110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5654

To authorize a program to provide grants to youth-serving organizations that carry out child-parent visitation programs for children with incarcerated parents.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 14, 2008

Mr. Rush (for himself, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Ms. Kilpatrick, Mr. Butterfield, Mr. Ellison, Mr. Davis of Illinois, Ms. Moore of Wisconsin, Mr. Payne, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mrs. Christensen, Mr. Cohen, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, Ms. Watson, Mrs. Capps, Ms. Baldwin, Ms. Harman, Mr. Clay, Ms. Clarke, Mr. Ruppersberger, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Ms. Delauro, and Mr. Hastings of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

A BILL

To authorize a program to provide grants to youth-serving organizations that carry out child-parent visitation programs for children with incarcerated parents.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Families Beyond Bars
- 5 Act of 2008".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds as follows:
- 1) The Bureau of Justice Statistics estimates that 1,500,000 children in the United States have at least one incarcerated parent, and an estimated 10,000,000 more individuals have at least one parent who was incarcerated at some point during the individual's childhood.
 - (2) In 2006, the Bureau of Justice Statistics estimated that 75 percent of incarcerated women were mothers, two-thirds of whom were mothers of children under the age of 18, and an estimated 32 percent of incarcerated men were fathers of children under the age of 18.
 - (3) The trauma associated with having an incarcerated parent has been well-documented, and includes depression, aggression, low self-esteem, poor academic performance, truancy, attention deficit disorders, substance abuse, teen pregnancy, and symptoms of post-traumatic stress disorder.
 - (4) The Bureau of Justice Statistics estimates that children with imprisoned parents may be almost 6 times more likely than their peers to be incarcerated.
 - (5) Increased visitation between incarcerated parents and their children can reduce the anxiety

- and sense of loss children of incarcerated parents experience. This beneficial, low-cost activity may also contribute to a reduction in future crime committed by, and incarceration of, children of incarcerated parents.
 - (6) Participation in a comprehensive visitation program allows children of incarcerated parents to build relationships with caring adults and experience opportunities for meaningful involvement and membership, helping to reduce the negative effects of parent-child separation.
 - (7) The incarceration of women who are mothers introduces significant changes to the family structure, income level, living arrangements, and emotional support systems of their children. The incarceration of mothers is often more disruptive than the incarceration of fathers, because an estimated two-thirds of mothers who are incarcertated serve as the primary caregiver for at least one child before arrest.
 - (8) Incarceration can present an opportunity to enhance parenting skills, encourage children to resist peer pressure, and foster high parental expectations for their children's school work.

1 SEC. 3. BEYOND BARS GRANT PROGRAM.

2	(a) Grant Program Established.—
3	(1) Grants authorized.—The Attorney Gen-
4	eral is authorized to award grants to qualified orga-
5	nizations to carry out child-parent visitation pro-
6	grams that foster and develop familial ties between
7	eligible children and their incarcerated parents.
8	(2) Grant amount.—A grant awarded under
9	this section to a qualified organization may not be
10	less than $$200,000$ nor more than $$310,000$.
11	(3) Grant Period; Renewability.—A grant
12	awarded under this section shall be for not less than
13	a 3-year period and not more than a 5-year period,
14	and may be renewed.
15	(b) Grant Uses.—Grants awarded under this sec-
16	tion may be used by a qualified organization to—
17	(1) organize and lead group meetings, in ac-
18	cordance with subsection (c);
19	(2) provide counseling to eligible children, and
20	to their incarcerated parents;
21	(3) select one or more qualified program
22	facilitators to—
23	(A) organize and lead group meetings, in
24	accordance with subsection (c); and
25	(B) provide counseling to eligible children,
26	and to their incarcerated parents;

- 1 (4) provide to one or more such qualified program facilitators a monthly stipend in accordance with subsection (d);
 - (5) provide transportation for eligible children to attend such group meetings, and provide volunteer support to assist in such transportation;
 - (6) provide security for eligible children during such group meetings, and comply with applicable security procedures required by the facility at which the eligible children's parents are incarcerated;
 - (7) provide enrichment activities for incarcerated parents of eligible children during incarceration and pre-release, including parenting classes and transition programs;
 - (8) provide connections to and coordination with community and social services and other support to eligible children, incarcerated parents, and individuals who serve as guardians of eligible children while the eligible children's parents are incarcerated;
 - (9) obtain program materials and other supplies necessary to carry out other grant activities required or permitted under this subsection;
 - (10) conduct periodic evaluations of the activities carried out with a grant under this section, in-

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- cluding volunteer recruitment, parental support and development, measurement of children's opportunities to build meaningful relationships with caring adults, and measurement of children's opportunities for meaningful involvement and membership;
 - (11) develop best practices regarding child-parent visitation programs for eligible children and their incarcerated parents, based on the evaluations conducted under paragraph (10);
 - (12) provide age-appropriate enrichment activities for children, including activities related to basic life skills, hygiene, healthy and drug-free habits, social skills, and building self-esteem and confidence;
 - (13) coordinate the logistics of the child-parent visitation program with the correctional facility at which the eligible children's parents are incarcerated;
 - (14) supervise adult volunteers who are assisting with the child-parent visitation program, whether such volunteers are working as individuals or as part of a team; and
- 22 (15) conduct outreach activities to recruit eligi-23 ble children.
- 24 (c) Group Meetings.—The group meetings orga-25 nized and led by a qualified organization with a grant

