H. R. 5669

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 5, 2008

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

AN ACT

To amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize the poison center national toll-free number, national media campaign, and grant program to provide assistance for poison prevention, sustain the funding of poison centers, and enhance the public health of people of the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Poison Center Sup-
- 5 port, Enhancement, and Awareness Act of 2008".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) Poison centers are the primary defense of 9 the United States against injury and deaths from 10 poisoning. Twenty-four hours a day, the general 11 public as well as health care practitioners contact 12 their local poison centers for help in diagnosing and 13 treating victims of poisoning. In 2007, more than 4 14 million calls were managed by poison centers pro-15 viding ready and direct access for all people of the 16 United States, including many underserved popu-17 lations in the United States, with vital emergency 18 public health information and response.
 - (2) Poisoning is the second most common form of unintentional death in the United States. In any given year, there will be between 3 million and 5 million poison exposures. Sixty percent of these exposures will involve children under the age of 6 who are exposed to toxins in their home. Poisoning accounts for 285,000 hospitalizations, 1.2 million days

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- of acute hospital care, and more than 26,000 fatalities in 2005.
 - (3) In 2008, the Harvard Injury Control Research Center reported that poisonings from accidents and unknown circumstances more than tripled in rate since 1990. In 2005, the last year for which data are available, 26,858 people died from accidental or unknown poisonings. This represents an increase of 20,000 since 1990 and an increase of 2,400 between 2004 and 2005. Fatalities from poisoning are increasing in the United States in near epidemic proportions. The funding of programs to reverse this trend is needed now more than ever.
 - (4) In 2004, The Institute of Medicine, of the National Academies recommended that the "Congress should amend the current Poison Control Center Enhancement and Awareness Act Amendments of 2003 to provide sufficient funding to support the proposed Poison Prevention and Control System with its national network of poison centers. Support for the core activities at the current level of service is estimated to require more than \$100 million annually.".
 - (5) Sustaining the funding structure and increasing accessibility to poison control centers will

- promote the utilization of poison control centers and reduce the inappropriate use of emergency medical services and other more costly health care services. The 2004 Institute of Medicine Report to Congress determined that for every \$1 invested in the Na-tion's poison centers \$7 of health care costs are saved. In 2005, direct Federal health care program savings totaled in excess of \$525 million as the re-sult of poison center public health services.
 - (6) More than 30 percent of the cost savings and financial benefits of the Nation's network of poison centers are realized annually by Federal health care programs (estimated to be more than \$1 billion), yet Federal funding support (as demonstrated by the annual authorization of \$30.1 million in Public Law 108–194) comprises less than 11 percent of the annual network expenditures of poison centers.
 - (7) Real-time data collected from the Nation's certified poison centers can be an important source of information for the detection, monitoring, and response for contamination of the air, water, pharmaceutical, or food supply.
 - (8) In the event of a terrorist event, poison centers will be relied upon as a critical source for accurate medical information and public health emer-

- 1 gency response concerning the treatment of patients
- 2 who have had an exposure to a chemical, radio-
- 3 logical, or biological agent.
- 4 SEC. 3. REAUTHORIZATION OF POISON CENTERS NATIONAL
- 5 TOLL-FREE NUMBER.
- 6 Section 1271 of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 7 U.S.C. 300d–71) is amended to read as follows:
- 8 "SEC. 1271. MAINTENANCE OF THE NATIONAL TOLL-FREE
- 9 **NUMBER.**
- 10 "(a) In General.—The Secretary shall provide co-
- 11 ordination and assistance to poison centers for the estab-
- 12 lishment of a nationwide toll-free phone number, and the
- 13 maintenance of such number, to be used to access such
- 14 centers.
- 15 "(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 16 are authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for each of
- 17 the fiscal years 2000 through 2009 to carry out this sec-
- 18 tion; and \$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010
- 19 through 2014 for the maintenance of the nationwide toll-
- 20 free phone number under subsection (a).".

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	SEC. 4.	REAUTHORIZATION	OR NATIONWIDE	WHIDIA	CAVI.

- 2 PAIGN TO PROMOTE POISON CENTER UTILI-
- 3 ZATION.
- 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1272 of the Public Health
- 5 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–72) is amended to read as
- 6 follows:

7 "SEC. 1272. NATIONWIDE MEDIA CAMPAIGN TO PROMOTE

- 8 POISON CENTER UTILIZATION.
- 9 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out,
- 10 and expand upon, a national media campaign to educate
- 11 the public and health care providers about poison preven-
- 12 tion and the availability of poison center resources in local
- 13 communities and to conduct advertising campaigns con-
- 14 cerning the nationwide toll-free number established under
- 15 section 1271(a).
- 16 "(b) Contract With Entity.—The Secretary may
- 17 carry out subsection (a) by entering into contracts with
- 18 a nationally recognized organization in the field of poison
- 19 control for the development and implementation of a na-
- 20 tionwide poison prevention and poison center awareness
- 21 campaign, which may include the development and dis-
- 22 tribution of poison prevention and poison center awareness
- 23 materials; television, radio, Internet, and newspaper public
- 24 service announcements; and other means of public and
- 25 professional awareness and education.
- 26 "(c) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall—

