S. 3636

To amend title II of the Public Health Service Act to provide for an improved method to measure poverty so as to enable a better assessment of the effects of programs under the Public Health Service Act and the Social Security Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 26 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 17), 2008

Mr. Dodd (for himself and Mr. Bingaman) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend title II of the Public Health Service Act to provide for an improved method to measure poverty so as to enable a better assessment of the effects of programs under the Public Health Service Act and the Social Security Act, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Measuring American
- 5 Poverty Act of 2008".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:

- 1 (1) On January 22, 2008, the House of Rep-2 resentatives, by voice vote, passed House Concurrent 3 Resolution 198 expressing the sense of the Congress 4 that the United States should set a national goal of 5 cutting poverty in half over the next 10 years.
 - (2) The poverty rate is a critical indicator of how widely shared prosperity is in the economy, and a key benchmark for targeting resources towards the most disadvantaged.
 - (3) The official poverty measure, while helpful, is based on outdated assumptions and fails to accurately measure economic deprivation or take into account the availability of many economic resources.
 - (4) The official poverty measure offers inadequate guidance about the effectiveness of public anti-poverty efforts.
 - (5) In 1995, the National Academy of Sciences' Panel on Poverty and Family Assistance recommended adoption of an improved poverty measure, which addresses many shortcomings of the official poverty measure and which remains relevant and offers a starting point for an improved measure.

23 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.

The purpose of this Act is to provide for an improved and updated method for measuring the extent to which

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- 1 families in the United States have sufficient income to
- 2 allow a minimal, socially acceptable, level of consumption
- 3 that meets their basic physical needs, including food, shel-
- 4 ter (including utilities), clothing, and other necessary
- 5 items, in order to better assess the effects of certain poli-
- 6 cies and programs in reducing the prevalence and depth
- 7 of poverty, to accurately gauge the level of economic depri-
- 8 vation, and to ensure appropriate targeting of public re-
- 9 sources.
- 10 SEC. 4. MODERNIZATION OF THE MEASUREMENT OF POV-
- 11 ERTY.
- 12 Title II of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
- 13 202 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 14 lowing:
- 15 "PART D—MODERNIZATION OF THE
- 16 **MEASUREMENT OF POVERTY**
- 17 "SEC. 271. MODERNIZATION OF THE MEASUREMENT OF
- 18 **POVERTY.**
- 19 "(a) In General.—The Bureau of the Census, in
- 20 collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, after
- 21 consultation about methodology with other Federal statis-
- 22 tical agencies and outside experts, shall, to the extent pos-
- 23 sible and based on the best available data, calculate mod-
- 24 ern poverty thresholds and modern poverty rates as pro-
- 25 vided for in subsection (c), for each calendar year (includ-

- 1 ing any calendar year before 2009 for which the informa-
- 2 tion needed to perform the calculations is available or can
- 3 be estimated with a reasonable degree of confidence, as
- 4 determined by the Bureau of the Census) in accordance
- 5 with this section.

6 "(b) Modern Poverty Thresholds.—

"(1) CALCULATION FOR REFERENCE FAMILY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The modern poverty threshold for a reference family consisting of 2 adults and their 2 related children shall be an amount equal to the average of 120 percent of the 33rd percentile of the distribution of annual expenditures by such families on food, clothing, and shelter (including utilities) during each of the 3 most recent years for which data is available from the Consumer Expenditure Survey, a superior Federal government source of data, or some combination of such sources.

"(B) Special Rule.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, insofar as the amounts described in subparagraphs (F) and (G) of subsection (c)(3) are not easily included in the distribution of expenditures referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the Bureau of the Census and the Bu-

1	reau of Labor Statistics shall develop methods
2	for including, and shall include, the actual or
3	estimated amounts in the distribution of ex-
4	penditures
5	"(2) Adjustment for family size and com-
6	POSITION, AND FOR GEOGRAPHIC COST VARI-
7	ATION.—The Bureau of the Census shall adjust the
8	modern poverty threshold calculated under para-
9	graph (1)—
10	"(A) for other family sizes and composi-
11	tions, using the best available equivalence scales
12	that consider economies of scale; and
13	"(B) to the maximum extent possible, for
14	differences in the costs for the goods and serv-
15	ices included in the threshold among States,
16	sub-State non-metropolitan areas, and metro-
17	politan areas, based on the best available data
18	on the costs.
19	"(3) Accommodation of housing status.—
20	To the maximum extent possible, the calculation for
21	the threshold for the reference family described in
22	paragraph (1) and the adjustments to the modern