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- 1 under this section shall be supervised and facilitated by 2 a qualified program facilitator in accordance with the pro-3 visions of this section, and shall include the following:
 - (1) Child-parent meetings.—At least one day each month, a meeting that provides an opportunity for eligible children to visit their incarcerated parents in the prison facility in which their parents are incarcerated, and to take part in child-parent activities based on evidence-based programs and emerging best practices that foster and develop familial ties. Such meeting shall provide a supportive environment for child-parent interaction, and may include arts and crafts, games, community service projects, and informal group mentoring sessions.
 - (2) MEETINGS FOR CHILDREN.—At least one day each month, on a day other than the day described in paragraph (1), a meeting in a location other than a prison facility that provides an opportunity for eligible children to build interpersonal problem-solving skills, character, self-confidence, and self-esteem by—

(A) taking part in—

(i) activities based on evidence-based programs and emerging best practices that address traumatic stress in children, such

1	as programs and practices recommended
2	by the National Child Traumatic Stress
3	Network;
4	(ii) community service projects; and
5	(iii) recreational activities; and
6	(B) holding planning meetings.
7	(3) Meetings for parents.—At least one
8	day each month, on a day other than the day de-
9	scribed in paragraph (1), a meeting in the prison fa-
10	cility in which parents of eligible children are incar-
11	cerated, that provides an opportunity for such incar-
12	cerated parents to obtain and improve parenting
13	skills to ensure strong family foundations upon re-
14	lease, which may include evidence-based programs
15	and emerging best practices.
16	(d) Stipend for Qualified Program
17	Facilitators.—Not more than 45 percent of the grant
18	funds provided to a qualified organization under this sec-
19	tion may be used to provide a monthly stipend to qualified
20	program facilitators. To be eligible to receive such a sti-
21	pend, a qualified program facilitator shall enter into an
22	agreement with a qualified organization to facilitate and
23	supervise group meetings in accordance with the provi-
24	sions of this section for not less than a one-year period,
25	in exchange for such stipend. Such agreement may be re-

newable, at the discretion of the qualified organization, for 2 additional one-year periods. 3 (e) Applications; Priority.— 4 (1) APPLICATIONS.—A qualified organization interested in receiving a grant under this section 5 6 shall submit an application to the Attorney General 7 at such time, in such manner, and containing such 8 information as the Attorney General may require. 9 Such application shall include an assurance by the 10 qualified organization that the organization will pro-11 vide the non-Federal share of the costs of the activi-12 ties funded by a grant under this section in accord-13 ance with subsection (f). 14 (2) Priority.—In awarding grants under this 15 section, the Attorney General may give priority as follows: 16 17 (A) First, to qualified organizations that, 18 before and on the date of enactment of this Act, 19 are carrying out a child-parent visitation pro-20 gram for eligible children. 21

- (B) Second, to qualified organizations that serve the greatest number of eligible children.
- (C) Third, to qualified organizations that demonstrate the greatest need for funds to serve eligible children.

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1	(f) Non-Federal Share.—A qualified organization
2	receiving a grant under this section shall provide a per-
3	centage of the costs described in subsection (e)(1) from
4	non-Federal sources, which may be contributed in cash or
5	in kind, fairly evaluated, including facilities, equipment,
6	or services, and which may be provided from State or local
7	public sources, or through donations from private entities.
8	Such percentage of the costs shall be equal to—
9	(1) in the case of a qualified organization that
10	was established on or after the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act—
12	(A) 2.5 percent for the first year of such
13	grant;
14	(B) 5 percent for the second year of such
15	grant;
16	(C) 10 percent for the third year of such
17	grant;
18	(D) 10 percent for the fourth year of such
19	grant; and
20	(E) 10 percent for the fifth year of such
21	grant; and
22	(2) in the case of a qualified organization that
23	was established before the date of the enactment of
24	this Act—

1	(A) 10 percent for the first year of such
2	grant;
3	(B) 15 percent for the second year of such
4	grant;
5	(C) 20 percent for the third year of such
6	grant;
7	(D) 20 percent for the fourth year of such
8	grant; and
9	(E) 20 percent for the fifth year of such
10	grant.
11	(g) Regulations; Reports.—
12	(1) REGULATIONS.—The Attorney General is
13	authorized to issue such regulations as may be nec-
14	essary to carry out this section.
15	(2) Reports by organizations.—Each quali-
16	fied organization receiving a grant under this section
17	shall submit to the Attorney General an annual re-
18	port relating to the activities carried out with a
19	grant under this section. Each such report shall in-
20	clude—
21	(A) the evaluations conducted under sec-
22	tion 3(b)(10), and the best practices developed,
23	if any, under section 3(b)(11);

