

109TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1320

To provide multilateral debt cancellation for Heavily Indebted Poor Countries,
and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 28, 2005

Mr. DEWINE (for himself, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. SANTORUM, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. LUGAR, and Mr. OBAMA) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To provide multilateral debt cancellation for Heavily Indebted
Poor Countries, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Multilateral Debt Re-
5 lief Act of 2005”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress makes the following findings:

8 (1) In 1996, the international community cre-
9 ated the Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative
10 (the HIPC Initiative) to reduce the debt burden that

1 curtailed spending on economic development and
2 poverty-reducing programs in many impoverished
3 countries.

4 (2) Since adoption of the original HIPC Initia-
5 tive in 1996 and the Enhanced HIPC Initiative in
6 1999, donor countries have committed more than
7 \$50,000,000,000 in bilateral and multilateral debt
8 stock cancellation to eligible countries.

9 (3) The 27 countries that have received debt re-
10 lief through the HIPC Initiative are estimated by
11 World Bank and the International Monetary Fund
12 to have increased poverty reduction expenditures by
13 an average of approximately 75 percent between
14 1999 and 2004.

15 (4) Congress has demonstrated its support for
16 bilateral and multilateral debt relief through the en-
17 actment of comprehensive debt relief initiatives for
18 heavily indebted poor countries by title V of H.R.
19 3425 of the 106th Congress, as enacted into law by
20 section 1000(a)(5) of the Act entitled “An Act mak-
21 ing consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year
22 ending September 30, 2000, and for other pur-
23 poses”, approved November 29, 1999 (Public Law
24 106–113; 113 Stat. 1501–311) and the amendments
25 made by such title, title II of H.R. 5526 of the

1 106th Congress, as enacted into law by section
2 101(a) of the Act entitled “An Act making appro-
3 priations for foreign operations, export financing,
4 and related programs for the fiscal year ending Sep-
5 tember 30, 2001, and for other purposes”, approved
6 November 6, 2000 (Public Law 106–429; 114 Stat.
7 1900A–5), and title V of the United States Leader-
8 ship Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria
9 Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–25; 117 Stat. 747)
10 and the amendment made by such title.

11 (5) A number of countries, including the United
12 States, have canceled 100 percent of the bilateral
13 loans made by such countries to countries that are
14 eligible for debt relief under the Enhanced HIPC
15 Initiative, and other major donor nations have can-
16 celed a large percentage of such loans, however, a
17 number of countries eligible for such debt relief will
18 continue to owe substantial debts to international fi-
19 nancial institutions such as the International Mone-
20 tary Fund, the International Development Associa-
21 tion, and the African Development Fund.

22 (6) Permanently canceling 100 percent of the
23 debt owed by the countries that are eligible for debt
24 relief under the Enhanced HIPC Initiative to multi-
25 lateral institutions would allow countries to increase

1 investments in economic and social infrastructure,
2 including improving the quality of and access to
3 health care, education, and poverty reduction pro-
4 grams, and thereby help them to move towards sus-
5 tainable economic growth and to achieve the Millen-
6 nium Development Goals set out in United Nations
7 Millennium Declaration, resolution 55/1 adopted by
8 the General Assembly of the United Nations on Sep-
9 tember 8, 2000, for eradicating extreme poverty and
10 hunger and promoting human development.

11 (7) On June 11, 2005, finance ministers rep-
12 resenting the members of the Group of 8 agreed to
13 make a proposal, prior to September 2005, to the
14 shareholders of the World Bank, the International
15 Monetary Fund, and the African Development Bank,
16 for the immediate cancellation of 100 percent of the
17 debt stock owed to such institutions by 18 eligible
18 countries, and the eventual cancellation of such debt
19 owed by an additional 20 countries.

20 (8) That proposal would cancel approximately
21 \$40,000,000,000 in debt stock owed by 18 countries
22 immediately, and would ultimately result in the can-
23 cellation of a total of approximately
24 \$56,000,000,000 in debt stock owed by 38 countries,
25 saving such countries, on average, \$1,500,000,000

1 each year in debt service payments. To offset fore-
2 gone interest and principal repayments, donors
3 would provide additional resources to the World
4 Bank and African Development Bank for grants and
5 lending to the poorest countries for investments in
6 the health, education, and well-being of the people of
7 such countries.

8 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

9 In this Act:

10 (1) **ELIGIBLE COUNTRY.**—The term “eligible
11 country” means a country whose government is de-
12 scribed in paragraphs (1) through (5) of section
13 557(c) of H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as en-
14 acted into law by section 1000(a)(2) of the Act enti-
15 tled “An Act making consolidated appropriations for
16 the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for
17 other purposes”, approved November 29, 1999
18 (Public Law 106–113; 113 Stat. 1501A–101)

19 (2) **ENHANCED HIPC INITIATIVE.**—The term
20 “Enhanced HIPC Initiative” has the meaning given
21 that term in section 1625 of the International Fi-
22 nancial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262p–8).

