S. 3552

To conserve the United States fish and aquatic communities through partnerships that foster fish habitat conservation and improve the quality of life for the people of the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 24 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 17), 2008

Mr. Lieberman (for himself, Mr. Bond, Mr. Voinovich, and Mrs. Clinton) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

- To conserve the United States fish and aquatic communities through partnerships that foster fish habitat conservation and improve the quality of life for the people of the United States, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "National Fish Habitat Conservation Act".
 - 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
 - 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Findings; purposes.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. National Fish Habitat Board.
- Sec. 5. Fish Habitat Conservation Partnerships.
- Sec. 6. Fish habitat conservation projects.
- Sec. 7. National Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership Office.
- Sec. 8. Conservation of aquatic habitat for fish and other aquatic organisms on Federal land.
- Sec. 9. Coordination with States.
- Sec. 10. Accountability and reporting.
- Sec. 11. Regulations.
- Sec. 12. Construction.
- Sec. 13. Applicability of Federal Advisory Committee Act.
- Sec. 14. Funding.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 3 ings:
- 4 (1) Healthy populations of fish and other
- 5 aquatic organisms depend on the conservation, pro-
- 6 tection, restoration, and enhancement of aquatic
- 7 habitats in the United States.
- 8 (2) Aquatic habitats, including wetlands,
- 9 streams, rivers, lakes, estuaries, coastal and marine
- 10 ecosystems, and associated riparian upland habitats
- that buffer those areas from external factors, per-
- form numerous valuable environmental functions
- which sustain environmental, social, and cultural val-
- ues, including recycling nutrients, purifying water,
- 15 attenuating floods, augmenting and maintaining
- stream flows, recharging ground water, acting as
- primary producers in the food chain, and providing
- 18 essential and significant habitat for plants, fish and
- wildlife, and other dependent species.

- (3) The extensive and diverse aquatic habitat resources of the United States are of enormous sig-nificance to the economy of the United States, pro-viding recreation for 44,000,000 anglers, more than 1,000,000 jobs and approximately \$125,000,000,000 in economic impact each year related to recreational fishing, and approximately 500,000 jobs and an ad-ditional \$35,000,000,000 in economic impact from commercial fishing each year.
 - (4) At least 40 percent of all threatened and endangered species in the United States are directly dependent upon aquatic habitats.
 - (5) Certain fish species are considered to be ecological indicators of aquatic habitat quality, such that the presence of such species in an aquatic ecosystem reflects high-quality habitat for other fish.
 - (6) Loss and degradation of aquatic habitat, riparian habitat, water quality, and water volume caused by activities such as alteration of watercourses, stream blockages, water withdrawals and diversions, erosion, pollution, sedimentation, and destruction or modification of wetlands have caused significant declines in fish populations throughout the United States, especially declines in native fish

- populations, and result in economic losses to the United States.
 - (7) Providing for the conservation and sustainability of fish and other aquatic organisms has not been fully realized despite federally funded fish and wildlife restoration programs and other activities intended to conserve aquatic resources. Such conservation and sustainability may be significantly advanced through a renewed commitment and sustained, cooperative efforts that are complementary to existing fish and wildlife restoration programs and clean water programs.
 - (8) The National Fish Habitat Action Plan provides a framework for maintaining and restoring aquatic habitats to ensure perpetuation of populations of fish and other aquatic organisms.
 - (9) The United States can achieve significant progress toward providing aquatic habitats for the conservation and restoration of fish and other aquatic organisms through a voluntary, nonregulatory, incentive program that is based on technical and financial assistance provided by the Federal Government.
 - (10) Creation of partnerships between local citizens, Indian tribes, Alaska Native organizations,

- 1 corporations, nongovernmental organizations, and 2 Federal, State, and Indian tribal agencies is critical 3 to the success of activities to restore aquatic habi-4 tats and ecosystems.
 - regulatory and land and water management agencies, including the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the Bureau of Land Management, the National Park Service, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the National Marine Fisheries Service, the Forest Service, the Fishery Management Councils, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the several interjurisdictional fishery commissions that are critical to the implementation of the National Fish Habitat Action Plan.
 - (12) The United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the Forest Service, and the National Marine Fisheries Service each play a vital role in the protection, restoration, and enhancement of the fish communities and aquatic habitats in the United States and the development, operation, and long-term success of fish habitat partnerships and project implementation.
 - (13) The United States Geological Survey plays a vital role in scientific evaluation, data collection,

