Calendar No. 86

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 378

To make it a criminal act to willfully use a weapon with the intent to cause death or serious bodily injury to any person while on board a passenger vessel, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 15, 2005

Mr. BIDEN (for himself, Mr. SPECTER, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. KYL, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. HATCH) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

April 21, 2005

Reported by Mr. Specter, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To make it a criminal act to willfully use a weapon with the intent to cause death or serious bodily injury to any person while on board a passenger vessel, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Reducing Crime and
3	Terrorism at America's Seaports Act of 2005".
4	SEC. 2. ENTRY BY FALSE PRETENSES TO ANY SEAPORT.
5	(a) In General.—Section 1036 of title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)—
8	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at
9	the end;
10	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
11	paragraph (4); and
12	(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
13	following:
14	"(3) any secure or restricted area (as that term
15	is defined under section 2285(e)) of any seaport;
16	or'';
17	(2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "5" and in-
18	serting "10";
19	(3) in subsection (e)(1), by inserting ", captain
20	of the seaport," after "airport authority"; and
21	(4) in the section heading, by inserting "or sea-
22	port" after "airport".
23	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.
24	The table of sections for chapter 47 of title 18 is amended
25	by striking the matter relating to section 1036 and insert-
26	ing the following:

"1036. Entry by false pretenses to any real property, vessel, or aircraft of the United States or secure area of any airport or seaport.".

- 1 (e) DEFINITION OF SEAPORT.—Chapter 1 of title 18,
- 2 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
- 3 following:

4 "\square 25. Definition of seaport

- 5 "As used in this title, the term 'seaport' means all
- 6 piers, wharves, docks, and similar structures to which a
- 7 vessel may be secured, areas of land, water, or land and
- 8 water under and in immediate proximity to such struc-
- 9 tures, and buildings on or contiguous to such structures,
- 10 and the equipment and materials on such structures or
- 11 in such buildings.".
- 12 (d) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 13 The table of sections for chapter 1 of title 18 is amended
- 14 by inserting after the matter relating to section 24 the
- 15 following:

"25. Definition of seaport.".

- 16 SEC. 3. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO HEAVE TO,
- 17 **OBSTRUCTION OF BOARDING, OR PROVIDING**
- 18 **FALSE INFORMATION.**
- 19 (a) Offense.—Chapter 109 of title 18, United
- 20 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 21 lowing:

1	"§ 2237. Criminal sanctions for failure to heave to, ob-
2	struction of boarding, or providing false
3	information
4	"(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the master, operator,
5	or person in charge of a vessel of the United States, or
6	a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States,
7	to knowingly fail to obey an order by an authorized Fed-
8	eral law enforcement officer to heave to that vessel.
9	"(2) It shall be unlawful for any person on board a
10	vessel of the United States, or a vessel subject to the juris-
11	diction of the United States, to—
12	"(A) forcibly resist, oppose, prevent, impede, in-
13	timidate, or interfere with a boarding or other law
14	enforcement action authorized by any Federal law,
15	or to resist a lawful arrest; or
16	"(B) provide information to a Federal law en-
17	forcement officer during a boarding of a vessel re-
18	garding the vessel's destination, origin, ownership,
19	registration, nationality, eargo, or crew, which that
20	person knows is false.
21	"(b) This section does not limit the authority of a
22	customs officer under section 581 of the Tariff Act of
23	1930 (19 U.S.C. 1581), or any other provision of law en-
24	forced or administered by the Secretary of the Treasury
25	or the Undersecretary for Border and Transportation Se-
26	curity of the Department of Homeland Security, or the

authority of any Federal law enforcement officer under any law of the United States, to order a vessel to stop 3 or heave to. 4 "(c) A foreign nation may consent or waive objection to the enforcement of United States law by the United States under this section by radio, telephone, or similar oral or electronic means. Consent or waiver may be proven 8 by certification of the Secretary of State or the designee of the Secretary of State. 10 "(d) In this section— 11 "(1) the term 'Federal law enforcement officer' 12 has the meaning given the term in section 115(c); 13 "(2) the term 'heave to' means to cause a vessel 14 to slow, come to a stop, or adjust its course or speed 15 to account for the weather conditions and sea state 16 to facilitate a law enforcement boarding; 17 "(3) the term 'vessel subject to the jurisdiction 18 of the United States' has the meaning given the 19 term in section 2(e) of the Maritime Drug Law En-20 forcement Act (46 App. U.S.C. 1903(b)); and 21 "(4) the term 'vessel of the United States' has 22 the meaning given the term in section 2(c) of the

Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 App.

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U.S.C. 1903(b)).

23

1	"(e) Any person who intentionally violates the provi-
2	sions of this section shall be fined under this title, impris-
3	oned for not more than 5 years, or both.".
4	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
5	The table of sections for chapter 109, title 18, United
6	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item for
7	section 2236 the following:
	"2237. Criminal sanctions for failure to heave to, obstruction of boarding, or providing false information.".
8	SEC. 4. USE OF A DANGEROUS WEAPON OR EXPLOSIVE ON
9	A PASSENGER VESSEL.
10	Section 1993 of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", pas-
14	senger vessel," after "transportation vehicle";
15	(B) in paragraph (2)—
16	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
17	after "transportation vehicle"; and
18	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
19	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
20	vider" each place that term appears;
21	(C) in paragraph (3)—
22	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
23	after "transportation vehicle" each place
24	that term appears: and

1	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
2	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
3	vider" each place that term appears;
4	(D) in paragraph (5)—
5	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
6	after "transportation vehicle"; and
7	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
8	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
9	vider"; and
10	(E) in paragraph (6), by inserting "or
11	owner of a passenger vessel" after "transpor-
12	tation provider" each place that term appears;
13	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by inserting ", pas-
14	senger vessel," after "transportation vehicle"; and
15	(3) in subsection (e)—
16	(A) by redesignating paragraph (6)
17	through (8) as paragraphs (7) through (9); and
18	(B) by inserting after paragraph (5) the
19	following:
20	"(6) the term 'passenger vessel' has the mean-
21	ing given that term in section 2101(22) of title 46,
22	United States Code, and includes a small passenger
23	vessel, as that term is defined under section
24	2101(35) of that title.".

