111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1443

To ensure that all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, children, older individuals, and individuals with disabilities, are able to travel safely and conveniently on and across federally funded streets and highways.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 11, 2009

Ms. Matsui (for herself, Mrs. Tauscher, Mrs. Maloney, and Mr. Wu) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

A BILL

To ensure that all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, children, older individuals, and individuals with disabilities, are able to travel safely and conveniently on and across federally funded streets and highways.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Complete Streets Act
- 5 of 2009".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

- 1 (1) Complete street.—The term "complete street" means a roadway that accommodates all travelers, particularly public transit users, bicyclists, pedestrians (including individuals of all ages and individuals with mobility, sensory, neurological, or hidden disabilities), and motorists, to enable all travelers to use the roadway safely and efficiently.
 - (2) Complete Streets Policy; complete Streets Principle.—The terms "complete streets policy" and "complete streets principle" mean a transportation law, policy, or principle at the local, State, regional, or Federal level that ensures—
 - (A) the adequate accommodation, in all phases of project planning and development, of all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, public transit users, children, older individuals, motorists, and individuals with disabilities; and
 - (B) the consideration of the safety and convenience of all users in all phases of project planning and development.
 - (3) Local Jurisdiction.—The term "local jurisdiction" means any unit of local government.
 - (4) METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION.—The term "metropolitan planning organiza-

1	tion" has the meaning given the term in section
2	134(b) of title 23, United States Code.
3	(5) ROADWAY.—The term "roadway" means—
4	(A) the defined Federal functional classi-
5	fication roadway system;
6	(B) a roadway system for which funds are
7	provided under the equity bonus program under
8	section 105 of title 23, United States Code; and
9	(C) each bridge structure providing a con-
10	nection for such a roadway system.
11	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
12	the Secretary of Transportation.
13	(7) Senior manager.—The term "senior man-
14	ager" means—
15	(A) the director of a State department of
16	transportation (or a designee);
17	(B) the director of a metropolitan planning
18	organization (or a designee); and
19	(C) the director of a regional, county, or
20	city transportation agency that is primarily re-
21	sponsible for planning and approval of trans-
22	portation projects (or a designee).
23	(8) Transportation improvement pro-
24	GRAM.—The term "transportation improvement pro-

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1	gram" has the meaning given the term "TIP" in
2	section 134(b) of title 23, United States Code.
3	SEC. 3. COMPLETE STREETS POLICY REQUIREMENT.
4	(a) Law or Policy.—Not later than October 1 of
5	the fiscal year that begins 2 years after the date of enact-
6	ment of this Act each State and metropolitan planning
7	organization shall have in effect—
8	(1) in the case of a State—
9	(A) a law requiring that, beginning on the
10	effective date of the State law, all transpor-
11	tation projects in the State shall accommodate
12	the safety and convenience of all users in ac-
13	cordance with complete streets principles; or
14	(B) an explicit State department of trans-
15	portation policy that, beginning on the effective
16	date of the policy, all transportation projects in
17	the State shall accommodate the safety and
18	convenience of all users in accordance with com-
19	plete streets principles; and
20	(2) in the case of a metropolitan planning orga-
21	nization, an explicit statement of policy that, begin-
22	ning on the effective date of the policy, all transpor-
23	tation projects under the jurisdiction of the metro-

politan planning organization shall accommodate the

1	safety and convenience of all users in accordance
2	with complete streets principles.
3	(b) Inclusions.—
4	(1) In general.—A law or policy described in
5	subsection (a) shall—
6	(A) apply to each federally funded project
7	of each State department of transportation or
8	metropolitan planning organization transpor-
9	tation improvement program;
10	(B) include a statement that each project
11	under the transportation improvement program
12	makes streets or affected rights-of-way acces-
13	sible to users of all ages and abilities, including
14	pedestrians, bicyclists, transit vehicles and
15	users, and motorists;
16	(C) except as provided in paragraph (2),
17	apply to new road construction and road modi-
18	fication projects, including design, planning,
19	construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation,
20	maintenance, and operations, for the entire
21	right-of-way;
22	(D) indicate that improvements for the
23	safe and convenient travel by pedestrians or
24	bicyclists on or across streets shall be fully as-

