110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1708

To provide for the expansion of Federal efforts concerning the prevention, education, treatment, and research activities related to Lyme and other tick-borne diseases, including the establishment of a Tick-Borne Diseases Advisory Committee.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 27, 2007

Mr. Dodd (for himself, Mr. Hagel, and Mr. Schumer) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To provide for the expansion of Federal efforts concerning the prevention, education, treatment, and research activities related to Lyme and other tick-borne diseases, including the establishment of a Tick-Borne Diseases Advisory Committee.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Lyme and Tick-borne
- 5 Disease Prevention, Education, and Research Act of
- 6 2007".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress makes the following findings:
 - (1) Lyme disease is a common but frequently misunderstood illness that, if not caught early and treated properly, can cause serious health problems.
 - (2) Lyme disease is a bacterial infection that is transmitted by a tick bite. Early signs of infection may include a rash and flu-like symptoms such as fever, muscle aches, headaches, and fatigue.
 - (3) Although Lyme disease can be treated with antibiotics if caught early, the disease often goes undetected because it mimics other illnesses or may be misdiagnosed. Untreated, Lyme disease can lead to severe heart, neurological, eye, and joint problems because the bacteria can affect many different organs and organ systems.
 - (4) If an individual with Lyme disease does not receive treatment, such individual can develop severe heart, neurological, eye, and joint problems.
 - (5) Although Lyme disease accounts for 90 percent of all vector-borne infections in the United States, the ticks that spread Lyme disease also spread other diseases, such as ehrlichiosis, babesiosis, and other strains of Borrelia. All of these diseases in 1 patient makes diagnosis and treatment more difficult.

1	(6) Studies indicate that the actual number of
2	tick-borne disease cases are approximately 10 times
3	the amount reported.
4	(7) Persistence of symptomatology in many pa-
5	tients without reliable testing makes treatment of
6	patients more difficult.
7	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF A TICK-BORNE DISEASES ADVI
8	SORY COMMITTEE.
9	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
11	Health and Human Services (referred to in this Act as
12	the "Secretary") shall establish within the Office of the
13	Secretary an advisory committee to be known as the Tick-
14	Borne Diseases Advisory Committee (referred to in this
15	section as the "Committee").
16	(b) Duties.—The Committee shall advise the Sec-
17	retary and the Assistant Secretary for Health regarding
18	the manner in which such officials can—
19	(1) ensure interagency coordination and com-
20	munication and minimize overlap regarding efforts
21	to address tick-borne diseases;
22	(2) identify opportunities to coordinate efforts
23	with other Federal agencies and private organiza-
24	tions addressing such diseases;

1	(3) ensure interagency coordination and com-
2	munication with constituency groups;
3	(4) ensure that a broad spectrum of scientific
4	viewpoints are represented in public health policy de-
5	cisions and that information disseminated to the
6	public and physicians is balanced; and
7	(5) advise relevant Federal agencies on prior-
8	ities related to the Lyme and tick-borne diseases.
9	(c) Membership.—
10	(1) Appointed members.—
11	(A) In General.—From among individ-
12	uals who are not officers or employees of the
13	Federal Government, the Secretary shall ap-
14	point to the Committee, as voting members, an
15	equal number of individuals from each of the
16	groups described in clauses (i) through (v) of
17	subparagraph (B).
18	(B) Groups.—The groups described in
19	this subparagraph include the following:
20	(i) Scientific community members rep-
21	resenting the broad spectrum of viewpoints
22	held within the scientific community re-
23	lated to Lyme and other tick-borne dis-
24	eases.

1	(ii) Representatives of tick-borne dis-
2	ease voluntary organizations.
3	(iii) Health care providers, including
4	at least 1 full-time practicing physician,
5	with relevant experience providing care for
6	individuals with a broad range of acute
7	and chronic tick-borne diseases.
8	(iv) Patient representatives who are
9	individuals who have been diagnosed with a
10	tick-borne disease or who have had an im-
11	mediate family member diagnosed with
12	such a disease.
13	(v) Representatives of State and local
14	health departments and national organiza-
15	tions that represent State and local health
16	professionals.
17	(C) Diversity.—In appointing members
18	under this paragraph, the Secretary shall en-
19	sure that such members, as a group, represent
20	a diversity of scientific perspectives relevant to
21	the duties of the Committee.
22	(2) Ex officio members.—The Secretary
23	shall designate, as nonvoting, ex officio members of
24	the Committee, representatives overseeing tick-borne

1	disease activities from each of the following Federal
2	agencies:
3	(A) The Centers for Disease Control and
4	Prevention.
5	(B) The National Institutes of Health.
6	(C) The Agency for Healthcare Research
7	and Quality.
8	(D) The Food and Drug Administration.
9	(E) The Office of the Assistant Secretary
10	for Health.
11	(F) Such additional Federal agencies as
12	the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
13	(3) Co-chairpersons.—The Secretary shall
14	designate the Assistant Secretary of Health as the
15	co-chairperson of the Committee. The appointed
16	members of the Committee shall also elect a public
17	co-chairperson. The public co-chairperson shall serve
18	a 2-year term.
19	(4) TERM OF APPOINTMENT.—The term of
20	service for each member of the Committee appointed
21	under paragraph (1) shall be 4 years.
22	(5) VACANCY.—A vacancy in the membership of
23	the Committee shall be filled in the same manner as
24	the original appointment. Any member appointed to
25	fill a vacancy for an unexpired term shall be ap-