1	SEC. 5. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR VIOLENCE AGAINST
2	MARITIME NAVIGATION, PLACEMENT OF DE-
3	STRUCTIVE DEVICES, AND MALICIOUS DUMP-
4	ING.
5	(a) VIOLENCE AGAINST MARITIME NAVIGATION.
6	Section 2280(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
7	ed—
8	(1) in paragraph (1)—
9	(A) in subparagraph (H), by striking
10	"(G)" and inserting "(H)";
11	(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (F),
12	(G), and (H) as subparagraphs (G), (H), and
13	(I), respectively; and
14	(C) by inserting after subparagraph (E)
15	the following:
16	"(F) destroys, seriously damages, alters,
17	moves, or tampers with any aid to maritime
18	navigation maintained by the Saint Lawrence
19	Seaway Development Corporation under the au-
20	thority of section 4 of the Act of May 13, 1954
21	(33 U.S.C. 984), by the Coast Guard pursuant
22	to section 81 of title 14, United States Code, or
23	lawfully maintained under authority granted by
24	the Coast Guard pursuant to section 83 of title
25	14, United States Code, if such act endangers

1	or is likely to endanger the safe navigation of
2	a ship;"; and
3	(2) in paragraph (2) by striking "(C) or (E)"
4	and inserting "(C), (E), or (F)".
5	(b) Placement of Destructive Devices.—
6	(1) In General. Chapter 111 of title 18,
7	United States Code, is amended by adding after sec-
8	tion 2280 the following:
9	"§ 2280A. Devices or substances in waters of the
10	United States likely to destroy or damage
11	ships or to interfere with maritime com-
12	meree
13	"(a) A person who knowingly places, or causes to be
14	placed, in navigable waters of the United States, by any
15	means, a device or substance which is likely to destroy or
16	eause damage to a vessel or its eargo, or cause interference
17	with the safe navigation of vessels, or interference with
18	maritime commerce, such as by damaging or destroying
19	
	marine terminals, facilities, and any other marine struc-
	marine terminals, facilities, and any other marine struc- ture or entity used in maritime commerce, with the intent
20	•
20 21	ture or entity used in maritime commerce, with the intent
20 21 22	ture or entity used in maritime commerce, with the intent of eausing such destruction or damage, or interference

- 1 person results from conduct prohibited under this sub-
- 2 section, may be punished by death.
- 3 "(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 4 apply to otherwise lawfully authorized and conducted ac-
- 5 tivities of the United States Government.".
- 6 (2) Technical and conforming amend-
- 7 MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 111 of
- 8 title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding
- 9 after the item related to section 2280 the following:

"2280A. Devices or substances in waters of the United States likely to destroy or damage ships or to interfere with maritime commerce.".

- 10 (e) Malicious Dumping.—
- 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 111 of title 18,
- 12 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- end the following:

14 **"§ 2282. Knowing discharge or release**

- 15 "(a) Endangerment of Human Life.—Any per-
- 16 son who knowingly discharges or releases oil, a hazardous
- 17 material, a noxious liquid substance, or any other dan-
- 18 gerous substance into the navigable waters of the United
- 19 States or the adjoining shoreline with the intent to endan-
- 20 ger human life, health, or welfare shall be fined under this
- 21 title and imprisoned for any term of years or for life.
- 22 "(b) Endangerment of Marine Environment.—
- 23 Any person who knowingly discharges or releases oil, a
- 24 hazardous material, a noxious liquid substance, or any

other dangerous substance into the navigable waters of the United States or the adjacent shoreline with the intent to endanger the marine environment shall be fined under 3 4 this title, imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both. 5 "(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 6 "(1) DISCHARGE.—The term 'discharge' means 7 any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, 8 emptying, or dumping. 9 "(2) HAZARDOUS MATERIAL.—The term 'haz-10 ardous material' has the meaning given the term in 11 section 2101(14) of title 46, United States Code. 12 "(3) Marine environment.—The term 'ma-13 rine environment' has the meaning given the term in 14 section 2101(15) of title 46, United States Code. "(4) NAVIGABLE WATERS.—The term 'navi-15 16 gable waters' has the meaning given the term in sec-17 tion 1362(7) of title 33, and also includes the terri-18 torial sea of the United States as described in Presi-19 dential Proclamation 5928 of December 27, 1988. "(5) NOXIOUS LIQUID SUBSTANCE.—The term 20 21 'noxious liquid substance' has the meaning given the

term in the MARPOL Protocol defined in section

2(1) of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (33)

U.S.C. 1901(a)(3)).

22

23

1	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
2	MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 111 of
3	title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding
4	at the end the following:
	"2282. Knowing discharge or release.".
5	

SEC. 6. TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS MATERIALS AND

6 TERRORISTS.

- 7 (a) Transportation of Dangerous Materials
- 8 AND TERRORISTS.—Chapter 111 of title 18, as amended
- by section 5 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end
- the following: 10

"§ 2283. Transportation of explosive, biological, chem-

- 12 ical, or radioactive or nuclear materials
- 13 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person who knowingly and
- willfully transports aboard any vessel within the United
- States, on the high seas, or having United States nation-
- ality, an explosive or incendiary device, biological agent,
- chemical weapon, or radioactive or nuclear material, know-17
- ing that any such item is intended to be used to commit
- an offense listed under section 2332b(g)(5)(B), shall be
- fined under this title, imprisoned for any term of years
- or for life, or both; and if the death of any person results
- from conduct prohibited by this subsection, may be pun-
- 23 ished by death.
- 24 "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	"(1) BIOLOGICAL AGENT.—The term 'biological
2	agent' means any biological agent, toxin, or vector
3	(as those terms are defined in section 178).
4	"(2) By-product material.—The term by-
5	product material' has the meaning given that term
6	in section 11(e) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
7	(42 U.S.C. 2014(e)).
8	"(3) CHEMICAL WEAPON.—The term 'chemical
9	weapon' has the meaning given that term in section
10	229F.
11	"(4) Explosive or incendiary device.—The
12	term 'explosive or incendiary device' has the mean-
13	ing given the term in section 232(5).
14	"(5) Nuclear Material.—The term 'nuclear
15	material' has the meaning given that term in section
16	831(f)(1).
17	"(6) RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL.—The term 'ra-
18	dioactive material' means—
19	"(A) source material and special nuclear
20	material, but does not include natural or de-
21	pleted uranium;
22	"(B) nuclear by-product material;
23	"(C) material made radioactive by bom-
24	bardment in an accelerator; or
25	"(D) all refined isotopes of radium.

- 1 "(7) Source Material.—The term 'source
- 2 material' has the meaning given that term in section
- 3 11(z) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 $\frac{2014(z)}{.}$
- 5 "(8) SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIAL.—The term
- 6 'special nuclear material' has the meaning given that
- 7 term in section 11(aa) of the Atomic Energy Act of
- 8 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(aa)).

9 "\$ 2284. Transportation of terrorists

- 10 "(a) In General.—Any person who knowingly and
- 11 willfully transports any terrorist aboard any vessel within
- 12 the United States, on the high seas, or having United
- 13 States nationality, knowing that the transported person
- 14 is a terrorist, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
- 15 for any term of years or for life, or both.
- 16 "(b) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term 'ter-
- 17 rorist' means any person who intends to commit, or is
- 18 avoiding apprehension after having committed, an offense
- 19 listed under section 2332b(g)(5)(B).".
- 20 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 21 The table of sections for chapter 111 of title 18, United
- 22 States Code, as amended by this Act, is amended by add-
- 23 ing at the end the following:

"2283. Transportation of explosive, chemical, biological, or radioactive or nuclear materials.

"2284. Transportation of terrorists.".