1	(B) demographic information about the eli
2	gible children served by the qualified organiza
3	tion;
4	(C) demographic information about any el
5	igible children who applied to participate in the
6	activities carried out with a grant under this
7	section by the qualified organization, but who
8	were not accepted for participation; and
9	(D) the number of eligible children served
10	by the qualified organization who have been di
11	agnosed with or treated for post traumation
12	stress disorder.
13	(3) Reports by the attorney general.—
14	Not later than one year after the date of the enact
15	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attor
16	ney General shall submit to Congress a report sum
17	marizing the annual reports submitted to the Attor
18	ney General under paragraph (2).
19	SEC. 4. GAO REPORT.
20	(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General shall, subject
21	to the availability of appropriations, conduct a study of
22	child-parent visitation programs for eligible children, in
23	cluding—
24	(1) the number of eligible children and incarcer
25	ated parents served by such programs;

1	(2) demographic data for participants in such
2	programs, including—
3	(A) eligible children;
4	(B) incarcerated parents; and
5	(C) individuals who serve as guardians of
6	eligible children while the eligible children's par-
7	ents are incarcerated;
8	(3) the recidivism rates of parents who partici-
9	pate in such programs;
10	(4) the incarceration and recidivism rates for
11	children who participate in such programs;
12	(5) the secondary education graduation and
13	drop-out rates of eligible children who participate in
14	such programs;
15	(6) the teen pregnancy rates of eligible children
16	who participate in such programs;
17	(7) the number of eligible children who partici-
18	pate in such programs who have any future adverse
19	contact with the justice system;
20	(8) the average amount of time such programs
21	have been in existence;
22	(9) the average length of time eligible children
23	and incarcerated parents participate in such pro-
24	grams;

1	(10) reasons why eligible children and incarcer-
2	ated parents drop out of or do not otherwise com-
3	plete such programs;
4	(11) the average distance between where eligible
5	children reside from the prison facilities in which
6	their parents are incarcerated;
7	(12) the types of counseling that are available
8	and are being provided through such programs;
9	(13) whether such programs provide long-term
10	services to participants in such programs, including
11	whether any services are available after participants
12	have completed such programs;
13	(14) methods used to evaluate the performance
14	of employees and volunteers of such programs; and
15	(15) the methods used by such programs to
16	find and recruit eligible children and incarcerated
17	parents to participate in such programs, including
18	methods used in prison facilities, schools, and any
19	other service organizations.
20	(b) Study Periods.—The Comptroller General shall
21	conduct the study under subsection (a)—
22	(1) during the one-year period beginning on the
23	date of the enactment of this Act; and

1	(2) during the one-year period beginning on the
2	date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment
3	of this Act.
4	(c) Reports.—Not later than 30 days after the end
5	of each period described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-
6	section (b), the Comptroller General shall submit to Con-
7	gress a report of the findings of the study conducted under
8	subsection (a).
9	SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
10	For the purposes of this Act:
11	(1) QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION.—The term
12	"qualified organization" means a non-profit organi-
13	zation (such as Girl Scouts of the United States of
14	America, Boy Scouts of America, Volunteers of
15	America, Camp Fire USA, Big Brothers Big Sisters
16	and Amachi Mentoring Program), that carries out
17	child-parent visitation programs that foster and de-
18	velop familial ties between eligible children and their
19	incarcerated parents.
20	(2) ELIGIBLE CHILDREN.—The term "eligible
21	children" means individuals who—
22	(A) are not younger than age 5 and are
23	not older than age 18; and
24	(B) have at least one parent who—

1	(i) is incarcerated in a Federal or
2	State prison;
3	(ii) during the 3-month period pre-
4	ceding participation in the activities car-
5	ried out by a qualified organization under
6	section 3, has displayed exemplary compli-
7	ance with the disciplinary regulations of
8	the prison, and during such participation
9	continues to display exemplary compliance
10	with such disciplinary regulations; and
11	(iii) has never been convicted of or
12	plead guilty to any offense involving child
13	abuse or any sex offense against a minor
14	(3) Prison.—The term "prison" means any
15	correctional, detention, penal, pre-release, or other
16	confinement facility that is administered by the Fed-
17	eral Government or a State, or by a private organi-
18	zation on behalf of the Federal Government or a
19	State.
20	(4) QUALIFIED PROGRAM FACILITATOR.—The
21	term "qualified program facilitator" means an indi-
22	vidual who—
23	(A) is licensed as a clinical psychologist
24	psychiatrist, or mental health professional, or is

1	working under the direct supervision of such a
2	licensed individual;
3	(B) is licensed as a social worker or work-
4	ing under the direct supervision of a licensed
5	social worker;
6	(C) is a licensed or certified counselor of
7	mental health, including an individual, school,
8	or family counselor or therapist;
9	(D) is an other licensed or certified mental
10	health professional qualified to provide services
11	to children and adolescents;
12	(E) has 5 or more years of experience
13	working with children in a counseling capacity;
14	or
15	(F) has undergone a criminal background
16	check, and has completed an orientation and all
17	in-service training that is provided by a grantee
18	for facilitators of a child-parent visitation pro-
19	gram for eligible children.
20	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
21	the several States of the United States, the District
22	of Columbia, and any commonwealth, possession, or
23	territory of the United States

1 SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 3 as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

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