### 110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 1044

To improve the medical care of members of the Armed Forces and veterans, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 29, 2007

Mr. BIDEN introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Armed Services

## A BILL

To improve the medical care of members of the Armed Forces and veterans, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Effective Care for the
- 5 Armed Forces and Veterans Act of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON COMPETITIVE SOURCING OF CER-
- 7 TAIN ACTIVITIES AT MEDICAL FACILITIES OF
- 8 THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.
- 9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) The health and recovery of wounded mem-2 bers of the Armed Forces may be risked by competi-3 tive sourcing of services at military medical facilities.
- (2) The provision of medical services to mem-5 bers and former members of the Armed Forces who 6 were injured while serving in Operation Iraqi Free-7 dom or Operation Enduring Freedom is a basic serv-8 ice that is the responsibility of the Government and 9 any disruption is unacceptable when it risks the 10 health of veterans and members of the Armed Forces.
  - (3) The Department of Defense has attempted to implement competitive sourcing of services at military medical facilities despite the fact that doing so provides no improvement in the efficiency or effectiveness of such services.
- 17 (b) Prohibition on Initiation of Competitive Sourcing Activities at Medical Facilities of De-18 19 PARTMENT OF DEFENSE DURING PERIOD OF MAJOR 20 MILITARY CONFLICT.—
- 21 (1) In General.—Except as provided in para-22 graph (2), during a period in which the Armed 23 Forces are involved in a major military conflict, the 24 Secretary of Defense shall not take any action under 25 the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-

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- 1 76 or any other similar administrative regulation, di-2 rective, or policy—
- A) to subject work performed by an employee of a medical facility of the Department of Defense or employee of a private contractor of such a medical facility to public-private competition; or
  - (B) to convert such employee or the work performed by such employee to private contractor performance.
  - (2) EXCEPTION TO PREVENT NEGATIVE IMPACT ON PROVISION OF SERVICES.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any action at a medical facility of the Department of Defense if the Secretary of Defense certifies to Congress that not initiating such action during such period would have a negative impact on the provision of services at such military medical facility.
- (c) STUDY ON COMPETITIVE SOURCING ACTIVITIES

  20 AT MEDICAL FACILITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF DE
  21 FENSE.—The Comptroller General of the United States

  22 shall assess the efficiency and advisability of subjecting

  23 work performed by an employee of a medical facility of

  24 the Department of Defense or a private contractor of such

  25 a medical facility to public-private competition, or con-

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1	verting such employee or the work performed by such em-
2	ployee to private contractor performance, under the Office
3	of Management and Budget Circular A-76 or any other
4	similar administrative regulation, directive, or policy.
5	SEC. 3. MINIMUM BUDGET FOR MEDICAL SERVICES OF THE
6	ARMED FORCES DURING PERIOD OF MAJOR
7	MILITARY CONFLICT.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
9	(1) Pressure to reduce the budget for the med-
10	ical services of the Department of Defense has con-
11	tributed to many of the current problems at Walter
12	Reed Army Medical Center.
13	(2) It is inappropriate to reduce the budget for
14	medical services of the Department of Defense or
15	the Department of Veterans Affairs while such serv-
16	ices are needed to treat members of the Armed
17	Forces or veterans who were wounded in Iraq and
18	Afghanistan.
19	(b) Minimum Budget for Medical Services.—
20	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
21	graph (2), if the Armed Forces are involved in a
22	major military conflict at the time the President
23	submits the budget for a fiscal year to Congress, the
24	President shall not include in that budget a total ag-

gregate amount allocated for medical services for the

1	Department of Defense and the Department of Vet-
2	erans Affairs that is less than the total aggregate
3	amount allocated for such purposes in the budget
4	submitted by the President to Congress for the pre-
5	vious fiscal year.
6	(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
7	apply if the President—
8	(A) certifies to Congress that submitting a
9	total aggregate amount allocated for medical
10	services for the Department of Defense and the
11	Department of Veterans Affairs that is less
12	than that required under paragraph (1) is in
13	the national interest; and
14	(B) submits to Congress a report on the
15	reasons for the reduction described by subpara-
16	graph (A).
17	SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON IMPLEMENTATION OF REC-
18	OMMENDATION TO CLOSE WALTER REED
19	ARMY MEDICAL CENTER.
20	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
21	(1) The final recommendations of the Defense
22	Base Closure and Realignment Commission under
23	the 2005 round of defense base closure and realign-
24	ment include recommendations to close Walter Reed
25	Army Medical Center and to build new, modern fa-

cilities at the National Naval Medical Center at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir to improve the overall quality of and access to health care for members of

the Armed Forces.