1	SEC. 7. DESTRUCTION OR INTERFERENCE WITH VESSELS
2	OR MARITIME FACILITIES.
3	(a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by inserting after chapter 111 the following:
5	"CHAPTER 111A—DESTRUCTION OF, OR
6	INTERFERENCE WITH, VESSELS OR
7	MARITIME FACILITIES
	"See. "2290. Jurisdiction and scope. "2291. Destruction of vessel or maritime facility. "2292. Imparting or conveying false information. "2293. Bar to prosecution.
8	"§ 2290. Jurisdiction and scope
9	"(a) Jurisdiction.—There is jurisdiction over an of-
10	fense under this chapter if the prohibited activity takes
11	place
12	"(1) within the United States or within waters
13	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States; or
14	"(2) outside United States and—
15	"(A) an offender or a victim is a national
16	of the United States (as that term is defined
17	under section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration
18	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22));
19	"(B) the activity involves a vessel in which
20	a national of the United States was on board;
21	Ol°
22	"(C) the activity involves a vessel of the
23	United States (as that term is defined under

1	section 2(e) of the Maritime Drug Law En-
2	forcement Act (42 App. U.S.C. 1903(e)).
3	"(b) Scope.—Nothing in this chapter shall apply to
4	otherwise lawful activities earried out by or at the direc-
5	tion of the United States Government.
6	"§ 2291. Destruction of vessel or maritime facility
7	"(a) Offense.—Whoever willfully—
8	"(1) sets fire to, damages, destroys, disables, or
9	wreeks any vessel;
10	"(2) places or causes to be placed a destructive
11	device, as defined in section 921(a)(4), or destruc-
12	tive substance, as defined in section 13, in, upon, or
13	in proximity to, or otherwise makes or causes to be
14	made unworkable or unusable or hazardous to work
15	or use, any vessel, or any part or other materials
16	used or intended to be used in connection with the
17	operation of a vessel;
18	"(3) sets fire to, damages, destroys, or disables
19	or places a destructive device or substance in, upon,
20	or in proximity to, any maritime facility, including
21	but not limited to, any aid to navigation, lock, canal,
22	or vessel traffic service facility or equipment, or
23	interferes by force or violence with the operation of
24	such facility, if such action is likely to endanger the
25	safety of any vessel in navigation;

"(4) sets fire to, damages, destroys, or disables or places a destructive device or substance in, upon, or in proximity to, any appliance, structure, property, machine, or apparatus, or any facility or other material used, or intended to be used, in connection with the operation, maintenance, loading, unloading, or storage of any vessel or any passenger or cargo carried or intended to be carried on any vessel;

"(5) performs an act of violence against or incapacitates any individual on any vessel, if such act of violence or incapacitation is likely to endanger the safety of the vessel or those on board;

"(6) performs an act of violence against a person that causes or is likely to cause serious bodily injury, as defined in section 1365, in, upon, or in proximity to, any appliance, structure, property, machine, or apparatus, or any facility or other material used, or intended to be used, in connection with the operation, maintenance, loading, unloading, or storage of any vessel or any passenger or cargo carried or intended to be carried on any vessel;

"(7) communicates information, knowing the information to be false and under circumstances in which such information may reasonably be believed,

- 1 thereby endangering the safety of any vessel in navi-
- 2 gation; or
- 3 "(8) attempts or conspires to do anything pro-
- 4 hibited under paragraphs (1) through (7):
- 5 shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than
- 6 20 years, or both.
- 7 "(b) Limitation.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 8 any person that is engaging in otherwise lawful activity,
- 9 such as normal repair and salvage activities, and the law-
- 10 ful transportation of hazardous materials.
- 11 "(e) Penalty.—Whoever is fined or imprisoned
- 12 under subsection (a) as a result of an act involving a vessel
- 13 that, at the time of the violation, carried high-level radio-
- 14 active waste (as that term is defined in section 2(12) of
- 15 the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C.
- 16 10101(12)) or spent nuclear fuel (as that term is defined
- 17 in section 2(23) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982
- 18 (42 U.S.C. 10101(23)), shall be fined under title 18, im-
- 19 prisoned for a term up to life, or both.
- 20 "(d) Penalty When Death Results.—Whoever is
- 21 convicted of any crime prohibited by subsection (a), which
- 22 has resulted in the death of any person, shall be subject
- 23 also to the death penalty or to imprisonment for life.
- 24 "(e) Threats.—Whoever willfully imparts or con-
- 25 veys any threat to do an act which would violate this chap-

- 1 ter, with an apparent determination and will to carry the
- 2 threat into execution, shall be fined under this title, im-
- 3 prisoned not more than 5 years, or both, and is liable for
- 4 all costs incurred as a result of such threat.

5 "\ 2292. Imparting or conveying false information

- 6 "(a) In General.—Whoever imparts or conveys or
- 7 causes to be imparted or conveyed false information,
- 8 knowing the information to be false, concerning an at-
- 9 tempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to
- 10 do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chap-
- 11 ter or by chapter 111 of this title, shall be subject to a
- 12 civil penalty of not more than \$5,000, which shall be re-
- 13 coverable in a civil action brought in the name of the
- 14 United States.
- 15 "(b) Malicious Conduct.—Whoever willfully and
- 16 maliciously, or with reckless disregard for the safety of
- 17 human life, imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted
- 18 or conveyed false information, knowing the information to
- 19 be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt to do
- 20 any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter
- 21 or by chapter 111 of this title, shall be fined under this
- 22 title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- 23 "(e) Jurisdiction.—

1	"(1) In General.—Except as provided under
2	paragraph (2), section 2290(a) shall not apply to
3	any offense under this section.
4	"(2) Jurisdiction.—Jurisdiction over an of-
5	fense under this section shall be determined in ac-
6	cordance with the provisions applicable to the crime
7	prohibited by this chapter, or by chapter 2, 97, or
8	111 of this title, to which the imparted or conveyed
9	false information relates, as applicable.
10	"§ 2293. Bar to prosecution
11	"(a) In General.—It is a bar to prosecution under
12	this chapter if—
13	"(1) the conduct in question occurred within
14	the United States in relation to a labor dispute, and
15	such conduct is prohibited as a felony under the law
16	of the State in which it was committed; or
17	"(2) such conduct is prohibited as a mis-
18	demeanor under the law of the State in which it was
19	committed.
20	"(b) Definitions.—In this section:
21	"(1) Labor dispute.—The term 'labor dis-
22	pute' has the same meaning given that term in sec-
23	tion 113(e) of the Norris-LaGuardia Act (29 U.S.C.

113(e)).