poverty thresholds for varied family sizes and com-

positions under paragraph (2)(A) shall be made sep-

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1	arately for each of the following categories of fami-
2	lies:
3	"(A) Families making rent payments for
4	their primary residence, or who own their pri-
5	mary residence and have a mortgage secured by
6	the residence.
7	"(B) Families who own their primary resi-
8	dence and do not have such a mortgage.
9	"(4) Annual publication of weighted av-
10	ERAGE POVERTY THRESHOLDS.—Not less often than
11	annually, the Bureau of the Census, in collaboration
12	with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, shall publish—
13	"(A) the average poverty threshold for
14	each family size, determined by weighting each
15	threshold by the proportion of families of that
16	size to which the threshold applies, and
17	"(B) the average poverty threshold for
18	each family size in each category described in
19	paragraph (3), determined by weighting each
20	threshold by the proportion of families of that
21	size in that category and to which the threshold
22	applies.
23	"(c) Modern Poverty Rates.—

1	"(1) In General.—The Bureau of the Census
2	shall use the modern poverty thresholds calculated
3	under subsection (b) to calculate—
4	"(A) the number and percentage of fami-
5	lies in the United States whose adjusted market
6	income does not exceed the applicable modern
7	poverty threshold, and the number and percent-
8	age of individuals in the United States who are
9	members of such families;
10	"(B) the number and percentage of fami-
11	lies in the United States whose adjusted dispos-
12	able income does not exceed the applicable mod-
13	ern poverty threshold, and the number and per-
14	centage of individuals in the United States who
15	are members of such families; and
16	"(C) the numbers and percentages de-
17	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) for var-
18	ious demographic, geographic, and other sub-
19	groups of families in the United States, and for
20	individuals who are members of such subgroups
21	of families.
22	"(2) Adjusted market income.—For pur-
23	poses of this section, the adjusted market income of
24	a family is—

"(A) the total of the amounts received by 1 2 any member of the family during a calendar 3 year from wages, salaries, and self-employment 4 income, interest income, dividend income, real-5 ized capital gains, rents, royalties, estate and 6 trust income, a qualified retirement plan (as de-7 fined in section 4974(c) of the Internal Revenue 8 Code of 1986), a plan described in section 9 457(b) of such Code, or any other plan, con-10 tract, annuity, or account payments or distribu-11 tions from which are in the nature of a retire-12 ment benefit, survivor and disability pensions 13 and annuities, paid-up insurance policies, ali-14 mony payments, child support payments, pri-15 vate workers' compensation, regular contribu-16 tions from persons not living with the family, 17 and other relevant income as determined by the 18 Bureau of the Census except for income de-19 scribed in subparagraph (C), (D), (E), or (F) 20 of paragraph (3) of this subsection; minus 21 22

"(B) the total of the amounts paid by any member of the family during the calendar year for alimony or the support or maintenance of a noncustodial child, or to cover health care expenses or necessary work-related expenses, in-

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cluding child care and transportation expenses, and capping necessary work-related expenses at the lesser of the earnings of the parent with lesser earnings or another reasonable cap tied to the median expenditures of the reference family or Federal program and tax credit policies as determined by the Bureau of the Census in collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

"(3) Adjusted disposable income.—For purposes of this section, the Bureau of the Census shall define the adjusted disposable income of a family as follows, excluding any amounts that the Bureau of the Census, in collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, believes are not included in the distribution of expenditures referred to in subsection (b)(1) of this section or whose inclusion in the adjusted disposable income of a family would otherwise be inconsistent with the modern poverty thresholds described in subsection (b):

- "(A) the adjusted market income of the family; minus
- "(B) the total of the amounts paid by any member of the family during the calendar year to cover Federal income tax liability or Federal

1	payroll tax liability, or if such information is
2	not available, the total of any such liabilities
3	that are payable by any member of the family
4	during the calendar year; plus
5	"(C) the total of the amounts received by
6	any member of the family during the calendar
7	year from refundable Federal tax credits, or if
8	such information is not available, the total of
9	any such credits that are expected by any mem-
10	ber of the family to be received during the cal-
11	endar year; plus
12	"(D) the total of the amounts received by
13	any member of the family during the calendar
14	year which may be used to meet food, clothing,
15	or shelter (including utilities) needs, to the ex-
16	tent that expenditures of the amounts are taken
17	into account in determining poverty thresholds
18	under this section, and which are—
19	"(i) referred to in section
20	459(h)(1)(A)(ii) of the Social Security Act;
21	or
22	"(ii) paid under a State program
23	funded under part A of title IV of the So-
24	cial Security Act, the supplemental secu-
25	rity income program under title XVI of

such Act, or any other Federal program or activity eligibility for which is based, in whole or in part, on need; plus