- 1 and mapping for fishery resources in the United 2 States.
- 14 Many of the programs for conservation on private farmland, ranchland, and forestland that are carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture, including the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the State and Private Forestry programs of the Forest Service, are able to significantly contribute to the implementation of the National Fish Habitat Action Plan through the engagement of private landowners.
- 11 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to en-12 courage partnerships among public agencies and other in-13 terests consistent with the mission and goals of the Na-14 tional Fish Habitat Action Plan—
- (1) to protect and maintain intact and healthyaquatic habitats;
 - (2) to prevent further degradation of aquatic habitats that have been adversely affected;
 - (3) to reverse declines in the quality and quantity of aquatic habitats to improve the overall health of fish and other aquatic organisms;
- 22 (4) to increase the quality and quantity of 23 aquatic habitats that support a broad natural diver-24 sity of fish and other aquatic species;

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1	(5) to improve fisheries habitat, thereby improv-
2	ing the annual economic output from recreational,
3	subsistence, and commercial fishing;
4	(6) to ensure coordination and facilitation of ac-
5	tivities carried out by agencies or departments of the
6	United States under the leadership of the Director
7	of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the
8	Under Secretary for Oceans and Atmosphere of the
9	Department of Commerce, and the Director of the
10	United States Geological Survey; and
11	(7) to achieve other purposes in accordance
12	with the mission and goals of the National Fish
13	Habitat Action Plan.
14	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this Act:
16	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
17	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
18	mittees" means the Committee on Commerce,
19	Science and Transportation and the Committee on
20	Environment and Public Works of the Senate and
21	the Committee on Natural Resources of the House
22	of Representatives.

23 (2) AQUATIC HABITAT.—The term "aquatic 24 habitat"—

1	(A) means any area upon which aquatic
2	organisms depend, directly or indirectly, to
3	carry out the life processes of such organisms,
4	including an area used by such organisms for
5	spawning, incubation, nursery, rearing, growth
6	to maturity, food supply, or migration; and
7	(B) includes an area adjacent to an aquat-
8	ic environment if such adjacent area—
9	(i) contributes elements, such as the
10	input of detrital material or the promotion
11	of planktonic and insect populations pro-
12	viding food, which make fish life possible
13	(ii) protects the quality and quantity
14	of water sources;
15	(iii) provides public access for the use
16	of fishery resources; or
17	(iv) serves as a buffer protecting the
18	aquatic environment.
19	(3) Assistant administrator.—The term
20	"Assistant Administrator" means the Assistant Ad-
21	ministrator for Fisheries of the National Marine
22	Fisheries Service.
23	(4) Conservation; conserve; manage; man-
24	AGEMENT.—The terms "conservation", "conserve",
25	"manage", and "management" mean to protect, sus-

- tain and, where appropriate, restore and enhance, healthy populations of fish, wildlife, and plant life, as well as the habitats that are required to sustain fish, wildlife, and plant life, as well as the habitats that are required to sustain fish, wildlife, and plant life productivity by utilizing methods and procedures associated with modern scientific resource programs. including protection, research, census, law enforce-ment, habitat management, propagation, live trap-ping and transplantation, and regulated taking.
 - (5) DIRECTOR.—Except as otherwise provided, the term "Director" means the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
 - (6) FISH.—The term "fish" means any freshwater, diadromous, estuarine, or marine finfish or shellfish, including the egg, spawn, spat, larval, and other juvenile stages of such an organism.
 - (7) FISH HABITAT CONSERVATION PARTNER-SHIP; PARTNERSHIP.—The terms "Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership" and "Partnership" mean an entity designated by the Board as a Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership pursuant to section 5(c).
 - (8) FISH HABITAT CONSERVATION PROJECT;
 PROJECT.—The terms "fish habitat conservation project" and "project" mean a project submitted to

- the Board by a Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership and approved by the Secretary under section 6 that provides for the conservation or management of aquatic habitat and that may include—
 - (A) the provision of technical assistance to a State, Indian tribe, or local community by the National Fish Habitat Partnerships Office or other agency to facilitate the development of strategies and priorities for the conservation of aquatic habitats; or
 - (B) the obtaining of a real property interest in land or waters, including water rights, if the obtaining of such interest is subject to terms and conditions that will ensure that the real property will be administered for the long-term conservation of such lands and waters and the fish dependent thereon.
 - (9) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
 - (10) NATIONAL FISH HABITAT ACTION PLAN;
 PLAN.—The terms "National Fish Habitat Action
 Plan" and "Plan" mean the National Fish Habitat