1	"(2) State.—The term 'State' means a State
2	of the United States, the District of Columbia, and
3	any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the
4	United States.".
5	(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
6	The table of chapters at the beginning of title 18, United
7	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item for
8	chapter 111 the following:
	"111A. Destruction of, or interference with, vessels or maritime facilities
9	SEC. 8. THEFT OF INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN SHIPMENTS
10	OR VESSELS.
11	(a) Theft of Interstate or Foreign Ship-
12	MENTS.—Section 659 of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended—
14	(1) in the first undesignated paragraph—
15	(A) by inserting "trailer," after
16	"motortruck,";
17	(B) by inserting "air cargo container,"
18	after "aircraft,"; and
19	(C) by inserting ", or from any intermodal
20	container, trailer, container freight station,
21	warehouse, or freight consolidation facility,"
22	after "air navigation facility";
23	(2) in the fifth undesignated paragraph, by
24	striking "one year" and inserting "3 years"; and

1 (3) by inserting after the first sentence in the 2 eighth undesignated paragraph the following: "For 3 purposes of this section, goods and chattel shall be 4 construed to be moving as an interstate or foreign 5 shipment at all points between the point of origin 6 and the final destination (as evidenced by the waybill 7 or other shipping document of the shipment), regardless of any temporary stop while awaiting 8 9 transhipment or otherwise.".

(b) STOLEN VESSELS.—

- 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2311 of title 18,
 12 United States Code, is amended by adding at the
 13 end the following:
- 14 "'Vessel' means any watercraft or other contrivance
 15 used or designed for transportation or navigation on,
 16 under, or immediately above, water.''.
- 17 (2) Transportation and sale of stolen
 18 VESSELS. Sections 2312 and 2313 of title 18,
 19 United States Code, are each amended by striking
 20 "motor vehicle or aircraft" and inserting "motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft".
- 22 (c) REVIEW OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Pursu-23 ant to section 994 of title 28, United States Code, the 24 United States Sentencing Commission shall review the 25 Federal Sentencing Guidelines to determine whether sen-

- 1 tencing enhancement is appropriate for any offense under
- 2 section 659 or 2311 of title 18, United States Code, as
- 3 amended by this Act.
- 4 (d) Annual Report of Law Enforcement Ac-
- 5 TIVITIES.—The Attorney General shall annually submit to
- 6 Congress a report, which shall include an evaluation of
- 7 law enforcement activities relating to the investigation and
- 8 prosecution of offenses under section 659 of title 18,
- 9 United States Code, as amended by this Act.
- 10 (e) REPORTING OF CARGO THEFT.—The Attorney
- 11 General shall take the steps necessary to ensure that re-
- 12 ports of eargo theft collected by Federal, State, and local
- 13 officials are reflected as a separate category in the Uni-
- 14 form Crime Reporting System, or any successor system,
- 15 by no later than December 31, 2005.
- 16 SEC. 9. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE
- 17 WITH MANIFEST REQUIREMENTS.
- 18 (a) REPORTING, ENTRY, CLEARANCE REQUIRE-
- 19 MENTS.—Section 436(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
- 20 U.S.C. 1436(b)) is amended by—
- 21 (1) striking "or aircraft pilot" and inserting ",
- 22 aircraft pilot, operator, owner of such vessel, vehicle
- or aircraft or any other responsible party (including
- 24 non-vessel operating common carriers)";

1	(2) striking "\$5,000" and inserting "\$10,000";
2	and
3	(3) striking "\$10,000" and inserting
4	"\$25,000".
5	(b) Criminal Penalty.—Section 436(c) of the Tar-
6	iff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. $1436(c)$) is amended by strik-
7	ing "\$2,000" and inserting "\$10,000".
8	(c) Falsity or Lack of Manifest.—Section
9	584(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
10	1584(a)(1)) is amended by striking "\$1,000" in each
11	place it occurs and inserting "\$10,000".
12	SEC. 10. STOWAWAYS ON VESSELS OR AIRCRAFT.
13	Section 2199 of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended by striking "Shall be fined under this title or
15	imprisoned not more than one year, or both." and insert-
16	ing the following:
17	"(1) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
18	not more than 5 years, or both;
19	"(2) if the person commits an act proscribed by
20	this section, with the intent to commit serious bodily
21	injury, and serious bodily injury occurs (as defined
22	under section 1365, including any conduct that, if
23	the conduct occurred in the special maritime and
24	territorial jurisdiction of the United States, would
25	violate section 2241 or 2242) to any person other

1	than a participant as a result of a violation of this
2	section, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
3	not more than 20 years, or both; and
4	"(3) if an individual commits an act proscribed
5	by this section, with the intent to cause death, and
6	if the death of any person other than a participant
7	occurs as a result of a violation of this section, shall
8	be fined under this title, imprisoned for any number
9	of years or for life, or both.".
10	SEC. 11. BRIBERY AFFECTING PORT SECURITY.
11	(a) In General.—Chapter 11 of title 18, United
12	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
	lowing:
13	lowing: " § 226. Bribery affecting port security
13 14	
13 14 15	"§ 226. Bribery affecting port security
13 14 15 16	"\(\frac{a}{a}\) In General. Whoever knowingly—
13 14 15 16	"(a) IN GENERAL. Whoever knowingly— "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, of
113 114 115 116 117	"(a) In General.—Whoever knowingly— "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, of- fers, or promises anything of value to any public or
13 14 15 16 17 18	"(a) IN GENERAL. Whoever knowingly— "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, of- fers, or promises anything of value to any public or private person, with intent—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) In General.—Whoever knowingly— "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any public or private person, with intent— "(A) to commit international or domestic
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) IN GENERAL. Whoever knowingly "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any public or private person, with intent "(A) to commit international or domestic terrorism (as that term is defined under sections)
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"(a) In General.—Whoever knowingly— "(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers, or promises anything of value to any public or private person, with intent— "(A) to commit international or domestic terrorism (as that term is defined under section 2331);

1	the commission of any fraud affecting any se-
2	cure or restricted area or seaport; or
3	"(C) to induce any official or person to de
4	or omit to do any act in violation of the fidu-
5	ciary duty of such official or person which af-
6	feets any secure or restricted area or scaport;
7	Ol'
8	"(2) directly or indirectly, corruptly demands,
9	seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or ac-
10	cept anything of value personally or for any other
11	person or entity in return for—
12	"(A) being influenced in the performance
13	of any official act affecting any secure or re-
14	stricted area or seaport; and
15	"(B) knowing that such influence will be
16	used to commit, or plan to commit, inter-
17	national or domestic terrorism
18	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
19	15 years, or both.
20	"(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'secure
21	or restricted area' has the meaning given that term in sec-
22	tion 2285(c).".
23	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.
24	The table of sections for chapter 11 of title 18, United

1	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
	"226. Bribery affecting port security.".
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Reducing Crime and
5	Terrorism at America's Seaports Act of 2005".
6	SEC. 2. ENTRY BY FALSE PRETENSES TO ANY SEAPORT.
7	(a) In General.—Section 1036 of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a)—
10	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at
11	$the\ end;$
12	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
13	paragraph (4); and
14	(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(3) any secure or restricted area of any seaport,
17	designated as secure in an approved security plan, as
18	required under section 70103 of title 46, United
19	States Code, and the rules and regulations promul-
20	gated under that section; or";
21	(2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "5" and in-
22	serting "10";
23	(3) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting ", captain
24	of the seaport," after "airport authority"; and

