14 | the quality or the availability of resources pro- |
| 15 | vided to children served by the Head Start |
| 16 | agency; and |
| 17 | (D) determine that rural preschool pro- |
| 18 | viders in such State fulfill the minimum eligi- |
| 19 | bility requirements of section 6; and |
| 20 | (5) a description of the lead agency in such |
| 21 | State, designated by the Governor of such State, to |
| 22 | administer and to supervise the implementation of |
| 23 | programs authorized under this Act. |

1 SEC. 5. ALLOTMENT TO RURAL PRESCHOOL PROVIDERS. 2 Each State shall create a formula to award subgrants 3 to rural preschool providers that considers— 4 (1) factors that impede the implementation of a 5 high-quality preschool program, including 6 graphical barriers, local poverty rates, and scarcity 7 of professional development opportunities for teach-8 ers; 9 (2) the educational needs of children enrolled in 10 the rural preschool program provided by a rural pre-11 school provider, including children with learning dis-12 abilities and limited English proficiency; and 13 (3) the current availability of rural preschool 14 program opportunities. 15 SEC. 6. ELIGIBILITY FOR RURAL PRESCHOOL PROVIDERS. 16 (a) Eligibility Requirements.—In order to receive a subgrant under this Act, a rural preschool provider 17 must demonstrate that it— 18 19 (1) maintains a maximum classroom size of 20 20 children per classroom; 21 (2) maintains a teacher-to-student ratio of 10

to 1 or lower;
(3) implements a program that adheres to comprehensive early learning standards;

| 1 | (4) provides at least one highly nutritious meal |
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| 2 | for each child for every 3 hours of program partici- |
| 3 | pation per day; and |
| 4 | (5) provides at least one highly nutritious snack |
| 5 | for each child participating in the program for up to |
| 6 | 3 hours per day. |
| 7 | (b) Waiver.—A rural preschool provider that ex- |
| 8 | ceeds the classroom size and ratio requirements in para- |
| 9 | graphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) due to smaller enroll- |
| 10 | ments or geographic barriers may apply to have such re- |
| 11 | quirements waived in order to receive a subgrant under |
| 12 | this Act. The State shall designate an appropriate agency |
| 13 | with expertise in early childhood education to review and |
| 14 | to approve such applications. |
| 15 | SEC. 7. LOCAL USE OF FUNDS. |
| 16 | (a) REQUIRED USE OF FUNDS.—A rural preschool |
| 17 | provider that receives a subgrant under this Act shall use |
| 18 | funds to meet one or more of the following program re- |
| 19 | quirements: |
| 20 | (1) Providing one highly competent assistant |
| 21 | teacher per classroom of more than 10 children. |
| 22 | (2) Providing not less than 15 hours of partici- |
| 23 | pation in a high-quality professional development |

program for each teacher per school year.