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- 1 Action Plan dated April 24, 2006, and any subsequent revision or amendment to that Plan.
- 3 (11) NATIONAL FISH HABITAT BOARD; 4 BOARD.—Except as otherwise provided, the terms 5 "National Fish Habitat Board" and "Board" mean 6 the National Fish Habitat Board established in sec-7 tion 4(a).
- 8 (12) REAL PROPERTY INTEREST.—The term
 9 "real property interest" means an ownership interest
 10 in land or waters, including water rights, or a build11 ing or object that is permanently affixed to the land.
- 12 (13) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary"
 13 means the Secretary of the Interior.
- 14 (14) STATE AGENCY.—The term "State agen15 cy" means the fish and wildlife agency of a State,
 16 or any department, or division of a department or
 17 agency of a State that is empowered by statute or
 18 by the constitution of the State to manage in the
 19 public trust the inland or marine fishery resources
 20 of the State.
- 21 SEC. 4. NATIONAL FISH HABITAT BOARD.
- 22 (a) Establishment.—
- 23 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established a National Fish Habitat Board—

1	(A) to promote, oversee, and coordinate the
2	implementation of this Act and the National
3	Fish Habitat Action Plan; and
4	(B) to review and recommend fish habitat
5	conservation projects.
6	(2) Membership.—The members of the Board
7	shall be as follows:
8	(A) The Director.
9	(B) The Assistant Administrator.
10	(C) The Chief of the Natural Resources
11	Conservation Service.
12	(D) The Director of the Watershed, Fish,
13	Wildlife, Air & Rare Plants program of the For-
14	est Service.
15	(E) The Assistant Administrator for Water
16	of the Environmental Protection Agency.
17	(F) The President of the Association of
18	Fish and Wildlife Agencies.
19	(G) The Secretary of the Board of Direc-
20	tors of the National Fish and Wildlife Founda-
21	tion appointed pursuant to section 3(g)(2)(B)
22	of the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation
23	Establishment Act (16 U.S.C. $3702(g)(2)(B)$).
24	(H) Four representatives of State agencies,
25	each 1 of whom is nominated by 1 of the re-

1	gions Associations of Fish and Wildlife Agen-
2	cies (Northeast, Southeast, Midwest, and West-
3	ern).
4	(I) One representative of the American
5	Fisheries Society.
6	(J) Two representatives of Indian tribes, 1
7	of whom shall represent Indian tribes from
8	Alaska and 1 of whom shall represent Indian
9	tribes from the other States.
10	(K) One member who represents the Re-
11	gional Fishery Management Councils estab-
12	lished under section 302 of the Magnuson-Ste-
13	vens Fishery Conservation and Management
14	Act (16 U.S.C. 1852).
15	(L) One member who represents the Ma-
16	rine Fisheries Commissions (the Atlantic States
17	Marine Fisheries Commission, the Gulf States
18	Marine Fisheries Commission, and the Pacific
19	States Marine Fisheries Commission).
20	(M) One representative from the
21	Sportfishing and Boating Partnership Council.
22	(N) Eleven members each of whom rep-
23	resents the interests of 1 of the following:
24	(i) The recreational sportfishing in-
25	dustry.
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1	(ii) The commercial sportfishing in-
2	dustry.
3	(iii) Subsistence fishermen.
4	(iv) Marine recreational anglers.
5	(v) Freshwater recreational anglers.
6	(vi) Terrestrial resource conservation
7	organizations.
8	(vii) Aquatic resource conservation or-
9	ganizations.
10	(viii) The livestock and poultry pro-
11	duction industry.
12	(ix) The housing development indus-
13	try.
14	(x) The row crop industry.
15	(xi) Natural resource commodity in-
16	terests, such as petroleum or mineral ex-
17	traction.
18	(3) Compensation.—Members of the Board
19	shall serve without compensation for that service.
20	(b) APPOINTMENT AND TERMS.—
21	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
22	vided in this subsection, a member of the Board de-
23	scribed in subparagraphs (H) through (N) of sub-
24	section (a)(2) shall serve for a term of 3 years.

