109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2630

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to prohibit manipulation of caller identification information.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 24, 2006

Mr. Nelson of Florida (for himself and Ms. Snowe) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to prohibit manipulation of caller identification information.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Truth in Caller ID
- 5 Act of 2006".
- 6 SEC. 2. PROHIBITION REGARDING MANIPULATION OF
- 7 CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.
- 8 Section 227 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 9 U.S.C. 227) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and
2	(g) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
4	lowing new subsection:
5	"(e) Prohibition on Provision of Inaccurate
6	Caller Identification Information.—
7	"(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
8	person within the United States, in connection with
9	any telecommunications service or IP-enabled voice
10	service, to cause any caller identification service to
11	transmit misleading or inaccurate caller identifica-
12	tion information, unless such transmission is ex-
13	empted pursuant to paragraph (3)(B).
14	"(2) Protection for blocking caller
15	IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.—Nothing in this
16	subsection may be construed to prevent or restrict
17	any person from blocking the capability of any caller
18	identification service to transmit caller identification
19	information.
20	"(3) Regulations.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6
22	months after the enactment of this subsection,
23	the Commission shall prescribe regulations to
24	implement this subsection.
25	"(B) Content of regulations.—

1	"(i) In General.—The regulations
2	required under subparagraph (A) shall in-
3	clude such exemptions from the prohibition
4	under paragraph (1) as the Commission
5	determines appropriate.
6	"(ii) Specific exemption for law
7	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OR COURT OR-
8	DERS.—The regulations required under
9	subparagraph (A) shall exempt from the
10	prohibition under paragraph (1) trans-
11	missions in connection with—
12	"(I) any authorized activity of a
13	law enforcement agency; or
14	"(II) a court order that specifi-
15	cally authorizes the use of caller iden-
16	tification manipulation.
17	"(4) Report.—Not later than 6 months after
18	the enactment of this subsection, the Commission
19	shall report to Congress whether additional legisla-
20	tion is necessary to prohibit the provision of inac-
21	curate caller identification information in tech-
22	nologies that are successor or replacement tech-
23	nologies to telecommunications service or IP-enabled
24	voice service.
25	"(5) Penalties.—

1	"(A) CIVIL FORFEITURE.—
2	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any person that is
3	determined by the Commission, in accord-
4	ance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of sec-
5	tion 503(b), to have violated this sub-
6	section shall be liable to the United States
7	for a forfeiture penalty. A forfeiture pen-
8	alty under this paragraph shall be in addi-
9	tion to any other penalty provided for by
10	this Act. The amount of the forfeiture pen-
11	alty determined under this paragraph shall
12	not exceed \$10,000 for each violation, or 3
13	times that amount for each day of a con-
14	tinuing violation, except that the amount
15	assessed for any continuing violation shall
16	not exceed a total of \$1,000,000 for any
17	single act or failure to act.
18	"(ii) Recovery.—Any forfeiture pen-
19	alty determined under clause (i) shall be
20	recoverable pursuant to section 504(a).
21	"(iii) Procedure.—No forfeiture li-
22	ability shall be determined under clause (i)
23	against any person unless such person re-
24	ceives the notice required by section

503(b)(3) or section 503(b)(4).

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"(iv) 2-YEAR STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—No forfeiture penalty shall be determined or imposed against any person under clause (i) if the violation charged occurred more than 2 years prior to the date of issuance of the required notice or notice or apparent liability.

"(B) CRIMINAL FINE.—Any person who willfully and knowingly violates this subsection shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than \$10,000 for each violation, or 3 times that amount for each day of a continuing violation, in lieu of the fine provided by section 501 for such a violation. This subparagraph does not supersede the provisions of section 501 relating to imprisonment or the imposition of a penalty of both fine and imprisonment.

"(6) Enforcement by states.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The chief legal officer of a State, or any other State officer authorized by law to bring actions on behalf of the residents of a State, may bring a civil action, as parens patriae, on behalf of the residents of that State in an appropriate district court of the United States to enforce this subsection or

1	to impose the civil penalties for violation of this
2	subsection, whenever the chief legal officer or
3	other State officer has reason to believe that
4	the interests of the residents of the State have
5	been or are being threatened or adversely af-
6	fected by a violation of this subsection or a reg-
7	ulation under this subsection.
8	"(B) Notice.—The chief legal officer or
9	other State officer shall serve written notice or
10	the Commission of any civil action under sub-
11	paragraph (A) prior to initiating such civil ac-
12	tion. The notice shall include a copy of the com-
13	plaint to be filed to initiate such civil action, ex-
14	cept that if it is not feasible for the State to
15	provide such prior notice, the State shall pro-
16	vide such notice immediately upon instituting
17	such civil action.
18	"(C) Authority to intervene.—Upon
19	receiving the notice required by subparagraph
20	(B), the Commission may intervene in such civil
21	action and upon intervening—
22	"(i) be heard on all matters arising in
23	such civil action; and
24	"(ii) file petitions for appeal of a deci-

sion in such civil action.

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1	"(D) Construction.—For purposes of
2	bringing any civil action under subparagraph
3	(A), nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the
4	chief legal officer or other State officer from ex-
5	ercising the powers conferred on that officer by
6	the laws of such State to conduct investigations
7	or to administer oaths or affirmations or to
8	compel the attendance of witnesses or the pro-
9	duction of documentary and other evidence.
10	"(E) Venue; service or process.—
11	"(i) Venue.—An action brought
12	under subparagraph (A) shall be brought
13	in a district court of the United States
14	that meets applicable requirements relating
15	to venue under section 1391 of title 28,
16	United States Code.
17	"(ii) Service of process.—In an
18	action brought under subparagraph (A)—
19	"(I) process may be served with-
20	out regard to the territorial limits of
21	the district or of the State in which
22	the action is instituted; and
23	"(II) a person who participated
24	in an alleged violation that is being
25	litigated in the civil action may be

1	joined in the civil action without re-
2	gard to the residence of the person.
3	"(F) LIMITATION ON STATE ACTION
4	WHILE FEDERAL ACTION IS PENDING.—If the
5	Commission has instituted an enforcement ac-
6	tion or proceeding for violation of this sub-
7	section, the chief legal officer or other State of-
8	ficer of the State in which the violation oc-
9	curred may not bring an action under this sec-
10	tion during the pendency of the proceeding
11	against any person with respect to whom the
12	Commission has instituted the proceeding.
13	"(7) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
14	section:
15	"(A) Caller identification informa-
16	TION.—The term 'caller identification informa-
17	tion' means information provided by a caller
18	identification service regarding the telephone
19	number of, or other information regarding the
20	origination of, a call made using a telecommuni-
21	cations service or IP-enabled voice service.
22	"(B) Caller identification service.—
23	The term 'caller identification service' means
24	any service or device designed to provide the
25	user of the service or device with the telephone

number of, or other information regarding the origination of, a call made using a telecommunications service or IP-enabled voice service. Such term includes automatic number identification services.

"(C) IP-ENABLED VOICE SERVICE.—The term 'IP-enabled voice service' means the provision of real-time 2-way voice communications offered to the public, or such classes of users as to be effectively available to the public, transmitted through customer premises equipment using TCP/IP protocol, or a successor protocol, for a fee (whether part of a bundle of services or separately) with interconnection capability such that the service can originate traffic to, or terminate traffic from, the public switched telephone network.

"(8) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, subsection (f) shall not apply to this subsection or to the regulations under this subsection."

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