| 1 | (3) Providing health screening and referral |
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| 2 | services for children enrolled in the preschool pro- |
| 3 | gram, including regular dental and vision screenings |
| 4 | (4) Providing resources and qualified staff nec- |
| 5 | essary to serve children with disabilities. |
| 6 | (5) Providing resources and qualified staff nec- |
| 7 | essary to serve children of limited English pro- |
| 8 | ficiency. |
| 9 | (6) Coordinating with local educational agen- |
| 10 | cies. |
| 11 | (b) HEAD START-PRESCHOOL PARTNERSHIP.— |
| 12 | (1) In general.—In order to fulfill the re- |
| 13 | quirements of subsection (a), a rural preschool pro- |
| 14 | vider may use grant funds to form a partnership |
| 15 | with a local Head Start agency. Such partnerships |
| 16 | shall pay for the services needed to serve preschool |
| 17 | students not eligible for a Head Start program |
| 18 | which may include services, such as— |
| 19 | (A) facilities, including classroom space; |
| 20 | (B) health screening and referral services |
| 21 | (C) materials and supplies used in a pre- |
| 22 | school or Head Start program; and |
| 23 | (D) highly competent teachers and assist- |
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| 1 | (2) Limitation.—The provision of services |
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| 2 | through a partnership with a local Head Start agen- |
| 3 | cy shall not reduce the quality or availability of re- |
| 4 | sources provided to eligible children served by the |
| 5 | Head Start agency. |
| 6 | (c) Allowable Use of Funds.—Rural preschool |
| 7 | providers that have satisfied any one requirement in sub- |
| 8 | section (a) may use the remaining funds to— |
| 9 | (1) establish partnerships with local community |
| 10 | colleges and institutions of higher education to en- |
| 11 | able teachers and staff to participate as nontradi- |
| 12 | tional students in degree programs that award a |
| 13 | bachelor's degree, or higher credential, in early |
| 14 | childhood education; |
| 15 | (2) recruit more highly competent preschool |
| 16 | teachers and provide incentives to retain such teach- |
| 17 | ers, including salary enhancements and enhanced |
| 18 | employee benefits packages; |
| 19 | (3) provide resources necessary to enroll more |
| 20 | children and offer the full range of services provided |
| 21 | by the rural preschool provider to newly enrolled |
| 22 | children; |
| 23 | (4) provide safe and efficient transportation to |
| 24 | and from the program provided by the rural pre- |

school provider;

| 1 | (5) extend part-day programs to full-day pro- |
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| 2 | grams and part-week programs to full-week pro- |
| 3 | grams; |
| 4 | (6) implement programs to encourage parents |
| 5 | to support their children's early education, such as |
| 6 | after school reading programs and regular home vis- |
| 7 | its by preschool teachers with students and their |
| 8 | families; and |
| 9 | (7) promote coordination with local educational |
| 10 | agencies. |
| 11 | SEC. 8. MATCHING REQUIREMENTS. |
| 12 | The Secretary shall not make a grant to a State |
| 13 | under this Act unless the State agrees to the following: |
| 14 | (1) In the case of a State that provides funding |
| 15 | to rural preschool providers to carry out a program |
| 16 | that, in addition to the requirements under sections |
| 17 | 6 and 7, meets the following requirements, the non- |
| 18 | Federal share of the cost of the activities under this |
| 19 | Act will be 40 percent: |
| 20 | (A) Provide an assistant teacher with an |
| 21 | associate's degree in early childhood education |
| 22 | or a child development associate's credential in |
| 23 | every classroom of more than 10 children; and |
| 24 | (B) Adopt a plan for requiring that, within |
| 25 | 5 years after the State first receives a grant |

- under this Act, all lead teachers employed by a rural preschool provider hold a bachelor's degree in early childhood education or in a related field with specialized training in early childhood education.
 - (2) In the case of a State that provides funding to rural kindergarten providers to carry out a program that meets the requirements under sections 6 and 7, the non-Federal share of the cost of the activities under this Act will be 50 percent.
- 11 (3) In the case of a State that does not provide 12 any funding for rural preschool providers, the non-13 Federal share of the cost of the activities under this 14 Act will be 60 percent.

15 SEC. 9. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

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- Each State that receives a grant under this Act shall report the following to the Secretary annually:
- 18 (1) The progress of each local preschool pro-19 vider in implementing high-quality preschool pro-20 grams.
- 21 (2) The number of rural preschool providers re-22 ceiving funding.
- 23 (3) Such information as the Secretary may rea-24 sonably require regarding State and local partner-

- ships with higher education institutions that are supported with funds awarded under this Act.
- 3 (4) The number of rural preschool programs 4 that have extended from part-day to full-day and 5 part-week to full-week.
 - (5) The number of rural preschool programs that have formed partnerships with local Head Start providers pursuant to section 7(b).
 - (6) The number of students in average daily attendance at programs provided by rural preschool providers, and the net increase or decrease of such attendance per year.
 - (7) State activities to disseminate information and to provide consultation about program financing among administrators of rural preschool programs, pursuant to section 3(b).
- 17 (8) Progress in promoting coordination between 18 rural preschool providers and local educational agen-19 cies.