1	(2) Initial Board membership.—Not later
2	than 6 months after the date of the enactment of
3	this Act, the representatives of the National Fish
4	Habitat Board established by the Plan shall appoint
5	the initial members of the Board described in sub-
6	paragraphs (H) through (N) of subsection (a)(2).
7	(3) Transitional terms.—The initial ap-
8	pointments of the members of the Board described
9	in subparagraph (N) of subsection (a)(2) shall be for
10	terms as follows:
11	(A) Four shall be appointed for a term of
12	1 year.
13	(B) Four shall be appointed for a term of
14	2 years.
15	(C) Three shall be appointed for a term of
16	3 years.
17	(4) Vacancies.—A vacancy of a member of the
18	Board described in subparagraphs (H) through (N)
19	of subsection (a)(2) shall be filled by an appointment
20	made by the remaining members of the Board.
21	(5) Continuation of Service.—An individual
22	whose term of service as a member of the Board ex-
23	pires may continue to serve on the Board until a

successor is appointed.

1	(6) Removal.—If a member of the Board de-
2	scribed in subparagraphs (H) through (N) of sub-
3	section (a)(2) misses 3 consecutive regularly sched-
4	uled Board meetings, the members of the Board
5	may vote to remove that member and appoint an-
6	other individual in accordance with paragraph (4).
7	(e) Chair.—
8	(1) Election.—A Chair of the Board shall be
9	elected by the Board from among its members.
10	(2) TERM.—The Chair of the Board shall serve
11	for a term of 3 years.
12	(d) Meetings.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall meet at the
14	call of the Chair but in no case less often than twice
15	a year.
16	(2) Public Access.—All meetings of the
17	Board shall be open to the public.
18	(e) Board Procedures.—
19	(1) In general.—The Board shall establish
20	procedures to carry out the business of the Board
21	that include the following:
22	(A) A requirement that a quorum of the
23	members of the Board be present to transact
24	business.

1	(B) A requirement that no recommenda-
2	tions may be adopted by the Board, except by
3	the vote of $\frac{2}{3}$ of all members present and vot-
4	ing.
5	(C) Procedures for setting national goals
6	and priorities for aquatic habitat conservation
7	for the purposes of this Act.
8	(D) Procedures for designating Fish Habi-
9	tat Conservation Partnerships under section 5.
10	(E) Procedures for reviewing, evaluating,
11	and recommending fish habitat conservation
12	projects.
13	(2) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
14	the Board shall constitute a quorum.
15	SEC. 5. FISH HABITAT CONSERVATION PARTNERSHIPS.
16	(a) Authority To Designate.—The Board is au-
17	thorized to designate Fish Habitat Conservation Partner-
18	ships.
19	(b) APPLICATION.—An entity seeking to be des-
20	ignated as a Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership shall
21	submit an application to the Board at such time and in
22	such manner as the Board may reasonably require.
23	(c) Purposes.—The purposes of a Partnership shall
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1	(1) to coordinate implementation of the Plan at
2	a regional level; and
3	(2) to develop and carry out fish habitat con-
4	servation projects.
5	(d) APPROVAL.—The Board may approve an applica-
6	tion for a Partnership submitted under subsection (b) it
7	the Board determines that the applicant—
8	(1) includes representatives of a diverse group
9	of public and private partners, including Federal
10	State, or local governments, nonprofit entities, In-
11	dian tribes, or private individuals, that are focused
12	on conservation of aquatic habitats to achieve results
13	across jurisdictional boundaries and public and pri-
14	vate lands;
15	(2) is organized to promote the health of impor-
16	tant aquatic habitats and distinct geographic areas
17	keystone fish species, or system types, including res-
18	ervoirs, natural lakes, or estuaries;
19	(3) identifies strategic fish and aquatic habitat
20	priorities for the Partnership area in the form of ge-
21	ographic focus areas or key stressors or impairments
22	to facilitate strategic planning and decisionmaking;
23	(4) is able to address issues and priorities at a
24	nationally significant scale;

- 1 (5) includes governance structures that reflect 2 the range of all partners and promotes joint stra-3 tegic planning and decisionmaking by the applicant;
- 4 (6) demonstrates completion of, or significant 5 progress toward the development of, a strategic plan 6 to address the causes of system decline in fish popu-7 lations rather than simply treating symptoms in ac-8 cordance with the Plan; and
- 9 (7) ensures collaboration in developing a stra-10 tegic vision and implementation program that is sci-11 entifically sound and achievable.