- 1 "(1) establish baseline measures and bench-
- 2 marks to quantitatively evaluate the impact of the
- anationwide media campaign carried out under this
- 4 section; and
- 5 "(2) prepare and submit to the appropriate
- 6 congressional committees an evaluation of the na-
- 7 tionwide media campaign on an annual basis.
- 8 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 9 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 10 \$600,000 for each of the fiscal years 2000 through 2005,
- 11 such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years
- 12 2006 through 2009, and \$1,500,000 for each of the fiscal
- 13 years 2010 through 2014.".
- 14 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 15 this section shall be effective as of the date of the enact-
- 16 ment of this Act and shall apply to contracts entered into
- 17 on or after January 1, 2009.
- 18 SEC. 5. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE POISON CENTER
- 19 GRANT PROGRAM.
- 20 (a) In General.—Section 1273 of the Public Health
- 21 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d-73) is amended to read as
- 22 follows:

1 "SEC. 1273. MAINTENANCE OF THE POISON CENTER GRANT 2 PROGRAM. 3 "(a) AUTHORIZATION OF GRANT PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall award grants to poison centers certified 4 5 under subsection (c) (or granted a waiver under subsection (d)) and professional organizations in the field of poison 6 7 control for the purposes of preventing, and providing treatment recommendations for, poisonings and complying with the operational requirements needed to sustain the 9 10 certification of the center under subsection (c). "(b) Additional Uses of Grant Funds.—In addi-11 tion to the purposes described in subsection (a), a poison center or professional organization awarded a grant under 13 such subsection may also use such grant for the following 15 purposes: 16 "(1) To establish and evaluate best practices in 17 the United States for poison prevention, poison cen-18 ter outreach, and emergency and preparedness pro-19 grams. "(2) To research, develop, implement, revise, 20 21 and communicate standard patient management 22 guidelines for commonly encountered toxic expo-23 sures. 24 "(3) To improve national toxic exposure surveil-

lance by enhancing cooperative activities between

- poison centers in the United States and the Centers
 for Disease Control and Prevention.
- "(4) To develop, support, and enhance technology and capabilities of professional organizations in the field of poison control to collect national poisoning, toxic occurrence, and related public health data.
 - "(5) To develop initiatives to foster the enhanced public health utilization of national poison data collected by organizations described in paragraph (4).
- 12 "(6) To support and expand the toxicologic ex-13 pertise within poison centers.
- "(7) To improve the capacity of poison centers to answer high volumes of calls and respond during times of national crisis or other public health emergencies.
- 18 "(c) Certification.—Except as provided under 19 subsection (d), the Secretary may make a grant to a poi-20 son center under subsection (a) only if—
- "(1) the center has been certified by a professional organization in the field of poison control, and the Secretary has approved the organization as having in effect standards for certification that reason-

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- ably provide for the protection of the public health
 with respect to poisoning; or
 - "(2) the center has been certified by a State government, and the Secretary has approved the State government as having in effect standards for certification that reasonably provide for the protection of the public health with respect to poisoning.

 "(d) WAIVER OF CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—
 - "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may grant a waiver of the certification requirement of subsection (c) with respect to a noncertified poison center that applies for a grant under this section if such center can reasonably demonstrate that the center will obtain such a certification within a reasonable period of time as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
 - "(2) Renewal.—The Secretary may renew a waiver under paragraph (1).
 - "(3) LIMITATION.—In no instance may the sum of the number of years for a waiver under paragraph (1) and a renewal under paragraph (2) exceed 5 years. The preceding sentence shall take effect as of the date of the enactment of the Poison Center Support, Enhancement, and Awareness Act of 2008.
- 24 "(e) Supplement Not Supplant.—Amounts made 25 available to a poison center under this section shall be

- 1 used to supplement and not supplant other Federal, State,
- 2 or local funds provided for such center.
- 3 "(f) Maintenance of Effort.—A poison center, in
- 4 utilizing the proceeds of a grant under this section, shall
- 5 maintain the expenditures of the center for activities of
- 6 the center at a level that is not less than the level of ex-
- 7 penditures maintained by the center for the fiscal year
- 8 preceding the fiscal year for which the grant is received.
- 9 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 10 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this sec-
- 11 tion—
- 12 "(1) for each of the fiscal years 2000 through
- 13 2004, \$25,000,000;
- 14 "(2) for each of the fiscal years 2005 through
- 15 2009, \$27,500,000; and
- 16 "(3) for each of the fiscal years 2010 through
- 17 2014, \$35,000,000, of which \$1,500,000 shall be
- used to award grants for the purpose described in
- subsection (b)(4).".
- (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 21 this section shall be effective as of the date of the enact-

- 1 ment of this Act and shall apply to grants made on or
- 2 after January 1, 2009.

Passed the House of Representatives June 4, 2008.

Attest:

LORRAINE C. MILLER,

Clerk.