1	sessed, considered, and documented as a rou-
2	tine element of pavement resurfacing projects;
3	(E) delineate a clear procedure by which
4	transportation improvement projects may be ex-
5	empted from complying with complete streets
6	principles, which shall require—
7	(i) approval by the appropriate senior
8	manager, in accordance with subsection
9	(d)(2); and
10	(ii) documentation, with supporting
11	data, that indicates the basis for such an
12	exemption;
13	(F) comply with up-to-date design stand-
14	ards, particularly standards relating to pro-
15	viding access for individuals with disabilities;
16	(G) require that complete streets principles
17	be applied in due consideration of the urban,
18	suburban, or rural context in which a project is
19	located; and
20	(H) include a list of performance stand-
21	ards with measurable outcomes to ensure that
22	the transportation improvement program ad-
23	heres to complete streets principles.
24	(2) Exception.—A law or policy described in
25	subsection (a) shall not apply to a new road con-

- 1 struction or modification project for which, as of the
- 2 effective date of the law or policy, at least 30 per-
- 3 cent of the design phase is completed.
- 4 (c) Promotion.—Each State department of trans-
- 5 portation and metropolitan planning organization shall
- 6 promote the development of complete streets policies in
- 7 applicable local jurisdictions.
- 8 (d) Exemption Requirements and Proce-
- 9 Dures.—A law or policy described in subsection (a) shall
- 10 allow for a project-specific exemption from an applicable
- 11 complete streets policy only if—
- 12 (1)(A) an affected roadway prohibits, by law,
- use of the roadway by specified users, in which case
- a greater effort shall be made to accommodate those
- specified users elsewhere, including on roadways that
- 16 cross or otherwise intersect with the affected road-
- way;
- (B) the cost to the exempted project in achiev-
- ing compliance with the applicable complete streets
- policy would be excessively disproportionate (as de-
- 21 fined in the 2001 Department of Transportation
- Guidance on Accommodating Bicycle and Pedestrian
- Travel), as compared to the need or probable use of
- a particular complete street; or

- 1 (C) the existing and planned population and
 2 employment densities or level of transit service
 3 around a particular roadway is so low, as deter4 mined by the Secretary, that there is a documented
 5 absence of a need to implement the applicable com6 plete streets policy; and
- 7 (2) the project-specific exemption is approved 8 by—
 - (A) a senior manager of the metropolitan planning organization that approved the transportation improvement program containing the exempted project;
 - (B) a senior manager of the relevant State department of transportation; or
 - (C) in the case of a project for which neither the metropolitan planning organization nor the State department of transportation is the agency with primary transportation planning authority, a senior manager of the regional, county, or city agency responsible for planning and approval of the project.
- 22 (e) Integration.—Each State department of trans-23 portation and metropolitan planning organization imple-24 menting a complete streets policy shall incorporate com-25 plete streets principles into all aspects of the transpor-

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- 1 tation project development, programming, and delivery
- 2 process, including project planning and identification,
- 3 scoping procedures, design approvals, design manuals, and
- 4 performance measures.
- 5 (f) Reports.—
- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State department of
- 7 transportation shall submit to the Secretary a report
- 8 describing the implementation by the State of meas-
- 9 ures to achieve compliance with the requirements of
- this section, at such time, in such manner, and con-
- taining such information as the Secretary may re-
- 12 quire.
- 13 (2) Determination by Secretary.—On re-
- ceipt of a report under paragraph (1), the Secretary
- shall determine whether the applicable State has
- achieved compliance with the requirements of this
- 17 section.
- 18 SEC. 4. USER ACCESS AND CONSIDERATION.
- 19 Section 217 of title 23, United States Code, is
- 20 amended by striking subsection (g) and inserting the fol-
- 21 lowing:
- 22 "(g) Planning and Design.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (4),
- all users shall be given due consideration in each
- comprehensive transportation plan developed by a

1	metropolitan planning organization or a State in ac-
2	cordance with section 134 or 135, respectively.
3	"(2) Access for all users.—Subject to
4	paragraph (4), each project for new construction or
5	reconstruction of a transportation facility shall in-
6	clude consideration of appropriate bicycle transpor-
7	tation facilities, pedestrian walkways, and safe ac-
8	cess to existing and planned public transportation
9	except in any case in which bicycle or pedestrian use
10	is not permitted.
11	"(3) Safety considerations.—Subject to
12	paragraph (4), each transportation plan and project
13	shall provide due consideration for safety and contig-
14	uous routes for all users, including—
15	"(A) safe access to transit stops and facili-
16	ties; and
17	"(B) the installation, where appropriate
18	and maintenance of audible traffic signals and
19	signs at street crossings.
20	"(4) Exemptions.—A transportation plan or
21	project may receive an exemption from an applicable
22	requirement under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) only
23	if—
24	"(A)(i) a roadway affected by the transpor-
25	tation plan or project prohibits, by law, use of