12 SEC. 6. FISH HABITAT CONSERVATION PROJECTS.

- 13 (a) Submission to the Board.—A Partnership
 14 seeking funding for a fish habitat conservation project
 15 shall submit an application to the Board for such funding
 16 at such time and in such manner as the Board may rea17 sonably require.
- 18 (b) Recommendations by the Board.—Not later
- 19 than July 1 of each year, the Board shall submit to the
- 20 Secretary a description, including estimated costs, of each
- 21 fish habitat conservation project that the Board rec-
- 22 ommends that the Secretary approve and fund under this
- 23 Act, in order of priority of the Board's recommendations,
- 24 for the following fiscal year.

1	(c) Considerations.—The Board shall select each
2	project to be recommended to the Secretary under sub-
3	section (b)—
4	(1) based on a recommendation of the Partner-
5	ship that is, or that will be, participating actively in
6	carrying out the project; and
7	(2) after consideration of—
8	(A) the extent to which the project fulfills
9	a purpose of this Act or a goal of the Plan;
10	(B) the extent to which the project ad-
11	dresses the national priorities set by the Board;
12	(C) the availability of sufficient non-Fed-
13	eral funds to match Federal contributions for
14	the project, as required by subsection (e);
15	(D) the extent to which the project—
16	(i) increases fishing opportunities for
17	the public;
18	(ii) will be carried out through a coop-
19	erative agreement among Federal, State,
20	and local governments, Indian tribes, and
21	private entities;
22	(iii) increases public access to land
23	and waters; and
24	(iv) advances the conservation of fish
25	and wildlife species that are listed, or are

1	candidates to be listed, as threatened spe-
2	cies and endangered species under the En-
3	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
4	1531 et seq.); and
5	(E) the substantiality of the character and
6	design of the project.
7	(d) Limitations.—
8	(1) Requirements for monitoring.—No
9	fish habitat conservation project may be rec-
10	ommended by the Board under subsection (b) or
11	provided financial assistance under this Act unless
12	the project includes a monitoring plan designed to—
13	(A) appropriately assess the results of the
14	habitat protection, restoration, or enhancement
15	activities carried out with such assistance;
16	(B) recommend appropriate changes to the
17	project if such assessment substantiates that
18	the project objectives are not being met; and
19	(C) report findings of such assessment to
20	the Board.
21	(2) Acquisition of real property inter-
22	ESTS.—
23	(A) In general.—No fish habitat con-
24	servation project that will result in the acquisi-
25	tion by the Secretary, in whole or in part, of

1	any real property interest may be recommended
2	by the Board under subsection (b) or provided
3	financial assistance under this Act unless the
4	project meets the requirements of subparagraph
5	(B).
6	(B) Requirements.—
7	(i) In general.—Any real property
8	interest described in subparagraph (A)
9	may not be conveyed to a State, another
10	public agency, or other entity unless—
11	(I) the Secretary determines that
12	such State, agency, or other entity is
13	obligated to undertake the manage-
14	ment of the property being conveyed
15	in accordance with the purposes of
16	this Act; and
17	(II) the deed or other instrument
18	of transfer contains provisions for the
19	reversion of title to the property to
20	the United States if such State, agen-
21	cy, or other entity fails to manage the
22	property in accordance with the pur-
23	poses of this Act.
24	(ii) Additional conveyance condi-
25	TIONS.—Any real property interest de-

scribed in subparagraph (A) conveyed as
described in clause (i) shall be subject to
such terms and conditions that will ensure
that the interest will be administered for
the long-term conservation and management of the aquatic ecosystem and the fish
and wildlife dependent thereon.

(e) Non-Federal Contribution for Projects.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), no fish habitat conservation project may be recommended by the Board under subsection (b) or provided financial assistance under this Act unless at least 50 percent of the cost of the project will be funded with non-Federal funds.
- (2) Projects on Federal Land or Waters.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), Federal funds may be used for payment of 100 percent of the costs of a project located on Federal land or waters, including the acquisition of inholdings within such land and waters.
- (3) Non-federal share.—The non-federal share of the cost of a project may not be derived from a Federal grant program, but may include in-kind contributions and cash.

1 (4) Special rule for alaska native orga2 Nizations.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1) or any
3 other provision of law, any funds made available to
4 an Indian tribe pursuant to this Act may be consid5 ered non-Federal funds for the purpose of paragraph
6 (1).