"(E) the total dollar value of any food assistance benefit (as defined in section 3(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008) received by any member of the family during the calendar year under section 8 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008; plus

"(F) the total of the amounts received by any member of the family during the calendar year as described in section 2605(b)(2) of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981; plus

"(G) the total of the amounts received by any member of the family during the calendar year as government-funded nonmedical in-kind, cash and near cash benefits that help families meet food, clothing and shelter (including utilities) needs, including nutrition programs, housing subsidies, and the value of public housing, not to exceed to the lesser of the share of the threshold defined in subsection (b) attributable to the component of the threshold towards which the benefit may be used or the estimated

monetary value of the benefit to the recipient,
to the extent possible and to the extent that expenditures of the amounts are taken into account in determining poverty thresholds under
this section.

- 6 "(4) Inclusion of state and local taxes 7 AND TRANSFERS.—Within 5 years after the date of 8 the enactment of this section, the Bureau of the 9 Census, in collaboration with the Bureau of Labor 10 Statistics, and after consultation with other relevant statistical agencies, shall modify the calculation 11 12 under paragraph (3) to take account of State and 13 local taxes and transfers.
- 14 "(d) Families.—For purposes of this section, the 15 term 'family' includes—
- "(1) an individual who is living alone;
- 17 "(2) all members of a household who are re-18 lated by blood, marriage, adoption, or other legal ar-19 rangement; and
 - "(3) any unrelated individuals living together whom the Bureau of the Census, after assessing existing research and undertaking any necessary new research, determines should be treated as a family for purposes of this section.

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- 1 "(e) Report on Poverty Rates.—Not less fre-
- 2 quently than annually, the Bureau of the Census shall
- 3 produce, and make readily accessible to the public, a re-
- 4 port which contains detailed tables and explanations of
- 5 poverty rates—
- 6 "(1) as determined on the basis of adjusted
- 7 market income;
- 8 "(2) as determined on the basis of adjusted dis-
- 9 posable income; and
- "(3) as determined on the basis of the Tradi-
- 11 tional Poverty Measure referred to in subsection (f).
- 12 "(f) References to Existing Poverty Measure
- 13 AS THE 'TRADITIONAL POVERTY MEASURE'.—To the ex-
- 14 tent practicable, whenever an officer or employee of the
- 15 Federal Government refers to the poverty measure out-
- 16 lined in Office of Management and Budget Statistical Pol-
- 17 icy Directive 14, the officer or employee, as the case may
- 18 be, shall refer to that measure as the 'Traditional Poverty
- 19 Measure'. Any reference in a law, regulation, document,
- 20 paper, or other record of the United States to the poverty
- 21 measure outlined in Office of Management and Budget
- 22 Statistical Policy Directive 14 is deemed to be a reference
- 23 to the 'Traditional Poverty Measure'.
- 24 "(g) Inclusion of Information Based on Mod-
- 25 ERN POVERTY THRESHOLDS AND RATES IN PUBLISHED

1	DOCUMENTS CONTAINING INFORMATION BASED ON HIS-
2	TORICAL POVERTY THRESHOLDS AND RATES.—
3	"(1) In general.—To the extent possible, a
4	relevant Federal statistical agency that publishes a
5	document which contains information about a sub-
6	ject, which was produced using the poverty measure
7	outlined in Office of Management and Budget Sta-
8	tistical Policy Directive 14, shall include in the docu-
9	ment information about the subject, which is pro-
10	duced using the modern poverty thresholds and mod-
11	ern poverty rates calculated under this section.
12	"(2) Public release of microdata file
13	AND ONLINE TOOLS.—On releasing a document de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1), the Bureau of the Census
15	shall release to the public—
16	"(A) microdata files containing all of the
17	individual variables that are necessary to com-
18	pute the published modern poverty rates, as
19	well as poverty rates determined on the basis of
20	the Traditional Poverty Measure referred to in
21	subsection (f), and to calculate poverty rates
22	using different definitions of income and pov-
23	erty thresholds;
24	"(B) other public online tools that enable
25	poverty rates to be calculated using different