1	(4) by striking the section heading and inserting
2	the following:
3	"§ 1036. Entry by false pretenses to any real property,
4	vessel, or aircraft of the United States or
5	secure area of any airport or seaport".
6	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
7	table of sections for chapter 47 of title 18 is amended by
8	striking the matter relating to section 1036 and inserting
9	the following:
	"1036. Entry by false pretenses to any real property, vessel, or aircraft of the United States or secure area of any airport or seaport.".
10	(c) Definition of Seaport.—Chapter 1 of title 18,
11	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
12	following:
13	"§ 26. Definition of seaport
14	"As used in this title, the term 'seaport' means all
15	piers, wharves, docks, and similar structures, adjacent to
16	any waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States,
17	to which a vessel may be secured, including areas of land,
18	water, or land and water under and in immediate prox-
19	imity to such structures, buildings on or contiguous to such
20	structures, and the equipment and materials on such struc-
21	tures or in such buildings.".
22	(d) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
23	table of sections for chapter 1 of title 18 is amended by

1	inserting after the matter relating to section 25 the fol-
2	lowing:
	"26. Definition of seaport.".
3	SEC. 3. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO HEAVE TO,
4	OBSTRUCTION OF BOARDING, OR PROVIDING
5	FALSE INFORMATION.
6	(a) Offense.—Chapter 109 of title 18, United States
7	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
8	"§ 2237. Criminal sanctions for failure to heave to, ob-
9	struction of boarding, or providing false
10	in formation
11	"(a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the master, operator,
12	or person in charge of a vessel of the United States, or a
13	vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, to
14	knowingly fail to obey an order by an authorized Federal
15	law enforcement officer to heave to that vessel.
16	"(2) It shall be unlawful for any person on board a
17	vessel of the United States, or a vessel subject to the jurisdic-
18	tion of the United States, to—
19	"(A) forcibly resist, oppose, prevent, impede, in-
20	timidate, or interfere with a boarding or other law
21	enforcement action authorized by any Federal law or
22	to resist a lawful arrest; or
23	"(B) provide information to a Federal law en-
24	forcement officer during a boarding of a vessel regard-
25	ing the vessel's destination origin ownership reg-

1	istration, nationality, cargo, or crew, which that per-
2	son knows is materially false.
3	"(b) This section does not limit the authority of a cus-
4	toms officer under section 581 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
5	U.S.C. 1581), or any other provision of law enforced or ad-
6	ministered by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Secretary
7	of Homeland Security, or the authority of any Federal law
8	enforcement officer under any law of the United States, to
9	order a vessel to stop or heave to.
10	"(c) A foreign nation may consent or waive objection
11	to the enforcement of United States law by the United
12	States under this section by radio, telephone, or similar oral
13	or electronic means. Consent or waiver may be proven by
14	certification of the Secretary of State or the designee of the
15	Secretary of State.
16	"(d) In this section—
17	"(1) the term 'Federal law enforcement officer'
18	has the meaning given the term in section $115(c)$;
19	"(2) the term 'heave to' means to cause a vessel
20	to slow, come to a stop, or adjust its course or speed
21	to account for the weather conditions and sea state to
22	facilitate a law enforcement boarding;
23	"(3) the term 'vessel subject to the jurisdiction of
24	the United States' has the meaning given the term in

1	section 2 of the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement Act
2	(46 U.S.C. App. 1903); and
3	"(4) the term 'vessel of the United States' has the
4	meaning given the term in section 2 of the Maritime
5	Drug Law Enforcement Act (46 U.S.C. App. 1903).
6	"(e) Any person who intentionally violates the provi-
7	sions of this section shall be fined under this title, impris-
8	oned for not more than 5 years, or both.".
9	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
10	table of sections for chapter 109, title 18, United States
11	Code, is amended by inserting after the item for section
12	2236 the following:
	"2237. Criminal sanctions for failure to heave to, obstruction of boarding, or pro- viding false information.".
13	SEC. 4. USE OF A DANGEROUS WEAPON OR EXPLOSIVE ON
14	A PASSENGER VESSEL.
15	Section 1993 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
16	ed—
17	(1) in subsection (a)—
18	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", pas-
19	senger vessel," after "transportation vehicle";
20	(B) in paragraphs (2)—
21	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
22	after "transportation vehicle"; and

1	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
2	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
3	vider" each place that term appears;
4	(C) in paragraph (3)—
5	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
6	after "transportation vehicle" each place
7	that term appears; and
8	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
9	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
10	vider" each place that term appears;
11	(D) in paragraph (5)—
12	(i) by inserting ", passenger vessel,"
13	after "transportation vehicle"; and
14	(ii) by inserting "or owner of the pas-
15	senger vessel" after "transportation pro-
16	vider"; and
17	(E) in paragraph (6), by inserting "or
18	owner of a passenger vessel" after "transpor-
19	tation provider" each place that term appears;
20	(2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting ", passenger
21	vessel," after "transportation vehicle"; and
22	(3) in subsection (c)—
23	(A) by redesignating paragraph (6) through
24	(8) as paragraphs (7) through (9); and

1	(B) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(6) the term 'passenger vessel' has the meaning
4	given that term in section 2101(22) of title 46, United
5	States Code, and includes a small passenger vessel, as
6	that term is defined under section 2101(35) of that
7	title.".
8	SEC. 5. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR VIOLENCE AGAINST
9	MARITIME NAVIGATION, PLACEMENT OF DE-
10	STRUCTIVE DEVICES, AND MALICIOUS DUMP-
11	ING.
12	(a) Knowing Discharge or Release.—Chapter 111
13	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding after
14	section 2281 the following:
15	"§ 2282. Knowing discharge or release
16	"(a) Endangerment of Human Life.—A person
17	who knowingly discharges or releases oil, hazardous mate-
18	rial, a noxious liquid substance, or any other dangerous
19	substance into navigable waters or onto the adjoining shore-
20	line with the intent to endanger human life, or health, or
21	welfare shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for any
22	term of years or for life, or both.
23	"(b) Endangerment of Marine Environment.—
24	Any person who knowingly discharges or releases oil, a haz-
25	ardous material, a noxious liquid substance, or any other

1	dangerous substance into navigable waters or onto the adja-
2	cent shoreline with the intent to endanger the marine envi-
3	ronment shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more
4	than 30 years, or both.
5	"(c) Definitions.—In this section:
6	"(1) DISCHARGE.—The term 'discharge' includes,
7	but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping,
8	pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping.
9	"(2) HAZARDOUS MATERIAL.—The term haz-
10	ardous material' has the meaning given the term in
11	section 2101(14) of title 46, United States Code.
12	"(3) Marine environment.—The term 'marine
13	environment' has the meaning given the term in sec-
14	tion 2101(15) of title 46, United States Code.
15	"(4) Navigable waters.—The term 'navigable
16	waters' has the meaning given the term in section
17	1362(7) of title 33, United States Code, and also in-
18	cludes the territorial sea of the United States as de-
19	scribed in Presidential Proclamation 5928 of Decem-
20	ber 27, 1988.
21	"(5) Noxious liquid substance.—The term
22	'noxious liquid substance' has the meaning given the
23	term in the MARPOL Protocol defined in section 2(1)
24	of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (33 U.S.C.
25	1901(a)(3)).

