110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1117

To establish a grant program to provide vision care to children, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 16, 2007

Mr. Bond (for himself and Mr. Dodd) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To establish a grant program to provide vision care to children, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Vision Care for Kids
- 5 Act of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) Millions of children in the United States
- 9 suffer from vision problems, many of which go unde-
- tected. Because children with vision problems can

- struggle developmentally, resulting in physical, emotional, and social consequences, good vision is essential for proper physical development and educational progress.
 - (2) Vision problems in children range from common conditions such as refractive errors, ambly-opia, strabismus, ocular trauma, and infections, to rare but potentially life- or sight-threatening problems such as retinoblastoma, infantile cataracts, congenital glaucoma, and genetic or metabolic diseases of the eye.
 - (3) Since many serious ocular conditions are treatable if identified in the preschool and early school-aged years, early detection provides the best opportunity for effective treatment and can have farreaching implications for vision.
 - (4) Various identification methods, including vision screening and comprehensive eye examinations required by State laws, can be helpful in identifying children needing services. A child identified as needing services through vision screening should receive a comprehensive eye examination followed by subsequent treatment as needed. Any child identified as needing services should have access to subsequent treatment as needed.

1 (5) There is a need to increase public awareness 2 about the prevalence and devastating consequences 3 of vision disorders in children and to educate the 4 public and health care providers about the warning 5 signs and symptoms of ocular and vision disorders 6 and the benefits of early detection, evaluation, and 7 treatment.

8 SEC. 3. GRANTS REGARDING VISION CARE FOR CHILDREN.

- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
 10 Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Sec11 retary"), acting through the Director of the Centers for
 12 Disease Control and Prevention, may award grants to
 13 States on the basis of an established review process for
 14 the purpose of complementing existing State efforts for—
 - (1) providing comprehensive eye examinations by a licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist for children who have been previously identified through a vision screening or eye examination by a licensed health care provider or vision screener as needing such services, with priority given to children who are under the age of 9 years;
 - (2) providing treatment or services, subsequent to the examinations described in paragraph (1), necessary to correct vision problems; and

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1 (3) developing and disseminating, to parents, 2 teachers, and health care practitioners, educational 3 materials on recognizing signs of visual impairment 4 in children.

(b) Criteria and Coordination.—

- (1) Criteria.—The Secretary, in consultation with appropriate professional and consumer organizations including individuals with knowledge of age appropriate vision services, shall develop criteria—
 - (A) governing the operation of the grant program under subsection (a); and
 - (B) for the collection of data related to vision assessment and the utilization of follow up services.
- (2) Coordinate the Secretary shall, as appropriate, coordinate the program under subsection (a) with the program under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act (relating to health centers) (42 U.S.C. 254b), the program under title XIX of the Social Security Act (relating to the Medicaid program) (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), the program under title XXI of such Act (relating to the State children's health insurance program) (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.), and with other Federal or State programs that provide services to children.

1	(c) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
2	under subsection (a), a State shall submit to the Secretary
3	an application in such form, made in such manner, and
4	containing such information as the Secretary may require,
5	including—
6	(1) information on existing Federal, Federal-
7	State, or State-funded children's vision programs;
8	(2) a plan for the use of grant funds, including
9	how funds will be used to complement existing State
10	efforts (including possible partnerships with non-
11	profit entities);
12	(3) a plan to determine if a grant eligible child
13	has been identified as provided for in subsection (a);
14	and
15	(4) a description of how funds will be used to
16	provide items or services, only as a secondary
17	payer—
18	(A) for an eligible child, to the extent that
19	the child is not covered for the items or services
20	under any State compensation program, under
21	an insurance policy, or under any Federal or
22	State health benefits program; or
23	(B) for an eligible child, to the extent that
24	the child receives the items or services from an

1	entity that provides health services on a prepaid
2	basis.
3	(d) EVALUATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant
4	under subsection (a), a State shall agree that, not later
5	than 1 year after the date on which amounts under the
6	grant are first received by the State, and annually there-
7	after while receiving amounts under the grant, the State
8	will submit to the Secretary an evaluation of the oper-
9	ations and activities carried out under the grant, includ-
10	ing—
11	(1) an assessment of the utilization of vision
12	services and the status of children receiving these
13	services as a result of the activities carried out
14	under the grant;
15	(2) the collection, analysis, and reporting of
16	children's vision data according to guidelines pre-
17	scribed by the Secretary; and
18	(3) such other information as the Secretary
19	may require.
20	(e) Limitations in Expenditure of Grant.—A
21	grant may be made under subsection (a) only if the State
22	involved agrees that the State will not expend more than
23	20 percent of the amount received under the grant to
24	carry out the purpose described in paragraph (3) of such
25	subsection.

- 1 (f) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 2 term "comprehensive eye examination" includes an assess-
- 3 ment of a patient's history, general medical observation,
- 4 external and ophthalmoscopic examination, visual acuity,
- 5 ocular alignment and motility, refraction, and as appro-
- 6 priate, binocular vision or gross visual fields, performed
- 7 by an optometrist or an ophthalmologist.
- 8 (g) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the
- 9 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
- 10 to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for
- 11 each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.

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