20 SEC. 10. SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.

- Funds made available under this Act may be used
- 22 only to supplement, and not supplant, other Federal,
- 23 State, local, or private funds that would, in the absence
- 24 of the funds made available under this Act, be made avail-
- 25 able for early childhood programs.

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1 SEC. 11. RENEWAL PROCEDURE.

| 2 | Five years after receiving an initial grant under this |
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| 3 | Act, a State may apply to renew the grant for an addi- |
| 4 | tional 5-year period, by providing to the Secretary— |
| 5 | (1) the information reported under section 9; |
| 6 | (2) a demonstration that the State and local |
| 7 | share of per-child expenditures on rural preschool |
| 8 | providers receiving funds under this Act has in- |
| 9 | creased at a rate equal or greater to the rate of in- |
| 10 | flation over the 5-year period of the previous grant |
| 11 | award; |
| 12 | (3) a demonstration that State investments in |
| 13 | other forms of early childhood education and care |
| 14 | have not decreased as a consequence of increased in- |
| 15 | vestments in rural preschool programs; |
| 16 | (4) information sufficient to determine such |
| 17 | State's eligibility for matching funds under section |
| 18 | 8; and |
| 19 | (5) any additional information that the Sec- |
| 20 | retary may reasonably require. |
| 21 | SEC. 12. DEFINITIONS. |
| 22 | In this Act, the following definitions apply: |
| 23 | (1) Comprehensive Early Learning Stand- |
| 24 | ARDS.—The term "comprehensive early learning |
| 25 | standards" means standards that offer guidance to |
| 26 | rural preschool providers and ensure that they cover |

1 the full range of areas essential to children's learn-2 ing and development, which standards shall include 3 the following early learning domains: 4 (A) Social-emotional development. 5 (B) Approaches to learning. 6 (C) Language development. 7 (D) Cognition and general knowledge. 8 (2)Full-day.—The term "full-day", when 9 used in reference to a rural preschool provider, 10 means a provider with a minimum of a 6-hour 11 schedule per day. (3) Full-week.—The term "full-week", when 12 13 used in reference to a rural preschool provider, 14 means a provider with a minimum of a 5-day sched-15 ule per week. (4) HEAD START AGENCY.—The term "Head 16 17 Start agency" means any local public or private non-18 profit agency or for-profit agency that is designated 19 as a Head Start agency under section 641 of the 20 Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9836). 21 (5) HEAD START PROGRAM.—The term "Head Start program' means a program provided by a 22 23 Head Start agency. 24 (6) Highly Nutritious Meal.—The term "highly nutritious meal" means a meal that meets 25

| 1 | the component requirements prescribed by the Sec- |
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| 2 | retary of Agriculture for the National School Lunch |
| 3 | Program, pursuant to section 9(a) of the Richard B. |
| 4 | Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. |
| 5 | 1758(a)). |
| 6 | (7) Highly nutritious snack.—The term |
| 7 | "highly nutritious snack" means a snack that con- |
| 8 | sists of the component requirements prescribed by |
| 9 | the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to section 17 |
| 10 | of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch |
| 11 | Act (42 U.S.C. 1766(a)). |
| 12 | (8) High-quality preschool program.— |
| 13 | The term "high-quality preschool program", when |
| 14 | used in this Act, refers to an educational program |
| 15 | serving children ages 3 through 5 that— |
| 16 | (A) adheres to comprehensive early learn- |
| 17 | ing standards that address all areas of early |
| 18 | childhood development; |
| 19 | (B) provides at least one highly nutritious |
| 20 | meal for each child for every 3 hours of pro- |
| 21 | gram participation per day and one highly nu- |
| 22 | tritious snack for each child participating in |
| 23 | less than 3 hours per day; |
| 24 | (C) provides in every classroom, a lead |
| 25 | teacher with a bachelor's degree in early child- |