- 5 (2) These recommendations include the transfer 6 of medical services from the Walter Reed Army 7 Medical Center to the National Naval Medical Cen-8 ter at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir, but they do not 9 adequately provide for housing for the families of 10 wounded members of the Armed Forces who will re-11 ceive treatment at such new facilities.
  - (3) The recommended closure of the Walter Reed Army Medical Center has impaired the ability of the Secretary of Defense to attract the personnel required to provide proper medical services at such medical center.
- 17 (b) Limitation on Implementation of Rec18 Ommendations.—The Secretary of Defense shall not
  19 take any action to implement the recommendations of the
  20 Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission under
  21 the 2005 round of defense base closure and realignment
  22 relating to the transfer of medical services from Walter
  23 Reed Army Medical Center to the National Naval Medical
  24 Center at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir during the period
  25 beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and

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- 1 ending on the date that is 60 days after the date on which
- 2 Congress receives the plan required under subsection (c).
- 3 (c) Plan Required.—Not later than one year after
- 4 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
- 5 Defense shall submit to Congress a plan that includes an
- 6 assessment of the following:

closed.

- 7 (1) The feasibility and advisability of providing 8 current or prospective employees at Walter Reed 9 Army Medical Center a guarantee that their employ-10 ment will continue in the Washington, DC, metro-11 politan area for more than two years after the date 12 on which Walter Reed Army Medical Center is
  - (2) Detailed construction plans for new medical facilities and family housing at the National Naval Medical Center at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir to accommodate the transfer of medical services from Walter Reed Army Medical Center to the National Naval Medical Center at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir.
    - (3) The costs, feasibility, and advisability of completing all of the construction planned for the transfer of medical services from Walter Reed Army Medical Center to the National Naval Medical Center at Bethesda and at Fort Belvoir before any pa-

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1	tients are transferred to such new facilities from
2	Walter Reed Army Medical Center as a result of the
3	recommendations of the Defense Base Closure and
4	Realignment Commission under the 2005 round of
5	defense base closure and realignment.
6	SEC. 5. IMPROVING CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES FOR
7	MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.
8	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
9	ings:
10	(1) Case managers are important for scheduling
11	appointments and making sure recovering
12	servicemembers get the care they need.
13	(2) Many case managers are overwhelmed by
14	the large number of wounded members of the Armed
15	Forces returning from deployment in Iraq and Af-
16	ghanistan.
17	(3) Regular contact between health care pro-
18	viders and members of the Armed Forces returning
19	from deployment is important for the diagnosis of
20	post traumatic stress disorder in such members.
21	(4) It is inappropriate to require a wounded
22	member of the Armed Forces or a family member of
23	such member to provide a photo or a medal from de-

ployment in Iraq or Afghanistan to prove that such

- member served in and was injured from such deployment.
- (5) Case managers are well qualified to assist
   recovering servicemembers and their families with
   the disability evaluation system and discharge procedures of the Department of Defense.

### 7 (b) Case Managers.—

- (1) In General.—The Secretary of Defense shall assign at least one case manager for every 20 recovering servicemembers to assist in the recovery of such recovering servicemember.
- (2) MINIMUM CONTACT.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that case managers contact each of their assigned recovering servicemembers not less than once per week.
- (3) Training.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that case managers of the Department of Defense are familiar with the disability and discharge system of the Department of Defense and that such case managers are able to assist recovering servicemembers complete necessary and related forms.
- (c) Recovering Servicemember.—In this section,
  the term "recovering servicemember" means a member of
  the Armed Forces, including a member of the National

- 1 Guard or a Reserve, who is undergoing medical treatment,
- 2 recuperation, or therapy, or is otherwise in medical hold
- 3 or holdover status, for an injury, illness, or disease in-
- 4 curred or aggravated while on active duty in the Armed
- 5 Forces.