1	the roadway by specified users, in which case a
2	greater effort shall be made to accommodate
3	those specified users elsewhere, including on
4	roadways that cross or otherwise intersect with
5	the affected roadway;
6	"(ii) the cost to the exempted transpor-
7	tation plan or project in achieving compliance
8	with the requirement would be excessively dis-
9	proportionate (as defined in the 2001 Depart-
10	ment of Transportation Guidance on Accommo-
11	dating Bicycle and Pedestrian Travel), as com-
12	pared to the need or probable use of a roadway
13	affected by the transportation plan or project;
14	or
15	"(iii) the existing and planned population
16	and employment densities or level of transit
17	service around a particular roadway affected by
18	the transportation plan or project is so low, as
19	determined by the Secretary, that there is a
20	documented absence of a need to implement the
21	applicable requirement; and
22	"(B) the exemption is approved by—
23	"(i) a senior manager of the metro-
24	politan planning organization that ap-

proved the transportation plan or project;

"(ii) a senior manager of the relevant 1 2 State department of transportation; or "(iii) in the case of a transportation 3 4 plan or project for which neither the metropolitan planning organization nor the 6 State department of transportation is the 7 agency with primary transportation plan-8 ning authority, a senior manager of the re-9 gional, county, or city agency responsible 10 for planning and approval of the transpor-11 tation plan or project.".

12 SEC. 5. CERTIFICATION AND COMPLIANCE.

13 (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
14 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish
15 a method of ensuring compliance by State departments of
16 transportation and metropolitan planning organizations
17 with the requirements of this Act, including a requirement
18 that each State department of transportation and metro19 politan planning organization shall submit to the Sec20 retary a report describing—

(1) each complete streets policy adopted by the State department of transportation or metropolitan planning organization;

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1	(2) the means of implementation by the State
2	department of transportation or metropolitan plan-
3	ning organization of the complete streets policy; and
4	(3) any exemptions provided, and the process
5	for providing an exemption, from the requirements
6	of the complete streets policy of the State depart-
7	ment of transportation or metropolitan planning or-
8	ganization.
9	(b) Report.—Not later than 3 years after the date
10	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
11	Congress a report describing—
12	(1) the method established under subsection
13	(a);
14	(2) the status of activities for adoption and im-
15	plementation by State departments of transportation
16	and metropolitan planning organizations of complete
17	streets policies;
18	(3) the tools and resources provided by the Sec-
19	retary to State departments of transportation and
20	metropolitan planning organizations to assist with
21	that adoption and implementation; and
22	(4) other measures carried out by the Secretary
23	to encourage the adoption of complete streets poli-
24	cies by local jurisdictions.
25	(c) Project Certification.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para2 graph (2), each State shall require that each agency
 3 with primary design, construction, or financial re4 sponsibility for a federally funded project located
 5 within the jurisdiction of a transportation improve6 ment program of the State shall—
 - (A) review the project at the final design stage to ensure incorporation in the project of each applicable complete streets policy described in section 3; and
 - (B) not later than 1 year after the date on which the project is opened for public use, submit to the State a certification that the project achieves compliance with each applicable complete streets policy.
 - (2) EXCEPTIONS.—A State may provide an exception to the requirements of paragraph (1) for a project the cost of which is less than an amount to be determined by the Secretary, by regulation.
 - (3) Subsequent certifications.—During the period beginning on the date of submission of the initial certification under paragraph (1) and ending on the date on which construction of the applicable project is completed, when the project undergoes a substantial design change, as determined by the

- 15 1 Secretary, each agency described in paragraph (1) 2 shall submit to the State a recertification that the 3 project is in compliance with each applicable com-4 plete streets policy. SEC. 6. SAFETY FUNDING IN NONCOMPLIANT STATES. 6 (a) Definition of Noncompliant State.—In this section, the term "noncompliant State" means a State 8 that fails to achieve compliance with the requirements of section 3 by the date described in that section. (b) REQUIREMENT.—Of the funds apportioned to a noncompliant State under section 104(b)(3) of title 23,
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- 12 United States Code, for the applicable fiscal year, the non-
- 13 compliant State shall use to carry out a highway safety
- program under section 402 of title 23, United States 14
- 15 Code—
- 16 (1) 1 percent for the first fiscal year of non-17 compliance;
- 18 (2) 2 percent for the second fiscal year of non-19 compliance; and
- 20 (3) 3 percent for the third fiscal year of non-21 compliance and each fiscal year thereafter until the 22 noncompliant State achieves compliance with the re-23 quirements of section 3.

