110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 2132

To prohibit the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of children's products that contain lead, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 3, 2007

Mr. Reid (for Mr. Obama (for himself, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Kerry, Mrs. Clinton, and Mr. Durbin)) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To prohibit the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of children's products that contain lead, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. BAN ON CHILDREN'S PRODUCTS THAT CON-
- 4 TAIN LEAD.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date that is 30
- 6 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any chil-
- 7 dren's product that contains more than the amount of lead
- 8 set forth in subsection (b) shall be treated as a banned
- 9 hazardous substance under the Federal Hazardous Sub-

- stances Act (15 U.S.C. 1261 et seq.) and the prohibitions 2 contained in section 4 of such Act shall apply. 3 (b) STANDARD FOR AMOUNT OF LEAD.—The amount of lead set forth in this subsection is— 5 (1) 600 parts per million lead for any part of 6 a product, effective 30 days after the date of the en-7 actment of this Act: 8 (2) 250 parts per million lead for any part of 9 a product, effective 1 year after the date of the en-10 actment of this Act; and 11 (3) 100 parts per million lead for any part of 12 a product, effective 2 years after the date of the en-13 actment of this Act. 14 (c) Commission Authority To REVISE THE 15 STANDARD.— 16 (1) More stringent standard.—The Con-17 sumer Product Safety Commission may revise the 18 standard set forth in subsection (b) to any amount 19 of lead that is lower than the level set forth in such 20 subsection if the Commission determines such lower 21 amount is feasible to achieve.
- (2) Mandatory review.—After the date that
 is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this
 Act, the Consumer Product Safety Commission
 shall, based on the best available scientific and tech-

nical information, review and revise the standard then effective to require the lowest amount of lead that the Commission determines is feasible to achieve.

(d) CERTAIN ELECTRONIC DEVICES.—

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- (1) ALTERNATE STANDARD.—If the Consumer Product Safety Commission determines that it is not feasible for certain children's products that are electronic devices to attain the standard set forth in subsection (b) or (c), such products shall be equipped with a child-resistant cover or easing that limits exposure of, and accessibility to, the parts of the product containing such amounts of lead.
- (2) TREATMENT AS CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFE-TY RULE.—The requirement of paragraph (1) shall be considered to be a consumer product safety rule issued by the Consumer Product Safety Commission under section 9 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. 2058). The Commission may establish a schedule by which such electronic devices shall be in full compliance with the requirement of paragraph (1).
- 23 (e) DEFINITION OF CHILDREN'S PRODUCT.—In this 24 section, the term "children's product" means any con-25 sumer product marketed for use by children under age 6,

- 1 or whose substantial use by children under age 6 is fore-
- 2 seeable.
- 3 (f) No Preemption of More Protective State
- 4 Laws.—Nothing in this Act preempts any law or ordi-
- 5 nance of a State or political subdivision of a State con-
- 6 taining a standard for lead in children's products that pro-
- 7 vides equal or greater protection to consumers.

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