1	"(6) OIL.—The term 'oil' has the meaning given
2	the term in section 1321(a)(1) of title 33, United
3	States Code; and
4	"(7) Dangerous substance.—The term 'dan-
5	gerous substance' means any solid, liquid, or gaseous
6	material that has the capacity of endangering human
7	life, health, or welfare.".
8	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
9	table of sections for chapter 111 of title 18, United States
10	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"2282. Knowing discharge or release.".
11	(c) Placement of Destructive Devices.—Chapter
12	111 of title 18, United States Code, as amended by sub-
13	section (a), is further amended by adding at the end the
14	following:
15	"§ 2282A. Devices or dangerous substances in waters
16	of the united states likely to destroy or
17	damage ships or to interfere with mari-
18	time commerce
19	"(a) A person who knowingly places, or causes to be
20	placed, in navigable waters of the United States, by any
21	means, a device or dangerous substance which is likely to
22	destroy or cause damage to a vessel or its cargo, cause inter-
23	ference with the safe navigation of vessels, or interference
24	with maritime commerce (such as by damaging or destroy-
25	ing marine terminals, facilities, or any other marine struc-

- 1 ture or entity used in maritime commerce) with the intent
- 2 of causing such destruction or damage, interference with the
- 3 safe navigation of vessels, or interference with maritime
- 4 commerce shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for any
- 5 term of years or for life, or both.
- 6 "(b) A person who causes the death of any person by
- 7 engaging in conduct prohibited under subsection (a) may
- 8 be punished by death.
- 9 "(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply
- 10 to otherwise lawfully authorized and conducted activities of
- 11 the United States Government.
- 12 "(d) In this section:
- 13 "(1) The term 'dangerous substance' means any
- solid, liquid, or gaseous material that has the capac-
- 15 ity to cause damage to a vessel or its cargo, or cause
- interference with the safe navigation of a vessel.
- 17 "(2) The term 'device' means any object that, be-
- 18 cause of its physical, mechanical, structural, or chem-
- ical properties, has the capacity to cause damage to
- a vessel or its cargo, or cause interference with the
- 21 safe navigation of a vessel.".
- 22 (2) Technical and conforming amend-
- 23 MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 111 of title
- 24 18, United States Code, as amended by subsection (b),

1	is further amended by adding after the item related
2	to section 2282 the following:
	"2282A. Devices or dangerous substances in waters of the United States likely to destroy or damage ships or to interfere with maritime com- merce.".
3	(d) Violence Against Maritime Navigation.—
4	(1) In General.—Chapter 111 of title 18,
5	United States Code as amended by subsections (a)
6	and (c), is further amended by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	"§ 2282B. Violence against aids to maritime naviga-
9	tion
10	"Whoever intentionally destroys, seriously damages,
11	alters, moves, or tampers with any aid to maritime naviga-
12	tion maintained by the Saint Lawrence Seaway Develop-
13	ment Corporation under the authority of section 4 of the
14	Act of May 13, 1954 (33 U.S.C. 984), by the Coast Guard
15	pursuant to section 81 of title 14, United States Code, or
16	lawfully maintained under authority granted by the Coast
17	Guard pursuant to section 83 of title 14, United States
18	Code, if such act endangers or is likely to endanger the safe
19	navigation of a ship, shall be fined under this title, impris-
20	oned for not more than 20 years, or both.".
21	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
22	MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 111 of title
23	18. United States Code, as amended by subsections (b)

1	and (d) is further amended by adding after the item
2	related to section 2282A the following:
	"2282B. Violence against aids to maritime navigation.".
3	SEC. 6. TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS MATERIALS AND
4	TERRORISTS.
5	(a) Transportation of Dangerous Materials and
6	Terrorists.—Chapter 111 of title 18, as amended by sec-
7	tion 5, is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"\$ 2283. Transportation of explosive, biological, chem-
10	ical, or radioactive or nuclear materials
11	"(a) In General.—Any person who knowingly and
12	willfully transports aboard any vessel within the United
13	States and on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the
14	United States or any vessel outside the United States and
15	on the high seas or having United States nationality an
16	explosive or incendiary device, biological agent, chemical
17	weapon, or radioactive or nuclear material, knowing that
18	any such item is intended to be used to commit an offense
19	listed under section $2332b(g)(5)(B)$, shall be fined under
20	this title, imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or
21	
4 1	both.

- 22 "(b) Causing Death.—Any person who causes the
- 23 death of any person by engaging in conduct prohibited by
- 24 subsection (a) may be punished by death.
- 25 "(c) Definitions.—In this section:

1	"(1) BIOLOGICAL AGENT.—The term biological
2	agent' means any biological agent, toxin, or vector (as
3	those terms are defined in section 178).
4	"(2) By-product material.—The term by-
5	product material' has the meaning given that term in
6	section 11(e) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
7	$U.S.C.\ 2014(e)$).
8	"(3) Chemical weapon.—The term 'chemical
9	weapon' has the meaning given that term in section
10	229F(1).
11	"(4) Explosive or incendiary device.—The
12	term 'explosive or incendiary device' has the meaning
13	given the term in section 232(5).
14	"(5) Nuclear material.—The term 'nuclear
15	material' has the meaning given that term in section
16	831(f)(1).
17	"(6) Radioactive material.—The term 'radio-
18	active material' means—
19	"(A) source material and special nuclear
20	material, but does not include natural or de-
21	pleted uranium;
22	"(B) nuclear by-product material;
23	"(C) material made radioactive by bom-
24	bardment in an accelerator; or
25	"(D) all refined isotopes of radium.

- 1 "(8) Source material.—The term 'source ma-
- 2 terial' has the meaning given that term in section
- 3 11(z) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 2014(z)).
- 5 "(9) Special nuclear material.—The term
- 6 'special nuclear material' has the meaning given that
- 7 term in section 11(aa) of the Atomic Energy Act of
- 8 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(aa)).