| 1 | hood education, or in a related field with spe- |
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| 2 | cialized training in early childhood education; |
| 3 | (D) provides an assistant teacher with an |
| 4 | associate's degree in early childhood education |
| 5 | or a child development associate's credential in |
| 6 | every classroom of more than 10 children; |
| 7 | (E) provides opportunities for teachers to |
| 8 | participate in at least 15 hours of high-quality |
| 9 | professional development per year; and |
| 10 | (F) provides vision, hearing, and health |
| 11 | screening and referral services to enrolled chil- |
| 12 | dren. |
| 13 | (9) High-quality professional develop- |
| 14 | MENT PROGRAM.—The term "high-quality profes- |
| 15 | sional development program", used in reference to |
| 16 | professional development programs that serve pre- |
| 17 | school teachers, means a program that prepares |
| 18 | teachers to— |
| 19 | (A) teach with a high level of oral, written, |
| 20 | and technological communication skills; |
| 21 | (B) understand research and data relevant |
| 22 | to early childhood education and to use develop- |
| 23 | mentally appropriate instructional techniques, |
| 24 | including techniques that are based on an un- |

| 1 | derstanding of comprehensive early learning |
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| 2 | standards; and |
| 3 | (C) identify children with developmental |
| 4 | disabilities and provide appropriate referral |
| 5 | services for such children. |
| 6 | (10) Highly competent.—The term "highly |
| 7 | competent"— |
| 8 | (A) when used in reference to a lead teach- |
| 9 | er in a preschool classroom, means a teacher |
| 10 | with a bachelor's degree in early childhood edu- |
| 11 | cation who has demonstrated a high level of |
| 12 | knowledge and use of developmentally appro- |
| 13 | priate research-based curricula for early child- |
| 14 | hood education; and |
| 15 | (B) when used in reference to an assistant |
| 16 | teacher in a preschool classroom, means an as- |
| 17 | sistant teacher with specialized education and |
| 18 | training in development and education of young |
| 19 | children from birth until entry into kinder- |
| 20 | garten, with— |
| 21 | (i) an associate's degree in early child- |
| 22 | hood education; or |
| 23 | (ii) a child development associate's |
| 24 | credential recognized by a Head Start |
| 25 | agency |

- 1 (11) Institution of Higher Education.—
 2 The term "institution of higher education" has the
 3 meaning given such term in section 102 of the High4 er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
 - (12) NONTRADITIONAL STUDENT.—The term "nontraditional student" has the meaning given in section 861(b)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1161q(b)(3)).
 - (13) Local Educational agency.—The term "local educational agency" has the meaning given such term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
 - (14) Rural area.—The term "rural area" means a geographic area served by a rural local educational agency.
 - (15) Rural local educational agency" means a local educational agency having administrative control or direction of schools which meet a metro-centric locale code of 41, 42, or 43 as determined by the National Center for Education Statistics, in conjunction with the Bureau of the Census, using the system of the National Center for Education Statistics for classifying local educational agencies.

| 1 | (16) Rural Preschool Provider.—The term |
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| 2 | "rural preschool provider" means a provider of a |
| 3 | preschool program, a Head Start agency, a local |
| 4 | educational agency that provides preschool services, |
| 5 | or a provider of a child care program, a nonprofit |
| 6 | or for-profit agency, that— |
| 7 | (A) has met applicable State requirements |
| 8 | governing the entities that receive State funds |
| 9 | in order to carry out a preschool program; and |
| 10 | (B) serves children who reside within a |
| 11 | rural area. |
| 12 | (17) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" |
| 13 | means the Secretary of Education. |
| 14 | (18) State.—The term "State" has the mean- |
| 15 | ing given such term in section 9101 of the Elemen- |
| 16 | tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 |
| 17 | U.S.C. 7801). |