(f) Consideration by the Secretary.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after receiving the recommendations of the Board for fish habitat conservation projects under subsection (b), the Secretary shall approve, reject, or reorder the priority of each such recommendation based on, to the greatest extent practicable, the criteria described in subsection (c).
- (2) Funding.—If the Secretary approves a project, the Secretary shall use amounts made available pursuant to an authorization of appropriations in this Act to provide funds to carry out the project.
- (3) Notification by the Secretary.—If the Secretary rejects or reorders the priority of any project recommended by the Board under subsection (b), the Secretary shall provide to the Board and the appropriate Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership a written statement of the reasons that the Sec-

1	retary rejected or modified the priority of the
2	project.
3	SEC. 7. NATIONAL FISH HABITAT CONSERVATION PART
4	NERSHIP OFFICE.
5	(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—Not later than
6	1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
7	Director shall create the National Fish Habitat Conserva-
8	tion Partnership Office within the United States Fish and
9	Wildlife Service.
10	(b) Functions.—The National Fish Habitat Con-
11	servation Partnership Office shall—
12	(1) provide funding for the operational needs of
13	the Fish Habitat Conservation Partnerships, includ-
14	ing funding for activities such as planning, project
15	development and implementation, coordination, mon-
16	itoring, communication, and outreach;
17	(2) facilitate the cooperative development and
18	approval of Partnerships;
19	(3) support the development and implementa-
20	tion of fish habitat conservation projects that are
21	identified as high priorities by the Board;
22	(4) assist the Secretary and the Board in car-
23	rying out this Act;
24	(5) assist the Secretary in carrying out the re-
25	quirements of section 9;

- 1 (6) facilitate communication, cohesiveness, and 2 efficient operations for the benefit of the Partner-3 ships and the Board;
 - (7) facilitate, with assistance from the Director, the Assistant Administrator, and the President of the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies, the consideration of projects by the Board;
 - (8) provide support to the Director in the development and implementation of the interagency operational plan required in subsection (c);
 - (9) provide technical and scientific assistance pursuant to the technical and scientific assistance program required by subsection (d); and
- 14 (10) coordinate and facilitate the resources and
 15 activities of the agencies and departments of the
 16 United States to carry out this Act in an efficient
 17 manner.
- 18 (c) Interagency Operational Plan.—Not later
- 19 than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act
- 20 and every 5 years thereafter, the Director, in cooperation
- 21 with the Assistant Administrator and the heads of other
- 22 appropriate Federal agencies and departments, shall de-
- 23 velop an interagency operational plan for the National
- 24 Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership Office that de-
- 25 scribes—

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1	(1) the functional, operational, technical, sci-
2	entific and general staff, administrative, and mate-
3	rial needs of the Office; and
4	(2) any interagency agreements between or
5	among Federal agencies or departments to address
6	such needs.
7	(d) TECHNICAL AND SCIENTIFIC ASSISTANCE.—The
8	Director, in coordination with the Assistance Adminis-
9	trator and the heads of the United States Geological Sur-
10	vey, the Forest Service, and other appropriate Federal
11	agencies and departments, shall develop a technical and
12	scientific assistance program within the National Fish
13	Habitat Conservation Partnership Office—
14	(1) to provide scientific and technical assistance
15	to States, Indian tribes, regions, local communities,
16	and nongovernmental organizations in the develop-
17	ment and implementation of Fish Habitat Conserva-
18	tion Partnerships; and
19	(2) to ensure the availability of expertise to con-
20	duct scientifically based evaluation and reporting of
21	results of fish habitat conservation projects to meet
22	the reporting requirements described in section 10.
23	(e) Staff and Support.—
24	(1) Departments of the interior and com-
25	MERCE.—The Director and the Assistant Adminis-