1	definitions of income and poverty thresholds;
2	and
3	"(C) the definitions of income set forth in,
4	and the poverty thresholds established under,
5	this section.
6	"(h) Consultation on Improving Calculation
7	OF THE MODERN POVERTY THRESHOLDS OR MODERN
8	POVERTY RATES; REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—From
9	time to time, and no less frequently than every 5 years,
10	the Bureau of the Census, in collaboration with the Bu-
11	reau of Labor Statistics, shall—
12	"(1) consult with other relevant Federal statis-
13	tical agencies and outside experts on whether the
14	method of, and sources of data for, calculating the
15	modern poverty thresholds or modern poverty rates
16	provided for in this section could be improved so as
17	to better measure the extent to which families in the
18	United States are able to secure sufficient income to
19	allow a minimal, socially acceptable, level of con-
20	sumption that meets their basic physical needs, in-
21	cluding food, clothing, shelter (including utilities),
22	and other necessary items; and
23	"(2) report to the Congress on any need for any
24	such improvement.

- 1 "(i) NO EFFECT ON BENEFIT PROGRAMS.—This sec-
- 2 tion shall not be interpreted to modify or authorize modi-
- 3 fication of eligibility of any entity for, or the amount or
- 4 kind of benefits or assistance to be provided to any entity
- 5 under, any program or activity funded, in whole or in part,
- 6 with Federal funds.
- 7 "(j) Relevant Federal Statistical Agency.—
- 8 In this section, the term 'relevant Federal statistical agen-
- 9 cy' means a Federal agency that—
- 10 "(1) is listed as a major statistical program of
- the United States in the annual report most recently
- made under section 3504(e)(2) of title 44, United
- 13 States Code; or
- 14 "(2) the Bureau of the Census expects to be so
- listed in the next such report.
- 16 "(k) Limitations on Authorization of Appro-
- 17 PRIATIONS.—To carry out this section, there are author-
- 18 ized to be appropriated to the Bureau of the Census not
- 19 more than \$5,000,000 for each fiscal year.
- 20 "SEC. 272. STUDY OF DECENT LIVING STANDARD.
- 21 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Bureau of the Census, in
- 22 collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, shall
- 23 enter into a contract with the National Academy of
- 24 Sciences which obligates the National Academy of
- 25 Sciences to develop and publish a method of calculating

- 1 a decent living standard threshold, including relevant vari-
- 2 ations for geography, family size, and other such factors,
- 3 and a method of measuring the extent to which the income
- 4 of families in the United States is sufficient to meet the
- 5 threshold.
- 6 "(b) TECHNICAL SUPPORT.—The Bureau of the Cen-
- 7 sus, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and other relevant
- 8 statistical agencies shall provide necessary technical sup-
- 9 port for the efforts to develop the threshold and method
- 10 referred to in subsection (a).
- 11 "(c) Definition of Decent Living Standard
- 12 Threshold.—In subsection (a), the term 'decent living
- 13 standard threshold' means the amount of annual income
- 14 that would allow an individual to live beyond deprivation
- 15 at a safe and decent, but modest, standard of living.
- 16 "(d) Limitations on Authorization of Appro-
- 17 PRIATIONS.—To carry out this section, there are author-
- 18 ized to be appropriated to the Bureau of the Census not
- 19 more than \$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2009 and
- 20 2010.
- 21 "SEC. 273. STUDY OF MEDICAL CARE RISK MEASURE.
- 22 "(a) In General.—The Bureau of the Census, in
- 23 collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the
- 24 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, and the
- 25 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services shall enter

- 1 into a contract with the National Academy of Sciences
- 2 with obligates the National Academy of Sciences to de-
- 3 velop and publish a method of measuring the extent of
- 4 medical care risk in the United States and calculating the
- 5 number and percentage of individuals in the United States
- 6 who, to varying degrees, lack adequate health insurance,
- 7 placing them at risk of being unable to afford needed
- 8 treatment.
- 9 "(b) Technical Support.—The Bureau of the Cen-
- 10 sus, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Agency for
- 11 Healthcare Research and Quality and the Centers for
- 12 Medicare and Medicaid Services, and other relevant statis-
- 13 tical agencies shall provide necessary technical support for
- 14 the efforts to develop the method and measure referred
- 15 to in subsection (a).
- 16 "(c) Definition of Medical Care Risk.—In sub-
- 17 section (a), the term 'medical care risk' means the extent
- 18 to which individuals are at risk of being unable to afford
- 19 needed medical treatment, services, goods, and care.
- 20 "(d) Limitations on Authorization of Appro-
- 21 PRIATIONS.—To carry out this section, there are author-
- 22 ized to be appropriated to the Bureau of the Census, not
- 23 more than \$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2009 and
- 24 2010.".