

109TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. CON. RES. 42

Recognizing the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day, and expressing the sense of Congress that history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 15, 2005

Mr. OBAMA (for himself and Mr. LEVIN) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Recognizing the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day, and expressing the sense of Congress that history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future.

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach frontier areas of the United States, and in particular the Southwestern States, for more than 2 years after President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation of January 1, 1863, and months after the conclusion of the Civil War;

Whereas on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers led by Major General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were free;

Whereas African Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as Juneteenth Independence Day, as the anniversary of their emancipation;

Whereas African Americans from the Southwest continue the tradition of Juneteenth Independence Day as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas for more than 135 years, Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas although Juneteenth Independence Day is beginning to be recognized as a national, and even global, event, the history behind the celebration should not be forgotten; and

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves remains an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*  
2   *concurring), That—*

3           (1) Congress—

4                   (A) recognizes the historical significance of  
5                   Juneteenth Independence Day to the Nation;

6                   (B) supports the continued celebration of  
7                   Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an op-  
8                   portunity for the people of the United States to  
9                   learn more about the past and to better under-

1 stand the experiences that have shaped the Na-  
2 tion; and

3 (C) encourages the people of the United  
4 States to observe Juneteenth Independence Day  
5 with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and pro-  
6 grams; and

7 (2) it is the sense of Congress that—

8 (A) history should be regarded as a means  
9 for understanding the past and solving the chal-  
10 lenges of the future; and

11 (B) the celebration of the end of slavery is  
12 an important and enriching part of the history  
13 and heritage of the United States.