- trator shall each provide appropriate staff to support
 the National Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership
 Office.
- 4 (2) STATES.—The States are encouraged to 5 provide staff to support the National Fish Habitat 6 Conservation Partnership Office.
- 7 (3) Detailes and contractors.—The Na-8 tional Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership Office 9 may accept staff or other administrative support 10 from other entities through interagency details or as 11 contractors.
- 12 (4) QUALIFICATIONS.—The members of the 13 staff of the National Fish Habitat Conservation 14 Partnership Office shall have education and experi-15 ence in the principles of fish, wildlife, and aquatic 16 habitat conservation.
- 17 (f) Reporting.—Not less frequently than once each 18 year, the Director shall provide to the Board a report on 19 the activities of the National Fish Habitat Conservation 20 Partnership Office.
- 21 SEC. 8. CONSERVATION OF AQUATIC HABITAT FOR FISH
- 22 AND OTHER AQUATIC ORGANISMS ON FED-
- ERAL LAND.
- The head of each Federal agency or department re-
- 25 sponsible for acquiring, managing, or disposing of Federal

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1	land and waters shall, to the extent consistent with the
2	mission of such agency or department and existing statu-
3	tory authorities, cooperate with the Assistant Adminis-
4	trator and the Director to conserve the aquatic habitats
5	for fish and other aquatic organisms within the land and
6	waters of each such agency.
7	SEC. 9. COORDINATION WITH STATES.
8	The Secretary shall notify and coordinate with the
9	State agency of a State not later than 30 days prior to
10	the date that any action is planned or carried out within
11	the State related to the implementation of this Act.
12	SEC. 10. ACCOUNTABILITY AND REPORTING.
13	(a) Implementation Reports.—
14	(1) REQUIREMENT FOR REPORTS.—Not later
15	than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this
16	Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Board shall
17	submit to the appropriate congressional committees
18	a report on the implementation of this Act and of
19	the Plan.
20	(2) Content.—Each report submitted under
21	paragraph (1) shall include—
22	(A) an estimate of the number of acres,
23	stream miles, or acre feet of aquatic habitat, or
24	other suitable measures of aquatic habitat, that

was protected, restored, or enhanced under the

1	Plan by Federal, State, or local governments,
2	Indian tribes, or other entities in the United
3	States during the previous 2-year period;
4	(B) a description of the public access to
5	aquatic habitats protected, restored, or created
6	under the Plan during such period;
7	(C) a description of the opportunities for
8	public fishing created under the Plan during
9	such period; and
10	(D) an assessment of the status of fish
11	habitat conservation projects carried out with
12	funds provided under this Act, disaggregated by
13	year, including—
14	(i) a description of the fish habitat
15	conservation projects that the Board rec-
16	ommended under section 6(b);
17	(ii) a description of each such project
18	approved by the Secretary under section
19	6(f), in order of priority of receiving such
20	funding;
21	(iii) a justification for the approval of
22	each such project and for the order of pri-
23	ority for its funding;
24	(iv) a justification for any rejection or
25	reordering of the priority of each such

1	project recommended by the Board under
2	section 6(b) that was based on factors
3	other than the criteria set out in section
4	6(c); and
5	(v) an accounting of expenditures by
6	Federal, State, or local governments, In-
7	dian tribes, or other entities in the United
8	States to carry out such projects.
9	(b) STATUS AND TRENDS REPORT.—Not later than
10	December 31, 2010, and every 5 years thereafter, the
11	Board shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
12	mittees a report on the status of aquatic habitats in the
13	United States.
14	(c) REVISIONS TO THE PLAN.—Not later than De-
15	cember 31, 2011, and every 5 years thereafter, the Board
16	shall undertake to revise the goals and other elements of
17	the Plan after consideration of each report required by
18	subsection (b).
19	SEC. 11. REGULATIONS.
20	The Secretary may promulgate regulations to carry
21	out this Act.
22	SEC. 12. CONSTRUCTION.
23	(a) Water Rights.—
24	(1) In general.—Nothing in this Act may be
25	construed—

1	(A) to create a reserved water right, ex-
2	pressed or implied, in the United States for any
3	purpose or to affect any water right in existence
4	on the date of the enactment of this Act; or
5	(B) to affect any Federal or State law in
6	existence on the date of the enactment of the
7	Act regarding water quality or water quantity.
8	(2) Authority to acquire water rights.—
9	The Secretary may acquire, under State law, water
10	rights that are needed to carry out this Act.
11	(b) STATE AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act may be
12	construed—
13	(1) to affect the authority, jurisdiction, or re-
14	sponsibility of a State to manage, control, or regu-
15	late fish and wildlife under the laws and regulations
16	of the State; or
17	(2) to authorize the Secretary to control or reg-
18	ulate within a State the fishing or hunting of fish
19	and wildlife within the State.
20	(c) Construction With Respect to Rights of
21	Indian Tribes.—Nothing in this Act may be construed
22	to abrogate, abridge, affect, modify, supersede, or alter
23	any treaty-reserved right or other right of an Indian tribe
24	as recognized by any other means, including agreements

