

110TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. RES. 231

Recognizing the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day and expressing the sense of the Senate that history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future.

---

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 12, 2007

Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. REID, Mr. OBAMA, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. KERRY, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mrs. McCASKILL, Mrs. CLINTON, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. DODD, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. BROWN, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. AKAKA, and Ms. MIKULSKI) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

JUNE 19, 2007

Committee discharged; considered and agreed to

---

# RESOLUTION

Recognizing the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day and expressing the sense of the Senate that history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future.

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach frontier areas of the United States, and in particular the Southwestern States, for more than 2 years after President

Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation of January 1, 1863, and months after the conclusion of the Civil War;

Whereas, on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers led by Major General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were free;

Whereas African Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as "Juneteenth Independence Day", as the anniversary of their emancipation;

Whereas African Americans from the Southwest continue the tradition of celebrating Juneteenth Independence Day as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas, for more than 140 years, Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas, although Juneteenth Independence Day is beginning to be recognized as a national, and even global, event, the history behind the celebration should not be forgotten; and

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves remains an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That—

2               (1) the Senate—

3                       (A) recognizes the historical significance of

4               Juneteenth Independence Day to the Nation;

1 (B) supports the continued celebration of  
2 Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an op-  
3 portunity for the people of the United States to  
4 learn more about the past and to understand  
5 better the experiences that have shaped the Na-  
6 tion; and

7 (C) encourages the people of the United  
8 States to observe Juneteenth Independence Day  
9 with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and pro-  
10 grams; and

11 (2) it is the sense of the Senate that—

12 (A) history should be regarded as a means  
13 for understanding the past and solving the chal-  
14 lenges of the future; and

15 (B) the celebration of the end of slavery is  
16 an important and enriching part of the history  
17 and heritage of the United States.

○