H.R.4186

To repeal the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 14, 2007

Mr. Stupak introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

A BILL

To repeal the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
4	Congress finds the following:
5	(1) The United States and Mexico share a
6	1,933 mile border and the United States and Can-
7	ada share a 5,525 mile border.
8	(2) Canada and Mexico are the United States'
9	most important trading partners. In 2006, trade be-
10	tween the United States and Canada totaled
11	\$533,700,000,000 in exports and imports, while
12	trade between the United States and Mexico reached

- \$331,300,000,000. Much of this day-to-day trade
 consists of intra-company shipments.
- (3)3 Canadian travelers record spent a 4 \$13,200,000,000 in the United States in 2006. Dur-5 ing this same time period, United States residents 6 made 13,800,000 overnight trips to Canada and 7 took an additional 13,700,000 same-day car trips to 8 Canada. The vast majority of these travelers entered 9 the United States or Canada through a land port of 10 entry.
 - (4) Studies estimate that the cost of delays and compliance requirements at the border could range from \$7,500,000,000 to \$13,200,000,000 annually.
 - (5) Only 21 percent of United States citizens hold passports.
 - (6) Since the implementation of the air regulations component of the Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative, wait times for obtaining a passport have gone from four to six weeks to as much as 14 weeks. The Department of State cannot keep up with passport demands despite hiring more employees, opening an additional regional office, and increasing working hours.
 - (7) The United States is working in concert with the Government of Canada and the Government

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- of Mexico to facilitate the safe and efficient movement of people and goods across the shared borders.
 - (8) Since September 11, 2001, the primary mission of United States Customs and Border Protection has been to prevent the entry into the United States of terrorists and the instruments of terrorism.
 - (9) The number of Border Patrol agents has roughly doubled in size since President George W. Bush took office. The Border Patrol currently employs 14,819 officers and an additional 3,000 officers will likely join the force during the 2008 fiscal year.
 - (10) On October 30, 2001, the Foreign Terrorist Tracking Task Force was created to provide Federal law enforcement agencies with the best possible information to prevent foreign terrorists and their supporters from entering the United States.
 - (11) The Terrorism Screening Center was established in 2004 to consolidate all Federal terrorist watch lists into one database to help Federal law enforcement agencies identify, screen, and track known and suspected terrorists.
- 24 (12) Law enforcement agencies use advanced 25 technology, such as sensors, mobile night vision

1	scopes, remote video surveillance systems, and un-
2	manned aerial vehicles, to increase their presence on
3	the United States border.
4	(13) Studies by the Canadian Tourism Commis-
5	sion and other groups have suggested that United
6	States businesses and communities stand to lose
7	hundreds of millions of dollars if the Western Hemi-
8	sphere Travel Initiative requirements significantly
9	interfere with existing trade and tourism.
10	SEC. 2. REPEAL OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRAVEL INITIA-
1011	SEC. 2. REPEAL OF WESTERN HEMISPHERE TRAVEL INITIA- TIVE.
11	TIVE.
11 12	TIVE. Section 7209 of the Intelligence Reform and Ter-
111213	Section 7209 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (8 U.S.C. 1185 note; Pub-
11121314	Section 7209 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (8 U.S.C. 1185 note; Public Law 108–458) (commonly referred to as the "Western
11 12 13 14 15	Section 7209 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (8 U.S.C. 1185 note; Public Law 108–458) (commonly referred to as the "Western Hemisphere Travel Initiative") is amended—

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