- 1 with the United States, Federal law, Executive orders,
- 2 statutes, and judicial decrees.
- 3 (d) Construction With Respect to Suits for
- 4 Adjudication of Water Rights.—Nothing in this Act
- 5 diminishes or affects the ability of the Secretary to join
- 6 an adjudication of rights to the use of water pursuant to
- 7 subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 208 of the Depart-
- 8 ment of Justice Appropriation Act (43 U.S.C. 666).
- 9 (e) Construction With Respect to Other Au-
- 10 THORITIES.—
- 11 (1) Acquisition of Lands and Waters.—
- 12 Nothing in this Act may be construed to affect,
- alter, or modify the authorities, responsibilities, obli-
- gations, or powers of the Secretary to acquire land
- or waters or interests therein under any other provi-
- sion of law.
- 17 (2) Private Property Protection.—Nothing
- in this Act may be construed to permit funds made
- available to carry out this Act to be used to acquire
- any real property or any interest in any real prop-
- 21 erty without the written consent of each owner of
- 22 that property or interest in property.
- 23 (3) MITIGATION.—Nothing in this Act may be
- construed to permit funds made available to carry
- out this Act to be used for fish and wildlife mitiga-

1 tion purposes under the Federal Water Pollution 2 Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.), the Fish and 3 Wildlife Coordination Act (16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), 4 or the Water Resources Development Act of 1986 5 (Public Law 99–662; 100 Stat. 4082). 6 SEC. 13. APPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COM-7 MITTEE ACT. 8 Any action taken to coordinate the carrying out of this Act with the personnel of a State agency shall not 10 be subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 11 U.S.C. App). 12 SEC. 14. FUNDING. 13 (a) Authorization of Appropriations.— 14 (1) Fish habitat conservation projects.— 15 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-16 retary for each of the fiscal years 2009 through 17 2013, \$75,000,000 to provide funds for fish habitat 18 conservation projects approved under section 6(f), of 19 which 5 percent shall be made available each fiscal 20 year for projects carried out by Indian tribes. 21 (2) National fish habitat conservation 22 PARTNERSHIP OFFICE.—There are authorized to be 23 appropriated to the Secretary for each of the fiscal

years 2009 through 2013, \$3,000,000 or 25 percent

of the amount appropriated for each such fiscal year

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- pursuant to paragraph (1), whichever is greater, for the National Fish Habitat Conservation Partnership Office.
- (3) Planning, reporting, and administra-5 TIVE EXPENSES.—There are authorized to be appro-6 priated to the Secretary for each of the fiscal years 7 2009 through 2013, \$300,000 or 4 percent of the 8 amount appropriated for each such year under para-9 graph (1), whichever is greater, for the Board, the 10 Director, and the Assistant Administrator to utilize 11 for planning and administrative expenses, and to 12 carry out section 10.
- 13 (4) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds made 14 available pursuant to this subsection shall remain 15 available until expended.
- 16 (b) AGREEMENTS AND GRANTS.—The Secretary17 may—
- 18 (1) upon the recommendation of the Board, and 19 notwithstanding sections 6304 and 6305 of title 31, 20 United States Code, or the Federal Financial Assist-21 ance Management Improvement Act of 1999 (Public 22 Law 106–107; 31 U.S.C. 6101 note) enter into a co-23 operative agreement or contract with a Fish Habitat 24 Conservation Partnership for fish habitat conserva-25 tion, restoration, and enhancement projects;

1	(2) apply for, accept, and use grants from any
2	person or entity to carry out the purposes of this
3	Act; and

(3) make funds available to any Federal agency or department to be used by that agency or department to award grants for any fish habitat protection, restoration, and enhancement project that the Secretary determines to be consistent with this Act.

(c) Donations.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may—

- (A) enter into an agreement with any organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to solicit private donations to carry out the purposes and policies of this Act; and
- (B) accept donations of funds, property, and services for use in carrying out the purposes and policies of this Act.
- (2) Treatment of donations.—Donations accepted under this section shall be considered as gifts or bequests to, or for the use of, the United States and may be used directly by the Secretary or provided to other Federal agencies or departments through interagency agreements.