110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1412

To establish a temporary program under which emergency loans are made to small businesses that are nonprofit child care businesses.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 8, 2007

Mr. Jefferson (for himself, Mr. Taylor, Ms. Norton, Mr. Ellison, and Ms. Corrine Brown of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Small Business

A BILL

To establish a temporary program under which emergency loans are made to small businesses that are nonprofit child care businesses.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Child Care
- 5 Lending for the Gulf Coast Act of 2007".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) The Census reported pre-Katrina that there
- 9 were—

1	(A) 25,000 two-parent families in New Or-
2	leans with children under 18;
3	(B) 26,000 female householders with chil-
4	dren under 18, and no husband present; and
5	(C) more than 18,000 householders who
6	were more than 65 years old and living alone.
7	(2) Studies have stated that reopening child
8	care facilities was crucial for helping parents get
9	back to work and businesses to recover.
10	(3) Studies have shown that without available
11	and affordable child care economic recovery will be
12	greatly impeded and lead to a reduction in worker
13	productivity.
14	(4) In New Orleans before the Hurricanes
15	Katrina and Rita, the city had 1,912 day-care slots
16	at 266 licensed centers, but now 80 percent of those
17	centers and 75 percent of those slots are gone.
18	(5) The National Association of Child Care Re-
19	source and Referral Agencies reported in a study
20	published by the Mississippi State University Early
21	Childhood Institute that between 62 percent to 94
22	percent of the licensed child care slots in the three
23	coastal counties hardest hit by Hurricanes Katrina

and Rita in Mississippi were lost.

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1	(6) In Jackson County, Mississippi, initial as-
2	sessment found that one-fourth of the county's li-
3	censed centers were damaged beyond repair, rep-
4	resenting 11 percent of the county's licensed child
5	care capacity and another 39 percent of centers
6	needed repairs.
7	(7) Studies have stated the most effective way
8	to rebuild the child care infrastructure is to—
9	(A) help child care programs in the dis-
10	aster area reopen as rapidly as was safe by giv-
11	ing priority to licensed early childhood facilities;
12	and
13	(B) recruit, train, and retain child-care
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14	professionals.
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14 15	professionals. SEC. 3. EMERGENCY CHILD CARE LENDING PILOT PRO-
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	professionals. SEC. 3. EMERGENCY CHILD CARE LENDING PILOT PROGRAM. (a) LOANS AUTHORIZED.—Notwithstanding section 502(1) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, the proceeds of any loan described in section 502 of such Act may be used by the certified development company to provide loans to small, nonprofit child care businesses, provided that—

- 1 after in this section referred to as the Adminis-2 trator);
- 3 (2) each such business meets the eligibility re-4 quirements applicable to for-profit businesses receiv-5 ing a similar loan, except for status as a for-profit 6 business;
- 7 (3) 1 or more individuals have personally guar-8 anteed the loan;
 - (4) the small, non-profit child care business has clear and singular title to the collateral for the loan;
 - (5) the small, non-profit child care business has supplied sufficient information supporting the ability to obtain future cash flow from its operations to meet its obligations on the loan and its normal and reasonable operating expenses; and
- 16 (6) have a track record of providing child care 17 services in the presidentially declared disaster areas 18 in the Gulf Coast region.
- 19 (b) LIMITATION ON VOLUME.—Not more than 3 per-20 cent of the total number of loans guaranteed in fiscal year 21 2008 and 2009 under title V of the Small Business Invest-22 ment Act of 1958 may be awarded under the program de-
- 23 scribed in this section.

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1	(c) Small, Non-Profit Child Care Business.—
2	For purposes of this section, the term "small, non-profit
3	child care business" means an organization that—
4	(1) is described in section 501(c)(3) of the In-
5	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax
6	under section 501(a) of such Code;
7	(2) is primarily engaged in providing child care
8	for infants, toddlers, pre-school, or pre-kindergarten
9	children (or any combination thereof), may provide
10	care for older children when they are not in school,
11	and may offer pre-kindergarten educational pro-
12	grams;
13	(3) including its affiliates, has tangible net
14	worth that does not exceed \$7,000,000, and has av-
15	erage net income (excluding any carryover losses) for
16	the preceding 2 completed fiscal years that does not
17	exceed $$2,500,000;$ and
18	(4) is licensed as a child care provider by the
19	District of Columbia, the insular area, or the State,
20	in which it is located.
21	(d) TERMINATION.—No loan shall be made under
22	this section after December 30, 2008.
23	(e) Reports.—
24	(1) Small business administration.—Not
25	later than 3 months after the date of the enactment

- of this Act, and every 3 months thereafter until September 30, 2008, the Administrator shall submit a report to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives regarding the implementation of the loan program described in this section. Each such report shall include—
 - (A) the date on which the loan program is implemented;
 - (B) the date on which the rules are issued pursuant to subsection (f);
 - (C) the number and dollar amount of loans under the program applied for, approved, and disbursed during the previous 3 months; and
 - (D) the number of loans made to minorityowned firms and to woman-owned firms.
 - (2) GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.—Not later than March 31, 2009, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives regarding the assistance provided under the loan program established by this section. Such report shall include information

1	regarding the first 2 years of the loan program, in-
2	cluding—
3	(A) an evaluation of the timeliness of the
4	implementation of the loan program;
5	(B) a description of the effectiveness and
6	ease with which certified development compa-
7	nies, lenders, and small businesses have partici-
8	pated in the loan program;
9	(C) a description and assessment of how
10	the loan program was marketed;
11	(D) by location in total, the number of
12	small, nonprofit child care businesses that—
13	(i) applied for loans under the pro-
14	gram (stated separately for new and ex-
15	panding child care providers); and
16	(ii) received loan disbursements under
17	the program (stated separately for new
18	and expanding child care providers);
19	(E) the total amount loaned to such busi-
20	nesses under the program;
21	(F) the total number of loans made to
22	such businesses under the program;
23	(G) the average loan amount and term of
24	loans made under the program;

1	(H) the currency rate, delinquencies, de-
2	faults, and losses of the loans made under the
3	program;
4	(I) the number and percent of children
5	served through the program who receive sub-
6	sidized assistance; and
7	(J) the number and percent of children
8	served through the program who are minority
9	or low-income.
10	(3) Access to information.—
11	(A) COLLECTION.—The Administrator
12	shall collect and maintain such information as
13	may be necessary to carry out paragraph (2)
14	from certified development centers and child
15	care providers, and such centers and providers
16	shall comply with a request for information
17	from the Administrator for that purpose.
18	(B) Provision of Information to
19	GAO.—The Administrator shall provide informa-
20	tion collected under subparagraph (A) to the
21	Comptroller General of the United States for
22	purposes of the report required by paragraph
23	(2).
24	(f) Rulemaking Authority.—Not later than 60

25 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Ad-

- 1 ministrator shall issue final rules to carry out the loan
- 2 program authorized by this section.

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