1 SEC. 7. ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS.

2	(a) Final Standards.—Not later than 1 year after
3	the date of enactment of this Act, the Architectural and
4	Transportation Barriers Compliance Board established by
5	section 502(a)(1) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
6	U.S.C. 792(a)(1)) shall promulgate final standards for ac-
7	cessibility of new construction and alteration of pedestrian
8	facilities for public rights-of-way.
9	(b) Temporary Standards.—During the period be-
10	ginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending
11	on the date on which the Architectural and Transportation
12	Barriers Compliance Board promulgates final standards
13	under subsection (a), a State or metropolitan planning or-
14	ganization shall apply to public rights-of-way—
15	(1) the standards for accessible transportation
16	facilities contained in section 37.9 of title 49, Code
17	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of
18	enactment of this Act); or
19	(2) if the standards referred to in paragraph
20	(1) do not address, or are inapplicable to, an af-
21	fected public right-of-way, the revised draft guide-
22	lines for accessible public rights-of-way of the Archi-
23	tectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance
24	Board dated November 23, 2005.

1	SEC. 8. RESEARCH, TECHNICAL GUIDANCE, AND IMPLE-
2	MENTATION ASSISTANCE.
3	(a) Research.—
4	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall conduct
5	research regarding complete streets to assist States,
6	metropolitan planning organizations, and local juris-
7	dictions in developing, adopting, and implementing
8	plans, projects, procedures, policies, and training
9	programs that comply with complete streets prin-
10	ciples.
11	(2) Participation.—The Secretary shall solicit
12	participation in the research program under para-
13	graph (1) by—
14	(A) the American Association of State
15	Highway and Transportation Officials;
16	(B) the Institute of Transportation Engi-
17	neers;
18	(C) the American Public Transportation
19	Association;
20	(D) the American Planning Association;
21	(E) the National Association of Regional
22	Councils;
23	(F) the Association of Metropolitan Plan-
24	ning Organizations;

1	(G) representatives of disability, motoring,
2	bicycling, walking, transit user, aging, and air
3	quality organizations; and
4	(H) other affected communities.
5	(3) Requirements.—The research under para-
6	graph (1) shall—
7	(A) be based on the applicable statement
8	of complete streets research needs of the Trans-
9	portation Research Board, as described in TR
10	Circular E110; and
11	(B) seek to develop new areas of inquiry,
12	in addition to that statement.
13	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
14	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
15	retary \$2,000,000 for each applicable fiscal year to
16	carry out this subsection.
17	(b) Benchmarks and Guidance.—
18	(1) In General.—The research conducted
19	under subsection (a) shall be designed to result in
20	the establishment of benchmarks and the provision
21	of practical guidance on methods of effectively im-
22	plementing complete streets policies and complete
23	streets principles that will accommodate all users
24	along a facility or corridor, including vehicles, pedes-
25	trians, bicyclists, and transit users.

1	(2) Focus.—The benchmarks and guidance
2	under paragraph (1) shall—
3	(A) focus on modifying scoping, design,
4	and construction procedures to more effectively
5	combine particular methods of use into inte-
6	grated facilities that meet the needs of each
7	method in an appropriate balance; and
8	(B) indicate the expected operational and
9	safety performance of alternative approaches to
10	facility design.
11	(c) TECHNICAL GUIDANCE.—
12	(1) Report.—Not later than 15 months after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
14	shall prepare and make available to all States, met-
15	ropolitan planning organizations, and local jurisdic-
16	tions a report that describes the best practices by
17	which transportation agencies throughout the United
18	States have implemented complete streets principles
19	in accordance with, or in anticipation of, the require-
20	ments of this Act.
21	(2) Topics for emphasis.—In preparing the
22	report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall

place particular emphasis on the following topics:

1	(A) Procedures for identifying the needs of
2	users of all ages and abilities of a particular
3	roadway.
4	(B) Procedures for identifying the types
5	and designs of facilities needed to serve each
6	class of users.
7	(C) Benefits provided by the implementa-
8	tion of complete streets principles.
9	(D) Common barriers to the implementa-
10	tion of complete streets principles.
11	(E) Procedures for overcoming the most
12	common barriers to the implementation of com-
13	plete streets principles.
14	(F) Procedures for identifying the costs as-
15	sociated with the implementation of complete
16	streets principles.
17	(G) Procedures for maximizing local co-
18	operation in the introduction and implementa-
19	tion of complete streets principles.
20	(H) Procedures for assessing and modi-
21	fying the facilities and operational characteris-
22	tics of existing roadways to improve consistency
23	with complete streets principles.
24	(d) Data Collection.—In addition to preparing
25	the report under subsection (c), the Secretary shall col-

laborate with the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, the
Federal Transit Administration, and appropriate committees of the Transportation Research Board—
(1) to collect data regarding a baseline nonmotorized and transit use survey to be integrated
into the National Household Travel Survey; and
(2) to develop a survey tool for use by State departments of transportation in identifying the

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multimodal capacity of State and local roadways.