- 1 pointed for the remainder of that term. Members
- 2 may serve after the expiration of their terms until
- 3 their successors have taken office.
- 4 (d) Meetings.—The Committee shall hold public
- 5 meetings, except as otherwise determined by the Sec-
- 6 retary, after providing notice to the public of such meet-
- 7 ings, and shall meet at least twice a year with additional
- 8 meetings subject to the call of the co-chairpersons. Agenda
- 9 items with respect to such meetings may be added at the
- 10 request of the members of the Committee, including the
- 11 co-chairpersons. Meetings shall be conducted, and records
- 12 of the proceedings shall be maintained, as required by ap-
- 13 plicable law and by regulations of the Secretary.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 15 purpose of carrying out this section, there is authorized
- 16 to be appropriated \$250,000 for each of the fiscal years
- 17 2008 through 2011. Amounts appropriated under the pre-
- 18 ceding sentence shall be used for the expenses and per
- 19 diem costs incurred by the Committee under this section
- 20 in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act,
- 21 except that no voting member of the Committee shall be
- 22 a permanent salaried employee.

1	SEC. 4. FEDERAL ACTIVITIES RELATED TO THE DIAGNOSIS,
2	SURVEILLANCE, PREVENTION, AND RE-
3	SEARCH OF LYME AND OTHER TICK-BORNE
4	DISEASES.
5	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting as appro-
6	priate through the Director of the Centers for Disease
7	Control and Prevention, the Director of the National Insti-
8	tutes of Health, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs,
9	and the Director of the Agency for Healthcare Research
10	and Quality, as well as additional Federal agencies as the
11	Secretary determines to be appropriate, and in consulta-
12	tion with the Tick-Borne Diseases Advisory Committee,
13	shall provide for the coordination of all Federal programs
14	and activities related to Lyme and other tick-borne dis-
15	eases, including the activities described in paragraphs (1)
16	through (4) of subsection (b).
17	(b) ACTIVITIES.—The activities described in this sub-
18	section are the following:
19	(1) Development of diagnostic tests.—
20	Such activities include—
21	(A) the development of sensitive and more
22	accurate diagnostic tools and tests, including a
23	direct detection test for Lyme disease capable
24	of distinguishing active infection from past in-
25	fection;

1	(B) improving the efficient utilization of
2	diagnostic testing currently available to account
3	for the multiple clinical manifestations of both
4	acute and chronic Lyme disease; and
5	(C) providing for the timely evaluation of
6	promising emerging diagnostic methods.
7	(2) Surveillance and reporting.—Such ac-
8	tivities include surveillance and reporting of Lyme
9	and other tick-borne diseases—
10	(A) to accurately determine the prevalence
11	of Lyme and other tick-borne disease;
12	(B) to evaluate the feasibility of developing
13	a reporting system for the collection of data on
14	physician-diagnosed cases of Lyme disease that
15	do not meet the surveillance criteria of the Cen-
16	ters of Disease Control and Prevention in order
17	to more accurately gauge disease incidence; and
18	(C) to evaluate the feasibility of creating a
19	national uniform reporting system including re-
20	quired reporting by laboratories in each State.
21	(3) Prevention.—Such activities include—
22	(A) the provision and promotion of access
23	to a comprehensive, up-to-date clearinghouse of
24	peer-reviewed information on Lyme and other
25	tick-borne disease;

1	(B) increased public education related to
2	Lyme and other tick-borne diseases through the
3	expansion of the Community Based Education
4	Programs of the Centers for Disease Control
5	and Prevention to include expansion of informa-
6	tion access points to the public;
7	(C) the creation of a physician education
8	program that includes the full spectrum of sci-
9	entific research related to Lyme and other tick-
10	borne diseases; and
11	(D) the sponsoring of scientific conferences
12	on Lyme and other tick-borne diseases, includ-
13	ing reporting and consideration of the full spec-
14	trum of clinically-based knowledge, with the
15	first of such conferences to be held not later
16	than 24 months after the date of enactment of
17	this Act.
18	(4) CLINICAL OUTCOMES RESEARCH.—Such ac-
19	tivities include—
20	(A) the establishment of epidemiological
21	research objectives to determine the long term
22	course of illness for Lyme disease; and
23	(B) determination of the effectiveness of
24	different treatment modalities by establishing
25	treatment outcome objectives.

1	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
2	purposes of carrying out this section, and for the purposes
3	of providing for additional research, prevention, and edu-
4	cational activities for Lyme and other tick-borne diseases,
5	there is authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for
6	each of the fiscal years 2008 through 2011. Such author-
7	ization is in addition to any other authorization of appro-
8	priations available for such purpose.
9	SEC. 5. REPORTS ON LYME AND OTHER TICK-BORNE DIS-
10	EASES.
11	(a) In General.—Not later than 18 months after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
13	the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the
14	activities carried out under this Act.
15	(b) Content.—Reports under subsection (a) shall
16	contain—
17	(1) significant activities or developments related
18	to the surveillance, diagnosis, treatment, education,
19	or prevention of Lyme or other tick-borne diseases,
20	including suggestions for further research and edu-
21	cation;
22	(2) a scientifically qualified assessment of Lyme
23	and other tick-borne diseases, including both acute
24	and chronic instances, related to the broad spectrum
25	of empirical evidence of treating physicians, as well

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- as published peer reviewed data, that shall include recommendations for addressing research gaps in diagnosis and treatment of Lyme and other tick-borne diseases and an evaluation of treatment guidelines and their utilization;
- (3) progress in the development of accurate diagnostic tools that are more useful in the clinical setting for both acute and chronic disease; and
- (4) the promotion of public awareness and physician education initiatives to improve the knowledge of health care providers and the public regarding clinical and surveillance practices for Lyme disease and other tick-borne diseases.

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