#### 6 SEC. 6. SCREENING FOR TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY.

- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Many of the members of the Armed Forces
- 9 deployed in Iraq and Afghanistan have brain inju-
- 10 ries.
- 11 (2) In many cases, such injuries are not diag-
- 12 nosed because there is no external indication of such
- injury.
- 14 (3) The Secretary of Veterans Affairs carries
- out programs to screen all recent combat veterans
- 16 for traumatic brain injury; the Secretary of Defense
- does not do so.
- 18 (b) Screening Required.—The Secretary of De-
- 19 fense shall screen every member of the Armed Forces re-
- 20 turning from deployment in Operation Iraqi Freedom or
- 21 Operation Enduring Freedom for traumatic brain injury
- 22 upon the return of each such member.
- (c) Studies on Treating Traumatic Brain In-
- 24 Jury as Presumptive Condition for Disability Com-
- 25 PENSATION.—

1	(1) Study by secretary of defense.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of De-
3	fense shall conduct a study on the feasability
4	and advisability of treating traumatic brain in-
5	jury as a presumptive condition for members of
6	the Armed Forces who served in Operation
7	Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom
8	for the qualification for disability compensation
9	under laws administered by the Secretary of
10	Defense.
11	(B) Report.—Not later than 180 days
12	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
13	Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress
14	a report on the results of the study required by
15	subparagraph (A).
16	(2) Study by secretary of veterans af-
17	FAIRS.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Vet-
19	erans Affairs shall conduct a study on the
20	feasability and advisability of treating traumatic
21	brain injury as a presumptive condition for vet-
22	erans who served as members of the Armed
23	Forces in Operation Iraqi Freedom or Oper-

ation Enduring Freedom for the qualification

1	for disability compensation under laws adminis-
2	tered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.
3	(B) Report.—Not later than 180 days
4	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
5	Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to
6	Congress a report on the results of the study
7	required by subparagraph (A).
8	(3) Study by director of national insti-
9	TUTES OF HEALTH.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the
11	National Institutes of Health shall conduct a
12	study on traumatic brain injury, including the
13	detection of traumatic brain injury and the
14	measurement and classification of the severity
15	of traumatic brain injury.
16	(B) Report.—Not later than 180 days
17	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
18	Director of the National Institutes of Health
19	shall submit to Congress a report on the results

of the study required by subparagraph (A).

1	SEC. 7. REQUIRING MEDICAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT SYS-
2	TEMS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO COM-
3	MUNICATE WITH MEDICAL RECORDS MAN-
4	AGEMENT SYSTEMS OF DEPARTMENT OF
5	VETERANS AFFAIRS.
6	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
7	ings:
8	(1) The electronic transfer of medical records of
9	members of the Armed Forces from the medical
10	records management systems of the Department of
11	Defense to the medical records management systems
12	of the Department of Veterans Affairs would be pru-
13	dent.
14	(2) The Department of Veterans Affairs has
15	been a leader in the implementation of electronic
16	medical records management systems.
17	(b) Electronic Communication Between Med-
18	ICAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS REQUIRED.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two years
20	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
21	retary of Defense shall ensure that the medical
22	records management systems of the Department of
23	Defense are capable of transmitting medical records
24	to and receiving medical records from the medical
25	records management systems of the Department of
26	Veterans Affairs electronically

1	(2) Initiation of activities.—Not later than
2	one year after the date of the enactment of this Act,
3	the Secretary of Defense shall begin any activities
4	required to meet the requirements of paragraph (1).
5	SEC. 8. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS ASSESSMENT
6	OF LONG-TERM CARE NEEDS OF VETERANS.
7	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
8	ings:
9	(1) Multiple studies show that, in the next five
10	years, the Department of Veterans Affairs will add
11	hundreds of thousands of new veterans to the med-
12	ical records management systems of the Department
13	of Veterans Affairs.
14	(2) During such period, many veterans will
15	have multiple medical care needs caused by complex
16	medical conditions.
17	(b) Assessment of Long-Term Care Needs.—
18	The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall assess the current
19	ability of the Department of Veterans Affairs to meet
20	long-term care needs of veterans during the 50-year period
21	that begins on the date of the enactment of this Act.
22	(e) Determination of Actions Required To
23	MEET LONG-TERM CARE NEEDS.—The Secretary of Vet-
24	erans Affairs shall determine what actions are required

- 1 to ensure that the needs described in subsection (b) are
- 2 satisfied.
- 3 (d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than one year
- 4 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- 5 of Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report on
- 6 the assessment required in subsection (b) and the deter-
- 7 mination required in subsection (c).

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