9 "§ 2284. Transportation of terrorists

- 10 "(a) In General.—Any person who knowingly and
- 11 intentionally transports any terrorist aboard any vessel
- 12 within the United States and on waters subject to the juris-
- 13 diction of the United States or any vessel outside the United
- 14 States and on the high seas or having United States nation-
- 15 ality, knowing that the transported person is a terrorist,
- 16 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for any term of
- 17 years or for life, or both.
- 18 "(b) Defined Term.—In this section, the term 'ter-
- 19 rorist' means any person who intends to commit, or is
- 20 avoiding apprehension after having committed, an offense
- 21 listed under section 2332b(g)(5)(B).".
- 22 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
- 23 table of sections for chapter 111 of title 18, United States
- 24 Code, as amended by section 5, is further amended by add-
- 25 ing at the end the following:

"2283. Transportation of explosive, chemical, biological, or radioactive or nuclear

materials. "2284. Transportation of terrorists.". SEC. 7. DESTRUCTION OF, OR INTERFERENCE WITH, VES-2 SELS OR MARITIME FACILITIES. 3 (a) In General.—Title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after chapter 111 the following: 5 "CHAPTER 111A—DESTRUCTION OF, OR IN-TERFERENCE WITH, VESSELS OR MAR-6 7 ITIME FACILITIES "Sec. "2290. Jurisdiction and scope. "2291. Destruction of vessel or maritime facility. "2292. Imparting or conveying false information. "2293. Bar to prosecution. 8 "§ 2290. Jurisdiction and scope 9 "(a) Jurisdiction.—There is jurisdiction over an offense under this chapter if the prohibited activity takes 11 place— 12 "(1) within the United States and within waters 13 subject to the jurisdiction of the United States; or "(2) outside United States and— 14 15 "(A) an offender or a victim is a national 16 of the United States (as that term is defined 17 under section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and 18 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)); 19 "(B) the activity involves a vessel in which

a national of the United States was on board; or

1	"(C) the activity involves a vessel of the
2	United States (as that term is defined under sec-
3	tion 2 of the Maritime Drug Law Enforcement
4	Act (46 U.S.C. App. 1903).
5	"(b) Scope.—Nothing in this chapter shall apply to
6	otherwise lawful activities carried out by or at the direction
7	of the United States Government.
8	"§ 2291. Destruction of vessel or maritime facility
9	"(a) Offense.—Whoever willfully—
10	"(1) sets fire to, damages, destroys, disables, or
11	wrecks any vessel;
12	"(2) places or causes to be placed a destructive
13	device, as defined in section 921(a)(4), or destructive
14	substance, as defined in section 31(a)(3), in, upon, or
15	near, or otherwise makes or causes to be made un-
16	workable or unusable or hazardous to work or use,
17	any vessel, or any part or other materials used or in-
18	tended to be used in connection with the operation of
19	a vessel;
20	"(3) sets fire to, damages, destroys, or disables or
21	places a destructive device or substance in, upon, or
22	near, any maritime facility, including any aid to
23	navigation, lock, canal, or vessel traffic service facil-
24	ity or equipment;

- "(4) interferes by force or violence with the operation of any maritime facility, including any aid to navigation, lock, canal, or vessel traffic service facility or equipment, if such action is likely to endanger the safety of any vessel in navigation;
 - "(5) sets fire to, damages, destroys, or disables or places a destructive device or substance in, upon, or near, any appliance, structure, property, machine, or apparatus, or any facility or other material used, or intended to be used, in connection with the operation, maintenance, loading, unloading, or storage of any vessel or any passenger or cargo carried or intended to be carried on any vessel;
 - "(6) performs an act of violence against or incapacitates any individual on any vessel, if such act of violence or incapacitation is likely to endanger the safety of the vessel or those on board;
 - "(7) performs an act of violence against a person that causes or is likely to cause serious bodily injury, as defined in section 1365(h)(3), in, upon, or near, any appliance, structure, property, machine, or apparatus, or any facility or other material used, or intended to be used, in connection with the operation, maintenance, loading, unloading, or storage of any

- 1 vessel or any passenger or cargo carried or intended
- 2 to be carried on any vessel;
- 3 "(8) communicates information, knowing the in-
- 4 formation to be false and under circumstances in
- 5 which such information may reasonably be believed,
- 6 thereby endangering the safety of any vessel in navi-
- 7 gation; or
- 8 "(9) attempts or conspires to do anything pro-
- 9 hibited under paragraphs (1) through (8),
- 10 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
- 11 20 years, or both.
- 12 "(b) Limitation.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 13 any person that is engaging in otherwise lawful activity,
- 14 such as normal repair and salvage activities, and the trans-
- 15 portation of hazardous materials regulated and allowed to
- 16 be transported under chapter 51 of title 49.
- 17 "(c) Penalty.—Whoever is fined or imprisoned under
- 18 subsection (a) as a result of an act involving a vessel that,
- 19 at the time of the violation, carried high-level radioactive
- 20 waste (as that term is defined in section 2(12) of the Nu-
- 21 clear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101(12)) or
- 22 spent nuclear fuel (as that term is defined in section 2(23)
- 23 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C.
- 24 10101(23)), shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for
- 25 a term up to life, or both.

- 1 "(d) Penalty When Death Results.—Whoever is
- 2 convicted of any crime prohibited by subsection (a) and in-
- 3 tended to cause death by the prohibited conduct, if the con-
- 4 duct resulted in the death of any person, shall be subject
- 5 also to the death penalty or to a term of imprisonment for
- 6 a period up to life.
- 7 "(e) Threats.—Whoever willfully imparts or conveys
- 8 any threat to do an act which would violate this chapter,
- 9 with an apparent determination and will to carry the
- 10 threat into execution, shall be fined under this title, impris-
- 11 oned not more than 5 years, or both, and is liable for all
- 12 costs incurred as a result of such threat.

13 "§2292. Imparting or conveying false information

- 14 "(a) In General.—Whoever imparts or conveys or
- 15 causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, know-
- 16 ing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or
- 17 alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act
- 18 that would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or by chap-
- 19 ter 111 of this title, shall be subject to a civil penalty of
- 20 not more than \$5,000, which shall be recoverable in a civil
- 21 action brought in the name of the United States.
- 22 "(b) Malicious Conduct.—Whoever willfully and
- 23 maliciously, or with reckless disregard for the safety of
- 24 human life, imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted
- 25 or conveyed false information, knowing the information to

1 be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter 3 or by chapter 111 of this title, shall be fined under this 4 title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both. 5 "(c) Jurisdiction.— 6 "(1) In General.—Except as provided under 7 paragraph (2), section 2290(a) shall not apply to any 8 offense under this section. "(2) Jurisdiction over an of-9 fense under this section shall be determined in accord-10 11 ance with the provisions applicable to the crime pro-12 hibited by this chapter, or by chapter 111 of this title, 13 to which the imparted or conveyed false information 14 relates, as applicable. 15 "§ 2293. Bar to prosecution 16 "(a) In general.—It is a bar to prosecution under 17 this chapter if— 18 "(1) the conduct in question occurred within the 19 United States in relation to a labor dispute, and such 20 conduct is prohibited as a felony under the law of the 21 State in which it was committed: or 22 "(2) such conduct is prohibited as a mis-23 demeanor, and not as a felony, under the law of the 24 State in which it was committed. 25 "(b) Definitions.—In this section:

