^{109TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION S. RES. 458

Affirming that statements of national unity, including the National Anthem, should be recited or sung in English.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 1, 2006

Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. FRIST, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. TALENT, Mr. LOTT, Mr. HAGEL, and Mr. WARNER) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

> MAY 8, 2006 Committee discharged; considered and agreed to

RESOLUTION

Affirming that statements of national unity, including the National Anthem, should be recited or sung in English.

- Whereas Francis Scott Key wrote the words of the Star-Spangled Banner in English in 1814, inspired by the sight of the American flag still waving at Fort McHenry after 25 hours of continual bombardment by British forces;
- Whereas Congress declared the Star-Spangled Banner the National Anthem of the United States in 1931 (section 301 of title 3, United States Code);

- Whereas the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States, written in English, was first specified in law by Congress in 1942 (section 4 of title 4, United States Code);
- Whereas the Oath of Allegiance, to which lawful permanent residents swear upon becoming citizens of the United States (as required under section 337 of the Immigration and Naturalization Act (8 U.S.C. 1448)), is based, in part, on language originally written in English by General George Washington and sworn by him and his general officers at Valley Forge in 1778;
- Whereas the vast majority of Americans are immigrants or the descendants of immigrants, proud of their ancestral country, but prouder still to be American;
- Whereas millions of Americans speak or study additional languages, but English is their common language;
- Whereas the original national motto of the United States, "E Pluribus Unum", meaning "from many, one", signifies the coming together of people from many foreign countries to form one Nation, was incorporated into the Great Seal of the United States in 1776, is printed on currency of the United States, and inscribed on the wall of the Senate chamber;
- Whereas the people of the United States are united not by race, ancestry, or origin, but by a common language, English, and by common belief in the principles prescribed in the founding documents of the Nation, especially the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution; and
- Whereas, to become citizens of the United States, under sections 312 and 337 of the Immigration and Nationality

Act (8 U.S.C. 1423 and 1448), lawful permanent residents of the United States who have immigrated from foreign countries must, among other requirements, renounce allegiance to the government of their country of origin, swear allegiance to the laws and Constitution of the United States, and demonstrate an understanding of the English language: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate affirms that statements or
songs that symbolize the unity of the Nation, including
the National Anthem, the Oath of Allegiance sworn by new
United States citizens, and the Pledge of Allegiance to the
Flag of the United States, should be recited or sung in
English, the common language of the United States.

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