23 (3) **HIPC INITIATIVE.**—The term “HIPC Ini-
24 tiative” means the initiative established in 1996 by
25 the World Bank and the International Monetary

1 Fund for the purpose of reducing the debt burdens
2 of the world's poorest countries.

3 (4) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITU-
4 TION.—The term “international financial institu-
5 tion” means the World Bank, the International
6 Monetary Fund, the Inter-American Development
7 Bank, the African Development Bank, and the Afri-
8 can Development Fund.

9 (5) MEMBERS OF THE GROUP OF 8.—The term
10 “members of the Group of 8” means Canada,
11 France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Russia, the United
12 Kingdom, and the United States.

13 (6) WORLD BANK.—The term “World Bank”
14 means the International Bank for Reconstruction
15 and Development, the International Development
16 Association, the International Finance Corporation,
17 and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency.

18 **SEC. 4. AUTHORITY.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury is
20 authorized to instruct the United States Executive Direc-
21 tor of each international financial institution to use the
22 voice and vote of the United States to reach an agreement
23 among the shareholders of such international financial in-
24 stitutions to permanently cancel 100 percent of the debts
25 owed to each such institution by an eligible country.

1 (b) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—The authority
2 provided in subsection (a) is in addition to any other au-
3 thority of the Secretary of the Treasury to promote debt
4 relief and may not be construed to limit any such other
5 authority.

6 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
7 authorized to be appropriated to the President such sums
8 as may be necessary for the United States contribution
9 to the implementation of the agreement referred to in sub-
10 section (a), if other members of the international financial
11 institutions contribute funds for such purpose.

12 **SEC. 5. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DEBT RELIEF.**

13 It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of the
14 Treasury should pursue additional bilateral and multilat-
15 eral debt relief for each country that is eligible for grant
16 assistance from the International Development Associa-
17 tion.

18 **SEC. 6. CONTRIBUTIONS TO MULTILATERAL DEVELOP-**
19 **MENT BANKS.**

20 (a) WORLD BANK.—The International Development
21 Association Act (22 U.S.C. 284 et seq.) is amended by
22 adding at the end the following new section:

23 **“SEC. 23. FOURTEENTH REPLENISHMENT.**

24 **“(a) CONTRIBUTION AUTHORITY.—**

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States Gov-
2 ernor of the Association is authorized to contribute
3 on behalf of the United States such sums as may be
4 necessary to the fourteenth replenishment of the re-
5 sources of the Association.

6 “(2) SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATIONS.—Any com-
7 mitment to make the contribution authorized by
8 paragraph (1) shall be effective only to such extent
9 or in such amounts as are provided in advance in
10 appropriations Acts.

11 “(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
12 contribution authorized by subsection (a), there are au-
13 thorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
14 essary for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.”.

15 (b) AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK FUND.—The Af-
16 rican Development Fund Act (22 U.S.C. 290g et seq.) is
17 amended by adding at the end the following new section:

18 **“SEC. 218. TENTH REPLENISHMENT.**

19 “(a) CONTRIBUTION AUTHORITY.—

20 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The United States Gov-
21 ernor of the Fund is authorized to contribute on be-
22 half of the United States such sums as may be nec-
23 essary to the tenth replenishment of the resources of
24 the Fund.

1 “(2) SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATIONS.—Any com-
2 mitment to make the contribution authorized by
3 paragraph (1) shall be effective only to such extent
4 or in such amounts as are provided in advance in
5 appropriations Acts.

6 “(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
7 contribution authorized by subsection (a), there are au-
8 thorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
9 essary for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.”.

10 **SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS OF THE EN-**
11 **HANCED HIPC INITIATIVE.**

12 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Presi-
13 dent such sums as may be necessary for the President to
14 contribute on behalf of the United States to fulfill the
15 commitments made by the United States related to the
16 Enhanced HIPC Initiative.

17 **SEC. 8. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**

18 (a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after
19 the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
20 the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the appro-
21 priate congressional committees a report on the status of
22 negotiations to achieve bilateral and multilateral debt re-
23 lief for impoverished, highly indebted countries that did
24 not benefit from the HIPC Initiative or the Enhanced
25 HIPC Initiative.

1 (b) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
2 DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate con-
3 gressional committees” means the Committee on Appro-
4 priations and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
5 Senate and the Committee on Appropriations and the
6 Committee on International Relations of the House of
7 Representatives.

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