1	"(1) Labor dispute.—The term 'labor dispute'
2	has the same meaning given that term in section
3	13(c) of the Act to amend the Judicial Code and to
4	define and limit the jurisdiction of courts sitting in
5	equity, and for other purposes (29 U.S.C. 113(c),
6	commonly known as the Norris-LaGuardia Act).
7	"(2) State.—The term 'State' means a State of
8	the United States, the District of Columbia, and any
9	commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United
10	States.".
11	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
12	table of chapters at the beginning of title 18, United States
13	Code, is amended by inserting after the item for chapter
14	111 the following:
	"111A. Destruction of, or interference with, vessels or maritime facilities 2290".
15	SEC. 8. THEFT OF INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN SHIPMENTS OR
16	VESSELS.
17	(a) Theft of Interstate or Foreign Ship-
18	MENTS.—Section 659 of title 18, United States Code, is
19	amended—
20	(1) in the first undesignated paragraph—
21	(A) by inserting "trailer," after
22	``motortruck,";
23	(B) by inserting "air cargo container,"
24	after "aircraft,"; and

1	(C) by inserting ", or from any intermodal
2	container, trailer, container freight station,
3	warehouse, or freight consolidation facility,"
4	after "air navigation facility";
5	(2) in the fifth undesignated paragraph, by
6	striking "one year" and inserting "3 years"; and
7	(3) by inserting after the first sentence in the
8	eighth undesignated paragraph the following: "For
9	purposes of this section, goods and chattel shall be
10	construed to be moving as an interstate or foreign
11	shipment at all points between the point of origin
12	and the final destination (as evidenced by the waybill
13	or other shipping document of the shipment), regard-
14	less of any temporary stop while awaiting trans-
15	shipment or otherwise.".
16	(b) Stolen Vessels.—
17	(1) In General.—Section 2311 of title 18,
18	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
19	$the\ following:$
20	"'Vessel' means any watercraft or other contrivance
21	used or designed for transportation or navigation on,
22	under, or immediately above, water.".
23	(2) Transportation and sale of stolen ves-
24	SELS.—

1 Transportation.—Section 2312 (A)2 title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "motor vehicle or aircraft" and insert-3 4 ing "motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft". (B) SALE.—Section 2313(a) of title 18, 5 6 United States Code, is amended by striking "motor vehicle or aircraft" and inserting "motor 7 vehicle, vessel, or aircraft". 8 9 (c) Review of Sentencing Guidelines.—Pursuant 10 to section 994 of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall review the Federal 12 Sentencing Guidelines to determine whether sentencing enhancement is appropriate for any offense under section 659 or 2311 of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this 15 Act.16 (d) Annual Report of Law Enforcement Activi-TIES.—The Attorney General shall annually submit to Congress a report, which shall include an evaluation of law enforcement activities relating to the investigation and prosecution of offenses under section 659 of title 18, United 21 States Code, as amended by this Act. 22 (e) Reporting of Cargo Theft.—The Attorney 23 General shall take the steps necessary to ensure that reports of cargo theft collected by Federal, State, and local officials

are reflected as a separate category in the Uniform Crime

1	Reporting System, or any successor system, by no later than
2	December 31, 2005.
3	SEC. 9. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE
4	WITH MANIFEST REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) Reporting, Entry, Clearance Require-
6	MENTS.—Section 436(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19
7	U.S.C. 1436(b)) is amended by—
8	(1) striking "or aircraft pilot" and inserting
9	"aircraft pilot, operator, owner of such vessel, vehicle
10	or aircraft, or any other responsible party (including
11	non-vessel operating common carriers)";
12	(2) striking "\$5,000" and inserting "\$10,000";
13	and
14	(3) striking "\$10,000" and inserting "\$25,000".
15	(b) Criminal Penalty.—Section 436(c) of the Tariff
16	Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1436(c)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "or aircraft pilot" and inserting
18	"aircraft pilot, operator, owner of such vessel, vehicle,
19	or aircraft, or any other responsible party (including
20	non-vessel operating common carriers)"; and
21	(2) by striking "\$2,000" and inserting
22	"\$10,000".
23	(c) Falsity or Lack of Manifest.—Section
24	584(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1584(a)(1))

- 1 is amended by striking "\$1,000" in each place it occurs
- 2 and inserting "\$10,000".

3 SEC. 10. STOWAWAYS ON VESSELS OR AIRCRAFT.

- 4 Section 2199 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
- 5 ed by striking "Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned
- 6 not more than one year, or both." and inserting the fol-
- 7 lowing:
- 8 "(1) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
- 9 not more than 5 years, or both;
- 10 "(2) if the person commits an act proscribed by 11 this section, with the intent to commit serious bodily 12 injury, and serious bodily injury occurs (as defined 13 under section 1365, including any conduct that, if the 14 conduct occurred in the special maritime and terri-15 torial jurisdiction of the United States, would violate 16 section 2241 or 2242) to any person other than a par-17 ticipant as a result of a violation of this section, shall 18 be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 20 19 years, or both; and
 - "(3) if an individual commits an act proscribed by this section, with the intent to cause death, and if the death of any person other than a participant occurs as a result of a violation of this section, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned for any number of years or for life, or both"

25 years or for life, or both.".

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1	SEC. 11. BRIBERY AFFECTING PORT SECURITY.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 11 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"§ 226. Bribery affecting port security
5	"(a) In General.—Whoever knowingly—
6	"(1) directly or indirectly, corruptly gives, offers,
7	or promises anything of value to any public or pri-
8	vate person, with intent to commit international ter-
9	rorism or domestic terrorism (as those terms are de-
10	fined under section 2331), to—
11	"(A) influence any action or any person to
12	commit or aid in committing, or collude in, or
13	allow, any fraud, or make opportunity for the
14	commission of any fraud affecting any secure or
15	restricted area or seaport; or
16	"(B) induce any official or person to do or
17	omit to do any act in violation of the lawful
18	duty of such official or person that affects any
19	secure or restricted area or seaport; or
20	"(2) directly or indirectly, corruptly demands,
21	seeks, receives, accepts, or agrees to receive or accept
22	anything of value personally or for any other person
23	or entity in return for—
24	"(A) being influenced in the performance of
25	any official act affecting any secure or restricted

area or seaport; and

1	"(B) knowing that such influence will be
2	used to commit, or plan to commit, international
3	or domestic terrorism,
4	shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than
5	15 years, or both.
6	"(b) Definition.—In this section, the term 'secure or
7	restricted area' means an area of a vessel or facility des-
8	ignated as secure in an approved security plan, as required
9	under section 70103 of title 46, United States Code, and
10	the rules and regulations promulgated under that section.".
11	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
12	table of sections for chapter 11 of title 18, United States
13	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"226. Bribery affecting port security.".

Calendar No. 86

109TH CONGRESS S. 378

A BILL

To make it a criminal act to willfully use a weapon with the intent to cause death or serious bodily injury to any person while on board a passenger vessel, and for other purposes.

APRIL 21, 2005 Reported with an amendment